"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, west to north winds today; Thursday cloudy; wind variable.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,215. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WILSON PLANS LONG STAY AT PEACE CONFERENCE; AMERICAN ARMY CARRIES RELIEF TO 200 TOWNS; GERMANS WANT PEACE AND WORK; FAMINE NOT FEARED

UTILITIES CONTROL CENTRE OF ATTACK BY REPUBLICANS

Senators in Caucus Warn Administration of United Front on Reconstruction.

CONGRESS TO BE ASSERTIVE

Ownership of Railroads, Telegraphs, and Cables Chief Point of Contention.

FACTIONS DISPLAY HARMONY

Unexpected Accord Reigns in Caucus, but Fight on Penrose Is Likely to be Renewed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Unexpected accord reigned today at a caucus of regular and progressive Republican Senators at the Capitol to map out a campaign for legislation at the regular session in December touching upon reconstruction problems. Whatever plans the progressives may have as to influencing control of the next Congress did not appear.

This, however, does not mean that the Lodge-Warren-Penrose assignment of committees has been abandoned. This is to come up later and in the meantime the Progressive Republicans will watch developments.

The caucus, at which forty Senators were present, adopted as a general policy a resolution which, if carried out in the Senate, will mean the absolute control by the combined majority of legislation looking to reconstruction. This resolution, adopted by unanimous vote, sounds a note of warfare upon any attempt by the Democrats to undertake what the Republicans characterize as State socialism in the reconstruction work. It reads as follows:

"That the Congress shall assert and exercise its normal and constitutional function, including legislation necessary for reconstruction."

In its wording, the resolution embraces the House as well as the Senate in the expression of policy. It admittedly is aimed at precluding the passage of legislation that will perpetuate, among other things, Government control or ownership of cables, telegraphs, railroads, and express companies.

Adopts Six-Committee Plan.

The caucus also agreed to back a resolution to provide for six Congressional committees instead of the one comprehended in the resolution offered some time ago by Senator Weeks of Massachusetts. These committees, as embraced in the amended resolution approved by the caucus, would be made up of Senators and Representatives, the number of each to be determined later. The six joint committees, as approved by the caucus, would be:

1. On demobilization of the army and navy.
2. On foreign trade and commerce.
3. On interstate transportation.
4. On domestic business.
5. On employers and employes.
6. On natural resources.

The caucus in indorsing legislation for these six committees, discarded the bill drafted recently by Senator Overman, which was intended by the Democrats to supersede that of Senator Weeks. The Overman measure followed the general lines of the Weeks measure, but sought to give the President authority with which the Republican caucus does not intend to invest him.

The sense of the caucus was that the fullest co-operation must be had with the President, but it was insisted that it is the prerogative of Congress and not the Executive alone to do whatever unscrambling is necessary. Senator Watson of Indiana was outspoken at the caucus in his opposition to the recent action of the Administration in taking over the ocean cable systems. This, he cited as an evidence of what the Administration would try to do if Congress did not assert its legislative authority. The Indiana Senator announced that he would have something to say in the Senate on Thursday as to the order putting the cables in the hands of the Post Office Department.

Talk of Peace Censorship.

Some caustic comment upon the motive back of the cable censorship at this time was heard at the Capitol. One Senator remarked that he believed it had been put into effect to give the Administration authority to withhold from cabled service abroad any criticism that might be made upon the progress of events at the peace conference, while the President is participating, and, at the same time, to control the output of news from the peace table for consumption here.

At the caucus Senator Curtis, the Republican whip, indicated that he intended to renew his effort of last Monday to prevent Senator Martin of Kentucky, Democrat, from resuming his seat. He was authorized by the conference to ask unanimous consent on Thursday, when the Senate will reconvene, to have the question of Mr. Martin's right to his seat referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections for report. Republican Senators maintain that Senator-elect Stanley, who was elected to succeed the late Senator James, ought to be seated. Senator Martin contends that he was appointed for the term ending on March 4 next.

The Progressives in the caucus refrained from taking up the resolution of Senator Norris to prevent the Chairman of any of the great Senate com-

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WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

To Release Coal Miners From the Army at Once

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Men who were anthracite miners before they entered the military service of the United States will be immediately released from the army and allowed to return to the mines. The Fuel Administration announced today that this action was being taken because of the shortage in anthracite, due to the influenza epidemic.

Telegrams have been sent to all camps in the United States by the Secretary of War directing that anthracite miners be segregated and sent to Washington, where those who desire to resume their work in the anthracite fields will receive immediate discharge.

MUST RUN CABLES, BURLESON STATES

Maintains There Was Never a Time in the War That Called for Such a Close Control.

WITHHOLDS SOME REASONS

Need of Adjusting Traffic Set Forth—Mackay Issues a Statement in Reply.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Postmaster General Burleson issued a statement today giving as one of the reasons for taking over the control of the marine cables, that "there never was a time in the history of this war, for which the joint resolution (the Aswell resolution) was passed, giving the President the right to control the wire and cable systems, which called for such a close control of the cable system as today and will continue during the period of readjustment."

The Postmaster General added that there were "many other reasons" for taking over the cables which had been suggested by the experience thus far in Government control, but he would not detail them at this time.

No statement was issued concerning the compensation to be awarded the Postal Telegraph Company, but experts were working on the problem today, and it is said the figures will be forthcoming tomorrow.

The statement by the Postmaster General concerning the cables follows:

"Originally the cable systems were organized and operated independently of the land line systems. The transmission of messages commenced and ended at the termini of the cables and the communications destined to points beyond the terminal were physically transferred to other lines. Today the transmission is continuous for land and cable lines. The distance of continuous transmission is bounded neither by continents nor oceans.

For a Continuous Circuit.

"Effective communication, therefore, demands intimate relations under which a continuous circuit can be established, not from one terminal to another, and, so far as authorized under the joint resolution, from destination to destination. The effectiveness of the service is dependent upon the extent of the common control of circuits, which should be to the furtherest point possible.

"This necessity of continuity and common control between land and cable lines is most conclusively shown by the fact that each of our telegraph systems have their independent cable systems.

"The Mackay Company, originally a cable system, finding that the land lines were indispensable to the cable system, constructed a land system to make more effective its cable system.

"The Western Union, while organized primarily as a land company, although there were large cable facilities working in connection with it belonging to other companies, yet for its own interest was forced into constructing and otherwise obtaining effectual control of the transatlantic cable companies which had heretofore been independent, but which worked in connection with the Western Union and which did not belong to or work in connection with the Commercial or Mackay interests.

"The other cable companies, through their contractural relations, became more or less a part of the telegraph system so far as transmission and continuity were concerned and their operation in this way was made as effective as it would be through ownership or common control.

"There never was a time in the history of this war for which this joint resolution was passed giving the President the right to control the wire and cable systems which called for such a close control of the cable system as today and will continue during the period of readjustment. The absolute necessity of uninterrupted, continuous communication should be apparent to all. The Postmaster General is now operating all the telegraph and telephone lines in one system.

Adjustment of Traffic.

"The recent breakdown in connection with one of the cable systems has demonstrated the absolute necessity of being able to utilize at will the facilities of either cable system with all of the land line systems, in order that traffic may be adjusted in the same hands as it is on the land lines.

"There are many other reasons for taking over the cables which have been suggested by the experience so far in Government control of land lines, but I

Continued on Last Page.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

CURB GERMAN EXTREMISTS

People Seek End of Bloodshed and Peace on Any Terms.

MANY STILL WANT KAISER

Workmen Say Men Who Surrounded Him Are Responsible.

SOLF ASKS TRADE RIGHTS

Urges Many Concessions by Allies for Germans West of the Rhine.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 18.—Conditions are constantly fluctuating in Germany, but in well-informed circles the opinion is prevalent that the revolution will continue to be well organized and comparatively bloodless.

A reliable informant, who has just returned from a trip along the industrial districts of the German-Dutch frontier, which is now open, and who has talked to many Germans, says that the people are determined to have no bloodshed. The main aim of the working class is to live peacefully and earn a living wage.

The soldiers want to return home. They don't care much what the Entente conditions are, and do not appear impressed by the armistice terms. They expected such terms, and would gladly have had them sooner.

According to the evidence of many workmen on the frontier, food conditions are exaggerated in the press. This is done obviously to appeal to the Entente sympathies. While conditions in the towns are bad, they are good in the country. In fact, they compare favorably with those in Holland, and laborers are well paid.

Workmen said that the Kaiser was not so bad, but that the men who surrounded him were responsible for the war. It is considered possible that the Kaiser will be asked eventually to return to the throne, as there are many who still cling to him.

The present régime in Germany means immediate peace to the majority of Germans, who do not care about the aims or policy of the new republic. Once peace is concluded it is doubtful whether the Government will continue to have the support of the majority.

From first-hand evidence obtained on several sections of the front it is certain that the soldiers and officers there have not yet been seriously affected by the revolutionary spirit, although many are returning home without permission, as they are sick of the war.

At Liége one hears of a Soldiers' Council and sees red flags, but an informant returning yesterday from Liége states that there is no question of a revolution among the soldiers. A few red flags wave among the other flags, but there is no serious disorder. The soldiers at the front have been kept in ignorance of developments at home, and only welcomed the Kaiser's abdication because it spelled peace.

Returning Soldiers Looting.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A Copenhagen dispatch states that German soldiers returning from the front are responsible for riots in Baden and Württemberg. They are plundering shops and farms. The peasants are organizing patrols to protect property.

Delegates from all the Soldiers' Councils met in the Reichstag Chamber in Berlin on Friday, an Amsterdam dispatch says, to discuss the institution of the Red Guard. The proceedings were enlivened by divergencies of opinion, some advocating the Red Guard as civil protection, and others opposing the plan as implying a lack of confidence in the soldiers.

Friedrich Ebert, the Premier, frankly asserted in an address that there was no necessity for the Red Guard. He said:

"I have no anxiety for the new Government, because it is sustained by the confidence of the masses. We have received news that the troops were orderly when the armistice was declared. In the back areas, however, it was different. Many cases of haste to return home are reported. In Baden and Württemberg the troops streaming back from the front constitute a great danger to security.

"Negotiations are in progress to ob-

Continued on Page Three.

PARTRIDGE INN, AUGUSTA, GA., NOW OPEN.—Advt.

Kaiser in Abdicating Tried to Justify War

PARIS, Nov. 19, (Associated Press.)—In order to end the discussion as to whether William Hohenzollern has really abdicated as German Emperor it is understood that the German Government intends to publish his decree of abdication. This consists of an attempt to justify the war on the ground of Germany's isolation.

The abdication decree, according to the correspondent at Zurich of L'Information, concludes with these words:

"To avoid difficulties and to put an end to the mourning and suffering of my people, I renounce the throne and leave my faithful subjects free to choose a Government which seems to them most compatible with honor and to their interest."

RELIEF IS RUSHED TO HUNGRY EUROPE

200,000 Tons of Food on Way for Northern France, Belgium, and Austria.

SHIPS HAVE SEALED ORDERS

Will Await at Bristol Channel Ports and Gibraltar Instructions from Mr. Hoover.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Ships carrying 200,000 tons of food for the populations of northern France, Belgium, and Austria are now en route to Europe. They are proceeding under sealed orders to Gibraltar and Bristol Channel ports, and on arrival will await word from Food Administrator Hoover as to their final destinations.

One of the last acts of Mr. Hoover before sailing last Saturday was to appoint a special shipping committee, headed by Theodore Whitmarsh of the Food Administration, to co-operate with the Shipping Board and the Commission for Relief in Belgium in facilitating the shipment of food to the demoralized civilian populations in the countries devastated by war.

Neither the number of ships involved in the present movement nor the proportion that would be diverted at Gibraltar for relief of South Europe and the Near East could be learned at the Food Administration. It was stated that final arrangements for feeding the peoples freed from the yoke of German militarism was awaiting the arrival of Mr. Hoover in Europe and the result of his survey of the situation there.

The purpose of sending some of the ships now going to Gibraltar and others to the Bristol Channel ports, it was explained, was to have immediately available at convenient ports supplies to ship quickly where Mr. Hoover finds the need to be the most urgent.

Officials here of the Commission for Relief in Belgium believe that the destination of the ships on their way to Gibraltar is the Port of Trieste. The ships now on their way are understood to be the first that have left American ports with food for countries other than Northern France and Belgium. It was said that more than 200,000 tons of food monthly will be required to relieve distress in Central Europe and the Near East.

Increased shipments from American ports and the Argentine for the peoples of liberated Northern France and Belgium were begun several weeks ago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Five hundred thousand cans of condensed milk have been sent from Chicago within the last few days to save Belgian babies. The milk was purchased from the Queen Elizabeth Fund. It is estimated that 1,250,000 children were left helpless in Belgium when their parents were deported by the Germans.

VIENNA, Nov. 19, (via Basle.)—M. Zerbik, the Minister of Public Works, has asked the Austrian Foreign Minister to address a telegram to the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, and France showing the extremely critical situation in Austria concerning coal and food.

The Public Works Minister says there is no coal for the heating of houses and that the supply for cooking will not last more than a week. Mills and bakeries will be compelled to close, he adds, within a few days.

No further coal supplies are available to keep the railways running, he says, and the gas and electricity services in Vienna cannot be kept going more than two or three weeks.

FOOD CONSERVATION WEEK.

Plans Under Way for Big Campaign Throughout the Country.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The plans for food conservation for world relief to be emphasized in the campaign to be carried out the first week in December, incident to the presentation in the schools, lodges, clubs, societies, and churches, of Mr. Hoover's message on the program of conservation for the im-

Continued on Page Eleven.

DANCE AT CLUB DE VINGT, 44 East Fifty-eighth St. Open to the Public Monday, Wednesday, Friday Evenings, 10:30. Thes Dansants, Every Afternoon, 4 to 7.—Advt.

HAIL OUR MEN AS SAVIORS

Belgians Weep and Cheer at Entrance of Army of Occupation.

VIRTON DECKED WITH FLAGS

German Hospital There Intact, with American as Well as Enemy's Wounded.

HALT MARCH NEAR BORDERS

Pershing's Troops Extending Great Communications and Supplies Systems.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 19.—After a successful two-day march toward the Rhine the American Third Army is today organizing its systems of communications and supplies, doing everything on a strictly war basis.

The army is being operated on a full schedule of corps and divisions, entailing an enormous amount of Signal Corps and engineer work, not only for today's needs, but in building the foundation of a system to extend into Prussia. Each day's progress, of course, will add to the tasks of supplying the 300,000 men composing our army of liberty.

When we halted last night our outposts were close to the borders of Luxemburg and Lorraine, where we stopped to await further orders.

In the snow, civilians and released prisoners continue to pour through our lines. The Third Army is doing a great emergency work in feeding and caring for these people, many of whom are in bad physical condition from lack of food.

In our march we have so far liberated some 200 French and Belgian towns and villages and more than 100,000 civilians.

Americans in Virton.

Nov. 18.—This pretty little Belgian city of Virton belongs to the Americans tonight, it and everything in it, the willing gift of 4,000 inhabitants to whom the doughboy from America today brought deliverance after fifty months under the yoke of the boches, who left it so little ahead of the Americans' entry that some of them were overtaken.

Truly, to these Belgians America is God's country, for it represents to them not only their saviors, their rescuers, but the nation which has fed them for four years. With tears in their eyes they assured me today that they would have starved had it not been for America, and in their enthusiastic joy they declared they would still be slaves of the Hun if it had not been for the Americans.

They meant what they said, for by the side of the black, yellow, and red of Belgium's noble flag waved the Stars and Stripes everywhere. Let America take to heart the act that those American flags are home-made. Some had not enough stripes and none had enough stars—some had only five or six—but their uneven stripes and jagged stars lost none of their glory because loving hands had wrought them rather than machines of steel in a flag factory back home. The Belgian flags had been hidden for four years, and I am told that for three weeks the women of the city had been making American flags against the coming of this glorious day.

Front Near the Border.

I picked Virton to see the American advance today because it seemed to me the most happy place to observe the reception of the Americans. Our soldiers pushed on, reaching the woods south of Etalle and the town of St. Leger, and further south passing Longuyon and on to Longwy, Audun le Roman, and Briey, which also was occupied, bringing our front practically up to Luxemburg and the Lorraine border.

Reverting to Virton, when I reached there at 11 o'clock this morning the 9th Regiment of the 2d Division had arrived. Standing in the town in marching formation, the troops were the centre of cheering and weeping Belgians, dressed in their best clothes, who at once notified the American Major that their homes were open to him. They told us that the boche had just left. Later I learned

Continued on Page Two.

The Brooklyn Eagle is publishing daily lists, cabled from its Paris Bureau, of Brooklyn boys who have sent to the Bureau word of their safety since fighting ceased.—Advt.

German Soldiers Sell Arms to Belgian Workers; Civil Authorities Fear Trouble When They Leave

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Copyright, 1918, by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Nov. 18.—"A traveler who has just arrived here from Antwerp tells me of the extraordinary state of affairs among the German troops in the garrison there and at other places behind the front in Belgium. No definite instructions as to how the armies are to return to the Fatherland seem to have been received, and there is a scarcity of rolling stock. About 70,000 men were in the garrison at Antwerp when the armistice was signed. A sort of haphazard demobilization seems to have developed among the troops, large numbers of whom have abandoned their arms, and a brisk trade is being carried on between the soldiers and Belgian civilians. For a machine gun the price paid is 50 shillings, ($12.50.) Even airplanes are being sold, the average price being £25.

"My informant says that enormous quantities of arms and ammunition have come into the possession of Belgian laborers, especially the dockers. The same thing is happening in Brussels.

"The Belgian civil authorities have the matter in hand, but at Antwerp serious trouble is feared as the last German soldiers leave. My informant left Antwerp yesterday morning, and between there and the frontier the motor car in which he was traveling was fired upon.

"German troops are leaving Antwerp on foot and marching away in groups, 1,000 at a time. They receive instructions where to sleep en route, but mostly will have to get food where and how they can when they reach Germany."

Metz Reclaimed by the French Wildly Cheers Petain's Army

Departing Germans Had Told the People Lorraine Was to Be a Republic, But the People Rejoiced to Find They Were to Rejoin France.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

METZ, Nov. 19, 8 P. M.—Metz came back to France today. Metz which forty-seven years ago the gods of war took away from France, today the gods of war gave back to France. For today Petain and his conquering poilus entered the metropolis of Lorraine, while from the lofty spire of the noble Cathedral pealed the bell that for almost half a century had pealed when the German Kaiser came to town, and every passing poilu saw in front of the Cathedral "Wilhelm" in chains. Years ago Wilhelm had the head taken from the statue of the Prophet Daniel and his own likeness put thereon. Today Wilhelm wore the chains, while from his piously raised hands hung a placard which said to the world: "Sic transit gloria mundi."

There were no Americans in the triumphal entry into Metz because it was most fitting that the ceremony which meant to France the crowning victory should be purely French. But from the tower and the portal I saw flying the Stars and Stripes, and fifty or more Americans who got here to see the ceremony were welcome guests.

The American army of occupation made no advance today, awaiting orders. Therefore, after filing my dispatch from American headquarters, I went to Metz to see the historic entry of the conquering French fighting men. The thing was too big to grasp, too much for the 70,000 population to realize. They seemed dazed. Down the faces of aged men and women who were French before Germany stole Lorraine tears of joy ran in streams. But the great mass of the population seemed dazed. They cheered and cheered, these younger folks, but I thought the tears of the old folks best told the story of Metz.

It was incongruous to hear voices German praising the appearance of French poilus, but they meant it, none the less, with few exceptions. One could not expect the enthusiasm of Paris for these folks, most of them, were born under German misrule, and the German touch could not be rubbed off in one day as it will be in the happy years to come. One felt uncertain standing in the great square, one felt the atmosphere strained, until someone yelled for the Kaiser when Petain passed, and after the police resuced that man I felt again reassured and knew Metz was really glad she was French again.

It was absorbingly interesting to find that the people had been told by the departing Germans that Lorraine and Alsace were to be independent because America wished it, and people to whom I talked told me that Metz was to be the capital of the new republic.

Tey had been told, too, that the American would occupy Metz. It is no wonder they were dazed when the French troops marched into town today, and when they learned that Metz was again to be really French.

It was these sudden developments which dazed Metz. The Germans had left a curse upon its joy, even on the day of their leaving. For, after all, there was no doubt Metz was glad. Tto the Germans who assert that it is really more than half Hun I would tell the story of the French flags which flew there today. The German commanders would not allow the factories to make French flags against the coming of this great day, and so the women set out to make them. They could buy white and red cloth, colors of part of the German flag, but when it came to blue they found that the supply had been corraled, and the price advanced.

It cost $20 to get enough blue for one flag. But those flags flew by the thousand today. I take that to mean that Metz is really French at heart. Traces of the German curse remain—more than traces—and it will take years to wipe them out. It will take much longer than it took to pull down the statue of Frederick today—much longer than it will take to rename the streets with French names; but the cleansing can and will be done.

The streets and squares were packed when early this afternoon the blast of trumpets told that the conquering heroes were coming. Overhead swept fifty airplanes, dropping miniature French flags, and from a distance came the strains of the "Marche Lorraine." And then French cavalry, and then French Generals and more officers, and then the poilus.

As they swept into the square before the great Cathedral—those handsomest soldiers God ever made—the real French and "mongrel French broke into a great demonstration of joy. Then there came some trusty 75s and more infantry and more bands; and so on for two hours Mangin's soldiers swept through the city and the barracks the Germans had built and had just left, and Metz was French again.

Paris Reports the Entry.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Continuing their march through the Province of Lorraine, French troops under Marshal Pétain entered Metz, where they were received with acclamations. In the advance into Alsace similar demonstrations of joy attended the occupation of Zabern.

The War Office tonight describes the progress along the French front as follows:

"Our advance continued today without incident other than manifestations of joy by the civilian populations. In numerous localities the inhabitants displayed touching thought in bringing forth, notwithstanding the difficult conditions, food for our soldiers.

"The material abandoned by the enemy is accumulating, as well as the number of liberated prisoners who have rejoined our lines.

"In Belgium we have reached the line of Bourseigne-Vieillerienne.

"In Lorraine, in the meantime, a detachment had pushed forward on our left as far as Sarral. Our advanced guards established their front along Kierberg, Hemmorreing, Saverne [Zabern], Allenvillers and Wangen.

"The entry of our troops into Saverne under command of General Gerard was made amid great enthusiasm at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

"Marshal Pétain made solemn entry into Metz at the head of the troops of the Tenth Army, commanded, in the absence of General Mangin, who had suffered an injury through a fall from his horse, by General Leconte. The

Continued on Page Two.

PRESIDENT'S AIMS WIDEN

Expects to be Abroad Until Peace Work Nears End.

TO CONTINUE ALL FUNCTIONS

Will Transact Business in Paris Embassy, Technically American Soil.

WATCHFUL ON SEA RULES

Also Deeply Concerned That League of Nations Shall Insure Peace.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19, (Associated Press.)—Democratic Senators who conferred with President Wilson tonight for two hours left the White House with the impression that the President now plans to remain in France indefinitely or at least until the major portion of the work of the peace conference has been completed.

The President was understood to be especially interested in the application, in the framing of the treaty, of the principle of the freedom of the seas, which he enunciated in his fourteen terms and on which the Allies, in agreeing to discuss peace with Germany, have reserved the right of freedom of action at the peace conference.

The plan for a League of Nations was another subject to which the President was said to have given much study. He was understood to regard this as essential for the maintenance of the peace of the world.

During his absence from the United States the President expects to continue to exercise all the functions of his office. He will keep in communication with Washington by wireless while at sea and by cable and, if necessary, by dispatch boats while he is abroad.

Official Business in Embassy.

The President is said to plan the transaction of any necessary executive business in the American Embassy while he is in Paris. Technically he then would be on American soil. Should he visit London or any of the other allied capitals the embassies there would become his executive headquarters.

Besides discussing his plans for his trip abroad the President was understood to have taken up with the Senators problems of reconstruction and necessary legislation. It was said that he opposed the creation of a reconstruction commission, either executive or Congressional, preferring that the work be done by existing agencies, such as the War Industries Board, the Food Administration, and the War Trades Board.

Retrenchment in Federal expenditures, as far as is consistent, was said to be desired by the President, who told the Senators that he already had taken steps to that end. In this connection the pending War Revenue bill was discussed, especially with Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee.

The President asked regarding the prospects of its passage, in view of his approaching departure for France, and was advised by Senator Simmons of the prospect of delay and determined Republican opposition to the plan proposed by Secretary McAdoo for determination in the pending measure of 1920 tax rates.

Reconstruction and legislative questions, the Senators were said to have been informed, probably would be discussed by the President in his address to Congress at the opening of the new session Dec. 2. At that time he is expected to outline his view on the necessity for maintaining some Government war agencies, at least for a limited period after the peace treaty is signed.

May Send Vetoes by Cable.

The President plans to sail for France soon after Congress reconvenes, and it was understood that for this reason he desired the leisurely conference tonight covering the broad field of legislation and other questions. In connection with the President's plans for transacting his business with an American Embassy as headquarters, it was understood that he feels there will be little difficulty in disposing of legislative questions that arise.

If necessary, it was said, the engrossed text of a bill could be sent to him by a courier on a dispatch boat. A veto, it was also said, could be accomplished by cable.

In the discussion of legislative questions, it was stated that only those of

the coming session were considered and that no mention was made either of prospective Republican control of the next Congress or of an extra session.

The American merchant marine, labor problems, and the War Revenue bill were other subjects taken up at the conference tonight, which lasted until after 10 o'clock. The President was said to have reiterated his views on the necessity for a great fleet of ships to carry the nation's commerce, and to that end favors continuation of the Government's shipbuilding program.

Wants Labor Stabilized.

Regarding labor, Senators were said to have been told that the maintenance of the utmost confidence between employers and employes was particularly essential during the period of reconstruction.

To Hold Up Congress Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Arrangements for the conduct of the Government during the President's absence in France were discussed at a regular meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon.

As a result of this meeting it may be said that there will be no delegation of the powers of the Presidential office to Vice President Marshall or anybody else. An understanding will be entered into, however, with the Vice President as presiding officer of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, under which any legislative measures adopted while the President is away will not be finally sanctioned by the Vice President or Speaker until the President's return.

Through this arrangement bills and joint resolutions will go to the White House when the President resumes his duties in Washington, and he will thus have the constitutional ten days for their consideration.

It is understood that there was no discussion at the Cabinet meeting of the selection of the members of the American delegation to the Peace Conference, but the impression was obtained in official circles that the personnel of the delegation which the President has in mind is tentative. For example, the President, it was said, had not definitely determined upon the prominent Republican who would be named as a member of the delegation.

Yesterday it was believed that the tendency of the President was to appoint Charles E. Hughes. Today it was indicated that there was a possibility that Governor Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts would be the President's choice. The President, it was said, had a high admiration for the attainments of Mr. McCall and was listening to those who were urging that he should be appointed a peace plenipotentiary.

Governor McCall's term of office will expire on Jan. 1. The peace conference is expected to meet shortly thereafter. On the day before the Congressional and State elections this month Governor McCall issued a statement sustaining the action of President Wilson in appealing to the voters to elect a Democratic Congress.

Nothing appeared today to change the prospect that other members of the American delegation would be Secretaries Lansing, Baker, and Houston. Mr. Lansing and Mr. Baker are regarded as certainties in official circles, and it was said that the appointment of Mr. Houston was under serious consideration.

Senators Who Conferred.

Tonight the President had a conference with five Democratic Senators, who were invited to the White House for the purpose, in regard to arrangements for the conduct of public business during the President's absence. The Senators were Simmons of North Carolina, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, who is in charge of the pending war revenue legislation; Overman of North Carolina, Chairman of the Committee on Rules; Swanson of Virginia, Chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs; Walsh of Montana, Chairman of the Committee on Mines and Mining, for whose judgment the President has a high regard and who probably would be one of the peace plenipotentiaries if the President should decide to select members of the Senate, and Pomerene of Ohio, Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, who will have charge of contests against seating Senators declared elected in the recent voting.

The five Senators were with the President for more than an hour. There was a general discussion of the peace situation, with particular reference to measures necessary to meet the conditions that would arise with the demobilization of the army and war industry.

May Visit Allied Countries.

Plans for the voyage of the President and his party, which is expected to include Mrs. Wilson and the wives of the peace delegates and experts, are being closely guarded. No information is obtainable as to the arrangements for his stay at the place where the peace conference will assemble. It is supposed that the European arrangements are being made by Colonel E. M. House, the President's personal representative at the Supreme War Council at Versailles.

Whether the President will visit other countries than France is not disclosed. It is believed that no itinerary in this connection has been decided upon. If the President should consent to visit England he would almost certainly go to Italy also, according to opinion here.

KAISER SHIP FOR WILSON.

May Occupy Suite on Transport Once Used by Ex-Ruler.

According to the Government officials at the piers in Hoboken, President Wilson and his suite will go to France next month on the United States transport Agamemnon, which was formerly the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II, and had a signed portrait of the ex-Emperor at the head of the main saloon companionway.

Apparently the Navy Department at Washington had been forewarned of the President's intention to go abroad some time in advance, because the Agamemnon was taken away from the transport pier in Hoboken, where she was loading for France, a week ago today and was transferred to Pier 16, leased by the Scandinavian-American Line, where she is now being overhauled. The cabins and saloon accommodations on the upper decks have not been altered since the United States took over the steamship, and have been used by army officers and officials from Washington.

These accommodations include the two "Kaiser suites," consisting of parlor, dining room, bedroom and bath, with servants' rooms in each, which are on the port and starboard sides of the upper promenade deck nearly amidships, and were used by the ex-Emperor and ex-Empress on some of his Summer trips to Norway and the Kiel regatta. One is decorated in white and gold, and the other in red and gold. There are also a number of rooms with private baths on this deck, and a small dining room.

The Agamemnon is a twin-screw steamship built at Stettin in 1902 of 19,361 gross tonnage, 684 feet long, 72 feet beam, and 40 feet depth of hold. She has made as high at 24½ knots, and can average 23½ at the present time with plenty of good coal and a full naval crew on board. The Agamemnon has fine lines like a yacht, and is considered a steady ship in rough weather for one of such high speed. She is commanded by a naval Captain.

LITTLE DISORDER IN AUSTRIA NOW

First American Correspondent to Arrive in Vienna Finds More Talk Than Trouble.

MANY WILD RUMORS THERE

Formation of Republic Effected Without Much Violence — Old Empire Restrictions Abolished.

VIENNA, Nov. 18, (via Geneva, Associated Press.)—The situation in Vienna, where the first American correspondent, that of The Associated Press, arrived last week, appears to be that there is more talk than disorder, with urgent need for bread, especially for the poor of Austria. The correspondent was accompanied to Vienna by one French and one British army officer.

Some disorders have occurred in Prague, the capital of Bohemia, according to reports received here, as the result of an attempt to remobilize the former soldiers into a national guard. There are also reports that Jews have been assassinated in Bohemia.

Wherever the correspondent passed on his way to Vienna he encountered no difficulties and he saw no disorders, except along the railway lines. At stations here and there troops returned from the Italian front resisted when the local police tried to disarm them. Sometimes there was disorder when the soldiers refused to give up plunder stolen from the army stores, and a few men were killed. An order was issued today that soldiers found in possession of such property will be shot unless they surrender it before Nov. 20.

The formation of a republic here has apparently been an easy task. It is now merely a question of holding the people together until a stable government can be established. However, the freest possible political discussions are permitted. For instance, on a train from Gratz to Vienna, a Colonel returning from the Tyrol calmly announced that if his old regiment were given to him he would be able to secure the return of the whole empire and that all Vienna cared about was bread.

There has been little bloodshed in Vienna. It is declared that two persons were killed accidentally during a great demonstration by Socialists and members of other parties last Tuesday when the republic was formed.

Order is being maintained by Field Marshal Adolf von Boog, who has reorganized the old police force. A national army militia also has been formed, the soldiers wearing the new colors of red, white and red, instead of the black and yellow of the empire. In each municipal district there is a force of guards who wear the Socialistic red brassards.

It is declared that when the empire was overturned in the last days of October there was no violence in Vienna. Much excitement, however, was caused by bands of youths who stopped army officers on the streets and requested them to take the cockades of the empire from their caps and substitute those of the new Government.

One of the most notable political changes has been the granting of equal franchise to women. In the republic all the forms of the old empire have been done away with. No passports are required to travel nor must one have a residence permit.

There is no censorship of the press. When the correspondent went to obtain permission to send telegrams abroad Dr. Otto Bauer, the Foreign Secretary and a Socialist, gave his consent on the spot, saying:

"Under the old Government it would have taken you two months."

Will order prevail in the new German-Austrian Republic, of which Vienna is at once the wheel and the hub, or will there be an outbreak of Bolshevism? This question is on every tongue. The air is full of rumors printed by newspapers or spread about by the thousands of soldiers traveling to and fro. On the streets one hears reports of revolution in France, that Italy is to be made a republic, and that American and allied troops are occupying Austrian cities here and there.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The entire political situation in Austria is provisional, according to a Vienna dispatch to The Daily Mail dated Nov. 18. The political conditions at present, it is added, depend largely on food conditions, and any Government able to supply food probably would be able to pass any measures it wished.

Otto Bauer, the new Foreign Secretary of the German-Austrian Republic and the Government's moving spirit, wishes to join the German Federation, and probably will carry this plan out if he can get food for the people. The correspondent does not believe there is any danger of Bolshevism unless the food supply fails.

The rulers of the old Austrian State, the correspondent continues, have disappeared, as have the Generals who led the armies. Former Emperor Charles is virtually a prisoner at Eckartsau with his suite. The Austrian Archdukes are scattered about the country and "nobody knows anything about them and nobody seems to care."

HUNGARY NOW A REPUBLIC.

Formal Proclamation Made on Sunday—Archduke Joseph Adheres.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19.—Formal proclamation of the Hungarian Republic was made on Sunday, according to a Budapest dispatch received here.

Archduke Joseph took the oath of allegiance to the new Government after Count Michael Karolyi, President of the Hungarian National Council, had made a speech. He declared that he, personally, had great sympathy with the people's Government.

DENIES CHARLES ABDICATED.

Merely Renounced Exercise of His Rights, Vienna Paper Says.

GENEVA, Nov. 19.—Emperor Charles of Austria has not formally abdicated, neither has he renounced his rights, but only their exercise, says the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna. This form of renunciation was new and unforeseen by the Austrian Constitution.

The Emperor demanded that the State Council grant him permission to remain in Vienna, which permission was accorded. The Emperor, the newspaper adds, is still popular with the masses, who do not consider him responsible for the war.

GERMANS SURRENDER FLEET TOMORROW

First Section of the Ships Leaves Kiel on the Way to the Rendezvous.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19.—The first section of the German fleet to be delivered to the Allies left Kiel on Sunday for the North Sea.

This section of the fleet comprised the battleships Bayern, Grosser Kurfürst, Kronaprinz Wilhelm, Markgraf, König Albrecht, and Kaiserin, and the battle cruisers Seydlitz and Moltke.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—German submarines to be handed over to the Allies have passed through the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal on their way to England, according to advices received in Copenhagen from Kiel and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The program for the surrender of the German fleet, as the result of conferences held between British and German naval authorities, is that the ships will be taken over by the Allies on Thursday. King George and the Prince of Wales will review the Grand Fleet at Rosyth on Wednesday. Later the fleet will sail for the rendezvous assigned for the surrender ceremony.

A German wireless message received here says that at a meeting of U-boat crews at Wilhelmshaven on Nov. 15 it was resolved to take out the submarines for surrender whenever the necessary orders were received.

The Franco-American March Toward the Rhine

The line reached in the advance so far as reported in dispatches is marked by the series of black dots. The ground covered by the American troops since the signing of the armistice is indicated by horizontal shading.

HAIL OUR MEN AS SAVIORS

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

that a Lieutenant, leading the advance patrol, had reached Virton before the last German infantry had left, and that a German Major, about to leave, had got out of his automobile and shaken hands with the American Lieutenant and said:

"Well, I must be going."

The Major got into his car and sped away.

A few moments after my arrival at Virton I saw a German Major and three Lieutenants walking nonchalantly up the street. The Americans who saw them gasped and grasped their rifles, until their commander told them that German surgeons had been left behind by agreement with the American commander.

A German Hospital.

I spoke to the German Major, who invited me to visit the hospital, where he said there were some Americans. He led me to St. Joseph's College, which had been converted into a vast German lazarette. To my surprise I found corridor after corridor filled with German wounded and men too bad off to be moved. In two corridors I found nine Americans, wounded the last day of the fighting. All were brave and cheerful and delighted to see the first American since their capture. They said they had been treated well by the Germans.

Twenty surgeons, 100 attendants and twenty-two German nurses were allowed to remain behind to care for more than 700 wounded in the hospitals. The German officers are anxious to appear affable to the Americans, but the German nurses would not have a word to say. The Major was very pleasant, but some of the Lieutenants were disagreeably polite.

It is fair to state that Virton is in excellent condition. It is untouched by the ravages of war. No shell holes, no bomb craters, no burned houses were seen. The little city looked beautiful in the clear sunshine. It has as many residents as before the war. But they tell bad tales of the boche. They say that he kept the city in good shape because he had many headquarters there and didn't expect to leave so soon.

I could not help comparing Virton with pillaged Montmédy, which I saw yesterday, where everything worth looting had been stolen. In Virton the shops were well stocked with German and Dutch goods, and I actually went into a hotel, ordered lunch, and had an excellent meal. They had bread left by the Germans in exchange for white flour they had taken. They had meat killed this morning, sugar sent by the American Relief Committee, and tea which the landlady assured me had been hidden for four years.

Took Food in Virton.

The Germans took practically all food from Virton, but left everything else. In Montmédy they had destroyed everything of value, even burning a warehouse full of cabbages which they couldn't take away. There was another interesting difference in the German policy in the two places. In Montmédy all payments were made by the boche in French money, in Virton in German money. My conclusion is that the Germans believed that for years to come Virton would be a German city. In the last hours they did not loot it out of policy.

I said Virton was almost without food when the Americans reached it. The doughboys at once shared what they had with the civilians, showing preference for the children. Tonight we are sending up food for the people of Virton. The boche is stripping the country of food and has placed a new burden upon the American Third Army—that of feeding the civil population—a burden which it has assumed. This had to be done not only out of consideration for humanity, but because our soldiers would have endangered their own health by going hungry rather than see French and Belgian children cry for food. Nothing else makes one fond of American doughboys quite so much as their love for children. They seem to have a natural affinity for youngsters, and just as soon as one of our soldiers gets leisure he finds a child for a playmate.

Russians Turned Back.

Released prisoners and civilians continue to pour through our lines by the thousands. All released prisoners belonging to the allied armies which have fought on the western front are being received by our army. This means that Russians and Rumanians and laggard boches are turned back. I saw three truckloads of Russians being hauled back of our front today. They are to be told to return to the German lines. Those Russians surely looked a long, long way from home.

I saw today a German order which explains the plight of the German Army for food, and which clears up why they left behind valuable ammunition to load their caissons with potatoes. The order said in part:

"Cases of burglary in supply depots, thefts of army cattle and agricultural products, and robbery on railways have assumed serious proportions of late and are beginning to imperil the supply on which the army is mainly dependent. This renders it necessary for sweeping changes to be carried out."

The first two days of our march toward the Rhine, in which we have covered an average distance of forty kilometers on a seventy-kilometer front, have been carried out without untoward incident.

GERMANS OBEY TRUCE TERMS.

Enormous Stores Left Undamaged by Retreating Army.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Nov. 19, (Associated Press.)—Well into Belgium and within a few hours' march to the German frontier on the south, Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman's army gathered itself today for another jump into evacuated territory.

The line was unchanged. In accordance with plan, the march has been halted for a short time while the heavier artillery, supply service, and other elements can be brought up. However, General Dickman's headquarters were moved on to Longuyon tonight and corps and division commanders made similar advances.

As the Germans withdraw the concentration of the army of occupation is increased, and not for a moment has vigilance been relaxed. All possible tactical advantage is carefully taken and the forces are so deployed that the peaceful march might easily, in the presence of the enemy, be converted into a hostile operation.

The second day of the advance served to confirm the belief at the American headquarters, however, that there was no thought of treachery in the minds of the German General Staff and that the terms of the armistice would be faithfully carried out. There have been a few isolated cases where surrendered materials have been damaged, but it is not thought such damage was wrought under orders of German commanders. Enormous stores of ammunition and many guns left at Longuyon were little impaired, and the machine shops there had not been damaged. The electrical machinery in the shops was fully wired and the tools were of the best.

Rolling Stock Left Behind.

The railway yards at Montmédy and other places along the line that served the Germans as one of their main arteries of communication were filled with locomotives and cars ready for use, while great quantities of general stores not mentioned in the terms of the armistice had been abandoned to the Allies.

Undamaged stores left behind on every road over which the Americans advanced bear evidence of the great retreat. At Virton was found a great salvage dump, where tons of clothing, gas masks, and helmets had been thrown by the German troops. A road near St. Leger, over which the correspondent drove, was so thickly covered with big iron helmets that at times they interfered with the operation of his automobile.

The roads over which the Americans traveled are in excellent condition, due to their distance back of the former German lines and the limited use made by the enemy of motor trucks. The retreating army left dozens of steam rollers, which had been working almost to the day of its departure.

When the Americans began pouring into Virton, the largest of the reoccupied towns, the inhabitants had nothing too good for them. Women and children gathered about the men in khaki, regardless of rank, the enlisted man receiving almost as much attention as he who wore the insignia of rank. Old women cried while they smiled, and choked over expressions of greetings and thanks.

Children followed the Americans about, eager for a glance or a word from the strange beings whom they addressed alternately in German and French, not comprehending why they were not understood. But they did comprehend the unusual and unheard-of manner of their own reception. American soldiers lifted the little ones to their shoulders, bought them chocolates, and did their best to entertain them.

Two children of about 4 years watched the marching troops from the seat of a motor cycle sidecar which was parked by the roadside, and a boy a year older sat on the driver's seat, "guarding" it for a dispatch rider who was getting a cup of coffee nearby.

Welcomed in St. Leger.

At St. Leger all the civilians gathered in the main street an hour before the troops marched in. One old man bore the flag of his country, and behind him was a small, hastily recruited brass band. When the troops arrived the crowds shouted themselves hoarse. The old man's flag was saluted by the officers of the American command.

Children began to race after the marching columns. Crowds gathered about every detachment. The Mayor opened his house and insisted upon serving wine and offering his hospitality to any American who would lodge with him.

It has been suggested that the apparent prosperity of the villages entered, as indicated by the quantities of food in the restaurants, may not be wholly real, and that perhaps it is due more to the fact that the Germans had seen to it that the restaurants and shops they patronized were well cared for. What were seen by the Americans, after all, were but limited stocks.

The Americans in Landres are enjoying all the comforts of a modernly equipped and newly finished German bathhouse. It is a building of two stories, with concrete walls, care having been taken to make the structure permanent. The building is steam-heated throughout.

Near the bathhouse an immense bakery of brick construction had also recently been completed. Landres was used as German headquarters for the troops opposite the Americans.

Soon after the American forces entered Landres yesterday the ovens in the German bakery were turning out bread for the newcomers. The Germans had left some rye flour behind, and the American bakers mixed this with white flour at their disposal for the turning out of white loaves.

First to Enter Landres.

The first American to enter Landres was Lieutenant Harold Ephlin of Detroit, who reached the town at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The first person to see him was an aged woman, who ran to his automobile and tried to climb the running board. When the Lieutenant alighted, she greeted him effusively.

The news of his arrival spread rapidly, and soon afterward the Mayor and some fifty civilians waited upon Lieutenant Ephlin. The woman who first greeted him insisted that he be her breakfast guest. When the other Americans arrived they found the Lieutenant at table enjoying a repast of fresh eggs, toast, and coffee with cream.

The Mayor of the town proclaimed the day a holiday, and announced that the schools would not hold their sessions. The Germans had left on Saturday.

SAY AMERICA TURNED TIDE.

German Officers Eager for News of Their Fatherland.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHEAST OF VERDUN, Nov. 18, (Associated Press.)—German officers who met the American forces at Bouligny today were eager to hear about the latest developments in Germany. They say that news has been kept from them and that for days prior to the signing of the armistice they had heard no details of what was going on.

Lieutenant William Schmidt, a German, told the Americans their entrance into the war unquestionably turned the tide against Germany. In his opinion there would have been a different story to tell if America had kept out. He said the Germans generally did not hold a grudge against America or Americans, although some blamed the Americans for their defeat.

With the arrival of the Third Division at Conflans at 4 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, church and school bells were rung and the civilians turned out in force to welcome the Americans. The Mayor and village officials arranged a reception for the officers, the Mayor telling of the gratitude of France for America's aid. The school children sang and waved French flags. Conflans is damaged but little except the railroad, where bombers put out of commission one of Germany's main lines of communication from Metz to the front opposite the Americans.

The Germans were not short of ammunition on this sector. The road from Etain to Conflans is lined on both sides at places with ammunition of all kinds. At St. Jean, Olley, and other villages along the road are many new buildings, some of which were not completed when the news of the armistice arrived. The workers quit at once, leaving their tools behind them. Along the road there were artillery repair shops, a camouflage factory and shops for the repair and manufacture of airplanes.

Villages along the Etain and Conflans road are apparently deserted of French people. None appeared in village after village as American troops passed through early on Monday.

Want Labor Envoy at Peace Parley

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 19.—Presidents of the three railroad brotherhoods, Warren S. Stone of the Engineers, W. G. Lee of the Trainmen, and Timothy Shea, Acting President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, today sent to President Wilson telegrams urging the appointment of a representative of labor to membership on the Peace Commission.

CAVALRY BRIGADE SENT TO BRUSSELS

It Precedes the Main Belgian Army, to Replace the German Garrison.

LAST ENEMY FORCES GONE

Populace Contented Itself with Shouting "To Berlin!" Evoking Only Sad Smiles.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—A brigade of cavalry carbineers has pushed ahead of the main Belgian army marching on Brussels so as to preserve order there, according to an official statement issued yesterday by the Belgian War Office. Some ammunition depots in Brussels have been blown up. These were at the Northern, Southern and Schaerbeek Railway stations.

An impressive ceremony took place Monday in the Town Hall of Havre, when the Belgian Government, which has been in Havre since the Fall of 1914, took leave of the municipal authorities. The departments of the Belgian Government are being transferred to liberated Belgium.

Demonstrations by the German soldiers in Brussels on Sunday, Nov. 10, the day before the armistice with Germany was signed, are described in the Journal La Belgique, a newspaper published in Brussels for four years under control of the German censorship, in its issue of Nov. 11.

Thousands of soldiers without arms gathered in front of the North Station and formed a procession and marched through the North Boulevard, carrying red and French flags. The populace, at first dumb with astonishment at the strange sight, enthusiastically cheered the soldiers carrying the French Tricolor and shouting "Hurrah for Belgium!" "Hurrah for France!"

The procession halted at the Palace of Justice, where a meeting was organized and a banner raised on which was inscribed: "Comrades, do not fight any more. Do not shoot."

A Belgian demonstration was then organized in which the German soldiers joined with the Belgians in singing the "Brabançonne" and the "Marseillaise." An automobile truck, carrying German marines and decorated with Belgian flags appeared on the Grand' Place, where one of the marines spoke in praise of the King of the Belgians and his people.

An automobile in which were some German superior officers was halted by soldiers, who tore the epaulettes from the officers' shoulders. The demonstration continued throughout the afternoon and evening.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 19.—Adolphe Max, the Burgomaster of Brussels at the beginning of the war, returned from captivity today and was received enthusiastically by the populace.

GHENT, Nov. 17, (Associated Press.)—The last stragglers of the German forces are passing out of Brussels this evening. It is a sad cavalcade of sullen, depressed men filing out along the road, heading for Louvain and Liége. Brussels is calm. The population is refraining from any manifestation beyond disdainfully shouting to the departing soldiers, "To Berlin!" The soldiers do not respond, merely smiling sadly.

There is sufficient food in Belgium for five weeks, according to Fernand Baetans of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium. He said, however, that there was need for rice and suggested that supplies be unloaded at Antwerp, instead of at Rotterdam. Coal is very scarce, and is selling at 250 francs a ton. Clothing also is lacking.

The Germans made numerous attempts to fraternize with the Belgian Socialists, but Secretary Ruysbreck of the Socialists' Headquarters, refused to meet representatives of the Soldiers' and Workmens' Council. He said:

"Tell our King, tell America, tell the whole world, that we absolutely will have no contact with these people. Our enemies we at no time consult as to the future. We do not know the spirit of the workmen, but we do know the spirit of the soldiers.

"Belgium has recovered promptly, and there is no danger of Bolshevism here."

German soldiers are going about with huge bags of loot from the Quartermaster's Department, selling shoes, blankets, and socks at any price obtainable. Good boots were sold for 10 marks.

Senator Speyer said the behavior of the German officers impressed him as cowardly, most of them fleeing toward Holland or escaping in citizens' clothing to Berlin.

Baron von der Lancken, the German Civil Governor of Brussels, when seen by the correspondent, seemed quite cheerful.

"Germany," he said, "enters a new era. The Kaiser is dead. Long live the Republic!"

Asserting that Germany would have won the war if it had not been for the Americans, Baron von der Lancken added:

"We made many mistakes during the war, but the greatest mistake was when we underestimated America."

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Belgian Cabinet will resign after King Albert meets the Parliament this week, according to a dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Bruges. M. Delacroix, a Brussels lawyer, will be asked to form a coalition Government, the message adds.

LLOYD GEORGE SENDS THANKS TO WILSON

Predicts Co-operation at Peace Conference for Liberty and True Democracy.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Premier Lloyd George has sent the following cablegram to President Wilson:

"My heartiest thanks for your cordial, kindly message. I am certain the ideals of our two countries regarding international reconstruction are fundamentally the same. I feel sure that at the peace conference we shall be able to co-operate fruitfully to promote the reign of peace, with liberty and true democracy throughout the world."

FORECAST BRITISH ENVOYS.

Labor and the Dominions Likely to Have Voice on Peace.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Plans for the approaching peace conference are discussed prominently by some of the morning newspapers, and, according to The Daily Express, arrangements are nearing completion.

The Express, which is generally well-informed on political matters, adds that the British delegates have not yet been selected finally, but probably will include Premier Lloyd George, A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer; A. J. Balfour, the Foreign Secretary; Earl Reading, a labor representative, and a representative of the Dominions.

President Wilson's promised visit to Paris attracts general attention. There is some speculation as to whether he will take an active share throughout the conference or will leave American interests in the hands of Secretary Lansing and Colonel House.

METZ RECLAIMED BY THE FRENCH

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

entire population went out to meet our troops, loudly acclaiming them. The old city of Lorraine, captive for forty-seven years and finally reunited to France, has manifested in a never-to-be-forgotten way its love for the mother country.

"In Alsace our soldiers received yesterday the same moving welcome in the loyal town of Colmar."

Belated Report of Monday's Progress.

The text of yesterday's statement follows:

"Our troops continue their march this morning and are being received with growing enthusiasm by the populations of the occupied regions. The enemy has abandoned enormous quantities of material, locomotives, railroad cars, automobiles, and magazines of all sorts. Thousands of French, Russian, English, and Italian prisoners are entering our lines from German prisons. Their condition is indescribable.

"In Belgium we have passed the railroad running between Beuraing and Florenville. Further east we have reached the line of Offagne, Bertrix, and Straimont. Our troops are also in the Jamoigne region south of Neufchâteau.

"In Lorraine we have occupied St. Marie-aux-Chesnes, on the south bank of the Nied River, and are on the road toward St. Avold. We are in the region of the heights of the Saar. Our troops have made solemn entry into Saarburg, Dieuze, and Morhange.

"In Alsace we have crossed Col Saverne, and have installed our advance guards at the gates of Wasselnheim and Molsheim. Further south we are in the proximity of the Rhine from north of Neu Breisach as far as the Swiss frontier.

"The people of the occupied regions do not cease to give our troops touching evidences of their love for France."

Zabern and Pre-War Prussianism.

The case of Zabern has become famous the world over as the quintessence of Prussian militarism. In 1913 the 99th Regiment of Infantry, under Colonel von Reuter, was quartered in that town. There were clashes between civilians and soldiers, and Lieutenant Baron von Forstner told the latter to use their bayonets. He set an example by running a lame cobbler through with his sabre. This was on Dec. 2; on the 8th he was tried and sentenced to forty-three days' imprisonment, which sentence was quashed on Jan. 9, 1914, by the Military Court at Strassburg.

The affair created great excitement in Germany; in the Reichstag the Chancellor, while upholding the civilian side in a speech, was sneered at by the Crown Prince, who was later, it was reported, disciplined by the Kaiser for his conduct. Forstner was killed in battle Sept. 15, 1914, and in an address to his troops the Crown Prince did honor to his memory.

PETAIN A MARSHAL.

Hero of Verdun Now Third of His Rank in the Republic.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—General Pétain, the Commander in Chief of the French armies, today was named a Marshal of France at a meeting of the French Cabinet, presided over by President Poincaré. General Pétain today is entering Metz at the head of the French Tenth Army.

FREED CAPTIVES BIG ALLIED PROBLEM

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN LORRAINE, Nov. 18.—The whole life of what before the war were the frontier provinces is centred about a double stream of traffic. The armies flow east, and the great mass of civilians are waiting to follow them directly the signal is given. Prisoners of war of allied nationalities and many civilian refugees are flowing west. One stream is joyful and comfortable; the other bears fresh marks of many sufferings. But both are full of new confidence and hope.

Behind the processions and all the incidents of the drama and the pathos to which they give rise there loom a hundred problems that will be the substance of our cares for many a long day to come.

When Colonel Seymour arrived at Nancy yesterday morning, he found himself suddenly overwhelmed by the most immediate of the problems to which I referred. Within a few hours 2,000 British prisoners of war had swarmed over the frontier, and these are being followed by some 3,000 more. There are among the men already arrived sixty hospital cases, and twenty have died, largely from the effects of starvation. I spoke to many of those gathered in the large square of the barracks. All told stories of hardship, some of acts of cruelty. The most general suffering was due to bad and insufficient food, but some o fthe men readily remarked that their German guardians were in little better case than themselves in this respect. Once on their homeward tramp they were received by numbers of Germans waving red flags, who gave them cigarettes, but generally had much difficulty in finding the roughest food. They are now clad in all sorts of garbs, and have with them fragments of Russian, Italian, and other kits. A hundred Bulgarians came in with the British—why, I could not discover—and gave some trouble because there was no one who could speak their tongue. There are also about 5,000 liberated French soldiers in Nancy.

COMFORT

AT PRESENT THE TYPE OF OVER-GARMENT IN HIGH FAVOR WITH ENGLISHMEN HAS COMFORT AS ITS FIRST QUALITY. IT IS WARM AND LOUNGY.

THE DISTINGUISHED BEARING RESULTS TO A GREAT EXTENT FROM THE NATURAL POISE AND STYLE OF THE INDIVIDUAL.

A FINCHLEY GREAT COAT IS SKETCHED.

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GERMAN RETREAT WAS LIKE A ROUT

Belgian Observers Say Discipline Was Nonexistent Toward the Last.

DUE TO ALLIED PROPAGANDA

German Soldiers Were Also Discouraged When They Realized America's Military Strength.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONS, Nov. 18.—Despite reports to the contrary, it appears that Brussels has not yet been entered by the Allies. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was stopped last evening at the British outposts, fifty kilometers from the Belgian capital, and informed that Marshal Foch's orders, according to the terms of the armistice, precluded an advance sufficiently rapid to reach Brussels yet from that point of the allied line.

The Canadian division on this sector had the supreme satisfaction of fighting its way into Mons and overcoming stiff machine-gun opposition before the armistice was signed. It had a tremendous reception in the city—which is far larger than early stories of the war indicated, numbering 40,000 inhabitants—and those who participated say the scene in the main square, when the long-silent chimes played the "Brabanconne" and other allied hymns was one of the most poignant in their whole war experience.

The correspondent talked with M. Devreux, Mayor of Charleroi, who had come to Mons to seek assistance regarding the state of affairs created in his town by the Germans.

During the last month, he said, it became more than evident that discipline was nonexistent in the German Army. First of all, the soldiers, instead of goose-stepping and offering wooden salutes before their officers, began to ignore them completely. Then the officers seemed to disappear as by magic from the streets, and the behavior of the men became more and more independent.

Finally, about a week before the armistice, pillaging by Germans began and spread unchecked. The men not only took all they could lay their hands on, but sold rifles, belts, boots, or any part of their equipment for trifling sums, and said openly that their one idea was to get home as quickly as possible.

The last German in uniform disappeared from Charleroi on Friday, but they still remained in mufti, firing the munition wagons left behind and committing other outrages. Already Mayor Devreux has had to risk his life to protect a party of enemy prisoners from the naturally infuriated townspeople, and now he admits frankly that he is unable to hold his countrymen in check unless military aid arrives.

Picture of a Routed Army.

It is a typical picture of a routed army that M. Devreux gives of the Germans. They had been in flight for the last three weeks without order, loading their wagons with loot, often of the most useless character, such as dog kennels, birdcages, and chairs or tables with a leg missing, collected anywhere or anyhow. Only the machine gunners and part of the artillerymen seem to have remained loyal, but even they declined to support their officers against their mutinous comrades.

So far as the German troops in Belgium are concerned, it seems unquestionable that their officers entirely lost control. There are rumors, each wilder than the last, of mutinies in Brussels, and it is said that the Liege garrison has also revolted.

On the other hand, I talked tonight with two French prisoners who had escaped from Namur last Wednesday, who said that everything was orderly there, though they added that the German officers allowed them to pass the lines without hindrance, and even gave directions as to the best road.

As to one thing every one agrees; it was the allied airplane propaganda that knocked the last nail in the coffin of German discipline. One device had a tremendous effect. It was the dropping of tiny sacks containing "Ersatz" flour, with a German document explaining that this was the exact amount allotted weekly to their wives and mothers in Germany.

Another paper addressed in French to the inhabitants was almost equally efficacious about a month ago. It ran: "In October, hope; in November, peace; in December, rejoicing," and contained the reasons on which these statements were based. This created an enormous impression among the enemy troops.

It is noteworthy that the decay of German morale seemed to date from the moment the Germans began to realize that the American troops were a serious factor in the struggle—that is, from the beginning of June, when the German drive was checked by our divisions at Château-Thierry. Even before the July offensive failed and the allied counteroffensive began it was common to hear the Germans say:

"We know that victory is impossible. They told us the Americans couldn't enter the war before October, and they are already fighting. It is hopeless to withstand all those millions. The best thing for us is peace as soon as possible."

"These Americans Are Terrible."

Mayor Devreux said that the German Colonel of a Guards division had said in his hearing:

"These Americans are terrible. For every ten you kill there are a hundred in their place, seeming to spring from the ground. Nothing seems to stop them, and we—we are weary of war."

The Mayor added interesting details about the battle of Charleroi in 1914, which he said ought to have had another name, as it actually took place outside the town, some two kilometers away, across the Sambre. The day before the battle the Germans entered the town behind a screen of civilians. The French, unwilling to slaughter these unfortunates, withdrew across the river, and the enemy proceeded to burn the principal street and shoot a number of citizens, on the old pretext that their men had been fired upon.

Finally M. Devreux managed to reach the presence of General von Barfeldt, commanding the Nineteenth Corps. To his amazement, the German General was almost his own double—a big, ruddy-featured man with bushy eyebrows, blue eyes and a white mustache and imperial. Whether this resemblance or the Belgian's protest was more effective it is impossible to say, but von Barfeldt agreed to reduce the fine imposed on the town from 10,000,000 to 1,500,000 marks and gave orders that attacks upon civilians and their property should cease.

The Brave Mayor of Charleroi.

The town suffered little from the fighting, but a few shells did fall on the outskirts, and about a year ago the Germans demanded 75,000 marks from the municipality "to repair the unsightly damage." The Mayor refused, and when the Germans insisted followed his usual procedure of declaring: "I do not recognize you or your authority and decline to obey it. If you want the work done you must do it over my head."

The Germans commandeered the money by force from the municipality funds, and completed the repairs without further discussion.

M. Devreux showed similar independence when he was summoned to Brussels, in the first year of the war, by von der Goltz, whose tact and ability as Governor he contrasted favorably with the lack of these in his successors, "who were entirely swayed by their subordinates."

Von der Goltz said:

"I have decided to confirm you in office as Burgomaster of Charleroi."

The Mayor replied:

"I refuse to acknowledge your right to confirm or terminate my tenure of office, which I hold by the authority of my King."

"I expressed myself incorrectly," said the aged General. "What I meant was that there is to be no interference on my part in your continuing to exercise the functions of Mayor."

"Had all Germans shown a similar spirit of conciliation," concluded the Burgomaster, "their race would not be the byword and loathing it is throughout Belgium today."

Sketch of Proposed "Victory Arch" to be Erected in New York.

Cut supplied by Rodman Wanamaker in charge of the project for the Mayor.

Rodman Wanamaker, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, who was appointed by the Mayor to consider the suggestion for building an Arch of Victory in this city to commemorate the achievements of American arms and as a memorial to the soldier dead, yesterday proposed that a temporary arch be erected by voluntary contributoins from the people of the city, on a design chosen for the permanent memorial. He announced also the appointment of a committee to consider plans for the arch.

A temporary arch upon the general lines of the permanent design could be ... of plaster in a few months, Mr. Wanamaker said, and would be completed before the soldiers returned home. He suggested that the gathering of a fund for the arch begin on the day before Thanksgiving and continue for a week. A preliminary sketch of the proposed arch also was provided by Mr. Wanamaker. Members of the committee selected by Mr. Wanamaker are Paul W. Bartlett, Thomas Hastings, Daniel C. French, Cass Gilbert, Eugene A. Gallatin, Dr. George W. Kunz, Frederick MacMonnies, Whitney Warren, Philip Berolsheimer, Lewis W. Pilcher, William M. Kendall, Alfred J. Johnson, Frank Dowling, and Grover Whalen. The committee also would choose a site.

One of the proposals made to Mr. Wanamaker to be considered by the committee appointed by him was that the memorial arch should occupy a site in Central Park, either at the extreme southern part or in the abandoned reservoir. No announcement of a site was made, however, and it was pointed out that the Municipal Art Commission and other city boards would be required to pass judgment on any site proposed by the committee.

CURB GERMAN EXTREMISTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

tain food from America, for food is what we need. Peace and order mean transport facilities. All Soldiers' Councils must place themselves at the service of the Government to hasten demobilization. Democracy can march only if its head is untouched. Then, too, we have the prospect of getting peace conditions which at least may be somewhat favorable.

"If the enemy sees anarchy among us, he will dictate conditions which will destroy German economic life. Therefore, go forward to common work for the future."

Amid prolonged applause resolutions were unanimously adopted that the representatives of the garrison of greater Berlin should employ all means to maintain order, achieve a social republic, and increase the soldiers' pay.

Ebert told the Vossische Zeitung on Friday that the Government was firmly determined to summon the Constituent Assembly, but that it was impossible to hold the elections effectively before January, by which time the troops would have returned home. He considered untenable the objection that delay would hinder the gathering of the peace delegates.

Colors of 1848 Displace Red.

The red flag is gradually disappearing from the streets of Berlin, as are most other external indications of the revolution, according to a dispatch received in Amsterdam from the German capital and transmitted by The Associated Press. Black, red, and gold, which were the colors of the German revolution of 1848, and other insignia of classical German republicanism, have replaced the red in large measure.

Guards wearing red brassards upon their arms are less conspicuous than during the forepart of the week. The Reichstag Building is no longer the headquarters of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Committees. These are now scattered over the city, occupying the former quarters of various Governmental departments.

A governing Cabinet of six Social Democrats has been established in the former Chancellor's palace next to the Foreign Office, where Friedrich Ebert, Socialist Premier, and Hugo Haase, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and their associates are overrun with callers.

Mathias Erzberger, head of the German armistice plenipotentiaries, who has just returned from attending the armistice negotiations, is engaged in organizing a German representation to attend the peace conference. Maximilian Harden, editor of Die Zukunft, is proposed as one of the delegates.

Iron Crosses a Cent Apiece.

The iron crosses which the former German Emperor so lavishly bestowed during the war are now being sold in Germany for 5 pfennigs, or about one American cent, apiece, a telegram from Amsterdam says.

A Berlin message under date of Nov. 13 states that during the twenty-four hours before its dispatch not a shot had been fired in Berlin, and that the physical crisis appeared to be over. Order, it was said, was maintained with an iron hand, and robberies were punished by immediate execution. At that time the life of the city was returning to normal.

The German Post Office Department has suppressed the postal privileges of the German ruling Princes who have not yet abdicated.

The principalities of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt and Schaumburg-Lippe have been declared republics. The Diet of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha advocates the joining of the duchy to Bavaria.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam asserts that the King of Saxony, when he heard he was expected to abdicate, said that the Socialists were welcome to try their luck. "It is but just that meddlers should sink into the muddle," the King is reported to have said.

The King has left Dresden for South Saxony, where he is under the protection of the local Soviet, according to the dispatch.

A great festival was held Monday night in Munich to celebrate the success of the revolution in Bavaria. All the members of the Cabinet attended and all sections of Bavaria were represented. Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, made a speech, in which he said:

"The past is dead. Woe to those daring to revive it."

The Soldiers' and Workers' Council at Cassel, where German Main Headquarters has been transferred, announces that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is under the protection of the Council. Confidence is expressed that he will be secure from molestation, but it is added that he and others at headquarters carry arms.

The Workmen's and Soldiers' Council of Cassel, the new German headquarters, has issued a proclamation, in which Field Marshal Hindenburg is taken under the special protection of the council. After referring to Hindenburg's victories, the proclamation says that "he did not abandon his people in their hour of trial."

Anticipate Ex-Kaiser's Arrival.

A dispatch from Zevenaar, Holland, says that the German Minister at The Hague and a "Queen's Commissioner" have arrived there in anticipation of the coming of Augusta Victoria Hohenzollern, wife of the former German Emperor. It is not known at present where the ex-Empress is.

A semi-official dispatch received in Amsterdam from Berlin says that the former Empress is temporarily remaining in Berlin at the request of her husband.

The rumors that William Hohenzollern may return to Germany, as supported by the Berlin Yokal-Anzeiger's hint that he would not be refused entry into that country, have created a considerable stir here. They are prominently printed by several of the morning newspapers as creating an uncertain situation which is rendered more doubtful by accounts of the activity of German propagandists in several countries.

The fear mainly is that the former Emperor would sooner or later become the centre of a reactionary movement in Germany, when the present revolutionary storm has blown over, and the advocates of this view consequently fear his return.

On the other hand, the fact of his placing himself or being placed in the hands of the new rulers of Germany would be welcome in other quarters. These rulers, The Morning Post argues, should be able to execute judgment upon him, and in so doing would only be acting as fitting instruments of justice.

There is everywhere agreement in the idea that the ex-Emperor's presence in Holland is intolerable, and it is insisted that he must somehow be made impotent to do further mischief. Reports from Holland show that the uninvited guest is becoming daily more unwelcome there, notwithstanding his quiet in retirement. Belated advices from The Hague show that the Dutch Socialists reiterated in Parliament last Friday their objections to his presence and demanded that he be transported.

A dispatch to The Daily Mail from The Hague reports that the German Soldiers' Council in Antwerp on Thursday last passed a resolution asserting that the Soldiers and Workmen's Council in Berlin demanded the extradition of the former Emperor and the former Crown Prince, as well as certain Generals. The resolution expressed belief that the former ruler exercised too much influence in Holland and formed the centre of counter-revolutionary intrigue.

The Daily Express sees the possibility of a plot to trick the Allies and create a federation far exceeding in strength and resources the former German Empire. In the course of a long article this newspaper contends that the former Emperor is back of Chancellor Ebert, Former Chancellor Maximilian of Baden, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, and it lays emphasis upon the fact that he signed no formal abdication and issued no valedictory message.

A number of leading allied diplomats and statesmen, including Lord Robert Cecil, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, believe that something is brewing in Germany in the direction of a plot to trap the Allies. The Express declares. The facts appear to indicate, it adds, the existence of a plan to foment social revolutions in Holland and Switzerland, and possibly in Sweden, through pro-German agitators. It is also desired, the newspaper says, to foment social revolution in allied countries, provide for the eventual return of the former Emperor to Germany, the restoration of the old régime, and the formation of a greatly extended German federation.

Such a federation, with William Hohenzollern at its head, The Express argues, would carry the seed of another world war. It insists that the former Emperor must be seized and his activities prevented.

The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial, makes a similar demand.

A report that an airman had bombed the palace in Holland in which the former German Crown Prince is interned is published in the Telegraaf of Amsterdam. This report is denied by the correspondent of The Associated Press in the Dutch capital.

AUSTRIA'S EX-RULERS MAY BE STARVING

Cannot Obtain Food at Eckartsau or Even Get Washing Done, It Is Said.

VIENNA, Nov. 18, (via Geneva.)—Former Emperor Charles, who has retired for the present to his castle at Eckartsau, is asserted by the Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung, is living on the shortest rations and possibly may be starving with his wife and family.

The former royal family has been unable to obtain meat, milk, and bread in the neighboring village, or even to have its washing done. They have been obliged to send away almost all of their fifty servants.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—An official of the Austrian Court who was sent to the Schoenbrunn palace to get some clothing for the former Emperor, according to Austrian newspapers, met with a refusal on the pretext that all crown property had been confiscated by the State.

THINKS PRESS ENDED WAR.

Dr. Crockett Lays Collapse to Dissemination of Wilson's Words.

TRIESTE, Nov. 14, (Associated Press.)—"The power of the press, not the power of armies, ended the war," said Dr. Eugene A. Crockett of Boston, Mass., now a Major in the American Red Cross, today. He added that he had interrogated hundreds of prisoners of every nationality who had returned from Austria and that all had agreed that Austria's deathblow was dealt through the medium of the press by President Wilson when he announced that he had recognized Czechoslovakia as an independent belligerent State and power.

The press succeeded in sending the news of President Wilson's message throughout the Dual Monarchy, where it circulated among the people and soldiers. When the message reached Prague the Bohemians immediately ordered the Austrians to leave and set up their own Government within twenty-four hours. The Austrians realized that it was useless to resist.

The American Red Cross fed 34,300 returned Italian prisoners today and is making arrangements to feed 50,000 daily.

OFFERS HELP IN FOOD RELIEF.

American Trade Organization in Berlin Sends Message.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 19.—A dispatch received here from Berlin says that the Board of Directors of the American Association of Commerce and Trade on Thursday adopted the following resolution:

This organization, organized for the purpose of promoting trade relations between the United States and Germany, believes it in keeping with its functions to place its services at the disposal of President Wilson in connection with the prosecution of the work of relieving the food situation in Germany.

The association is especially impressed with the genuine sense of righteousness which actuates the motives of President Wilson, and recognizes the high-mindedness which dictates his purpose to rescue a situation fraught with dire consequences.

The association, because of its American affiliations, and its intimate acquaintance with prevailing economic conditions in Germany, considers it its self-evident duty unreservedly to place itself at the disposal of the American Government in the present crisis.

FREDERICK W. KING,
Acting President.
ARTHUR E. DUNNING,
Secretary.

POILUS WANT ALLIES TO PUNISH EX-KAISER

Nine Out of Twelve Interviewed Say He Ought to Pay Supreme Penalty.

BITTER OVER BARBARITIES

Lieutenant Proposes Former Ruler's Trial by a Special Court of the Victors.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 18.—"What should be done to the Kaiser?" was the question I put today to a dozen poilus, chosen haphazard from different units of the French Army. The replies did not err on the side of leniency, though it is worthy of note that soldiers drawn direct from the people were far more uncompromising than those of higher social position or education.

To the simple-minded masses the Kaiser, as chief of the German Government, was responsible for the war, and therefore should be shot, but better-informed men with whom I spoke expressed the view that the question was incapable of such an abrupt solution.

"Wilhelm ought to be executed," said a big, bearded territorial whom I questioned. "He caused the war and all its suffering. Before, I had a son, and now—I would shoot him like a dog," he concluded, explosively, with a pitiful gesture toward the black band on his left arm.

The second person questioned was a young Corporal of the Alpine Chasseurs.

"I would hang Guillaume from the Eiffel Tower if it rested with me," he said. "One of my brothers is dead and another is blind. Can anything ever pay for that?"

Wants Trial by Allied Court.

The next was a Second Lieutenant, on whose breast was the Military Medal, not awarded to officers save commanding Generals, which proved that he had been promoted from the ranks. In civil life he had been a schoolmaster, and his reply was much more moderate.

"The Kaiser ought to be judged by a specially constituted court of the Allies," he said. "We have fought for justice, and should observe it strictly, even to our arch-enemy. If the ex-Emperor is found guilty, let him pay the penalty, but let us not be carried away by prejudice or race hatred beforehand."

The next six were all for execution without delay or conditions, but further interrogation elicited the fact that they all had either lost near relatives in the war or came from invaded territories.

The tenth was a Socialist of extreme views, who not only thought that the Kaiser ought to be hanged, but included in the death sentence various allied chiefs and "Sir Morgan," who, I believe, he imagined to be the ruler of the United States. Despite the violence of his speech, this man was a Sergeant of Chasseurs and wore the Military Medal and War Cross with four palms.

Blames Germans as Bandits.

The eleventh was the most interesting of the lot. He was a Lieutenant of artillery who had been promoted from the ranks during last year's Chemin des Dames battle. Before the war he had been a coal merchant in a Berlin suburb, and evidently followed German and European politics closely.

"It is absurd to punish the Kaiser," he began, decidedly. "It is the whole Hohenzollern family, back to Frederick the Great, whose traditions he naturally carried on, that is responsible, and not only the rulers, but the German people, who throughout history have been a nation of bandits whenever strong enough to dare it.

"In point of fact, the ex-Kaiser is a man of theatrical temperament, heightened to an extreme by almost lunatic vanity, who did nothing worse than make dramatic speeches about 'shining armor,' 'the mailed fist,' and all that War Lord stuff. But, as every one who lived in Germany in the last days preceding the war knows, he really shrank from the war when the showdown came, and was literally stampeded by the militarist and Pan German party.

"Of course, you can say he might have checked them before, but for a man in his position and with his traditions that was impossible, and he is no more responsible than any other German. It was force of circumstances beyond his or any other control that brought about the war. Anyway, if you want to punish him, death would be too merciful. For a man of his temperament, nothing could be worse than to be completely ignored by his enemies and allowed to live out his days in exile and humiliation."

Curiously enough, I got a rather similar opinion from the twelfth man, a former Paris gamin and bootblack, now a second-class soldier in an infantry regiment.

"Why shoot Guillaume," he said, "if you spare the lives of the rest of the boches? For me, I would be glad to see them all go to hell together. It wasn't Guillaume who ill-treated our women or wasted our country. They were all equally guilty. They are a dirty race, Sir, those boches, all of them."

UKRAINE MAY JOIN RUSSIA.

Dictator Expects Establishment of a Federal State.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—General Skoropadski, the Hetman of the Ukraine, according to a report from Kiev received in Berlin and transmitted by German wireless, has issued a statement to the Ukrainians calling attention to the imminent establishment of Russia as a Federal State.

He declares that the Ukraine will enter this new Government.

READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
If in doubt as to the kind of book you should buy for your young friends, consult The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.

ALLIES ON DVINA REPEL RED DRIVE

Americans and British in North Russia Hold Positions and Inflict Severe Losses.

FOE BREAKS THROUGH WIRES

Army and Diplomats Anxious to Know What the Powers Will Do About Russia.

ARCHANGEL, Nov. 13, (Associated Press.)—The Bolshevist forces have resumed their attacks against the American and British positions at Tulgas on the Dvina River. They have been repulsed with severe losses.

On the morning of Nov. 11, after a heavy bombardment from their gunboats and barges in the river, the Bolshevist infantry stormed the allied barbed wire entanglements and succeeded temporarily in reaching the gun emplacements of the Canadian artillery.

For the first time in many years there is mild weather in the Province of Archangel after the first of November. The Dvina River is still virtually ice-free, permitting the movement of Bolshevist gunboats. The swamps in which the Americans are now operating have not frozen over, but the troops have the disadvantage of encountering ice water. It had been rumored that attacks might be expected as commemorating the anniversary of the Bolshevist revolution.

The Northern Russian Government and the allied soldiers in this region are awaiting a statement on American and allied policies toward Russia, now that Germany has signed the armistice. Russian officials and military commanders declared today that it was possible rapidly to clear up the situation in Russia if plans were formulated and sufficient troops sent to carry them out. Otherwise, they added, there would be a continuation of the skirmishes on this front without much progress.

Not one of the diplomatic representatives and military commanders in Archangel knows definitely the intentions of the American and allied Governments. The soldiers, knowing that fighting has ceased in France, are anxious to know how that situation affects them.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Replying to an allusion by Arthur Ponsonby, Member of Parliament for the Sterling District of Scotland, that there were rumors of Great Britain sending a military expedition to Russia, Lord Robert Cecil, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said today in the House of Commons that he could give no information without consulting with the War Office.

He reviewed the grave offenses of the Bolshevist Government, saying: "If they had been committed by any civilized Government, Great Britain would be justified in seeking redress by force of arms."

He declared that the Bolshevist Government was "entitled to no consideration whatever from the British Government."

SOLF WANTS TRADE WITH OCCUPIED LAND

Seeks a Dozen Armistice Changes, with Old Customs Frontier Retained.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Germany wants the terms of the armistice modified so that she can have economic intercourse with the territory on the left bank of the Rhine as before the armistice, Dr. Solf, the Foreign Secretary, says in a wireless dispatch received here. [A brief abstract of this dispatch was cabled from London on Monday.] The message is addressed to the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy.

In view of the close economic relations between the country west of the Rhine and the remainder of Germany, the preservation of which is declared to be necessary "to the continued peaceful development of Germany," Dr. Solf asks the modification of about a dozen points concerning this region.

For instance, he asks permission for German owners to exploit as heretofore the coal, potash, and iron ore mines and the general free use of the Rhine for transport within the old boundaries of the German Empire. He also requests permission for free navigation by way of Rotterdam and the coast for the provisioning of Germany; the continuation of industrial pursuits on the left bank of the Rhine for the use of the remainder of Germany, and free railway traffic in occupied territory.

The old frontier of the empire, including Luxemburg, Dr. Solf suggests, is to be regarded as the customs boundary, and customs duties are to be levied by Germany.

Dr. Solf declares that without these modifications Germany will "advance toward more or less Bolshevist conditions, which might become dangerous to neighboring States."

He repeats the previous protest against the surrender of means of transport, and also protests against "continuation of the blockade." The Foreign Secretary concludes by saying that attempts by German delegates to discuss these matters at Spa were unsuccessful because the representatives there of the allied countries lacked the necessary powers.

RAILROAD CONTROL ATTACKED IN COURT

Clover Leaf Files Suit to Test Constitutionality of the Seizure Act.

TOLEDO, Nov. 19.—Constitutionality of the Federal control of railroads is questioned and the power of the General Director of Railroads is attacked in a brief filed in the United States District Court here today by attorneys for the Toledo, St. Louis & Western (Clover Leaf) Railroad.

The brief is in answer to an order from Director General McAdoo to Walter L. Cross, receiver for the railroad, to purchase 1,250 freight cars at a cost of $3,072,250. Stockholders protested the order.

The Cross petition refers to the proclamation of the President of the United States takking possession on Dec. 28, 1917, of all railroads, in which the President said:

"Investors of railway securities may rest assured that their rights and interests will be as scrupulously looked after by the Government as they could be by the Directors of the several railroad systems."

The company, through its receiver, contends that payment for the equipment should be made from the revolving fund at the Director General's disposal, under the Congressional act. Hearing was set for Nov. 25.

BRITISH DEATHS TOTAL 658,665

Nation's War Casualties, Killed, Wounded, and Missing, on All Fronts, 3,049,991.

HEAVIEST TOLL IN FRANCE

In 219,719,652 Casualties on French Soil 32,769 Officers and 526,843 Men Were Killed.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The total of British losses in killed on all fronts during the war was 658,665, James Ian Macpherson, Parliamentary Secretary for the War Office, announced in the House of Commons today. Of these 37,836 were officers and 620,829 were men.

The total British casualties in all theatres of activity, including killed, wounded, and missing, was 3,049,991 of which 142,634 were officers and 2,907,357 men.

The total British wounded in the war was more than two million, the Parliamentary Secretary's figures showing the aggregate to be 2,032,122. The losses in missing, including prisoners, totaled 59,145.

Of the wounded 92,644 were officers and 1,939,478 were men.

Of the missing, including prisoners, 12,094 were officers and 347,051 were men.

The figures given include troops from India and the Dominions.

The aggregate British losses in the Mesopotamian campaign were nearly 100,000, according to Mr. Macpherson's figures, the total being 97,579. Of these the fatalities were 31,109, comprising 1,340 officers and 29,769 men.

The wounded totaled 51,115, comprising 2,429 officers and 48,686 men. The missing and prisoners totaled 15,355, comprising 566 officers and 14,789 men.

In Egypt the total losses were approximately 58,000. Of the aggregate of 57,853, those killed and died of wounds were 15,992, comprising 1,098 officers and 14,794 men. The wounded totaled 38,073, comprising 2,311 officers and 35,762 men. The missing and prisoners totaled 3,888, comprising 183 officers and 3,705 men.

Casualties in France 2,719,652.

The total casualties in France were 2,719,652. Of this total 32,769 officers were killed and died of wounds or other causes and 526,843 men. The wounded totaled 1,833,345, comprising 83,142 officers and 1,750,203 men. The missing, including prisoners, totaled 320,695, comprising 10,846 officers and 315,849 men.

In the East African campaign the total casualties were 17,817. Of these 9,104 were killed or died, comprising 380 officers and 8,724 men. A total of 7,754 were wounded, comprising 478 officers and 7,276 men. The missing and prisoners totaled 967, comprising 38 officers and 929 men.

In other theatres the total casualties were 3,297. Of this number 133 officers and 690 men were killed, 142 officers and 1,373 men were wounded, and 51 officers and 908 men were missing or prisoners.

In addition to the grand total of deaths there were 19,000 deaths from various causes among troops not forming any part of the expeditionary force.

In Italy the British losses totaled 6,738. Of these 86 officers and 941 men were killed, 334 officers and 4,612 men were wounded. Of the 765 missing, 38 were officers and 727 men.

Dardanelles and Saloniki Losses.

The Dardanelles expedition cost the British 119,729 casualties. Of this number 1,785 officers were killed or died and 31,737 others. The wounded were 3,010 officers and 75,508 others. The missing, including prisoners, were 258 officers and 7,431 others.

On the Saloniki front the losses were 27,318. Of these the killed were 285 officers and 7,330 others, the wounded 818 officers and 16,058 others, and the missing 114 officers and 2,713 others.

JEWS RAISE TROOPS TO PREVENT POGROMS

Organize in Austria, Hungary, Poland, and Czechoslovakia, Following Outbreaks.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19.—Anti-Jewish outbreaks, with numerous fatalities to Jews, have occurred in several towns in the western part of Polish Galicia, according to the Jewish Press Bureau here. In Siedlce Polish Legionaires killed six Jews, the bureau's advices state, while at Chrzanow nine Jews were slain.

Other anti-Semitic outbreaks have occurred, it is stated, at Dombrowa, Jaworzno, and other cities.

The anti-Semitic disturbances in Galicia and Poland have been in progress since Nov. 1, and Jewish and Zionist brigades to fight these activities are being organized throughout Austria, Hungary, Poland, and Czechoslovakia, according to a cablegram received in New York yesterday by the Zionist Organization of America.

In Vienna, this message says, the Jewish brigade on Nov. 5 was charged with the duty of protecting the city and a barracks was given to it, while the Jewish National Council there has taken charge of the affairs of the community.

In Czechoslovakia the political leaders are endeavoring to prevent anti-Semitic excesses, the cablegram adds, and in Cracow the National Council is organizing a militia in preparation for eventualities. The Jewish protection brigade in Hungary consists of 10,000 Zionist soldiers, and in Prague, Lublin, and other cities similar measures are being taken.

The damage caused by the anti-Semitic disturbances in Chrzanow and other cities where the Jewish militia was disarmed by the Polish Legion is estimated to be millions of dollars.

CZECH ASSEMBLY MEETS.

Ratifies Masaryk as President—Kramarz Chosen Premier.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 19.—A dispatch from Prague, Bohemia, says that the first session of the Czechoslovak National Assembly in addition to ratifying Professor T. G. Masaryk as President of the Czechoslovak Republic, chose Dr. Karl Kramarz as Premier, and Franz Tomasck, former member of the Reichsrat, as President of the National Assembly.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
AHEAD OF THE FIREMEN

"A spy's work," the papers said—
and production stopped until new walls were raised. What place is next—no one can tell—but you can be sure it won't be yours if you install sprinkler protection.

Globe Sprinklers are protecting millions of dollars of property all over the country. Why not yours?

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
Singer Bldg. Cortlandt 6700

3 M's in Success

There is an old saying in the advertising business that "there are 3 M's in commercial success,

1 M—Merit
2 M—Money
3 M—Man

and of the three the most important is *man.*"

For a man who can comprehend and plan will see that his product has merit. With merit and time the money will be forthcoming.

Good advertising saves time and money.

If it did not it would prove itself uneconomic and therefore be discarded.

But with a product of great merit, with heaps of money and with the most aggressive support—it will still take time to win the whole nation.

The finest advertising in the world requires time in which to accomplish a general adoption by the public.

Good-will is a war-time and a peace-time asset.

Begin now for after the war.

Advertising space in the Butterick publications is for sale by accredited advertising agencies.

Butterick—*Publisher*

The Delineator
Everybody's Magazine

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

MOCHA GLOVES

$3.50

Grey mocha of the correct shade makes the most desirable glove when properly made as those we offer are.

These gloves are unusual value, well made by the best makers.

UNITED WAR WORK

VICTORY is here—PEACE is coming, and then our boys will be home again. UNITED WAR WORKERS care for them now. Give all you can to help.

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

Childs

It costs our cooks and waitresses more to live than it did before.

We pay them more; also the helpers in the kitchen and the expert cleaners.

Our sales have increased over 39% since the war. Our profits have decreased over 50%.

It will interest you to know that because of increased wages, jumping cost of food—fruit, milk, eggs, butter and meat—our average profit is now 1 3/10 cents a meal. Before the war it was 2 9/10 cents.

Don't you think that any fair-minded person would say that we are serving the public?

William Childs
GENERAL MANAGER

We are members of the United States Food Administration

When You Cannot Sleep

THERE is, of course, a distinctly soothing effect upon the nerves which results when you rub this famous French Baume on the forehead and the back of the neck. Many tell us that they use

BAUME ANALGÉSIQUE BENGUÉ

when they cannot sleep, because this original French product is so much more satisfactory than its many imitations.

You will, of course, want a tube in the house to relieve the pain of rheumatism, headache, sciatica or gout—but try it also next time you cannot sleep. Order by the full name.

THOS. LEEMING & CO.
American Agents New York

The Original Is Still Obtainable

Yacht Basin Storage

Due to having built 722 Submarine Chasers we have greatly enlarged our Basin Storage facilities.

THE ELCO WORKS
Avenue A, Bayonne, New Jersey
Telephone 470 Bayonne

BALDNESS
ITS CAUSES, ITS TREATMENT, AND ITS PREVENTION
By Richard W. Muller, M. D., Ac. Med.
"The quality of the book is beyond criticism. The difficult subject of treatment is well handled."—*Medical Record.*
$2.00 *Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores.*
By the Same Author
Loss of Hair, $2.00.
Hair and Its Preservation, $1.65.
E.P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

Beef Stew

MADE of left-over roast beef—it can be more delicious than it was yesterday if into it you put a tablespoonful of that rich, Frenchy

A-1 SAUCE

PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
9-7 E. 59th St. E. P. O'REILLY.
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.

TESTIFIES BREWERS AIDED THREE PAPERS

Feigenspan Names Montgomery Advertiser, Newark Ledger, Washington Times.

UNCERTAIN ABOUT BRISBANE

Witness at Senators' Inquiry Says Perhaps Another Was First to Suggest a Loan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Evidence to show that brewers' money was used to back newspapers in Newark, N. J.; Montgomery, Ala., and Washington, D. C., was brought out today when the Senate Judiciary Committee began its investigation to ascertain to what extent the brewing interests have been attempting to influence public opinion throughout the country. The investigation is the outgrowth of charges that brewers financed The Washington Times, edited by Arthur Brisbane, to the extent of $375,000.

Only two witnesses were heard today, C. W. Feigenspan, a Newark brewer, admitted having turned over money to Mr. Brisbane, and also told of the backing by the brewers of The Advertiser of Montgomery, Ala., and The Ledger of Newark, N. J. The other witness, Hugh Fox of New York, Secretary of the United States Brewers' Association, admitted that the brewers endeavored through extensive propaganda to influence opinion and that a blacklist of concerns that used their influence for prohibition existed with his organization.

The evidence was adduced by Major Lowry Humes of the Judge Advocate General's office, former Federal District Attorney of Pittsburgh. Nearly all of it was brought out at the prosecution a few years ago of Pennsylvania brewers on charages of attempting to influence elections in that State.

The brewery interests, according to the evidence today, put up $100,000 to finance The Montgomery Advertiser. This transaction was made through the Northwestern Bank of Philadelphia, promissory notes being given by the owners of the newspaper. The purchase was negotiated by Charles H. Allen and William D. Sheehan. The brewers advanced the money through notes given the bank in exchange for those turned over by the newspaper owners, according to the evidence. On these notes, as read into the evidence, were the names of Mr. Feigenspan, Edward A. Schmitt, Louis B. Schramm, J. Liebmann, R. J. Shaefer, Jacob Ruppert, George Ehret, Jr., J. and M. L. Criel, Edward Lansburg, Gustav Pabst, Henry Volkamp, Augustus Busch, John Moerlein, Eugene M. Keeley, the F. W. Cook Brewing Company, and Peter S. Theurer.

Not Trying to Buy Up Press.

Mr. Feigenspan identified the signers of the notes as members of the United States Brewers' Association. The transaction occurred, he said, in 1915. The witness was asked if the United States Brewers' Association was not trying to buy up newspapers throughout the country so as to influence opinion against prohibition.

"No, our reason was to get our side of our business before the people," was Mr. Feigenspan's reply. "We considered that we had a right to do this."

"But you were trying to make public sentiment?" insisted Senator Overman, Chairman of the committee.

"I would not put it that way," replied the witness. "We only have tried to show the good qualities of our product, as against propaganda that has for years been misrepresenting it."

"Didn't you hire editorial writers to write favorable articles for you for the magazines?" asked Senator Nelson.

"We did engage some men to write on various things that pertained to our business," asserted the witness.

"What things were those?" pursued Mr. Nelson.

"For one thing about the increase in the use of drugs in dry territories," said Mr. Feigenspan.

The witness denied, in reply to a question, that the United States Brewers' Association had tried to influence legislation either in the States or in Congress.

The evidence turned to the purchase of The Newark Ledger. Mr. Feigenspan said he had given $15,000 on his own account to the newspaper, and that approximately $135,000 had been loaned through two investing companies, upon whose directorates were brewers. Asked about the money advanced to The Washington Times by the brewers, he replied that he had loaned money to Mr. Brisbane himself, having known him for some three years. He was asked who suggested that the brewers loan money to The Washington Times.

"I am inclined to think it was Mr. Brisbane who first suggested it," replied the witness, "but I am not sure of that. On second thought it may be Mr. Crain, counsel to the brewers, who suggested it.

"I became acquainted with Mr. Brisbane when he called to see me regarding the purchase of The Star-Eagle of Newark. He did not take the paper. I never talked to Mr. Hearst about advancing money to The Washington Times or any other newspaper."

Brewers Feared Extermination.

Mr. Feigenspan admitted that the brewers contributed liberally to the National Association of Commerce and Labor, which was formed, he explained, as an organization to look after interests allied to those of the brewers, such as bottle manufacturing. The brewers, he said, felt that they must support such an organization to keep themselves from being "exterminated."

Through Mr. Feigenspan's evidence it developed that the brewers were assessed on every barrel of beer that was sold, the money being used for advertising campaigns.

Mr. Fox insisted that the activity of the United States Brewers' Association in spreading propaganda was entirely legitimate. It merely offset a persistent campaign of the prohibitionists, he said, that was deliberately misleading. He spoke of the efforts of the brewers to improve the saloon evil and of their getting into the fight for temperance when it became evident that the brewing business was threatened with extinction. To accomplish these things, he said, publicity was necessary.

"We wanted to reach the masses, and there was no other way to do it than through newspapers or magazines," he said. "We opposed prohibition because it meant the life of our business."

Major Humes asked about the blacklist of concerns that advocated prohibition. Mr. Fox admitted that there was such a list up to some three years ago. It varied according to the activity of concerns that opposed the brewery interests. A letter written by Mr. Fox was offered in evidence urging liquor dealers in Pittsburgh to "refrain from aiding any firm that is helping prohibition." This, Major Humes intimated, was typical of many sent out by the United States Brewers' Association in various parts of the country. Mr. Fox described the blacklist as being one of "firms unfriendly to our interests." He went on to explain that there was no "organized list as such."

"What do you mean by that?" asked Senator Overman.

"Well, there was no deliberate attempt to blacklist concerns," replied the witness. "We only put their names on the list when it was a matter of our own protection."

The name of John Wanamaker appeared on one list. On another appeared the names of Chicago hotels that had advocated complying with a Sunday closing order.

Tells of Employing Writers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—At the opening of the Senate Judiciary Sub-committee's investigation of the brewers' activities today Hugh F. Fox, Secretary of the United States Brewers' Association, admitted that brewers' propaganda had been published in The International Monthly, edited by George Sylvester Viereck, once editor of The Fatherland, a pro-German publication.

Questioned further by Major E. Lowry Humes of the army, Judge Advocate General's Department, and counsel for the Senate Committee, Mr. Fox said that it was the business of the Publication Committee of the Brewers' Association to advertise the product of brewers, and that in doing so it employed writers to "write up certain subjects" relating to the brewers' trade.

Writers named in this connection were John Koren of New York, who wrote matter published in The Atlantic Monthly, and whose salary was believed by Mr. Fox to be $5,000 a year; Dr. Edward H. Williams, author of articles published in medical and other journals, and J. G. Rice.

When Secretary Fox was called to the stand he produced on subpoena from the committee a bulky package of letters, pamphlets, and other documents of the Brewers' Association, but had no bank checks or stubs. He said it had been a long-standing practice of the organization to destroy these.

Major Humes read to the committee letters from the files of the brewers' organization in an effort to show that it employed only union labor and that its officers believed that by working through the American Federation of Labor and other labor organizations it could exercise political influence.

The inquiry will be continued tomorrow.

C. H. ALLEN ISSUES DENIAL.

Montgomery Publisher Explains Financing of The Advertiser.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 19.—Charles H. Allen, publisher of The Montgomery Advertiser, which, according to testimony before a Senate Investigating Committee today, was bought in 1915 with money borrowed from a Philadelphia bank with brewers as security, issued the following statement:

"The testimony as given is inaccurate in an important detail which will later be cleared up. No loan of any sort was made to The Montgomery Advertiser. I arranged a loan with the Northwestern National Bank of Philadelphia for $50,000 each for myself and for Captain W. T. Sheehan in the Summer of 1915, the total of $100,000 being part of the purchase price of half the stock owned by Frank P. Glass. On the purchase price of The Advertiser we had already paid $18,500 and since the loan was made we have paid $18,000 in interest. The loan is now secured by collateral which we put up, amounting to $150,000, and it is steadily being paid off. This bank loan bears interest at 6 per cent. and the interest has been promptly met.

"The half of the capital stock of The Advertiser owned by the estate of Major Screws, (former editor and publisher of The Advertiser,) was in no way concerned in the loan. The policy of The Advertiser, as announced at the time of the purchase of half the stock, was agreed to between the representatives of the estate of Major Screws and the new purchasers as being faithful in carrying out the policies of the paper as it was conducted under Major Screws. This has been done."

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—Henry Vahlkamp tonight said he could not recall having signed any note in connection with the purchase of The Montgomery Advertiser.

F. P. WALSH RESIGNS.

Asks President to Release Him from the War Labor Board.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Frank P. Walsh, joint Chairman with William H. Taft on the National War Labor Board, today sent his resignation to President Wilson with the explanation that professional engagements required his return to his law practice at the earliest possible moment, now that hostilities have ceased.

Following is Mr. Walsh's letter:

Dear Mr. President—I hereby resign as joint Chairman of the National War Labor Board.

Professional engagements, many assumed prior to the creation of the board, make it imperative that I should return to my practice at the earliest possible moment. Of course I could have no thought of resigning, small as my actual service may have been, during the hostilities.

Your confidence in me and many acts of kindness during my service on the board I appreciate beyond expression, although my respect and admiration for you personally as well as my devotion to all of the things which you represent could not have been enhanced.

With my warm regard and sincere wish for a safe journey and the winning of the world to your splendid ideals, I am,

Faithfully yours,
FRANK P. WALSH.

A resolution was passed by the board and sent to the Secretary of Labor and to President Wilson last week, under the signature of Chairman Taft and Vice Chairman Black, asking that members be relieved from their duties with the board at the earliest possible moment. A statement of the President's plans for the board's future is expected soon.

CUTS HOTEL PHONE CALLS.

They May Charge Only Regular Rates After Dec. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Hundreds of hotels, apartment houses, and clubs throughout the country will soon have to lower their charges for telephone service to five cents a call. An order promulgated today by the Postmaster General directs:

"On and after Dec. 1, 1918, hotels, apartment houses, clubs, and similar institutions shall not charge any guest, tenant, or member for telephone messages an amount in excess of that charged for such service at the public pay stations in the same exchange, nor shall they charge for private branch exchange stations an amount in excess of that actually paid by them for such stations."

To what extent the responsibility of the various telephone companies runs in the matter of overcharges by hotels, restaurants, and others for telephone service could not be learned yesterday, because no word of the order of the Postmaster General had been received by the officials of the New York Telephone Company. If any responsibility is placed upon the companies for the acts of their patrons the latter may be compelled to withdraw service from all those charging more than the regular rates.

It was said that the order was probably the outcome of much recent agitation against the overcharges.

53 LOST ON MINE SWEEPER.

British Vessel Was Sunk by a German Submarine on Nov. 10.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A British Admiralty official statement issued this evening says the British mine sweeper Ascot was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine on Nov. 10 off the northeast coast of England.

Fifty-three members of the crew were drowned.

Crisp, tender grains of sweet barley flavor

Grape-Nuts

Full of Nourishment

REPUBLICANS OPEN FIGHT ON NAVY BILL

Daniels's Request for $600,000,000 Denounced as Extravagance in Face of Peace.

GET LIGHT ON EAGLE BOATS

Representative Butler Serves Notice That Congress Will Not Sanction Ford Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The nation's military and naval policy cannot be defined until after the peace conference has passed upon the question of armaments and determined, if a league of nations is created, how large shall be the fleets of the respective powers.

This was the conclusion of members of the House Naval Affairs Committee today during its consideration of estimates submitted by Secretary Daniels for next year's appropriation for additions to the fleet. The committee expressed surprise that in the face of the President's move for a league of nations, Secretary Daniels, three days after the armistice had been signed, had requested an appropriation approximately $600,000,000 more than was required for the navy last year when it was being expanded for war purposes.

Congress provided about $1,800,000,000 for the navy last year, but the estimates now before the committee call for the expenditure of $2,400,000,000. The discussion as to what the Administration proposes to do, not only in maintaining the navy but in other war activities, arose immediately the committee went into session.

Republican members informed Representative Padgett, Chairman of the committee, that they did not intend to consider the present estimates, and insisted that the President should explain why it was proposed to spend so much on the navy when the fleet might be reduced in strength by the decision of the peace conference if the plan to form a League of Nations was adopted.

Mr. Daniels will explain his policy tomorrow to the committees in executive session. Rear Admiral Ralph Earle, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, who testified today, furnished another surprise to the committee when he said that only one of the 112 Eagle boats, for building which Henry Ford has the contract, had been commissioned, and although these boats would be of little or no use to the navy in peace time the contract had not been canceled. It was estimated that it will require $50,000,000 to build and equip these 100 boats not yet built, and that sixty men to each, or a total of about 8,000 men, exclusive of officers, would be required for their complements.

This statement, followed by another to the effect that the Government powder plant at Newport, to cost $1,000,000, would fall into the sea unless a sea wall was built at an expense of $1,000,000, caused members to show surprise. It was further brought out that, although the Naval Committee had specifically limited the amount to be expended in the purchase of the Jamestown exhibition grounds for a naval training station to $1,200,000, the Navy Department obtained an additional $400,000 through a Deficiency Appropriation bill.

Inquiry About Eagle Boats.

"How many of these Ford Eagle boats, out of the 112 contracted for, are now in commission?" asked Representative Butler.

"There is one in commission, but only on trial," replied Admiral Earle. "Twelve more are about ready to be delivered to the Italian Government, which wanted them when the war was on, and the other 100 still remain to be constructed."

"I will never stand for such expenditure and neither will Congress," said Mr. Butler, when it was brought out that the Eagle boats contracted for would cost $50,000,000. "Aren't you canceling contracts now right and left even in cases where part of the contract has been fulfilled?"

"Yes, we are," replied Admiral Earle, "but we think these boats will be useful along our coasts and in the Philippines."

"Useful for what?" retorted Mr. Butler. "The war is over and we certainly don't need them for fighting Germany any more."

"If you had it to do now would you enter into a contract for these boats?" asked Representative Kelley of Michigan.

"No I would not," said Admiral Earle.

"Then I want to know why you propose to complete this contract," interrupted Mr. Butler, "and I propose to find out before we go further."

Admiral Earle explained that naval ordnance contracts amounting to $421,359,000 had already been canceled, but he did not say just what these contracts included.

Further questions asked the witness as to the Ford contract for Eagle boats showed that the Government had built a factory for this work which was to go to the Ford Company after the contract had been fulfilled. Mr. Butler said Secretary Daniels had informed the committee early this year that Mr. Ford's profit would run into hundreds of thousands of dollars.

ASQUITH OPPOSES BRITISH ELECTION

Former Liberal Premier Says It Is a Blunder and Calamity at This Time.

SAYS NATION IS UNITED

Is in Accord on Peace Aims and Virtually So on Transitional Measures at Home.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Herbert H. Asquith, former Premier, and leader of the old Liberal organization, in delivering an election speech at Caxton Hall, Westminster, tonight, said that when the whole future international development of the world was in the crucible it was both a blunder and a calamity that the country should be plunged into the tumult of a general election.

He said his case against holding an election was greatly strengthened by the fact that the men most entitled to express an opinion on the reconstitution of affairs—the soldiers in the field—would be unable to vote. The House of Commons which will be brought into existence, he said, will be of such a nature as to lack the right authority.

He said that he was prepared to give fullest support to any Government which grappled with the problems of reconstruction on progressive lines, but he added:

"When the lion and the lamb lie down together it sometimes is found that the lion has not lost its taste for live mutton."

Mr. Asquith contended that the country was as much agreed on peace aims as it had previously been in accord on war aims, and the present Government could enter the intenational council chamber with the indisputable mandate of a united people. Moreover, he said, there was no vital divergence about needful transitional measures at home necessitating immediate elections.

Referring particularly to the restraint in criticism and debate which has prevailed, Mr. Asquith continued:

"We must get back as soon as possible to the old atmosphere of freedom. There is no Government and no Parliament but will benefit thereby. I advise the Liberals to take a straightforward course; to keep their eyes open and their hands clean."

Mr. Asquith declared that the value of free trade had been proved by the war, because it had enabled Great Britain to bear virtually the whole heavy burden of the alliance. Referring to the numerous points of policy advocated by Premier Lloyd George, which the Liberals can fully support, he deprecated in the strongest language conflicts between members of the Liberal Party.

He said he would refuse to countenance opposition to any Liberal candidate who had been true to his pledges to the party. He said that the abnormal conditions under which the country has been living for the last four years must be ended. He referred not merely to restrictions on personal liberty and freedom of speech, but said even compulsory military service must be ended.

In normal times the country would be in a fever of excitement over the election. Interest in politics, however, is now submerged under the greater interest in the closing events of the war.

The political situation is peculiar, because there is only one man in the field and there is no concentrated opposition to him. All factions approve of Premier Lloyd George's reconstruction plans, as far as they go, although the Labor Party has its own program, including the nationalization of railways, mines, and other public works, with compensation to the owners.

Lord Northcliffe's papers and the leading Liberal organs invite the Premier to be more specific in the statement of his plans and ask him to tell how he purposes to secure land for the soldiers, which is one of the chief planks in his platform. They ask how he will pay for this land and how he will finance his proposal for the extensive building of workingmen's houses. Mr. Lloyd George partially answered these questions last Saturday, and says that the Cabinet has not had time yet to prepare bills.

CUTS 'NIGHT LETTER' RATE.

Burleson Orders 50-Cent Toll from Coast to Coast After Jan. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—"Night message" telegrams from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast may be sent for 50 cents after Jan. 1, whereas up to this time the lowest charge has been $1.

The Postmaster General today issued an order whereby the coast-to-coast night message telegram will cost a minimum of 20 cents for ten words and 1 cent for each extra word for the shortest distances, and 50 cents for ten words and 2 cents for each extra word for the longest distances. The night messages will be delivered by Post Office carrier.

GIFTS PURCHASED NOW MAY BE EXCHANGED FOR LIKE GOODS UP TO JANUARY 4TH.

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879

For Women who have their own Furs

Two Luxurious Coats
New Today & **Special**
55.00

Should any be left after the sale, they will be placed in regular stock at 65.00.

From one of our best makers—

A WARM FEATHER-WEIGHT SILVERTONE—lined with luxurious pussy willows and heavy crepe de chines; luxuriously tailored with new high collar and with deep silk-lined pockets.

A NEW COAT FOR THE LARGE WOMAN—featuring the new straight-line hip back, and a new advance Spring narrow belt. Warmly interlined, and luxuriously lined in pussy willows and crepe de chines.

Navy silvertone lined with Liberty red changeable pussy willow. 55.00

You Never Pay More at Best's

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

New York Is Over $7,000,000 below its quota in the United War Work Campaign

Do you realize that there are seven great organizations that must be supported?

They have worthily represented us in caring for the comfort and welfare of not only our own soldiers and sailors, but also those of our Allies.

They have absolutely got to have this money, especially now that the war is over, and it is up to us to give it to them.

Now that our boys "Over There" have played their heroic part in winning Freedom for the World,

Don't Forget Them—

There's a solace in knowing the folks back home are behind them—that transcends anything else you can do for them—

A privilege rather than a duty—

Make this a real Thanksgiving Offering that so many of our men have been mercifully preserved—

Please make checks and pledges payable to the United War Work Campaign, and send them to the Fifth Avenue Association, 542 Fifth Avenue. ***Telephone 2390 Vanderbilt.***

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"The Paris Shop of America"

FIRST REDUCTIONS
OF THE SEASON
GOWNS WRAPS
SUITS COATS
HATS AND FURS
INCLUDING
Imported Models

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Holiday Suggestions From the Mayfair Inc. Sale

So charming are the offerings that it would seem as if the Mayfair Store had specially prepared for these most wonderful Holidays of all the World.

Christmas and Thanksgiving Favors

For Thanksgiving
Cute little Turkeys, fat big Turkeys, Turkeys that strut with barnyard pride or lie meekly roasted to grace a Yankee Holiday. Some with a beautiful feather tuft which pulls out a Candy Box.

For Christmas
Santa Claus Favors and wooden Christmas Trees, most of them very efficient Candle Holders. Hosts of other novelties, all delightfully unusual. For example, what seems to be a luscious Plum Cake is really a box of jolly English "snappers."

5c to $1.25
GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Books
Exquisitely bound and illustrated. Each one a masterpiece of the Bookman's art. Only a few copies, (in many cases only one of a thousand titles). All for children and young folks. All by the best authors. All fresh and new. All the very books you'd like to ask, "Come, tell us a story."

35c to $2 Each
GIMBELS—Main Floor

Stationery
The elegant Mayfair Stationery was so quickly bought that we are adding two exceptionally attractive items from the comprehensive GIMBEL stock. Either would make a most desirable gift.

Exceptional Linen Paper
24 sheets, 24 envelopes, with Parisian borders in Pink, Blue, Grey, Lavender. 59c a Box

Byzantine Gold Initial Cabinets
containing 18 Correspondence Cards and 18 sheets of paper. 88 envelopes to match. 75c Box
GIMBELS—Main Floor

Christmas Cards, Place Cards

Christmas Cards
Don't forget that those for the Boys must be mailed by November 30th. And here are the very designs, sentiments and colorings you especially want. Can't you imagine how a "Sick-a-Bed" Lady would be cheered by a gay Christmas Stocking Card, with Toys cheerily tumbling "over the top?"

Place Cards
whether in the form of Oriental maidens in Chu Chin Chow splendor or fascinating fairies emerging from rainbow-hued bubbles can't fail to add the last touch of loveliness to the Holiday table. Almost useless to describe any individual cards. They're so very popular that they're here today and "gone tomorrow."

5c to 25c
GIMBELS—Main Floor

THE FIFTH AVENUE ASSOCIATION.

Tuesday Morning

To the People of New York City:

The response from the public to the United War Work Campaign has not been what was expected and the time has been extended until Thursday noon.

New York City is over $7,000,000 below its quota. In this emergency the Fifth Avenue Association has formed an Eleventh Hour Club and is inviting its own members and the public generally to contribute by cash or pledge at least $50, or as much more as they can afford. Pledges may be made out to suit the convenience of donors.

Do you realize that there are SEVEN great organizations that must be supported? They have worthily represented us in caring for the comfort and welfare of not only our own soldiers and sailors, but also those of our Allies. They have absolutely got to have this money, especially now that the war is over, and it is up to us to give it to them—a privilege rather than a duty.

Make this a real Thanksgiving Offering that so many of our men have been mercifully preserved—a Memorial to those who have fallen.

Please make checks and pledges payable to the United War Work Campaign, and send them to the Fifth Avenue Association, 542 Fifth Avenue. Telephone 2390 Vanderbilt.

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879.

You Never Pay More at Best's

WIRELESS DEVICE HAS VARIED USES

R. A. Weagant Says That Anti-Static Invention Predicts Weather Changes.

MAY SAFEGUARD MESSAGES

E. J. Nally of Marconi Company Declares No More Ocean Cables May Be Laid.

Roy A. Weagant, Chief Engineer of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America and conqueror of static electricity, the greatest foe to the successful operation of wireless telegraphy, while declining to reveal the details of his invention yesterday, did make one statement from which electrical engineers might draw inferences. He had been asked why his invention would do away with high steel masts, and he replied:

"The high towers were necessary because we had found no way to bring the ether waves nearer the earth and, therefore, we had to go up after them to get the power to flash our signals. By the new device we are able to bring them so low that we can reach them at a height of twenty-five of thirty feet, about the height of an ordinary pole. We have accomplished this result with the help of the 'amplifier,' a very valuable invention of Dr. James Ambrose Fleming, consulting engineer and University Professor of Electrical Engineering at the University of London, in combination with the device I was able to work out."

"How did you happen to set to work on this invention?" Mr. Weagant was asked.

"I guess I've been working on it, consciously or unconsciously, ever since I decided to make commercial wireless work my job around 1908," was the answer. "You see that old static was our great bother and plague. It always acts up worse between June and November than during the rest of the year, and in those months it bothered us more between noon and sunrise than during any other part of the day. The uncontrolled electric waves sweeping through the air manifest themselves much more vigorously in the temperate zone in the hot and humid months of the year and in the hottest part of the day. In tropical climates they have to be dealt with the year around.

Seeking a Static Law.

"The static interferes with the receiving of wireless messages by filling the receiver with a noise that sounds like a falling shower of pebbles. Sometimes we get the blast of a clashing of currents. Well, I thought, as every electrical engineer thought, that the static ought to be removed. It was evident to me that heat and humidity made its effects worse, and that set me thinking. Before that most electrical engineers believed the static followed no law, but was a freak of nature.

"It occurred to me that if, at the same season of the year it behaved in approximately the same way, it did follow a rational law and if I could find it, the rest would be easy. I followed many seemingly profitable trails, only to find they led into blind alleys.

"All of my investigations had to be made, of course, at wireless stations. Some of them were made at our own station at Belmar and some at stations controlled by the Government in different parts of the country. I spoiled a lot of apparatus, of course, and our company was very kind in supplying me with whatever new mechanical helps I needed. If it hadn't I could not have gone on with my work. The company permitted me to play with and scrap much costly apparatus.

"I was working at one of the stations one day, at that season of the year when the static plays the most hob, when, all of a sudden, I found I could hear the sending without much interference. It was a transition from much noise in the receiver to little noise, and I was sure then that static was pretty well done for. But I wasn't taking anything for granted. I kept on working all through the war, and the longer I worked the more sure I was that I was on the right road at last, and that a new law of nature had been found. After that, all that was necessary was to put on the finishing touches, and it was only this month that I was willing to admit that the device was perfected and that static had pleagued wireless receivers just as long as it was going to.

"By the use of this device wireless messages, the reception of which has always been impossible during many hours of the day for many months of the year, may be received, without interruption during the twenty-four hours of every day. That means the establishment of a certain and sure commercial service to any part of the world, at much lower rates than are charged by subocean cable. I think the wireless rate is just about one-third of the cable rate. Also many more words may be sent in the same length of time.

"Furthermore the device may, possibly, be employed for greatly extending the use of wireless telephony. By it we can tell, with absolute certainty, a coming change in the weather much more quickly than any barometer can. We cannot tell what kind of a change it will be, but it has occurred to me that maybe the forecasters of the weather may find the device useful some day. Moreover, when it has been further perfected, it may be possible, by its use, to prevent any other wireless station from picking up the messages received at the stations using this device. But all I started out to do was get rid of the static and make the wireless a sure and certain means of receiving messages at all times, and that I have done."

Challenge to Other Claimants.

Mr. Weagant said he wished to acknowledge very great assistance from C. L. Farrand, Designing Engineer for the Marconi Company; Dr. Alfred N. Goldsmith, Director of Research for the same company and Professor of Electrical Engineering at the College of the City of New York, and to Frank N. Waterman, consulting engineer and member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers. Mr. Weagant having been asked if he had heard of any claim to priority of invention, replied:

"I have not, but the United States Patent Office would hardly have so amply protected my invention by patents issued to the company if there had been a prior invention anything like mine. But for the benefit of such claimants, should any turn up, let me say that within a comparatively short time, a technical paper will be prepared, explaining my device in all its details. If anybody thinks he has a prior claim, let him describe his device in a similar technical paper, place the document in the custody of THE NEW YORK TIMES or any other responsible agency or technical society before the description of my invention appears and then let a competent committee pass on the priority claim."

Mr. Weagant is slight of figure and about 5 feet 10¼ inches tall. He has light brown hair and a broad, dome-like brow, under which are deeply-set blueish-gray eyes. The thin face is almost always grave, and he has the chin that indicates determination, and a fine, sensitive mouth.

He was born in Morrisburg, Ontario, Canada, in 1881. When he was still a child, his parents moved to Derbyline, Vt., just across the Canadian border. One of the neighbors was a retired physician who was interested in telegraphy and had a private line running from his house to that of a friend a considerable distance away. This apparatus interested young Weagant greatly. The physician learned of the interest, made the boy's acquaintance and encouraged him in his desire to learn more about telegraphy and electricity. With the years, that interest deepened and broadened and the boy decided that he would become an electrical engineer.

When he was old enough he was sent to Standstead College, Standstead, Quebec, and later to McGill University, Montreal, from which he was graduated in 1905 with the degree of Electrical Engineer. He took a special course in physics under Sir Ernest Brotherford and got his first important job with the Montreal Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Later he went to the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, and then to the De Laval Steam Turbine Company. In 1912, he entered the service of the Marconi Company and won one promotion after another until he was made the company's chief engineer. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Radio Engineers and a member of its Board of Directors and of its Standardization Committee.

In speaking of Mr. Weagant's invention yesterday Edward J. Nally said that a steel tower at any of the stations of the company costs about $18,000 to construct. The company has fourteen stations. Mr. Weagant's invention will not make it necessary for the company ever to build another steel receiving station. "And I would not be surprised," Mr. Nally added, "if there was never another ocean cable laid."

URGES UNITY IN PEACE WORK

Burton Advocates Warfare Against Class Consciousness Here.

Ex-Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio in an address last night in the Horace Mann Auditorium at Columbia University, given under the auspices of the Institute of Arts and Sciences of the university, said that there was a little fear that the Bolshevist idea would be accepted in this country In discussing the problems of peace he said:

"The staggering weight of war debts will necessitate very heavy taxation for the years to come, and the power of taxation will no doubt be used not merely for the raising of revenue but for an equalization of social conditions. People of this country should be willing to bear the burden of any rational means for improving the general quality of citizenship and diffusing the blessings of prosperity and happiness everywhere, but with equal insistence it will be demanded that every citizen have a sense of responsibility to the community and to the State.

"Every patriotic citizen should join in the warfare against class consciousness, the selfish desire to shape the policies of States and nations solely for individual advantage. These groups merit the severest condemnation, whether they be combinations of farmers under the name of nonpartisan leagues, grasping monopolists, greedy aggregations of employers, or selfish labor unions seeking to make themselves a privileged class."

GERMANY'S CONDITION KNOWN ALL ALONG

Charts and Maps in Washington Show Staff Was Truly and Accurately Informed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Knowledge in possession of officials here of conditions in Germany during the war was so accurate that the American General Staff had computed, many weeks in advance, almost the exact date on which the breaking point would be reached. A chart which was hung today in Secretary Baker's office shows the fluctuations of the morale of the German Nation, from August, 1914, to the present month.

Assuming the German Government to have had 100 per cent. support of the people at the beginning of the war the chart shows how German morale fell and rose under the influence of various factors. These influences included not only the military situation of the armies and the results of the submarine campaign, but the unanimity of purpose evidenced by the different groups in the Reichstag and the economic condition of the country. So remarkably accurate was the information upon which the chart was based that the "morale line" reached the zero point between Nov. 10 and 15.

The chart indicates clearly that practically every major operation of the German military forces was influenced by the state of public mind at home. Thus General Mackensen's attack in the Balkans, the declaration of unlimited submarine warfare, the second Italian offensive, and the advance on the western front which was met and stopped by American Marines at Chateau-Thierry, were all inaugurated when the morale line showed dangerous slumps. In each case, initial successes moved the hopes of the German people, as portrayed by the little dotted line up toward normal.

Additional evidence of the remarkable extent to which allied Intelligence Bureaus obtained and tabulated military information is shown by a great war map in the office of General March. This map gives the entire western front in great detail and locates, not only every allied unit, but those of the enemy down to detached regiments, the composition of the opposition forces, their commanders, and, in most cases, their headquarters.

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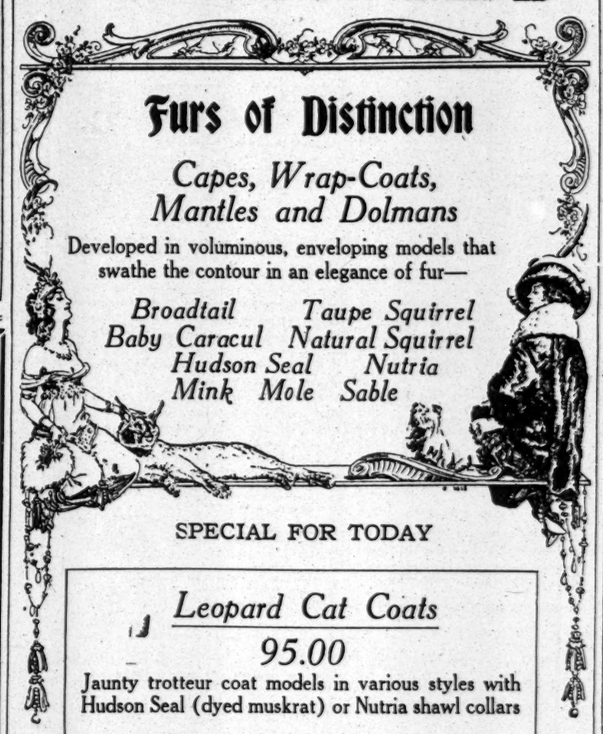

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PEACE PRELIMINARIES.—The capitulation of Germany and Austria cannot be understood unless the preliminary correspondence is studied. The official documents, the Chancellor's Speech, President's Metropolitan Speech, textually, in November CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE; 37 other special features. On news stands.—Advt.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
By Vicente Blasco Ibanez
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The time for contributing has been extended until this evening.

The bare announcement should be enough to bring home to every one the need for self-questioning, to determine whether a full duty has been done. For it is a duty to provide for each of the

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money to carry out their programs of moral and physical conservation.

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Let Your Thanksgiving Offering Be a Gift As Liberal As You Can Afford to the Cause That Calls All Creeds Together.

REPORTED CASUALTIES IN AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES NOW TOTAL 82,970

1,506 Named in Latest Army Lists Include 521 Dead and 854 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 1,506 names, bringing the total casualties for the army up to 78,944. No Marine Corps list was issued, but the total previously reported for that branch was 4,026, making the total for both arms of the service 82,970.

The army lists issued today contained the names of 209 killed in action, 118 died of wounds, 2 died of accident, 192 died of disease, 230 severely wounded, 190 wounded to a degree undetermined, 434 slightly wounded, and 131 missing.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Nov. 19.	Total.
Killed in action	14,212	209	14,421
Lost at sea	625		625
Died of wounds	5,642	118	5,760
Died of accident	1,480	2	1,482
Died of disease	6,503	192	6,695
Total	28,462	521	28,983
Wounded	41,181	854	42,035
Missing	7,795	131	7,926
Total	77,438	1,506	78,944

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mech. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED NOV 19.

NEW YORK CITY.

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ARONSON, R.; Mrs.A.Aronson, 630 B'way, Bkn.—Sgt.
ARZANO, ALFONZO; Joseph Arzano, 242 E. 10th St.
BERGESE, A.C.; Mrs.A.Benekes,1,141 Glenmore Av.,Bkn.
BENNETT, D.; Mrs. M. Bennett, 458 52d St., Bklyn.
BERMAN, A.; Mrs.Y.Berman,356 New Lots Rd.,Bkn.
BIANCHERI, E.; L. Biancheri, 754 E. 161st St.
BIEDENKAPP, H. G.; Mrs. Emnia Biedenkapp, 5th St. and New York Av., Jamaica.
BIENIEWICZ, JOHN; Mrs. Mary Bieniewicz, 938 E. 227th St.—Corp.
BLAISDELL, W. E.; G. F. Blaisdell, 45 Hampton Place, Brooklyn—Capt.
BOYLE, T.; Mrs. M. Ferrick, 537 W. 162d St.
BREGENGER, C.; Mrs.M.B.Bregenger,58 W.91st.—Lt.
BREITING, O. H. L.; H.Breiting, 506 W.170th—Corp.
BRENNAN, D. J.; Mrs. Mary Bradley, 530 W. 166th.
BRINDISI, V. J.; Corbery, 83 Fawley St., Flushing.
BROOKMAN, OSCAR; T. Fischer, 99 E. 125th St.
BRUECK, I.; S. Brueck, 1,063 E. 15th St., Brooklyn.
CARLISLE, P.; J. McLaughlin, 130 W. 167th St.
CASEY, J. J.; Mrs. John Bruce, 500 W. 160th St.
CHIN, HENRY; Henry Kee, 1 Doyers St.
CLANCY, MICHAEL; Barney Clancy, 6 Lewis St.
CLARK, A.; Miss Helen Clark, 10,822 Chestnut St., Richmond Hill.
COOK, A. A. Cook, 1,848A Fulton St., Brooklyn.
CORDI, R.; F. Cordi, 338 St. Ann's St.—Corp.
COSGROVE, M.; Margaret Cosgrove, 1,716 Madison Av.
CUSHMAN, J. R.; Mrs.J.W.Cushman, 59 W.51st—Corp.
DERTHICK, JOHN A.; John A. Derthick, 85 Waldorf Court, Brooklyn—Corp.
DODGE, PAUL; Alfred Cocks, General Delivery.
DOWNEY, F. J.; Mrs. Anna Downey, 562 Morgan Av., Brooklyn—Corp.
DUDLEY, H. T.; W. P. Dudley, 202 W. 150th St.
DUERK, J. T. S.; T. Sullivan, 1,983 Washington St.
DWYER, J.; Mrs. A. A. Dwyer, 665 Park Av., Bkn.
EIBRS, CHRIS; Louis Elers, 2543 W. 153d St.
ELLIS, A.; Mrs. A. Ellis, 2,556 Hamilton Pl., Bklyn.
ESCHBACHER, C. O.; Mrs. Lena Eschbacher, 316 E. 81st St.—Mech.
FALK, CHRISTIAN; Karl Falsland, E. 4th St. and Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn—Corp.
FICKE, A. H.; Mrs. Wilhelmina Ficke, 3,049 Hull Av.
FINNERTY, E. J.; D. E. Finnerty, 30 Post Av.
FLOENTE, F. J.; D. Floente, 2,270 Pacific St., Bklyn.
FORD, J. V.; Mrs. Mary Ford, 122 4th St., New Brighton
FRANKLE, H.; Mrs. K. Frankle, 358 S. 3d St., Bkn.
FREDECKE, D. F.; H.Gaedeke, 60 E.127th—Bandsman.
GALVIN, M. T.; Mrs. M. Horan, 2,220 Richard St., Bkn.
GANNON, J. A.; Mrs. Sarah Gannon, 412 E. 187th St.
GARONE, J. J.; J. Garone, 148 Stone Av., Brooklyn.
GEAHY, J. J.; Mrs. K. McNulty, 590 15th St., Bklyn.
GLADD, D. D.; D. E. Gladd, 4,362 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill.
GOETZ, L.; Mrs. F. Goetz, 1,307 St. John's Place, Brooklyn—Corp.
GOODMAN, H.; Mrs. J. Goodman, 22 6th Ay., 117 Beach St., Rockaway Park.
GRAHAM, G. D.; Mrs. A. Graham, 1,270 Madison St., Brooklyn.
GREALLY, M. J.; W. Casey, 359 E. 57th St.—Sgt.
GREGORE, R.; R. Dimitri, 149 Liberty St.
HALL, C.; Mrs. F. Hall, 706 Belmont Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.
HANSA, F.; Mrs. M. Hansa, 315 E. 78th St.—Sgt.
HARRISTON, W.; Mrs. G. Little, 105 Court St., Brooklyn
HARRISON, J. P.; Mrs. C. H. Rose, 238 E. 36th St.
HASLETT, E. R.; E. R. Jones, 49 Broadway—Lt.
HEERLEIN, F. B.; Mrs. A. M. Heerlein, 750 Melrose St., Brooklyn
HENDERSON, F. G.; Mrs. Ada Henderson, 565 40th St., Brooklyn
HENNESSEY, J. P.; J. Hennessey, 434 W. 19th St.
HOLMES, J.; Mrs. J. Holmes, 155 E. 96th St.
HORNSTEIN, D.; H. Hornstein, 1,549 Sutter Av.
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JOHNSTON, H. C.; Mrs. M. Johnston, 283 W. 147th St.—Corp.
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KANE, W.; Mrs. M. Kane, 561 Warren St., Brooklyn.
KELLY, P. O.; Mrs. M. Kelly, 521 W. 165th St.
KENNEDY, J. M.; Mrs. M. C. Kennedy, 26 Sutton Place
KENNEDY, W. J.; Mrs. S. Kennedy, 548 W. 47th St.
KIERNAN, J. J.; J. Kiernan, 176 Utica Av., B'klyn.
KNIGHT, ROBERT; J. Knight, 624 St. Nicholas Av.
KOENIG, R. F.; Mrs.E.Koenig, 202 Reid Av., B'klyn.
KRAFT, W. E.; C. S. Kraft, 473 6th Av.—Sgt.
LAMAR, A. V.; Mrs. J. Lamar, 55 5th Av., Brooklyn.
LAWLESS, W.; Mrs. J. McGrath, 498 Kerkimer St., Brooklyn
LEVINSON, H.; J. Levinson, 774 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn
LEWIS, M.; Mrs. S. Merkel, 793 E. 166th St.
LIPPERT, F. W.; Mrs. M. Lippert, 446 Franklin Av., Brooklyn—Corp.
LOFFMAN, T.; Mrs.S.Loffman, 16 E. 116th St.—Sgt.
LOMBARDI, S.; W. Lombardi, 816 E. 229th St.
LOMBUI, D.; Loshin, 562 Stone Av., Brooklyn.
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McGUIRE, J. E.; Mrs. M. Powers, 218 E. 27th St.
McINTYRE, H. H.; M. L. McIntyre, 1,511 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn—Lt.
McIVER, R. A.; Mrs. J. McIver, 1,334 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn
MARGARELLI, D.; Mrs. B. Margarelli, 384 Park Place, Brooklyn—Corp.
MARINE, J. S.; A. Marine, 7 E. 42d St.—Lt.
MARONEY, T. F.; J. Maroney, 83 Garfield Place, Brooklyn—Sgt.
MASTRONES, V.; A. Mattiolo, 166 Union St., B'klyn.
MAZZOLA, J.; A. Mazzola, 51 E. 101st St.
MENDES, W. B. P. C. Mendes, Room 201, 18 Broadway—Lt.
MESSENZEHL, ALOIS A.; Mrs. May Messenzehl, 419 Bond St., Brooklyn
METCALF, J.; Mrs. C. Linderman, 451 St. Anns Av.
MIHLRAD, HARRY; Lena Mihlrad, 217 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn
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MOORE, M. T.; Moore, 329 West 17th St.
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NEUGEBAUER, FRANK A.; Stephen Neugebauer, 195 Freeman St., Brooklyn
O'BRIEN, JOSEPH E.; William O'Brien, 720 7th Av., Brooklyn.
O'LEARY, D. J.; Miss Mary O'Keefe, 1,272 2d Av.
OLIVERA, F. J.; Gatz, 458 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.
O'RORKE, PATRICK C.; James O'Rorke, 144 East 28th St.—Wagn.
O'ROURKE, P. J.; O'Rourke, 240 West 140th St.
PALONEY, BENJAMIN; Mrs. Claudia Paloney, 249 Van Sicklen St., Brooklyn
PETERSEN, HOLGER; Mrs. Katherine Petersen, 26 West 98th St.—Corp.
PFLOMM, E. B.; F. Pflomm, 247 West 99th St.—Sgt.
PHELAN, JOHN JOSEPH; Mrs. Rose Phelan, 435 West 24th St.—Corp.
PIRRO, J. A.; C. Pirro, 298 East 153d St.
PISTOR, HERBERT O.; Mrs. Minnie Pistor, 110 Bond Av., Brooklyn—Corp.
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RAYMOND, HARVEY J.; C. Rexford Raymond, 373 Clinton St., Brooklyn—Lt.
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REID, R. C.; W. Reid, 328 West 59th St.
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LEE, DAVID B.; William R. Lee, Janies.....(WU)
McGINTY, SIDNEY; J. W. McGinty, Carrollton.....(WL)
McKIMMEY, JOHN C.; Ralph L. McKimmey, Sr., Comanche—Lt.....(KA)
MIKESKA, HENRY W.; Mrs. M. Mikeska, Caldwell..(DD)
MOORE, C. J.; Mrs. O. L. Moore, Austin—Capt....(DW)
MORGAN, LESTER; R. M. Morgan, Hoganville.....(KA)
MORRISON, BEN F.; Mrs. G. Morrison, Jefferson....(MA)
NETHERY, A. C.; Jim M. Nethery, Forestburg....(KA)
PARKER, S. L.; Mrs. Sarah J. Parker, Johnstown...(KA)
PATTERSON, HAYDEE; Mrs. M. Akles, Marshall...(WL)
PFUHL, WALTER H.; Mrs. E. D. Pfuhl, Houston...(WS)
RAWLINGS, E.; Mrs. J. Rawlings, Little River.....(KA)
RIGGINS, JAMES M.; W. M. Riggins, Cleburne.....(WL)
RIVAS, ELISEO; Mrs. C. Rivas, San Antonio.....(DD)
ROGERS, HERMAN; Mrs. Nancy Rogers, Devine....(KA)
ROLF, CARL O.; John E. Rolf, Manor.....(WL)
SCHROEDER, H. H.; D. Schroeder, West Point.....(KA)
SCOTT, G. R.; Mrs. K. Scott, Rising Star—Sgt.....(KA)
SHARMAN, G. O.; Owen C. Sharman, Lindale.....(WU)
TAYLOR, J. M.; Mrs. S. E. Taylor, Wayland.....(KA)
UNDERWOOD, L. M.; J. R. Underwood, Whitney...(KA)
WAGNER, FELIX; Oscar Wagner, Carmine.....(KA)
WATSON, T. B.; William W. Thrift, Dallas.....(KA)
WEITZEL, W. H.; Mrs. Annie Davy, El Campo....(WS)
WELCH, J. L.; Mrs. Iva D. Welch, Somerville.....(KA)
WESTMORELAND, JOSEPH W.; William M. Westmoreland, Esperanza—Sgt.....(WS)
WILSON, W. H.; Mrs. Maude L. Wilson, Midlothian..(WL)
WITTE, R. V.; Rudolph Witte, Burton.....(DD)
WOLLUM, O. S.; O. C. Wollum, Cranfills Gap.....(KA)
WOODUL, C. E.; Richard Woodul, Laredo—Sgt.....(KA)
WORLEY, J. D.; Thomas G. Worley, Bowie.....(WU)
WRIGHT, G. E.; John B. Wright, Waldrip—Sgt.....(WS)
ZERNICK, J. E.; John Zernick, Sealy.....(KA)

UTAH.

ANDERSON, OTTO A.; Mrs. Emma Anderson, Salt Lake City—Corp.....(DW)
GOWERS, N. R.; Alfred J. Gowers, Nephi—Sgt.....(DW)
HANSON, A. C.; Charles Hanson, Provo.....(MA)
HANSON, HANS; Victor Hanson, Spanish Fork.....(DD)
JESPERSEN, D. E.; Jesper Jespersen, Ogden.....(KA)
LAYTON, HUBERT; Mrs. June Layton, Layton.....(DD)

VERMONT.

HASKINS, C. F.; Jed O. Haskins, Waterbury—Corp..(WS)
MESSER, C. L.; Mrs. Carrie Messer, Westfield.....(DD)
PRIEST, F. J.; Mrs. Louis S. Pries', Waterford.....(DD)
ROSS, EZRA M.; E. C. Ross, Brandon.....(WS)
WOODBURY, W.J.; Mrs. S. Johnson, Castleton—Corp.(WL)

VIRGINIA.

ALBERT, J. E.; Mrs. H. Albert, Belfast Mills—Corp.(KA)
BREEDEN, H. K.; Mrs. M. M. Breeden, Stanley....(WL)
CAMPBELL, J. L.; Mrs. M. A. Campbell, Alhamber.(DD)
CARTER, PERRY; Mrs. Julia Carter, Manakaa.....(WS)
DAVIDSON, E. L.; Mrs. E. B. Davidson, Buena Vista—Bgl.....(MA)
DENNIS, R. W.; Mrs.G.W.Haughewout, Norfolk—Sgt.(DW)
DUNN, W. McK.; Mrs. Lanier Dunn, Richmond—Lt..(WL)
HOLLAND, L.; D. S. Holland, Axton—Corp.....(KA)
HUDSON, W. G. W. Hudson, Boones Mill.....(P)
LAM, DORSIE S.; Mrs. Arbell Lam, Fordwick.....(WS)
LAVENDER, C. S.; M. C. Bess, Covington.....(WL)
LYNK, PAUL S.; Mrs. O. B. Lynk, Mount Solon....(DW)
MACATEE, E. V.; Mrs.E.D.Poulton, Front Royal—Lt.(WU)
PENDLETON, R.; Mrs.E.Pendleton, Lynchburg—Sgt.(DW)
RHOTEN, R.; Emery Rhoten, Blackwater.....(KA)
ROOF, E. H.; John W. Roof, Carleton—Cook.....(WL)
SHAFFER, R. F.; G. M. Shaffer, Pendelton.....(WL)
STONE, F. H.; J. H. Stone, Rustburg.....(DD)
TEMPLE, S. W.; Mrs. A. J. Temple, Norfolk—Corp..(DD)
TILSON, C. M.; Miss Cynthia Boblitt, Monarat.....(DW)
WILLIAMS, M.; Mrs. P. Bland, Jening Ordinary.....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

BEDOLFE, H. F.; R. D. Bedolfe, Tacoma—Sgt.....(WS)
EICHHORN, CONSTINE; John Eichhorn, Odessa....(WL)
ERICKSON, O. F.; Mrs. Irene Vosoba, Tacoma.....(DW)
FRANKS, F. M.; Mrs. Eliz. Franks, Enumclaw.....(MA)
GILES, SOL F.; Mrs. A. L. Nellis, Seattle.....(DW)
HUCKABA, CHAS.; J. W. Huckaba, Tacoma—Sgt...(KA)
HYDER, WM. T.; Geo. M. Hyder, Oakville.....(KA)
RADER, JACKSON H.; Miss Clara Rader, Naches..(WS)

WEST VIRGINIA.

COOK, JAS. D.; Mrs. Mary William, Bald Knob....(KA)
EVANS, HENRY C.; Mrs. M. Evans, Wheeling.....(DD)
DYE, JAMES E.; Alonzo Dye, Mount Clare.....(DW)
FARLEY, EZRA; H. M. Farley, Pineville.....(DW)
FREEMAN, E. H.; Geo. Freeman, West Union.....(WL)
HALL, GUS; Mrs. Josephine Hall, Wayne.....(WL)
HANLINE, A. T.; Mrs. S. M. Sigley, Tunnelton....(DW)
HARRIS, HARRY; Alex. Harris, Buffalo.....(WL)
HISER, LONDON F.; James Hiser, Cliff Top.....(MA)
KEPLINGER, E. C.; F. Keplinger, Labiananaville..(WL)
KINNEY, C. T.; Mrs. C.W.Gratehouse, Parkersburg.(WL)
THORN, JAMES T.; Lon Thorn, Friendly.....(WL)
WINGFIELD, H. C.; Mace Wingfield, Bluefield....(WU)

WISCONSIN.

APFELBECK, LEO; Mrs. Mary Apfelbeck, Colby...(WS)
BACKHAUS, R. M.; Albert Backhaus, Oakfield.....(DD)
BECK, HAROLD J. P.; Chas. Beck, Menasha.....(DD)
BERG, HANS G.; Martin Berg, West Lima.....(WL)
BURBIE, WM. G.; Clifford Burbie, Rhinelander....(WL)
CAIRNCROSS, GEO.; Mrs. F. Dell, Beloit.....(WL)
CEGLER, MICHAEL; Mrs. Dora Cegler, Marshfield..(WL)
CONLEY, HENRY; Mrs. Nora Conley, Reedsburg...(WS)
DALY, RAYMOND; M. W. Daly Sankville—Mch....(WS)
DIXON, JOSEPH; Joseph E. Dixon, Pemblne.....(WS)
DRAKE, BENJ. M.; Peter Drace, Stanley.....(WL)
DUREN, RINOLD N.; J. Duren, Cazenovia...Corp..(WL)
DZIOBINSKI, E. P.; S. Dziobinski, Milwaukee—Corp.(WL)
ERICKSON, OSCAR E.; C. Erickson, E. Ashland...(WL)
FITZPATRICK, JOS.; Thos. Fitzpatrick, Sheboygan..(DW)
FLOCK, M. P.; Mrs. Eliz. Flock, Norwalk.....(WS)
FRANK, A. C.; Mrs. L. F. Frank, Milwaukee—Lt....(WL)
GOMAN, H. L.; Amelia V. Thompson, Baraboo.....(WS)
GREINER, EDWARD; Mrs. M. Greiner, Clam Falls.(DW)
GRUENDEMAN, H. A.; Mrs. S. Gruendeman, Lodi..(WS)
HEDLICKA, F. A.; Frank Hedlicka, Manston.....(WL)
KALLHAGEN, M. G.; Mrs.M.Jesenen, De Forest—Sgt.(WL)
KAY, LEO; Mrs. Nettie Kay, Marinette.....(WL)
KLEIN, JOS.; Leonard Klein, Madison.....(KA)
KNUEPPEL, FRED; Mrs. J. Bohlzer, Milwaukee...(WL)
KORAN, ALOYS J.; Mrs. J. F. Koran, Butternut....(WS)
LARSON, JOE; C. A. Dittman, La Crosse—Mch....(WL)
LEE, OSCAR G.; Ole E. Lee, Westby.....(WS)
LEWANDER, B. W.; Gust Storch, Kenosha.....(DW)
LEWANDOWSKI, E.; Mrs. A. Lewandowski, Milwaukee.....(WL)
MEAD, GLENN S.; Mrs. E. M. Mead, Beloit.....(KA)
MEYERS, PETER J.; Mrs. M. Meyers, Niagara.....(WU)
NEUMANN, ROBERT B.; T. Neumann, Fairchild....(DD)
NOWLIN, J. B.; Mrs. E. Blaschke, Sun Prairie.....(WL)
OLSON, C. A.; Mrs. L. Olson, Kenosha.....(WU)
PAULSON, P. A.; O. G. Paulson, Wheeler—Corp....(DW)
PETERS, P. E.; Mrs. A. Peters, Green Bay.....(WL)
PETERSON, G. W.; Nels Peterson, Oregon—Corp....(WL)
RADANDT, A.; Mrs. A. Radandt, Milwaukee.....(KA)
RAWLING, W.; Mrs. I. Barnes, Milwaukee.....(WS)
SABROWSKY, E. H.; A. Sabrowsky, Albany.....(DD)
SCHWEDOWSKI, J. J.; Mrs. P. Schwedowski, Milwaukee—Cook.....(WU)
SMITH, W. L.; Mrs. W. J. Smith, Milwaukee—Lt...(WS)
STAKE, R. H.; Mrs. F. De Grace, Mellen.....(WU)
VANDEVENTER, LOUIS; B. Vandeventer, Rayfield...(WS)
WAGNER, L. J. A.; A. Wagner, Menominee—Sgt.....(WL)
WALSH, WM.; J. Walsh, Sheboygan Falls—Corp....(WL)
WEBSTER, J. E.; Mrs. C.McA.Webster, Mauston—Sgt.(KA)
WEST, LEW W.; Lt. S. C. West, Mosinee—Sgt.....(WS)
WEST, ROBERT; Mrs. C. West, Cazenovia.....(WL)
ZUKOWSKI, PETER; J. Ambros, Racine—Corp.....(DW)

WYOMING.

ELLETT, JOHN C.; Mrs. J. S. Ellett, Cowley.....(WL)
PALMER, DEE D.; Mrs. Pearl Wilson, Gillette.....(MA)
RAPP, FRED N.; Mrs. S. G. Rapp, Shorty—Corp...(KA)

CANADA.

BOUDREAU, J. T.; T. P. Boudreau, East End Harbor, Camp Bretton, Nova Scotia.....(WL)
CUNNINGHAM, J.; Mrs. N. Cunningham, Arnprior, Ontario.....(DD)
JALBERT, J. B.; Mrs. P. Hauil, St. Wenceslas, Province of Quebec.....(P)
GIBSON, FRED; Mrs. M. Miller, Winnipeg Beach, Manitoba Province.....(KA)
MILEFSKI, JOSEPH; Czesaw Milefski, Montreal..(WL)

DENMARK.

HANSEN, E.; Mrs. M. Hansen, Copenhagen—Corp..(WU)

ITALY.

ALESCI, JOE; John Alesci, Syracuse.....(KA)
BENINATI, G.; T. Beninati, Grannicheie, Catanice..(DD)
CERQUI, A.; B. Cerqui, Prescegile, Brescia.....(WS)
CICHELLI, S.; C. Cichelli, Teramo, Abruzzo.....(MA)
LOMBARDO, J.; S. Lombardo, Provincia Caltanisetta, Marianopoli .....(WS)
MALVANI, DOMINICO; V. Malvani, Ginoso, Lecce...(WL)
MARIANO, MICHAEL; C.Mariano, Mocchia, Del Sernia.(DD)
RIZZE, JOE; Jim Rizze, Bara Bitette.....(WL)
STARTARE, DOMINIC; Nick Startare, Canova.....(WU)
TARENTELLO, I.; C. Tarentello, Capodimante, Province of Rome.....(DD)

MONTENEGRO.

TODOROVICH, B.; M. Miso Todorovich, Kolisin—Sgt..(WL)

RUSSIA.

DZEDA, JOHN; Mrs. K. Dzeda, Zamosc Lubin, Poland—Corp.....(DD)
LESTER, PAUL; Z. Smotritzky, Nova Bong, Cherson.(WL)
MALKOWSKI, F.; Mrs. K. Malkowski, Magalofski, Czerykow .....(P)

SWEDEN.

PALM, G. A.; C. Palm, Postigen Svartevorg, Bohnston.(WL)

LOAN DRIVE'S TOTAL WAS $6,989,047,000

Fourth Liberty Issue, Setting World's Record, Has Nearly a Billion Surplus.

$17,852,000,000 NOW LENT

McAdoo Announces Short Term Bonds in the Future—Time of Next Issue Is Not Known.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—A statement issued by the United States Treasury tonight shows that all records in world war finance were broken by the Fourth Liberty Loan. Taking the four war loans, the response of the American people stands without a parallel in this or any other war. All told they offered the Government $1,808,000,000, more than was accepted.

The approximate final figures for the Fourth Loan subscriptions were $6,989,047,000, which was $989,047,000, or 16.48 per cent., more than was called for. This oversubscription the Government will accept, making the total amount put into Government war loans by the people, including War Saving Stamps, $17,852,000,000. Items included in this total are: First Loan, $2,000,000,000; Second Loan, $3,808,000,000; Third Loan, $4,176,000,000, and War Savings, $879,000,000.

In the Fourth Loan every district was oversubscribed. The place of honor is held by Boston, which went beyond its quota 26.44 per cent. Richmond was a close second with 25.95 per cent.

The Fourth Loan was by far the largest floated by any country during the war. The nearest to it was one by Great Britain, which was between four and five billions.

At the same time that the final figures for the Fourth Liberty Loan were given out, Secretary McAdoo issued a statement with regard to the policy of the Treasury Department in regard to future loans. The statement reads:

"In answer to inquiries as to future bond issues by the Government, Secretary McAdoo said that, though it was not yet possible to estimate when or to what amount further issues of bonds must be made to cover remaining expenditures growing out of the war, it was entirely clear that the moment had come when the interests of the Government and of the country would be best served by the issue of bonds of short maturities, and that that would be the policy of the Treasury."

It is understood that the life of the short-term bonds is not yet determined upon, but that it probably will be five years. Previous issues have been so placed that a five-year bond would fall in midway between the present and the time when the first of them fall due. The third issue comes to maturity in 1928. The maturities of other isues are: First loan, 15-30 years; Second, 15-25, and Fourth, 15-20, which reveals that well-studied purpose has run through the fixing the limits of the life of the several issues of the bonds, and that an interim was left so that in the closing years of the war, or after its end, a short-term bond could be issued. That time is come now, and it is expected that short-term bonds will have three beneficial effects:

First, that the short-time investment will have a strong popular appeal, as the public is now well supplied with long-time holdings.

Second, the Government will be in a position to take up the short-time issues by taxes if desired, or can refund them at a lower rate of interest than will have to be paid now.

Third, by this announcement the holders of the long-time bonds will know that no more issues are to come out of the kind they hold, with the effect of strengthening the place occupied by this class of securities.

As to the number of Liberty Loan issues yet to be required, undetermined factors control that. These chiefly are the policy of this Government in the extension of future loans to the Allies: the amount of aid the Allies will require; the length of time our forces will be needed in Europe for police work, and the time necessary to bring our men home after the period of heavy returns is reached.

Following are the approximate final figures on subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan issued by the Treasury Department:

District.	Quota.	Subscribed.	P. C.
Boston	$500,000,000	$632,221,850	126.44
Richmond	280,000,000	352,688,200	125.95
Philadelphia	500,000,000	595,763,650	119.15
Cleveland	600,000,000	702,059,800	117.00
Dallas	128,000,000	145,944,450	115.82
Minneapolis	210,000,000	241,628,300	115.06
San Francisco	402,000,000	459,000,000	114.17
St. Louis	260,000,000	296,388,550	113.99
New York	1,800,000,000	2,044,778,600	113.59
Atlanta	192,00,000	217,885,200	113.48
Kansas City	260,000,000	294,940,450	113.32
Chicago	870,000,000	969,209,000	111.40
Total	6,000,000,000	6,954,875,200	
U. S. Treas.		33,829,850	
Total		$6,989,047,000	116.48

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Chartered Accountants
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DEMANDS RETURN OF DANISH PROVINCE

Egan Tells New Yorkers, Honoring Prince Axel, of Theft of Schleswig-Holstein.

PRINCE PRAISES OUR MIGHT

Says Tour of the Country Has Revealed Why We Were Quickly Felt in the War.

Germany should return Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark, declared Maurice Francis Egan, formerly United States Minister to Denmark, at a luncheon given yesterday at the Waldorf in honor of Prince Axel of Denmark, who is touring this country. The luncheon was tendered by the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, and about 500 business and professional men attended.

Axel, a tall, pink-cheeked boyish looking young man, known in his own country as the "sailor Prince," was escorted to the hotel by a platoon of mounted policemen. A guard of honor from the Brooklyn Navy Yard was drawn up in front of the hotel, and when Prince Axel alighted from his motor a band from a United States battleship brought a pleased smile to his face when it struck up the Danish national anthem. The grand ballroom of the Waldorf was profusely decorated with the Danish and American colors, and a number of members of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense were in the galleries as onlookers.

Henry McDonald of the committee presided, and in welcoming the Prince and his staff paid high tribute to Danish hospitality to Americans. In his speech Mr. Egan spoke in part as follows:

"Being the son of an Irishman, I was selected by Providence nearly twelve years ago to 'scourge' the Danes for their treatment of Ireland, nearly 1,000 years before. I went to Denmark. I saw and I came home satisfied by the charm of one of the most civilized nations in the world and one passionately in love with freedom. I am not sure that my country understands why we should be grateful and sympathetic with this little nation, which has desired only to develop its own temperament and its own ideals.

"If the nations of Europe had, in 1864, acquired the knowledge that a country must have a well-developed conscience the theft of Schleswig-Holstein would not have been permitted, and the German Empire would not have been allowed to become the terror of the world. Schleswig-Holstein ought in all justice to be returned to Denmark, but with such guarantees as to prevent it from causing international complications in the future.

"Denmark, however, was deserted by its natural allies, and this unhappy little country became the victim of the united forces of Prussia and Austria. Bismarck admitted that although Southern Schleswig was a mere 'scrap of paper with which one might light one's pipe,' he coveted it because it contained the best sailors in Europe, descendants, like this sailor Prince, from the Vikings.

"Going back again to 1864, we were having troubles of our own, serious troubles. The country was in danger of disruption, and we were suffering and our armies were suffering from lack of the necessaries of life. At that time Abraham Lincoln made an appeal to the Danish King asking that ships, which had sailed from Hamburg laden with foodstuffs and which were at the mercy of the Danish Navy, be permitted to pass. The request was generously granted. The Danes have never boasted of this, but today I boast of it."

"I would not bind myself to political discussion," said Prince Axel in his brief talk, "but I take it for granted that anybody who knows anything about our country would know exactly where our sympathies have been for the last fifty years and still are—with the United States."

The Prince spoke gratefully of the treatment which his naval mission had received from one end of the country to the other, and told how much impressed he had been with the great capacity of America in manufacture, "a thing which has made it easy for me to understand how this nation had been able to so quickly make itself felt in the war."

Job E. Hedges and Rear Admiral Nathaniel Usher, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, also spoke. After the luncheon the Prince visited the Mayor at the City Hall.

Among those at the guests' table were William Fellowes Morgan, John A. Harriss, Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer, Admiral Albert Gleaves, Morgan J. O'Brien, Colonel Michael Friedsam, Henry Clews, Dr. George F. Kunz, William Randolph Hearst, Henry W. Taft, Charles D. Alexander, Henry Seligman, Captain Cesar de Melo, commander of the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo; Commander Truman H. Newberry, Senator-elect from Michigan; Ludwig Nissen, Preston Gibson, Colonel Charles H. Sherrill, Captain P. H. Olmsted, and Police Commissioner Enright.

CHANCE FOR BEST OFFICERS

Government Would Retain Those of High Qualifications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Steps to retain permanently in the army officers commissioned from civil life who have displayed marked ability in the service are being considered by the General Staff. Plans for the demobilization of officers, it was learned today, are being shaped with this end in view.

The first of the approximately 160,000 men in the officers' corps released will be those who are anxious to sever completely their connection with military life and return to their former civil occupations. Applications from these men for release will receive first consideration and will be acted upon promptly. The next to be considered are those who wish to return to civil life, but to retain their status as reserve officers, subject to call for a period of years.

In passing officers back into the inactive reserve list, care will be taken to hold to the last officers who desire to apply for commissions in the regular establishment and whose records show them to be fitted for regular army life. Until the form and size of the regular establishment is known nothing can be done toward giving these highly qualified men permanent military status.

FREE MINERS FROM ARMY.

Anthracite Men to Receive Immediate Discharge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Men who were anthracite miners before they entered the military service of the United States will be immediately released from the army and allowed to return to the mines. The Fuel Administration announced today that this action was being taken because of the shortage in anthracite, due to the influenza epidemic.

Telegrams have been sent to all camps in the United States by the Secretary of War, directing that anthracite miners be segregated and sent to Washington, where those who desire to resume their work in the anthracite fields will receive immediate discharge.

The need of increased anthracite production was strongly urged to the Secretary of War by Fuel Administrator Garfield. This production has been cut 25 per cent. in six weeks by influenza and through the falling off in production inevitable upon announcement of the armistice.

Lower Food Prices in Paris.

PARIS, Friday, Nov. 15.—The French Government will establish popular-price restaurants. The Committee on Victualling of the Chamber of Deputies today adopted a report authorizing the Government to appropriate $10,000,000 for that purpose.

LIEUT. R. H. McINTYRE A PRISONER IN GERMANY

Officer of the Old Seventh in Camp at Villingen—New Yorkers in Casualty Lists.

Lieut. Richard H. McIntyre of the Headquarters Company, 107th Infantry, New York Division, is a prisoner at Villingen, Germany, according to a cablegram received yesterday by his wife at 1,511 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn. Lieut. McIntyre, who is 31 years old, is a graduate of Williams College, and has been a member of the old 7th for eight years.

Raymond A. McIver of 1,334 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, was killed on Oct. 8 while fighting with Co. B of the 14th Infantry. He was reported wounded on July 16.

Harry Millbrad of Co. K, 30th Infantry, killed on Oct. 20, lived at 217 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal James McVicker Whitney of the Tank Corps was killed in the Argonne Forest on Oct. 7. He enlisted in the ambulance service in 1917 and later was transferred to the tanks. His home was at Morris Plains, N. J.

Corporal Meyer Cohn of Co. G, 325th Infantry, who lived at 25 West 123d Street, was killed in action on Oct. 13. He was a graduate of the College of the City of New York, and held an M. A. degree from Columbia.

Oscar Schmied, Jr., of the Headquarters Company, 107th Infantry, died in France on Oct. 22 from the effects of gas. Prior to enlisting in the 7th New York last year, he was associated with his father in the wholesale hosiery business. He was married just before his regiment left for Spartanburg. His home was at 720 Riverside Drive.

John T. Byrnes of Co. M, 165th Infantry, was killed on Oct. 15. He had previously been gassed on March 31 and on Aug. 1. He lived at 116 Hull Street, Brooklyn.

Sergt. Frank Hanas of Co. B, 107th Infantry, was killed on Sept. 29, one day after he returned to duty from a hospital where he had recovered from two bullet wounds. He lived at 315 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Peter O'Rourke of Co. C, 38th Infantry, killed in action on Oct. 14, was formerly a clerk in a paper mill at Hoboken, N. J. His home was at 240 West 149th Street.

David Hornstein, formerly a New York University law student, was killed on July 26 while serving in the 167th Infantry. His father, Henry Hornstein, a real estate dealer, lives at 338 St. Ann's Avenue.

Samuel DuBois Owings of Co. C, 107th Infantry, died from gas poisoning at Ronan, France, on Oct. 21, according to information sent his relatives at 114 Lexington Avenue.

Christian Elers, 30 years old, who was killed on Oct. 11, wrote in his last letter that he had been in three battles and that he expected to be home by Christmas. He lived at 269 West 153d Street.

Archibald Motz, killed on Sept. 29, lived at 4 Fourth Street, Union Course, L. I., when he enlisted in Co. I, 107th Infantry. He was a bank clerk.

James Vincent Ford died from disease on Oct. 24, according to word received by his parents at 122 Fourth Street, West New Brighton, S. I. He was serving in the 106th Machine Gun Battalion.

Randolph St. George Walker, Jr., son of the President of the Staten Island Cricket Club, has been killed in action. When he enlisted in Co. C, 107th Infantry, he lived at 158 West Davis Avenue.

Edward W. Kells of 11 Brook Street, Tompkinsville, S. I., was killed on Sept. 21. He was a member of Co. C, 107th Infantry.

Corporal Joseph Cushman of the 107th Infantry was killed on Sept. 29, according to word which reached his former home at 59 West Fifty-first Street yesterday. He was a member of the Cushman Estate of 240 West Twenty-third Street.

Arthur H. Ficke, killed in action, was a member of Co. C, 107th Infantry. He lived at 207 East 205th Street.

Henry Chin of Co. H, 308th Infantry, was killed on Oct. 14. Chin, who was a Chinaman, lived at 15 Mott Street. When his father, Dr. Chin Hing-lang, a typesetter on the Chinese daily printed in Mott Street, was told of his son's death yesterday, he said, "Too bad," was silent for a moment, and then pointed at the American flag hung across the window of his shop, and said, "No harm; no harm."

Benjamin F. Gaedeke, a bandsman with the Upton Division, died in action on Oct. 9. He was formerly a New York Central Railroad clerk.

Joseph H. Cannon, dead from wounds, was in Co. M, 18th Infantry. He lived at 412 East 187th Street, the Bronx.

Alois Messenzehl of Co. C, 308th Infantry, died on Oct. 1. He lived at 419 Bronx Park Avenue.

Joseph M. Kennedy of Co. H, 107th Infantry, killed on Sept. 29, lived at 26 Sutton Place, the Bronx.

Walter Harrington of Co. G, 107th Infantry, killed in action, lived at 195 Court Street, Brooklyn, two years ago.

Patrick C. O'Rorke, wagoner with the 308th Infantry, was killed on July 23. A brother in the 165th was killed a week before.

Corporal Herbert C. Pistor, killed in action, belonged to Battery B of the 320th Artillery. He lived at 119 Euclid Avenue, Brooklyn.

Arthur Edson Cook of the 106th Infantry, dead from wounds, lived at 1,848A Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Corporal Albert Wolf of 129 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, died from wounds on Oct. 19. He was a member of Co. H of the 310th Infantry.

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Carry Home Small Packages

DECISIVE REDUCTIONS
Women's Tailor Made Suits

A NUMBER of extremely smart and unusually stylish suits reduced to a point that will make them sell to the firrst who come.

Fur-collared, finely tailored velour suits—belted model—pussy-willow and peau de cygne linings—a smart model—colors, navy, brown and taupe, also black—collars of Hudson Seal and Natural Nutria,

$39.50

WE HAVE taken a number of suits at a very much higher price and reduced them for immediate selling—Velveteen Suits—a smart, straight-line model, with nutria trimming—semi-belted model—suitable for the smaller woman—colors, navy, plum and brown, also black,—peau de cygne lined,

$49.50

75 Suits—Peremptory Clearance

75 suits of fine Duvet de laines, Rayonner, chiffon velours and fine velveteens—new models—most of them brought out within the last two weeks—collars and trimmings of fine beaver, chinchilla squirrel, nutria, moleskin and Hudson Seal—all the details of tailoring that are used in the making of high class suits have been carried out—linings of exceptional quality—an occasion to select a suit at a great concession in price—all sizes from 34 to 44—and a selection of all the wanted desirable Fall and Winter colors..... $69.50

Suits for larger women—also at price concessions

Third Floor

Stern Brothers
WEST 42D AND 43D STREETS

14-OZ. SERGE UNIFORMS
For Army Officers and the S. A. T. C. at Cost—
$27
Being the same Cost Price at which we sold Kirschbaum tailored uniforms a year ago

COSTS of uniform fabrics and labor have meanwhile greatly increased—but so long as our stock holds out, we shall give men in the service the benefit of our large advance provisions for them.... The same prompt, intelligent service which army officers were accustomed to while in civilian life....A complete range of sizes available.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

You Need Less Sugar When
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is your table beverage

The natural flavor of this family table drink is closely like excellent coffee.

POSTUM is a good addition to the grocery list these days —— saves sugar.

No caffeine-No sleepless nights

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ESTABLISHED 1849
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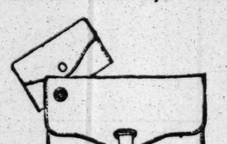
It is difficult to define an Elephant—but one knows an Elephant when one sees it.

It is equally difficult to define "Good Taste," but it is easily recognized not only by its presence but more often by its absence.

"Tailored" Envelope Purse



Of exquisite glazed calfskin leather, pastel shades, silk lining, fitted with leather change purse, handle on back. Size 6¼ x 3¾ inches.....$5.75

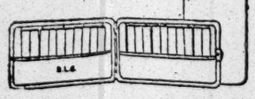
Gold plated monogram to order, size ½-inch, $2.00 extra.

Photograph Case—Medicine Case

Photograph case, folding design, for cabinet size picture, mica protection. Glazed or beaver calfskin leather, pastel shades, border of gold tooling. Size: 4¾ x 6¾ x 7/8 inches closed.....$7.50

Medicine case, containing: 6 bottles, assorted pins, court plaster, burn ointment, gauze, adhesive plaster, spoon, dropper, tweezers and absorbent cotton. Colored pin morocco case, size 7 x 4 x 2¾ inches.....$8.25

"Twenty" Cigarette Case



Pockets either side for twenty cigarettes, as thick only as two cigarettes. Calfskin leather, silk lining. Size: 6¼ x 3¾ inches.....$6.00

Initials stamped 25c. extra.

Cross Bedroom Set

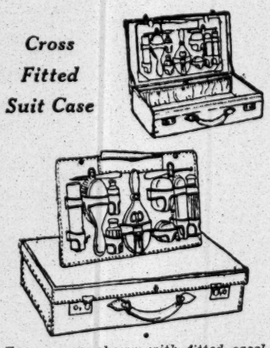
Tray of white or highly polished black enamel wicker, bottom of cretonne-under-glass, 15-inch diameter....$5.00

Pitcher, Shelly earthenware, rose decoration, 4½-inch diameter, 5¼ inches high.....$4.00

Candlestick, same design, 4¾ inches high.....$4.00

Candles, extra, 15c each.

Cross Fitted Suit Case



For women, shown with fitted easel in use also attached inside of cover. Blue morocco case, silk lining, complete, best quality white celluloid toilet and manicure articles. Sizes 20 and 22 inches. Complete.....$82-$85

Case and fitted easel can be used separately.

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NEW LIST OF HEROES CITED FOR BRAVERY

War Cross Awarded to Aviators, Tank Corps Officers, and Infantry Soldiers for Gallantry.

MANY ILLINOIS MEN NAMED

Citations Tell of Difficult Feats Performed by the 131st Regiment at Chipilly Ridge.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism set forth after their names:

First Lieut. Carl J. Sonstelin, 3d Brigade, Tank Corps.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfaucon on Sept. 26. He displayed bravery and leadership of a high degree in the advance toward Montfaucon by going out ahead of the engineers, reconnoitring a tank route under fire, and getting the tanks forward. He located the resistance in the Bois de Cuisy in advance, later rallying disorganized soldiers and enabling them to hold the Bois de Cuisy. Home address, Mrs. Carl J. Sonstelin, wife, 628 Third Avenue, West Kalispell, Mont.

Sergt. Frank Glomski, 2d Battalion Scout Platoon, 127th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Terny-Sorny, north of Soissons, on Aug. 31. When the advance of his battalion was checked by heavy machine-gun fire, he went forward alone, advancing from one shellhole to another, under the heavy fire mentioned, and located the exact positions of enemy machine-gun emplacements. Wounded while accomplishing this dangerous mission, he nevertheless attempted to deliver his information to battalion headquarters. Again wounded while endeavoring to reach the post of command, he gave detailed information to another soldier, who reported it to the battalion commander. Home address, Mrs. K. Glomski, mother, 633 Germania Street, Eau Claire, Wis.

Priv. First Class Joseph A. Chayle, Co. M, 127th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Terny-Sorny, north of Soissons, on Sept. 10. Under heavy shellfire, when movement in the open was extremely hazardous, he made eight trips from the front lines to battalion headquarters with important messages. His courage, high sense of duty, and coolness under fire were an example of heroism and devotion to duty which inspired his comrades. Home address, John B. Chayle, father, 344 Caledonia Street, Calumet, Mich.

Priv. First Class Wilfred Lloyd, Co. L, 127th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action under Fismes on Aug. 4. Wounded while advancing under machine-gun fire, he showed the highest devotion to duty by returning to his company as soon as he had obtained first-aid treatment. He crawled to a road, obtained a pistol to replace the one he had lost when he was wounded, and joined a group which attacked a machine-gun nest, capturing the position and the machine gun. Home address, Mrs. Ella Lloyd, grandmother, Roscoe, Ill.

Sergt. George Westzenberg, medical detachment, Co. A, 2d Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Neuvilly, on Sept. 25. He voluntarily ran through violent enemy shellfire to the aid of two soldiers of another organization who had been struck by an exploding shell. Finding one dead and the other severely wounded, he administered first aid to the wounded soldier and remained with him until an ambulance could be brought up. Home address: Miss Stella H. Larrer, friend, 935 Kelly St., New York City.

Priv. Edwin Wiese, Co. C, 355th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Essey, on Sept. 12. He displayed conspicuous gallantry by creeping forward alone under machine gun fire and capturing two enemy machine guns, which were holding up the advance of his organization. Home address: Mrs. Louise Wiese, 4,514 Harris Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Downed Eight German Machines.

First Lieut. Frank Baer, Pilot, 103d Aero Pursuit Squadron.—For the following, repeated acts of extraordinary heroism in action April 12 and 23, May 8 and 21, he is awarded a Bronze Oak Leaf to be worn on the Distinguished Service Cross awarded him April 12. He brought down enemy planes on April 5, April 12, and on April 23, and on May 19 he destroyed two German machines and on May 21 he destroyed his eighth enemy plane. Next of kin: Mrs. Emma B. Dyer, mother, 1,304 Maud Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

First Lieut. Wallace Coleman, pilot, Observation Group, 4th Corps.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulny, on Sept. 12 and 13. On Sept. 12 he, with Second Lieut. William Belzer, observer, while on an artillery surveillance mission, was attacked by an enemy plane. They waited until the enemy was at close range, fired fifty rounds directly into the vital parts of the machine, when the machine was seen to disappear out of control. The next day Lieutenants Belzer and Coleman, while on a reconnoissance mission were attacked by seven enemy aircraft. They unhesitatingly opened fire, but owing to their guns being jammed, were forced to withdraw to our lines, where, clearing the jam, they returned to finish the mission. Their guns again jammed, and they were driven back by a large patrol of enemy planes. After skillful manoeuvring they succeeded in putting one gun into use and returned a third time, only to be driven back. Undaunted, they returned the fourth time and accomplished their mission, transmitting valuable information to the infantry headquarters. Home address: R. B. Coleman, father, 1,625 Boyd Avenue, Racine, Wis.

Second Lieut. William Belzer, observer, Observation Group, 4th Corps.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulny, on Sept. 12 and 13. On Sept. 12, Lieut. Belzer, with First Lieut. Wallace Coleman, pilot, while on an artillery surveillance mission, was attacked by an enemy plane. They waited until the enemy was at close range, fired fifty rounds directly into the vital parts of the machine, when the machine was seen to disappear out of control. The next day Lieuts. Belzer and Coleman, while on a reconnaissance mission, were attacked by seven enemy aircraft. They unhesitatingly opened fire, but, owing to their guns being jammed, were forced to withdraw to our lines, where, clearing the jam, they returned to finish the mission. Their guns again jammed, and they were driven back by a large patrol of enemy planes. After skillful maneuvring, they succeeded in putting one gun into use, and returned a third time, only to be driven back. Undaunted, they returned the fourth time and accomplished their mission, transmitting valuable information to infantry headquarters. Home address: Frank B. Belzer, Glasgow, Mont.

First Lieut. William Duckstein, pilot, 1st Aero Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action between Montrebeau and Exermont on Sept. 20. While on a special command reconnoissance to ascertain whether or not there was any concentration of enemy troops between Montrebeau and Exermont, which might indicate a possible counterattack, this officer obtained information of the very greatest value. Flying over the enemy's lines at an altitude of less than 200 meters, in spite of most unfavorable atmospheric conditions, in the presence of numerous enemy aircraft, and under continuous heavy rifle and machine-gun fire from the ground, Lieutenant Duckstein spotted enemy troops massed for counterattack, and, although severely wounded by a machine-gun bullet from the ground, continued his mission until he had clearly and accurately located the position. He then returned, and, though suffering from the pain of his wound, succeeded in writing out and dropping a clear and complete message. The counterattack, launched shortly afterward by a fresh enemy division, was crushed, and the accurate and timely information brought back by Lieutenant Duckstein after a very gallant flight under highly adverse conditions, was of the greatest importance in this success. Home address: Mrs. A. W. Duckstein, wife, Wardman Courts, West, Washington, D. C.

First Lieut. Alan Nutt, (deceased,) pilot, 94th Aero Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, on Sept. 26. While on a patrol he encountered and unhesitatingly attacked eight Fokker planes. After a few minutes of severe fighting, during which he displayed indomitable courage and determination, this officer shot down one of the enemy planes. Totally surrounded, outnumbered, and without a thought of escape, he continued the attack until he was shot down in flames near Drillancourt. Next of kin: Robert H. Nutt, Cliffside, N. J.

Second Lieut. Percival G. Hart, 135th Aero Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action during the battle of the St. Mihiel salient on Sept. 12 and 13. On Sept. 12 he made three infantry liaison patrols and obtained valuable information of the location of our advancing line, which information he conveyed to organization commanders. Bad weather conditions necessitated flying at a very low altitude, but, in spite of this and repeated attacks by superior numbers of enemy aircraft, he drove them off by his accurate fire, and accomplished his mission. On Sept. 13 he unhesitatingly went to the assistance of three allied planes which were being attacked by a large patrol of the enemy, and by his steady fire drove off the enemy patrol and enabled the three allied planes to return. Home address: D. M. Hart, father, Chicago, Ill.

Wounded Officer Urged Men On.

First Lieut. John H. Ale, Co. M, 355th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action north of Flirey on Sept. 12. After having been badly wounded early in the action, losing his right hand and wounded in both legs, and chest, he returned to his platoon and addressed the men, telling them he was unable to go with them, but that he had confidence in their ability to go ahead without him, and urged them to sustain the high reputation of the platoon, company, and battalion, thereby inspiring his men with his own personal courage to advance. Home address: Mrs. Mari V. Ale, R. F. D., Hoblesville, Ind.

Mess Sergt. Charles Getchell, Battery F, 151st Field Artillery.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Pannes on Sept. 21. While the terrain was under heavy artillery fire from the enemy Sergt. Getchell, observing some wounded men lying in the open without attention, ran to their aid of his own volition, administered to their wounds, and helped carry them to a place of safety, after which he again went out into the shell-swept area and made a careful reconnoissance of the fields, searching for any other casualties which he might have overlooked. Home address: Mrs. W. H. Day, sister, 3,516 Portland Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

Pvt. Willis F. Snyder, Co. D, 150th Machine-Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action east of Rheims on July 15. While manning a machine gun against the enemy, and after all his comrades had either been killed or wounded, Pvt. Snyder remained at his post and in the hand-to-hand fight which ensued forced the enemy to retire, and, although wounded, he attempted to carry back his wounded comrades. His supreme courage and devotion to duty were an inspiration to all associated with him. Home address: Mrs. Kate Snyder, mother, 1,237 Cotton Street, Reading, Penn.

Wagoner Edward D. Haskew, Ambulance Co. 33, 4th Sanitary Train.—For extraordinary heroism in action between Septsarges and Frommerville on Oct. 6. He was on duty with his ambulance, carrying the wounded from a battalion aid station. He left with four stretcher cases, and when about two kilometers south of Gercourt, ascending a hill, his ambulance was struck by a shell, he receiving multiple shell wounds of hands, left thigh, and feet. Although seriously wounded, he bravely remained at his post and continued with his ambulance along a shell-swept road to the crest of the hill, near an aid station, where he turned his ambulance off the road and sought assistance for his wounded. Home address: Mrs. Walter Haskew, Gladstone, N. J.

First Lieut. Lewis B. Cox, 6th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action during the St. Mihiel offensive, between Sept. 12 and 15. From the beginning of the battle till evacuated from the field severely wounded he displayed exceptional heroism, bravery, and devotion to duty of the highest order. Especially courageous was his work on Sept. 14 in the Bois de Bonvaux, when, facing a murderous machine-gun fire, many of his men down, himself twice wounded, he held his ground until reinforcements came up and surrounded and captured the enemy machine-gun nest. His work was a splendid example to the entire command. Home address: Mrs. John H. Latane, 1,010 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, Md.

Second Lieut. John W. O'Daniel, 11th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois St. Claude, in the St. Mihiel salient, on Sept. 12. After being severely wounded in the head early in the action, he continued in command of his platoon, leading his men for several hours until forced to give in to complete physical exhaustion, thus displaying most exceptional courage, determination, and devotion to duty. Home address: A. H. O'Daniel, Ashland, Del.

Sergt. Edward S. Wills, Co. A, 15th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Vieville-en-Haye, in the St. Mihiel salient, on Sept. 12. He displayed great courage, determination, and devotion to duty, leading his section forward to its objective, inspiring his men by his coolness under fire. While consolidating his objective he was severely wounded by shrapnel, but remained in command of his section until overcome by weakness and sent to the rear. His example was an inspiration to every soldier of his command. Home address: Mrs. Maude Wills, Durango, Col.

Corporal John K. Irons, Co. K, 11th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois St. Claude, in the St. Mihiel salient, on Sept. 12. After being wounded in the foot by a machine gun bullet and later in the leg by shrapnel, he continued in the advance of his squad all that day without medical attention other than his own first aid, thereby displaying exceptional courage and devotion to duty. Home address: Mrs. Harry Crowley, 317 Sixteenth Street, Monaca, Penn.

Priv. First Class Gilbert W. Wilcox, Co. D, 4th Engineers.—For extraordinary heroism in action on the Vesle River, near Ville Savoy, on Aug. 11. He volunteered to go into Ville Savoy at a time when it was under heavy bombardment, to rescue wounded officers. Home address: Mrs. Nathan Wilcox, mother, Linton, Ore.

Corporal Tom F. Barto, Co. D, 4th Engineers, (deceased.)—For extraordinary heroism in action on the Vesle River, near Ville Savoy, on Aug. 11. He volunteered to go into Ville Savoy at a time when it was under a heavy bombardment, to rescue wounded officers. Home address: Mrs. M. B. Barto, mother, 724 Garden Street, Bellingham, Wash.

Major Captured Sixty Germans.

Priv. Carl O. Wenell, medical detachment, 151st Field Artillery—For extraordinary heroism in action at Pannes on Sept. 21. He displayed the highest bravery and self-sacrificing spirit by voluntarily leaving shelter during a heavy hostile bombardment and going to the assistance of several wounded men of another regiment, whose position adjoined that of his own organization. Under terrific shell fire he skillfully dressed their wounds and then removed them to a place of safety, thereby saving their lives. Again returning to the shell-swept street, he made a careful reconnoissance for any other casualties which might have been overlooked. Home address, A. W. Wenell, father, 3724 Seventeenth Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

Major Chester A. Davis, 3d Machine Gun Battalion—For extraordinary heroism in action near Hattonville, France, in the St. Mihiel salient on Sept. 12. Sent by his brigade commander to verify the positions of the first lines of the assaulting battalions, Major Davis continued forward to ascertain approximate location of the enemy lines. Accompanied by only two others, he overtook a hostile formation of about sixty men, wagons, animals, and machine guns, which formed a rear guard to facilitate the retreat of the enemy convoys, and by the exercise of rare gallantry and judgment captured this entire enemy force, despite its overwhelming superiority in numbers and strength. Home address, Mrs. Thomas L. Davis, 74 Liberty Street, Salem, Mass.

Second Lieut. Maurice S. Steaphenson, Infantry, A. D. C., 2d Brigade—For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont on Oct. 9. He displayed splendid devotion to duty by twice passing through terrific artillery and machine-gun barrage in order to transmit important orders from his brigade commander to the assaulting battalion, and while in the performance of such duty was seriously wounded, but refused to be evacuated before he had made his report. Home address, Mrs. M. S. Steaphenson, Kansas City, Mo.

Sergt. Roy Weigel, Co. E, 16th Infantry, (deceased.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel on Sept. 18. He showed entire disregard for his own safety in making several attempts to locate the position of machine guns whose heavy fire was hindering the advance of his battalion. He was killed while leading a rush upon one of the guns which he had located. Next of kin, Mrs. Emma Kemper, Green Forest, Ark.

First Sergt. Frank M. Brimer, (deceased,) Company B, 348th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Esclesfontaine between Sept. 27 and 30. This soldier exemplified in the highest degree the spirit of bravery, devotion to duty, and self-sacrifice. Though he had been badly gassed during the action of Sept. 27, he maintained liaison between his company and the battalion post of command, at one time carrying an important message from the front to the artillery. On Sept. 29, though still suffering from the effects of gas, he refused to leave his company, and on a cold, rainy night brought up fresh ammunition over a rough, unfamiliar road in the dark through heavy shell fire. He took part in the action of Tronsal Farm Hill on Sept. 30, assisting in the direction and control of fire of the machine guns of his company. In the evening of Sept. 30 he was killed while taking a wounded soldier to the rear. Next of kin: Mrs. Ida M. Brimer, mother, 6,216 San Pedro St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Sergt. George E. Hughes, Co. B, 348th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Esclesfontaine between Sept. 27 and 30. He was seriously gassed on Sept. 27, but he refused to leave his post and continued working and fighting with his comrades under heavy shelling for three days, till complete exhaustion forced him to be evacuated.

First Lieut. Thomas B. Gibson, 18th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons on July 21. He displayed rare gallantry and leadership, when, all the other officers of his company having been killed or wounded, he led his men through a zone of intense bombardment, and, although badly wounded himself, he attained his objective with only five men and two machine guns, refusing to be evacuated until his guns were effectively in action. Next of kin: J. D. Gibson, 3,647 Flournoy St., Chicago, Ill.

Y. M. C. A. Man Cited.

Mandeville J. Barker, Jr., Y. M. C. A., on duty with 108th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Baslieux on Sept. 15. Mr. Barker showed a fearless disregard of his own safety by crawling out in front of the line under heavy enemy machine gun and sniper fire to aid wounded soldiers, whom he carried back to shelter after dressing their wounds. He also administered aid to a wounded German within twenty yards of the enemy lines and brought him in. Home address: Mrs. M. J. Barker, mother, 6,132 University Av., Chicago, Ill.

Sergt. Alois J. Geunther, Co. C, 111th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action west of Fismette on Aug. 10. Sergt. Geunther, with another soldier, voluntarily left a place of safety and crawled through heavy machine gun and shell fire to the aid of a comrade who had fallen wounded during the withdrawal of their company from an exposed position, carrying him seventy-five yards across an open area to shelter. Home address, Mrs. Clara Geunther, mother, 99 Excelsior St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

Sergt. Ralph Edward Ord, Co. C, 111th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action west of Fismette on Aug. 10. Sergt. Ord, with another soldier, voluntarily left a place of safety and crawled through heavy machine gun and shell fire to the aid of a comrade who had fallen wounded during the withdrawal of their company from an exposed position, carrying him seventy-five yards across an open area to shelter. Home address, John A. Ord, father, Drayvosburg, Penn.

Priv. Sam Saplio, Co. C, 111th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Fismette between Aug. 10 and 12. Without fear or thought for his personal safety he sought out enemy snipers posted in trees, and killed a number of them. Later, with Sergt. John W. Thompson, he attacked an enemy machine-gun nest, killed the crew, and turned the gun on the enemy, operating it with deadly effect on the infantry and machine-gun positions, killing the gun crews and capturing ten machine guns. Home address, Angela Saplio, wife, Santa Terza D'Arrive, Messina, Italy.

First Sergt. John W. Thompson, Co. C, 111th Infantry — For extraordinary heroism in action near Le Grande Savart, west of Fismette, on Aug. 10. He showed remarkable bravery and disregard of personal danger when, with two other soldiers, he attacked a German machine gun, killed the crew, and then, with deadly effect, turned the gun upon other machine guns and hostile infantry, which were in position nearby. The crews of all the other German machine guns were killed, ten machine guns were captured, and the way cleared for the further advance of the American forces. Home address, Annie Thompson, mother, 6,210 Huntress St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

Sergt. Henry S. Lawrence, Co. B, 108th Machine Gun Battalion—For extraordinary heroism in action near Basileux, on Sept. 5. When the advance of the platoon commanded by him was held up by machine-gun fire from the front, and flames, Sergeant Lawrence took a rifle and bayonet and, accompanied by another soldier, crawled under the enemy wire in the face of severe fire, drove off the crews of several enemy machine guns and returned with two prisoners, thereby enabling his platoon to rush on. Subsequently, under heavy machine-gun and sniper fire, he went along the line of his gun emplacement cheering and encouraging his men, his fearlessness affording an inspiration to them throughout the engagement. Home address, Mrs. David Lawrence, mother, 1,319 Main Street, Peckville, Penn.

Col. Hamvel V. Ham, 109th Infantry. —For extraordinary heroism in action near Magneux, on Sept. 6. By courageously leading his firing line in the advance across the Vesle River from Magneux toward Muscourt, he exemplified the greatest heroism and truest leadership, instilling in his men confidence in their undertaking. Having been severely wounded and unable to move, he remained for ten hours on the field of battle, directing the attack, and refused to be evacuated or receive medical attention until his men had been cared for.

Sergt. William Scholes, Co. C, 131st Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 10. When the advance of his platoon was suddenly halted by intense machine-gun fire at close range, wounding his platoon commander and other duty sergeants, Sergeant Scholes showed splendid devotion to duty by personally manning a machine gun in the advance position and maintaining fire until the rest of the platoon had reached shelter. Home address, Mrs. William P. Swart, sister, 6,141 South Wood Street, Chicago, Ill.

Sergt. Sidney Clifford McGuire, Co. B, 131st Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. Although wounded early in the engagement he showed great devotion to duty by continuing at his post as platoon leader for two days, relinquishing command only when forced to do so by the condition of his wound. Home address, Mrs. M. E. McGuire, mother, 3,105 Calumet Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Sergt. George B. Gourley, Co. E, 131st Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 10. He displayed qualities of leadership by taking command of his platoon and continuing the advance when his platoon commander had been killed. With one other soldier he fearlessly attacked an enemy machine-gun nest, capturing the gun and killing the crew. He then carried the captured gun with him and used it effectively against the enemy. Home address, David Gourley, father, 3,219 South Fifty-second Court, Cicero, Ill.

Sergt. John Breaky, Co. H, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. After being shot through both legs, he gallantly continued to perform his duty, charging one machine gun after another until the objective was reached. Home address, John W. Breaky, father, 3,316 West Sixty-third Street, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal Stephen M. Manee, Co. B, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 10. Sent out alone to locate the position of snipers, Corporal Manee, coming upon a machine-gun nest, boldly attacked it single handed, capturing the gun, wounding one of the crew, and taking three prisoners. Home address, Mrs. M. Manee, mother, 9,623 Baltimore Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal Paul Hobschied, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. Corporal Hobschied, under heavy fire, advanced into a hostile sniping post, found and entered a long dugout, and brought out thirty prisoners. Home address, Michals Hobschied, father, 6,147 South Park Avenue, Chicago.

Corporal Nathan Lieberman, Co. C, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. He displayed unusual gallantry in rushing a machine-gun nest whose fire was checking the advance. With the assistance of a man in his squad he put the machine gun out of action and took four prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Benjamin Greene, sister, 1,424 Birchwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal Carl Semits, Co. F, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. When all the runners of his platoon had failed to establish liaison with the platoon of the left, he succeeded in getting through with a message. On his return trip he was twice wounded, but delivered his message before lapsing into unconsciousness. Home address, Mrs. F. F. Barthold, mother, 2,110 Berwyn Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal Jake Allex, Co. H, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. This soldier displayed personal bravery and leadership in a high degree by taking command of his platoon when his platoon commander was wounded. Pushing forward on a machine-gun nest, he personally bayonetted five of the enemy, and when his bayonet was broken used the butt of his rifle, capturing the remainder of the crew. Home address, Anthone Alex, brother, 4,350 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Priv. William A. Anderson, Co. B, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. He rendered service as stretcher bearer under heavy shellfire, continuing on duty for forty-eight hours until complete exhaustion compelled him to be evacuated. Home address, Mrs. Edward Anderson, mother, 4,030 Lavergne Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Priv. Gordon Wickham, Headquarters Co., 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 11. He was on duty with a carrying party which was severely shelled and gassed while passing through Grasster Wood. In utter disregard of his own personal safety, this courageous soldier made repeated trips into the woods under heavy shellfire and rescued wounded soldiers. Home address, G. R. Wickham, father, care of S. S. Alabama, Goodrich Transportation Co., Chicago, Ill.

Priv. Christopher C. Dunne, Co. D, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. In an attack on an enemy machine gun nest he bayonetted the gunner and captured four others of the crew. Although wounded in this action, Private Dunne showed great devotion to duty by remaining with his squad until the line was consolidated. Home address, Mrs. Catherine Dunne, mother, 5,487 Kenwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Priv. Charles W. Michaelis, Co. E, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 10. This soldier showed gallantry in attacking an enemy machine gun nest with his platoon Sergeant, killing the crew and capturing the gun, which he used later effectively against the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Clara Miller, mother, 123 Baker Avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

Priv. Frank F. Kostak, Co. G, 131st Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. Single-handed Private Kostak, with great gallantry, attacked a machine gun position, capturing two machine guns and seven prisoners. Home address, August Kostak, father, 2,430 Southport Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Priv. George F. Gaston, Co. H, 131st Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. After being severely wounded by shrapnel, he showed the greatest courage by continuing to advance on a machine gun emplacement, keeping the gun occupied and thereby enabling a detachment to flank the position and capture it.

Priv. Albert Holmes, Co. H, 131st Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Chipilly Ridge on Aug. 9. After six runners had been killed or wounded in an attempt to establish liaison with battalion headquarters, he volunteered for this hazardous duty and succeeded in getting through under heavy shell fire where others had failed. Home address: Rose A. Holmes, sister, 8,837 Saginaw Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. Herbert J. Ellis, 30th Brigade Tank Corps—For extraordinary heroism in action near Monfaucon, France, on Sept. 26. He set a conspicuous example of daring and disregard of personal safety throughout the advance toward Monfaucon. Standing up in the open under fire from enemy snipers and machine guns, he directed the engineers in the work of clearing a path for the tanks. Single-handed he routed a sniper who was harassing the engineers engaged in this work. With a French officer he entered the Bois De Cuisy in advance and assisted in putting out of action seven Germans who were hindering the advance. Home address: Mrs. Herbert J. Ellis, wife, 1,037 West Wooteruff Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.

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ALL LEADING BRANDS.
Quotations upon application.
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At Greatly Reduced Prices

(FOURTH FLOOR)

The Tailormaid

THERE is "snap" to a shoe like this. Long lines, military heel. The right shoe for wear with the tailored clothes of this season. Its price shows the advantage of the Regal policy of making only shoes that people want—cutting out unnecessary novelties, odd leathers and shapes. In all Russet Calf (as illustrated) $10.00

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21 Nassau St.	Broadway at 37th St.	9th Ave. at 21st St.
175 Broadway	Broadway at 50th St.	40 West 34th St.
Broadway at Cortlandt St.	St. Nicholas Avenue at 161st St.	125th St. at 7th Ave.
Broadway at 10th St.	149th St. and 3rd Ave.	3329 Third Ave.
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Stern Brothers

WEST 42D AND 43D STREETS

OVERCOATS AND SUITS

For Men and Young Men Specially Priced at

$32.50

Tailored by the Kirschbaum shops in Fabrics of all-wool—100 per cent

FINE storm overcoats of warm, fleecy fabrics; double breasted and with satin sleeve linings and pipings—English box coats of winter-weight vicunas and moulaises—Chesterfield overcoats, satin lined—sack suits of worsted, flannel and cheviots.... The mere recital of these items establishes beyond doubt the fact that we have narrowed our retail margin beyond all precedent; narrowed it to a minimum.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

THE properties here advertised are being conducted by the Alien Property Custodian of the United States pending final sale and delivery to 100 per cent. American ownership.

These Companies are and will be entitled to the same unreserved patronage as is enjoyed by any other loyal American business.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

BOTANY WORSTED MILLS

PASSAIC, N. J.

24,410 Shares of Stock of Botany Worsted Mills and by Stoehr & Sons, Inc., 1,290 Shares of Said Stock.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, and Stoehr & Sons, Inc., will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public sale or sales, on the premises at the front door of the main office building of Botany Worsted Mills, Dayton Avenue, Passaic, New Jersey, at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, the second day of December, 1918, the following:

24,410 shares of stock, par value $100 each, of Botany Worsted Mills, a New Jersey corporation, out of a total of 36,000 shares of said stock, all of which are issued and outstanding.

The said sale shall be made jointly with the sale by Stoehr & Sons, Inc., a New York corporation, of 1,290 shares of stock, par value $100 each, of said Botany Worsted Mills, owned by said Stoehr & Sons, Inc., making a total of 25,700 shares of said stock of said corporation to be sold.

GERA MILLS

PASSAIC, N. J.

11,142 Shares of the Common Stock and 5,000 Shares of the Preferred Stock of Gera Mills.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, on the premises, at the front door of the main office building, of the Gera Mills, on Eighth Street, Passaic, New Jersey, at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, the 10th day of December, 1918, 11,142 shares of the common stock, par value of $100.00 each, and 5,000 shares of the preferred stock, par value $100.00 each, of the Gera Mills, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New Jersey.

THE BAYER COMPANY, Inc.

RENSSELAER, N. Y.

Entire Outstanding Capital Stock of The Bayer Company, Inc. (Manufacturers of Drugs and Dyestuffs). Capital Stock, par value $750,000, represented by 2,250 Shares of Preferred Stock, 5,250 Shares of Common Stock. Also Entire Outstanding Capital Stock of Synthetic Patents Company, Inc. (controlling patents used by The Bayer Company, Inc.) 500 Shares, par value $50,000, together with certain patents and other rights.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, at the front door of the Main Office of The Bayer Company, Inc., on Riverside Avenue, Rensselaer, New York, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the 3rd day of December, 1918:

(a) The entire outstanding capital stock of the par value of $750,000, consisting of 2,250 Shares of the Preferred and 5,250 Shares of the Common Stock of The Bayer Company, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.

(b) The entire outstanding capital stock consisting of 500 Shares of Synthetic Patents Co., Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.

(c) All the right, title and interest of Farbenfabriken vormals Friedrich Bayer & Company, of Leverkusen, Germany, Vereinigte Chininfabriken Zimmer & Co., G. m. b. H. of Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, the firm of E. Merck, of Darmstatt, Germany, Emil Aberhalden, of Halle-on-the-Salle, Germany, Richard Willstatter of Berlin, Germany, in and to certain United States patents issued to said companies, firms and individuals respectively for dyes and pharmaceuticals.

(d) All the right, title and interest of Farbenfabriken vormals Friedrich Bayer & Co., of Leverkusen, Germany, in and to an agreement dated June 12, 1913, between The Bayer Company, Inc., and said Farbenfabriken vormals Friedrich Bayer & Co., purporting to grant to The Bayer Company, Inc., the exclusive right for the sale in the United States and Canada of all dyes, chemicals, pharmaceuticals and other products, manufactured or controlled by Farbenfabriken vormals Friedrich Bayer & Co.

(e) All the right, title and interest of Carl Duisberg, Christian Hess and Rudolph Mann of Leverkusen, Germany, in and to an agreement dated June 12, 1913, between Synthetic Patents Co., Inc., and the said Carl Duisberg, Christian Hess and Rudolph Mann, relating to the payment to said last named individuals of a share in the receipts or products of Synthetic Patents Co., Inc.

NEW JERSEY Worsted Spinning Company

GARFIELD, N. J.

1,129 Shares of the Common Stock and 375 Shares of the Preferred Stock of New Jersey Worsted Spinning Company.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, on the premises, at the front door of the main office building of the New Jersey Worsted Spinning Company, on Passaic Avenue, Garfield, New Jersey, at 4 o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, the 10th day of December, 1918, 1,129 shares of the common stock, par value of $1,000 each, and 375 shares of the preferred stock, par value $1,000 each, of the New Jersey Worsted Spinning Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New Jersey.

The HEYDEN CHEMICAL WORKS

GARFIELD, N. J.

The Entire Outstanding Capital Stock of Heyden Chemical Works (Manufacturers of Chemicals and Drugs). 747 Shares, Out of 750 Shares (3 Shares Treasury Stock), par value $200 per Share.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, at the door of the Main Office of Heyden Chemical Works, at Garfield, New Jersey, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the 11th day of December, 1918, the entire outstanding Capital stock, consisting of 747 shares of the par value of $200 per share, of Heyden Chemical Works, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New Jersey.

Full description of and information concerning the above properties, the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42d Street, New York City

A. MITCHELL PALMER

Alien Property Custodian

Buy War Savings Stamps

"Constant Dripping Wears Away Stone"

This old adage applies aptly to the constant tap, tap, tap of the human foot upon hard pavements. The little shocks to your foot nerves—inconsequential in themselves—when taken as a whole constitute a powerful force.

Going on day after day, such an attack on your nervous system is certain to bring decreased energy, if not more serious results. The felt and cork inner soles in Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes are designed to shield the foot nerves from these continual, minute shocks.

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1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
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"An Idea from Nature"

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

HARMONY

Harmony, in the blending of tones, is simply a matter of practice and experience.

Our knowledge of the blending of colors into harmonious combinations is a matter of about twenty years of practical experience.

No wonder we offer shirts that have individuality in their patterns—and a something different touch in their general make-up.

Broadcloth Silk Shirts,—a good, dependable heavyweight silk that always retains its richness in appearance and is usually the favorite shirt of the most dapper dressers.

Special 6.85

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

317 Broadway — 1407 Broadway
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BROOKLYN SHOPS
367 Fulton St. — 431 Fulton St.
NEWARK SHOP
170 Market Street.
Bridgeport Waterbury Scranton

Two new shops opening Jan. 1, 1919.
Hotel Commodore—Hotel Pennsylvania
Shop No. 16 — Shop No. 17

PROF. CHAS. HUNTER'S
NULIFE ABDO-VIBRO SELF CORRECTING BELT

REDUCES THE STOUT

A protruding abdomen is the breeding spot of all disease. NULIFE reduces the abdomen, through proper deep breathing, and by compelling regular circulation and fresh air down through the lungs, burns up the superfluous fat and waste tissues of the body.

Call personally and be fitted by experts without extra charge, or send us $3.00 and your waist measurement with abdomen drawn in, and we will send you a NULIFE Belt that we GUARANTEE to give satisfaction or we will cheerfully refund your money.

For a limited time—
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Write for Booklet on Self Development Free.
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122-124 Fifth Avenue, at 18th Street, New York City, N. Y.

WHIRLWIND FINISH IN WAR WORK DRIVE

Nation Has 92 Per Cent. of $170,500,000 Quota as Last Day Starts.

HOPE TO GO 'OVER THE TOP'

With $157,295,058 Pledged Up to Yesterday, Campaigners Expect City Also to Fill Quota.

The grand total in the United War Work Campaign, as announced yesterday at the national headquarters, 60 Vanderbilt Avenue, was $157,295,058, or a little more than 92 per cent. of the desired $170,500,000.

This is the last day of the campaign, which will end at midnight tonight, and campaign workers all over the country have been urged not to let up for a moment in order that the wind-up of the campaign may see every State oversubscribed.

Excellent progress was reported last night by the New York committee, but figures were not available. The campaign committee for this city decided that the last two days of the campaign would have to put $10,000,000 alongside of the more than $27,000,000 so far subscribed and credited here. This would bring the New York City total up to $37,000,000. The original quota is $35,000,000.

Two new organizations sprang up yesterday of their own accord to increase New York's quota. One was the Eleventh Hour Club of the Fifth Avenue Association and the other was the Service Star Thank Offering Club. The Eleventh Hour Club, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Fifth Avenue Association, calls for contributions of $50 each "as a Thanksgiving offering that so many of America's men have been spared, and as a memorial to those who have fallen." Money or pledges may be made to the Fifth Avenue Association, 542 Fifth Avenue, or may be sent to the local War Work Campaign headquarters, 680 Fifth Avenue.

The Service Star Thank-Offering Club offers membership to all who donate to the fund in honor of the soldiers who have been saved in battle. The idea of the club extended yesterday to include donations in memory of individuals fallen in battle. Late in the afternoon an anonymous contributor called at the New York City Headquarters and gave $1,000 in memory of the late Joyce Kilmer and in the name of the New York Press Club.

Memorial Gift for Joyce Kilmer.

The unnamed person paying this practical tribute to the memory of Joyce Kilmer, who laid down his life fighting at the Vesle with the old 69th last July, it was explained, had read in yesterday's newspapers the letter of "A Thankful Mother," who wrote to John D. Rockefeller, Jr.: "I am glad to give herewith $1,000 for the sake of each of the four blue stars which I so proudly wear, and $1,000 in the name of the little son who, too young to follow his brothers, has helped me to 'carry on' at home."

"That is a wonderful and inspiring suggestion, and I wish to carry it on in the memory of that splendid young American soldier and poet, Joyce Kilmer," the giver of the thousand dollars said last night.

"I am only one of many who had the privilege of an acquaintance with Kilmer, but his golden star belongs to me just as it belongs to every other loyal American. The supreme sacrifice made by him has inspired all of us.

"I cannot claim the privilege of joining the Service Star Thank-Offering Club in my own name, so I do so in the name of the club and the profession which Joyce Kilmer so signally honored."

Many others joined the Service Star Thank-Offering Club yesterday and the suggestion was made that employers who have service star flags might best demonstrate their gratitude for the sacrifice made by the men who went from their service into the army by giving $100 for each star on that flag.

Six States Give 150 Per Cent.

Thirty-two States in all have now passed their original quotas, and of this number six have subscribed more than 150 per cent. of their allotments. Delaware is the banner State. Its quota was $477,400, and it has pledged $1,090,979, or 230 per cent. of its goal. Arizona is a close second. With an allotment of $239,000, it reports subscriptions of $517,775, or 215 per cent. of its quota. Maryland, Connecticut, South Carolina, and Texas are the other States which have subscribed not only their original quotas but also the 50 per cent. overplus asked.

The big cities, which have been lagging from the beginning, were yesterday increasing their donations rapidly. Baltimore reported 183 per cent. of its quota in hand already. Buffalo was well over the top. Boston, which had been holding Massachusetts back, reached its quota on the same day that the whole State reported a generous oversubscription.

Other Eastern cities reported the following percentages of their quotas: New Haven, 400; Norwich, 300; Portland, Me., 250; Worcester, 190, and Holyoke, 185.

A telegram from Des Moines announced that the Iowa city had reached 164 per cent. of its quota and was still going strong.

Even the Pacific Coast, where the influenza has made it impossible to hold a single public meeting, reports indicated that every State would be over the top before tonight.

Cities in Whirlwind Finish.

The chief interest today will centre in Chicago and New York, which are running a neck-and-neck race. Not until the final luncheon is held tomorrow will it be definitely known which city first succeeds in raising its quota and which one will have the honor of reporting the larger oversubscription.

The Campaign Committee in China, which was counted on to produce $250,000 for the drive, cabled yesterday that total subscriptions from that country amounted to more than $1,000,000 silver, or about $500,000 gold. Six Chinese cities, the cable message added, had subscribed more than $100,000 each.

Subscriptions received from the navy thus far total more than $125,000.

A picture of William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, and Douglas Fairbanks, film actor, taken in Washington when Fairbanks appeared there some ten days ago on his coast-to-coast trip for the United War Work Campaign, recently brought $30,000 for the drive from a Mexican settlement near Gallup, New Mexico.

The following telegram was sent to 105 Chairmen of trade organizations yesterday by Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Steel Corporation, who is also Chairman of the Industrial Division of the War Work Campaign:

Nov. 19, 1918.

Two days of grace are given us to reach our quota, which will require eight million more. New York must not fail. Recanvass your industry thoroughly. Make sure that every firm and corporation has subscribed. If subscriptions seem inadequate, try to secure additional subscriptions, either in cash or Liberty bonds. I am confidently relying on you and your industry in this crisis.

E. H. GARY,
Chairman Industries Division.

Industrial Division Reports.

A subscription of $200,000 from the Anaconda Copper Company, reported through the Industrial Division, leads the list of large donations, which bring the total of the division to more than $2,000,000 in two days.

Other copper companies, whose gifts go to New York City, exclusively, raised the total reported in this period for the copper industry to $245,000. They included the Miami, $22,500; Nichols Copper, $10,000; Granby, $5,000, and Kerr Lake, $5,000.

The Railroads Securities Corporation, next to the Anaconda, contributed the largest bit, with $100,000. The Vacuum Oil Company gave $45,000, the Cuban-American Sugar Company, $40,000, and the Home Insurance Company, $25,000.

The Bankers Trust Company, 18 Wall Street, announced yesterday a subscription of $50,000. The authorization of the subscription was made by the board yesterday morning. It was also an- [illegible] the employes of the un-

Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue, had made a 100 per cent. subscription to the fund.

A contribution of $15,000 to the United War Work Fund from the General Cigar Company was reported yesterday. This brings the donation to the fund to date obtained from the tobacco industry to about $170,000 in Manhattan alone.

Hardware Group Has $1,607,954.

The leader to date among the 105 industries in amount of contributions to the fund is the Hardware, Metal and Allied Trades group, of which John Sargent is Chairman. Up to noon yesterday this committee led in the total of subscriptions with $1,607,954. Of this amount $1,500,000 was the gift of the United States Steel Corporation, the New York City apportionment of that corporation's entire gift of $5,000,000 to the fund.

The Mining Committee, of which Charles Hayden, of Hayden, Stone & Co., is Chairman, stands next in the list with $1,204,700 in contributions.

Among other contributions to the fund made through the Industries Division yesterday was one of $15,000 from the National Surety Company.

H. E. Edmonds, Secretary of the Faculties and Students' Division, yesterday gave out the following totals in his division up to 5 o'clock Monday night, representing sixty higher educational institutions in New York, with 15,344 individual gifts and amounting to $142,146.50 in the aggregate:

Columbia University	$52,300
Teachers College	28,000
Hunter College	12,284
College of the City of New York	12,150
Barnard College	12,000
New York University	7,768
Fordham University	3,000
Cathedral College	2,400
Cooper Union	2,100

Individual Pledge Adopted Here.

The Campaign Committee for New York City gave out the following as the form of a pledge adopted for all persons desiring to make individual donations in the closing hours of the drive up to midnight tonight:

PLEDGE.

I hereby pledge to the UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN, INC., the sum of ..... dollars, ($.....), payable on Dec. 2, 1918, or on the dates indicated in Footnote.

Signed .....
Address .....

Note—If partial payments are preferred, it is understood that they will be made in four equal installments: On Dec. 2, 1918, Jan. 1, Feb. 1, and March 1, 1919. Send pledges to Campaign Headquaters, 680 Fifth Avenue.

Brooklyn Promises a Banner Day.

The contributions in Brooklyn during the last twenty-four hours brought the total to $1,523,115, or slightly more than 50 per cent. of the quota. The campaign managers are confident that the unreported collections and the enthusiasm of the closing hours will carry the drive to success.

Russian folk dances will be a feature of the War Work Campaign at the Sub-Treasury at noon today. A special permit has been obtained and the dancers will appear in a roped-off space on a specially built platform.

COUNTRY-WIDE DRIVE ENDING.

$157,295,058 from All States to Date—Individual Gifts Here.

The following table shows the latest State by State returns, together with original quotas and percentage standings of the States. The States that are starred are over the top.

EASTERN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

State.	Quota.	Reported To Date.	Total.	P.C. of Quota.
N. Y.	$44,653,950	$36,450,055		81
N. J.	5,567,150	5,150,824		94
Penn.	19,863,350	10,850,079		55
*Del.	477,400	1,090,979		230
*Md.	1,432,200	2,517,636		178
D. C.	716,100	462,561		65
Va.	1,432,200	1,130,560		79
W. Va.	937,750	786,111	$58,438,595	84
Dept.	$75,020,000			78

NORTHEASTERN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

*Me.	$906,327	$1,090,000		120
*N. H.	722,391	1,000,000		137
*Vt.	471,703	645,000		136
*Mass.	9,648,435	9,375,976		164
R. Isl.	1,296,515	1,135,877		90
*Conn.	2,304,127	4,050,475	$17,268,928	170
Dept.	$14,833,500			116

SOUTHEASTERN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Fla.	$917,490	$685,000		74½
*Ga.	1,330,589	1,603,240		120
*Miss.	586,803	730,048		124
*N. C.	868,448	1,093,932		127
*S. C.	905,730	924,570		102
*Tenn.	1,363,550	1,801,377		132
*Ala.	847,415	1,297,380	$8,135,542	153
Dept.	$6,820,000			120

CENTRAL ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Ill.	$12,740,000	$10,432,991		81
*Ohio	10,650,000	11,167,187		104
*Mich.	5340,600	6,704,000		125
Mo.	4,960,000	3,407,373		68
*Iowa	4,610,000	4,972,000		107
*Ind.	4,050,000	5,127,820		126
Minn.	3,000,000	2,468,000		83
Wis.	3,390,000	2,842,400		83
Neb.	2,000,000	1,782 350		89
*Kan.	1,900,000	2,671,860		140
*Ky.	1,610,000	1,730,042		107
*Col.	1,270,000	1,364,000		107
*S. D.	875,000	973.000		111
*N. D.	675,000	685,000	$56,328,092	101
Dept.	$57,970,000			97

SOUTHERN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

State.	Quota.	Reported to Date.	Totals.	Percentage of Quota.
*Arizona.	$239,000	$517,775		216
*Arkan's.	750,000	1,050,000		140
*Louis'a.	920,000	1,242,000		135
N. Mex.	154,000	248,000		61
*Okla.	1,364,000	1,621,000		119
*Texas	1,688,000	3,367,000		199
			$8,045,775	
Dept.	$5,115,000			157

WESTERN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Calif.	$4,688,750	3,866,981		82
*Wash.	1,278,750	1,416,518		110
*Oregon	767,250	924,000		120
*Mont.	511,500	525,517		102
Idaho	426,250	340,000		79
*Utah	341,000	360,000		105
*Nevada	85,250	118,000		138
Wyom'g	196,075	170,000		86
Hawaii	.....	172,000		71
			$7,891,016	
Dept.	$8,525,000			92
Army and Navy		426,110		
Grand Total			$157,295,058	

Many Large Gifts Here.

Here is the list of individual subscriptions above $5,000 announced yesterday in this city:

Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller	$1,000,000
Carnegie Corporation of N. Y.	500,000
Payne Whitney	50,000
George Ehret	50,000
George F. Baker	50,000
Thomas F. Ryan	50,000
Japanese Community	41,223
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie	25,000
William K. Vanderbilt	25,000
Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness	25,000
Edward S. Harkness	25,000
Republic Iron and Steel Co.	25,000
James McLean	25,000
Botany Worsted Mills	25,000
Hayden Chemical Works	25,000
Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Whitney	25,000
Mr. and Mrs. George Grant Mason	20,000
Percy Rockefeller	20,000
Mrs. W. H. Moore	20,000
J. Horace Harding	20,000
Mrs. Finley J. Shepard	15,000
Lewis H. Lapham	15,000
Mrs. E. S. Harkness	12,500
Anonymous	10,000
W. D. Thornton	10,000
Mrs. George Bliss	10,000
C. C. Dula	10,000
Isaac Guggenheim	10,000
Mrs. Daniel G. Reid	10,000
Mrs. Stephen Clark	10,000
Mrs. Cleveland H. Dodge	10,000
National City Co.	10,000
Peter C. Bryce	10,000
J. R. De Lamar	10,000
Electrical Securities Corp.	10,000
Edward S. Clark	10,000
F. W. Woolworth	10,000
Mr. and Mrs. Edwin C. Jameson	10,000
Adolph Lewisohn	10,000
Frederick G. Bowire	10,000
Foreign Transport & Mercantile Corporation	10,000
Anonymous	10,000
W. E. Corey	10,000
W. H. Yawkey	10,000
Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan	10,000
International Banking Corp.	8,125
Eastern Steel Co., by E. L. Herndon	8,000
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Thorne	8,000
Loft, Inc.	8,000
The Bayer Co., Inc.	7,500
Frank V. Storrs	5,000
William H. Coe	5,000
Harris, Forbes & Co.	5,000
Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gerry	5,000
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Harriman	5,000
Oliver G. Jennings	5,000
Royal Baking Powder Co.	5,000
Charles R. Crane	5,000
Seward Prosser	5,000
Mrs. F. M. Warburg, (additional)	5,000
Anonymous	5,000
Mrs. M. Orme Wilson	5,000
Mrs. George T. Bliss	5,000
Mrs. John Henry Hammon	5,000
J. P. Morgan, (additional)	5,000
Gilbert Colgate	5,000
Miller & Co.	5,000
Charles Hitchcock	5,000
William E. Zeelp	5,000
John R. Morron	5,000
Daniel Reid	5,000
Stoehr & Sons, Inc.	5,000
Other contributions reported were:	
Tiffany & Co.	$15,000
Metal and Chemist Corporation	15,000
Federal Sugar Refining Co.	15,000
Czarnikow Rionda Co.	13,000
General Chemical Co.	12,000
Funk & Wagnall	11,000
Union Tank Line Co.	10,525
Cuba Cane Sugar Co.	10,000
Henry Helde, Inc.	10,000
Wilcox, Peck & Hughes	10,000
W. R. Grace & Co.	10,000
New York Transit Co.	10,000
Mutual Chemical Co.	10,000
Charles Pfizer & Co.	10,000
New York Central	8,500
American Hide and Leather Co.	8,500
American Hard Rubber Co.	7,000
Union Bag & Paper Co.	7,000
Alexander Hamilton Institute	6,000
N. Y. and Penn. Co.	5,000
N. Y. Quebracho Extract Co.	5,000
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.	5,000
B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co., (add.)	5,000
Foundation Co.	5,000
Continental Insurance Co.	5,000
Fidelity-Phoenix Insurance Co.	5,000
Wessel Duval & Co.	5,000
Gerham Co.	5,000
American Coal Co.	5,000
National Sugar Refining Co.	5,000
National Sugar Co.	5,000
McKesson, Robbins Co.	5,000
American Cotton Oil Co.	5,000
Borne & Scrymser Co.	5,000

NAVAL CASUALTY LIST.

Sailors Wounded While Serving with Marine Corps in Europe.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Navy Department announced today the following casualties among navy men attached to the Marine Corps in foreign service:

Died From Wounds.

MAXWELL, D. M., Locksburg, Ark.
SCHULER, L. R., Sacramento, Cal.
WELTY, F. G., 1,130 Bleecker St., Utica, N. Y.
GRUBB, R. U., Alameda, Cal.
LITCHFIELD, J. R., Blackwell, Okla.
JOHNSON, J. S., 319 South Park St., Elizabeth, N. J.
GRAHAM, W. C., Quitman, Miss.
JAMISON, R. R., Hermitage, Mo.

Wounded in Action, (Degree Undetermined.)

WHISTLER, C. R., Falls City, Neb.

Wounded Severely.

JOHNSON, W. C., Altha, Fla.

Quality—Service—Price
DALE

BUY Direct from FACTORY AND SAVE MONEY
Incandescent Lamps on Sale
Visit Our Display Rooms
109 West 13th St., New York
1 Door West of 6th Ave.
Dale Lighting Fixture Co.
Buy W. S. S. Regularly

BANKERS WOULD RETAIN WAR CREDITS BOARD

Believe Capital Issues Committee Would Aid the Nation in the Reconstruction Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Chairmen of the Federal Reserve Banks of the country, called to Washington to give their advice as to whether there would be further need of the Capital Issues Committee, in the rationing of credit and capital in the immediate reconstruction period, were uniformly of the opinion today that the committee should be continued.

The verdict was that, in view of the fact that the financing of the Government would require from $8,000,000,000 to $10,000,000,000 in 1919 to clean up war obligations, there should be a controlling restriction on the use of credit, gradually relaxing as the need for the employment of our soldiers returning from overseas and the requirements for the transfer of war workers to peace-time industries developed.

The opinion was expressed that capital should be released in the first instance to those industries that represented essential peace-time needs; that preference should be given to those improvements that had to do with public health and public safety; for the installing of systems that would give better police and fire protection; for the building of needed highways, and for irrigation and drainage improvements. The putting up of monumental buildings, it was thought, should be discouraged for the present.

With the exception of San Francisco and Dallas, Texas, the Chairman of every Federal Reserve Bank was present, and in addition prominent bankers from all over the country were present. Among these were J. P. Morgan of New York, J. B. Forgan of Chicago, and A. A. Jackson of Philadelphia.

A conference will be held by the members of the Capital Issues Committee with Secretary McAdoo tomorrow with regard to the future activities of the committee. Under the act creating the committee it is to remain in existence for six months after peace is declared unless, by the act of the President, it should be discontinued as no longer needed. It seems certain that the committee will be continued until after the flotation of the next Liberty Loan in the spring and in some form after that until the time seems at hand to loosen the reins that control the issue of new capital.

MAYOR ASSAILS SQUIERS.

Tells Aldermen He Advised B. R. T. Men Not to Strike.

In a letter to the Board of Aldermen yesterday Mayor Hylan assailed Alderman Arnon L. Squiers of Brooklyn, who recently criticised the Mayor for not interfering with the strike of the motormen on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit line in time to avert the disaster in which nearly 100 persons were killed. Alderman Squiers charged that the Mayor had known of the impending strike several days before it became effective. In his letter yesterday the Mayor recited in detail the events leading up to the strike and cited letters and telegrams which had passed between himself and the officials of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and representatives of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

"Several months ago," the Mayor wrote, "I was informed that there were many men being discharged from the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company because they were being affiliated with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. I attempted to adjust the matter, and when I found it was impossible I advised the men not to strike, but to take the matter up with the National War Labor Board, of which the Hon. William H. Taft and the Hon. Frank P. Walsh are joint Chairmen, and also with the Public Service Commission, which I was informed afterward they did."

After the letter had been read, Alderman Squiers said he did not care what the Mayor thought of him.

PERFECT FITTING MUNSING WEAR UNION SUITS

Don't say underwear—say Munsingwear—if you want non-irritating, perfect-fitting, long wearing undergarments that will afford you the utmost comfort.

There is a Munsingwear style to please everyone, a size to fit anyone—man, woman, or child—tall, short, stout, or thin.

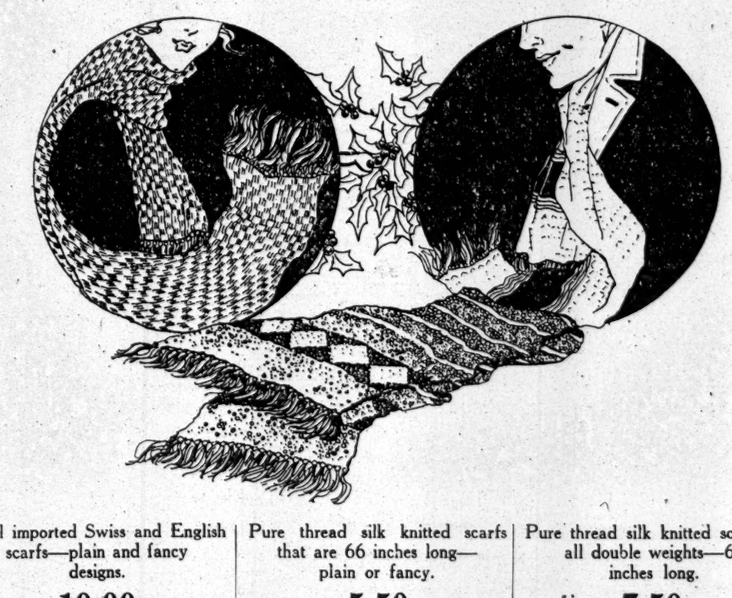
Millions of people wear Munsingwear year after year. They won't have any other brand, which PROVES that

The satisfaction lasts.

Arnold Constable & Co.
5th Avenue at 40th Street

Important Sale for Men and Women
480 Xmas

SILK KNITTED MUFFLERS



Real imported Swiss and English scarfs—plain and fancy designs.
Xmas 10.00 Price
Value $13.50

Pure thread silk knitted scarfs that are 66 inches long—plain or fancy.
Xmas 5.50 Price
Value $8.50

Pure thread silk knitted scarfs—all double weights—66 inches long.
Xmas 7.50 Price
Value $10.00

"Arnold's" Famous
Double Weight Broadcloth Silk Shirts
Facts

The most "DURABLE" silk shirt on the market
The most "HANDSOME" silk shirt on the market
Therefore—*The most "ECONOMICAL" silk shirt on the market*

At present we have a wonderfully large assortment of these scarce and hard-to-find silk shirts. Plain effects—neat all over close stripes, and many novelty and spaced stripes. 8.75 3 at 8.45 each

Other Shirts of Great Value

Percale Shirts
Mostly the very quiet patterns, with a few choice novelties to brighten the assortment.
Value $2.25
1.65

Madras Shirts
Distinct candy and spaced stripes. Separate collar to match.
Value $3.25
2.15

Fibre Silk Shirts
Bright and lustrous shirts that are both popular and serviceable. Light effects.
Value $5.00
3.75

The Shadow of the Coffee Cup

"I mustn't drink coffee—or I can't sleep." Does the tyrant coffee demand this obedience from *you* at the evening meal?

Switch to Borden's Malted Milk when tea and coffee make you nervous. It's soothing, nourishing and satisfying. Serve ice cold or piping hot—easily prepared.

Insist on Borden's—at all drug stores—in square packages only.

Borden's MALTED MILK

HANAN

Remember that all the good points that should be found in good shoes are summed up in the word Hanan.

SHOES

Good Shoes are an Economy

LONDON NEW YORK PARIS

Van Dorn STEEL OFFICE FURNITURE

Steel Filing Equipment
Delivered Promptly

NO waiting for slow railroad shipments—*the stock is on hand on the floors of our Broadway store.* 'Phone or call today, make your selection, place your order—and start using the equipment tomorrow.

Van Dorn Steel Equipment covers every office need—steel filing cabinets—card, cap, letter and transfer; steel desks, chairs and waste-baskets; steel stationery cupboards and system-fitted filing safes; unit, wide and counterheight steel sections; steel lockers and shelving.

The Van Dorn Iron Works Co.
318 Broadway
Phone--"Worth 5080"

OLD CROW RYE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

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VANITY FAIR

The most amusing, stimulating, and cheero-spirited magazine going

November Number

ON SALE NOW

35 cents a copy $3 a year

BACO Rubbers

You might ask for Baco Rubbers. Your dealer may have them. He would if we could possibly supply demand.

A. J. BATES & CO., INC., NEW YORK

RED AND BLACK SOLES

NEW HEAT SOLVES FUEL QUESTION

$5 TO $10 A DAY

selling our new Kendalite Gas Makers. Fits into any stove without alteration. Takes place of coal and wood. Makes its own gas anywhere. Simple, safe and cheap. AGENCIES OPEN. Postpaid $12.50.

KENDALITE CO.,

1211 Broadway, near 29th St., N. Y. City.

If you wish to make sure that your plans for disposing of your property will be carried out after your death, appoint us trustees of your estate now.

Lawyers Title and Trust Co.

160 Broadway, New York

188 Montague Street, Brooklyn

PREVENT THAT COLD

IT MAY DEVELOP SERIOUSLY

HURLBURT'S CAMPHOR PILLS

TAKE ONE AT ONCE.

If you sneeze, snuffle, or feel a chill coming on. Carry the small bottle at all times.

Price 25 cents.

SEASONABLE BOOKS.

New books, suitable for gifts, especially for juveniles, reviewed in The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.

GOVERNMENT HALTS SALE OF BIG SHIPS

Stops Intended Transfer by International Mercantile Marine of British Interests.

WALL STREET IS PUZZLED

Theory That Need of Vessels to Transport Troops Is a Factor in the Action.

The long pending deal for the sale by the International Mercantile Marine Company of its British assets, came to an abrupt halt yesterday at the request of the United States Government. The company had planned to dispose of the 750,000 tons of ships owned by British subsidiary concerns, including the great passenger vessels of the White Star Line, for approximately $90,000,000, to a syndicate of English capitalists. After various Directors' meetings held in the last two weeks P. A. S. Franklin, President, had announced that only minor details of the program remained to be completed, but yesterday he let it be known that the transaction had been held up. Mr. Franklin's statement said:

"While during the course of the negotiations we have kept the authorities in Washington fully informed, we have today been requested that we take no further steps to complete the transaction until our Government has the opportunity to further consider the whole matter."

Wall Street was taken completely by surprise at the abrupt termination of the negotiations. Attention was once more called to the fine distinction as to ownership which is drawn in the present case. The ships in question are the property of English companies, of which the International Mercantile Marine Company owns the stock. The ships are now flying the British flag, and are under the jurisdiction of the British Government. It is understood that a point has arisen in respect to the direct ownership of the vessels. For some days past it has been reported that the United States Government desired that the ships should not pass from the control of the American holding company.

The Federal shipping authorities were seeking, it was said, to have nothing done which would reduce the tonnage which could be considered, nominally at least, an adjunct of the American merchant marine. At the same time it was thought that the British Government was equally anxious to have the ownership firmly established under the British flag through a sale to a British organization. Whether these were factors which influenced the action taken at Washington was unknown, but, at any rate, they were discussed as significant in the financial district.

Another suggestion was that the United States Government might have intervened because of a tentative plan to buy the ships for its own account. The problem of bringing our soldiers home involves many perplexities. In sending the soldiers overseas the ships of Great Britain and France were at the disposal of this country, some 64 per cent. of the American Army and its supplies being carried in their transports. With the idea of getting the army back quickly, it is readily seen that there will be a difficulty unless the Washington authorities can buy or charter ships. It was for this reason that there was talk of a purchase of the British ships by the United States.

Not long ago it was announced that the International Mercantile Marine Company was waiting for information from England which would clear up minor details of the deal and that these stray ends were all that were involved. As recently as last Friday the slowness of cable messages was given as the reason for abandoning a special meeting of the Directors without action. It is now thought that it was toward the end of last week that the United States began to take a hand in the matter, just when the sale was nearing completion. There was, however, no intimation given then that a hitch had been encountered.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Shipping Board officials said tonight that in the absence of Chairman Hurley and Director Rossetér of the Division of Operations they could give no information as to the reasons why the board had requested the International Marine to refrain from selling British tonnage now owned by it to a syndicate of British ship owners.

A number of British ships under construction in this country were requisitioned by the Shipping Board soon after the nation entered the war. Some of these have been turned over to shipping companies for operation for the board's account. The policy of the board is to retain control of all vessels which it has requisitioned until existing emergency needs for tonnage have been filled.

SMITH'S PLURALITY 8,126.

Gains 73 Votes in Manhattan—Soldiers' Vote Not Included.

A net gain of seventy-three votes for Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith over the police returns is shown by the official tabulation of the vote in Manhattan, completed yesterday by the Aldermen from that borough. The police returns gave Governor Whitman 99,331 and Alfred E. Smith 201,323 votes in Manhattan. The official canvass gives 99,398 votes to the Governor and 201,463 to Governor-elect Smith, a plurality for the latter in his home borough of 102,065.

According to Associated Press dispatches, the official count in all but ten counties outside of this city has been completed. The vote for the canvassed counties was Whitman, 555,305; Smith, 338,683, a plurality of 216,617 for Whitman. The unofficial returns in the remaining ten counties give Whitman 142,329 and Smith 106,516, an unofficial plurality for Governor Whitman of 35,813, or in the aggregate an up-State plurality of 252,430. The unofficial returns from this city give Whitman 286,281 and Smith 546,764, a New York City plurality of 260,483 for Smith and a plurality based on official and unofficial returns from the entire State, not counting the soldiers' vote which has not been canvassed, of 8,053. Adding the gain made by Governor-elect Smith through the official canvass in Manhattan, this plurality would be 8,126.

It was said last night that Justice Philbin of the Supreme Court would hand down his decision today in the matter of the application made on behalf of Governor Whitman for an examination of the ballots cast in Manhattan and the Bronx.

ASKS FOR GARBAGE INQUIRY.

Alderman Squiers Wants Board to Investigate the Whole Subject.

The entire system under which the city's garbage is being disposed of at Barren Island will be investigated by an Aldermanic committee if a resolution introduced by Alderman Squiers of Brooklyn at yesterday's meeting of the board is adopted. The resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules provides:

"That an investigating committee of seven members be appointed by the Committe on Rules to investigate generally the whole subject of garbage disposal and to gather information from the experience of other cities so as to form a judgment as to the best method of disposal, whether by private or municipal operated plants."

RELIEF IS RUSHED TO HUNGRY EUROPE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

mediate future, are developing with great satisfaction to the workers in the organized forces of the United States Food Administration.

The first reading of the message will occur on Conservation Sunday, Dec. 1, in the churches and other religious organizations which then assemble. The Bishops of the colored churches are requesting all pastors in their jurisdictions to present the food message to their congregations on that day. The national and State leaders of fraternal orders, clubs, and societies and the educational organizations, it is announced, are all co-operating to do effective work in having the message reach all classes.

FOOD PRICES ADVANCED.

General Level in October Was 2 Per Cent. Higher Than in September.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The signing of the armistice and the imminence of the peace negotiations may produce a drop in the high cost of living. But up to the time of the armistice there was no sign of a lessening in prices. On the contrary, a statement issued today by the Department of Labor shows that retail prices of food during October showed for all articles an increase of 2 per cent. over September, and an increase of 16 per cent. over October, 1917. A comparison of prices for a five-year period shows that food cost 75 per cent. more in October, 1918, than in October, 1913.

The greatest advances in price from September to October of this year were shown in dairy products and sugar. Eggs increased 9 per cent., butter 10 per cent., and cheese 7 per cent. Sugar increased 10 per cent. The greatest price decreases were in potatoes and onions.

From October, 1917, to October, 1918, sirloin and round steak, rib and chuck roast, and plate boiling beef increased from 24 to 30 per cent. During the month from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15 these five cuts declined in price 2 per cent. each, with the exception of rib roast, which declined only 1 per cent.

Fifteen of the twenty-eight articles for which monthly prices are quoted were cheaper in October than in September. Flour was 2 per cent. cheaper than it was in September, and 4 per cent. cheaper than it was a year ago.

During the five-year period five articles increased over 100 per cent., as follows: Cornmeal, 119 per cent.; lard, 115 per cent.; bacon, 108 per cent.; flour, 103 per cent., and pork chops, 102 per cent.

To Consider Queens Labor Problems

In order to co-operate with the United States Employment Service in ascertaining the employment needs of the Borough of Queens, George J. Ryan, President of the Queens Chamber of Commerce, has appointed as a Labor Reabsorption Committee the members of the Executive Committee of the Chamber's Personnel Managers' Club: Fenley Hunter, J. D. Hackett, Ray Palmer, George W. Luft, K. D. Loose, G. L. Hostetter, and J. C. Vanderpyl. The committee was appointed at the suggestion of Henry Bruère, the Federal Director of the Employment Service.

PLAN MOONEY PROTEST.

California Labor Body Calls for Vote for a General Strike.

OAKLAND, Cal., Nov. 19.—Resolutions passed by the Central Labor Council of Alameda County, directing the unions under its jurisdiction to take a strike vote in protest against the conviction of Thomas J. Mooney, a review of whose case was refused by the United States Supreme Court yesterday, were telegraphed and cabled to labor organizations throughout the United States, Canada, England, and Australia today.

The Council asked that these organizations take like action, and that Monday, Dec. 2, be set as the tentative strike date.

Stillman Books Bring $4,544.

The sale of the library of the late James Stillman at the American Art Galleries yesterday realized $4,544. The highest price of the day was $150 paid by Robert Fridenberg for Catalogue No. 969, a lot of engraved book plates, &c., of the early and middle nineteenth century. J. Rhodes paid $145 for Catalogue No. 929, Guizot's "History of France," translated by Robert Black, Boston, 1877, extra-illustrated. The total to date is $10,052.75. The sale will be continued today.

Smart and Useful Christmas Gifts

A Broad Choice of the Finest Qualities

Men's Socks of silk or wool, Golf Stockings, Mufflers and Neckwear.

Women's Stockings of silk or wool, Golf Stockings, Sweaters, Scarves.

Children's Hosiery and Golf Stockings.

Christmas Gift Sets

Gift Sets for men, women and children. Special Sets for men in the camps.

Peck & Peck

STOCKING SHOPS

586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street

501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

Also at CHICAGO, PALM BEACH and NEWPORT

PEACE HOSE

FINE FURS

Cloth Coats

Evening Wraps

Clark & Weinberg

634 Fifth Ave.

Near 51st Str.

Look for me in your dealer's window

What are your teeth worth?

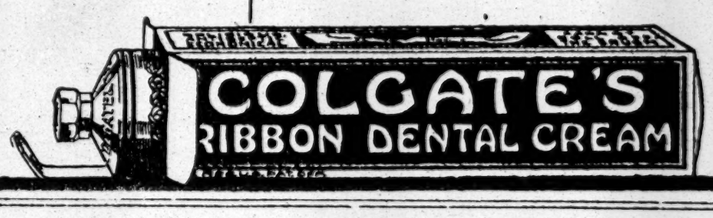
So much that you can afford to use *only* a safe dentifrice—Colgate's.

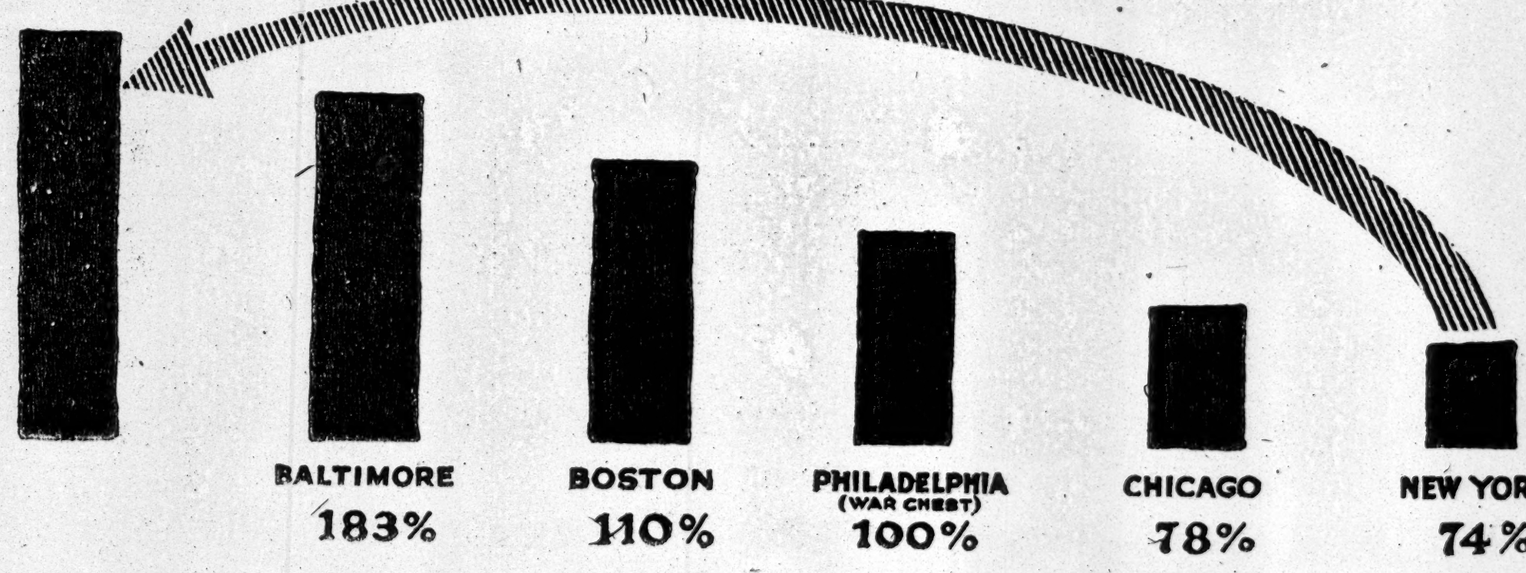
Unless your Dentist tells you that your mouth needs drugs to correct some abnormal condition you should avoid strongly medicated dentifrices.

Colgate's has no strong drugs which are possibly dangerous and certainly unnecessary. Colgate's cleans thoroughly without risky chemicals. It is delicious in flavor.

You, too, should use Colgate's.

Evidence that Colgate's is preferred by dentists is contained in the affidavits and other documents in this Evidence Chest—deposited with the Title Guarantee and Trust Co. of New York. They may be examined by accredited committees on application to Colgate & Co.





WHERE NEW YORK STANDS—AND WHERE IT BELONGS!

New York owes it to the boys who have been through the horrors of the War, and are now marching triumphantly into Germany, to go over the top financially as they went over the top at Chateau Thierry.

What will be the effect on those brave fellows of the 69th and other New York Regiments who have been fighting for us and are today leading the Allied forces to the Rhine, when they learn that Greater New York is not sufficiently interested in them or what they have done for us at home to make good its promise to supply them with the means of recreation, entertainment and education during the period of demobilization?

The Campaign closes at midnight, tonight.

Wake up, citizens of New York, and save the city and yourselves from shame!

A PROMISE—SACRED, BECAUSE OF ITS CHARACTER, HAS BEEN MADE TO THE BOYS. SHALL WE KEEP IT—OR ACKNOWLEDGE OURSELVES DEFAULTERS?

YOUNG SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF BLOODED HARNESS SIRES BRING HIGH PRICES AT OLD GLORY SALE

HARNESS PROSPECTS BRING HIGH PRICES

Yearlings of Laurel Farm Keep Horsemen Bidding at Old Glory Sale.

COSDEN PAYS TOP FIGURE

Son of Moko Bought by New York Amateur Reinsman, Who Gives $6,025 for Colt.

Owners and drivers of trotters from all over the country were in spirited competition at Madison Square Garden yesterday, for young racing prospects that were considered to be as good or better than ever before had been presented at this annual auction. Ever since the consignments of James R. Magowan and Walnut Hall Farm had been kept out of the sale last Winter by lack of transportation facilities there had been considerable interest in the youngsters.

The delay in bringing them to market enhanced their value, for though still yearlings, the colts and fillies had thickened out and grown by their lengthened stay on the farms, so that when they were exhibited in spins around the tanbark many of them looked and acted like seasoned racers.

At the night sale there was another fine lot from Laurel Farm, where the popular Peter the Great is the leading sire, and these were almost as eagerly sought as were the get of Moko and J. Malcolm Forbes, which were the leading sires in the morning and afternoon.

There were thirty-two sons and daughters of Peter the Great, and nearly all sold well, the total for the consignment reaching $27,285, an average of $835. By far the best looking prospect was Great Excitement, a filly out of Miss Busy, which is a sister of Busy's Lassie, 2:04¼. She was knocked down to the bid of Chauncey Sears of Fall River, Mass., for $5,000.

Moko carried off the honor of sending the highest priced youngster of the day into the sales ring, noted drivers vieing with each other for the possession of General Knight, by Moko-Sybil Knight, a half brother of Sybil Silk, which took a mark of 2:14¼ as a two-year-old. General Knight was sent into the ring without the recommendation of a trial to boost his price, but his breeding lines were so rich and he was such a grand looking individual that he immediately attracted the attention of the experts. After lively skirmishing he was knocked down to Walter R. Cox, for $6,025. Cox was acting for A. H. Cosden, a well-known New York amateur reinsman.

All the honors did not rest with Moko and the Walnut Hall Farm, however, as James R. Magowan's great stallion, J. Malcolm Forbes, largely increased his reputation by the prices received.

It was in general excellence of his stock that J. Malcolm Forbes had the advantage over the other sires. Thirteen of his get were sold for an average per head of $1,443, testimony to the advance in the sport when it is considered that at this sale a year ago the same number of his colts and fillies brought an average of only $867.50.

Thirty head of the Walnut Hall youngsters were disposed of for $16,025, an average of $534. This is only half of the yearlings to be marketed by the Farm, the remaining being on the catalog for sale today.

The best prices:

Kentucky Marque, 2:09¼, b. s., (8,) by Sir Marque-Corinne — R. Schoemaker, N. Y. City $710
Gertrude Elliott, b. f., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Chinchuba—T. G. Hinds, Jersey City 900
Mr. Dudley, 2:20¾, bl. c., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Bourbon Todd—Brooke Farm, Chester, Penn. 2,000
Red Williams, 2:26¼, b. c., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Oxford Miss—Fatherland Farms, Rockville, Conn. 710
Mabel Powers, 2:25¼, b. f., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Ann Tregentle—F. E. Hyde, Hartford, Conn. 2,000
Flo Shirley, 2:23, br. f. (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Real Jay—David Arral, Youngstown, Ohio 3,300
Native Girl, 2:29, bl. f., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Native Ann—W. L. Wandey, Springfield, Mass. 1,300
Miss Em, 2:23, b. f., (1,) by J. Malcolm Forbes-Rondoza—Ben White, East Aurora, N. Y. 5,500
General Knight, b. c., (1,) by Moko-Sybil Knight—W. R. Cox, Dover, N. H. 6,023
Odd Marks, ch. f., (1,) by San Francisco-Patsie Sterling—W. R. Cox 1,400
San Andreas, b. c., (1,) by San Francisco-Andorra—Ned McCarr, Pittsburgh, Penn. 1,650
Gwendlen, r. g., (1,) by Native King-Gwynnine—W. L. Johnson, Endicott, N. Y. 950
Duty Bound, 2:11¾, bl. m., (6,) by Blodmore-Doress O.—A. McDonald, Indianapolis, Ind. 800
Expressive Lou, 2:06¼, b. m., (5,) by Atlantic Express-Lou Dillon—A. B. Coxe 1,000

YOUNG JOCKEY TRIUMPHS.

Meyers Pilots Pair of Winners Over Bowie Track.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 19.—H. Meyers usurped the place usually occupied by L. Ensor when he piloted two of today's winners. The lad, who only scored his first victory during the present Fall meeting, first landed A. A. Docter's Prunes in front of King John in the fourth race, at a mile and a sixteenth, and wound up his good work by scoring with F. R. Docter's Babette in the seventh event, for mares, at a mile and a quarter. The lad showed skill in rating his mounts and put up determined finishes. Stalker, a jockey with more experience, also gained double brackets with Tiger Rose in the first race and Dolina in the sixth.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Tiger Rose, 107 pounds, (L. Stalker,) $3.10, $3, and $3, won; Elected, 11., 101, (C. Sneidman,) $20.30 and $10.00, second; Sunduria, 106, (M. Buxton,) $9.80, third. Time—1:18. Lackawanna, Virago, the Dauphin, Indian Spring, Wewoka, Sky Man, Tidal, and Effie's Pride also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; six and a half furlongs. St. Quentin, 107 pounds, (G. Walls,) $13.50, $5.70, and $5.40, won; Mormon Elder, 112, (C. Kummer,) $5.50 and $4.60, second; Earlocker, 107, (W. Kelsay,) $6.80, third. Time—1:24. Poultney, Cock o' the Run, Democracy, Uncle's Lassie, and Clare Boothe also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; seven furlongs. Sister Emblem, 107 pounds, (C. Sneidman,) $21.00, $8, and $5.40, won; Starfinch, 110, (L. Stalker,) $4 and $3.80, second; Blue Bannock, 115, (A. Johnson,) $6.40, third. Time—1:31 4-5. Noureddin, Miss Kruter, Loftus, Amackassin, Annie Edgar, Hands Off, Lady Small, Lady Eileen, John Douglas, Dalwood, and Rhadames also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Prunes, 97 pounds, (H. Meyers,) $11.70, $5.30, and $3.30, won; King John, 102, (J. Rodriquez.) $8.30 and $4.30, second; Graphic, 103, (L. Stalker,) $2.80, third. Time—1:53. N. K. Beal, Sir Hello, and Buckboard also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Salvetelle, 97 pounds, (J. Weiner,) $63.10, $14.20, and $4.20, won; Silk Bird, 113, (L. Stalker,) $3.40 and $2.40, second; Javata, 103, (R. McCrann,) $2.50, third. Time—1:52 2-5. Save Campbell, Loneland, Flame, and Exmer also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Dolina, 101 pous dn,(L. Stalker,) $4.50, $3.10, and $2.60, won; Grey Eagle, 107, (A. Johnson,) $6.50 and $3.00, second; Goldcrest Boy, 107, (C. Sneidman,) $2.80, third. Time—1:54. Christie, Glomer, Bierman, Candelaria, Flora Finch, and Handful also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; one mile and a quarter. Ballette, 103 pounds, (H. Meyers,) $15.50, $8.10, and $6.10, won; Tootsie, 101, (R. McCrann,) $6 and $4.60, second; Miss Fannie, 107, (J. Carroll,) $7, third. Time—2:18. Baby Sister, Golden Bantam, Wild Thyme, Silver Sandals, Zinnia, Rosewater, and Greetings also ran.

Weather, clear; track, good.

COLUMBIA IN HARD DRILL.

Eleven Preparing for Final Game with Syracuse.

Columbia and Fordham will not play a post-season game at the Polo Grounds Dec. 7. This official announcement was made yesterday by Levering Tyson, graduate manager of athletics. As it is, Columbia will wind up its football season with the game with Syracuse at Syracuse on Thanksgiving Day.

The 'Varsity eleven had a long drill yesterday under the eyes of Dawson and Tom Thorp. Syracuse formations were used by the scrub, and the 'Varsity had an afternoon of hard practice. Towers, the husky freshman, was named as a regular holder of the right-tackle berth, and played there on the 'Varsity. Parks, right guard, was absent, and his place was filled by Zychlinski, a back who has been held in reserve since the game with Camp Merritt.

RIVAL TEAMS WORK APART.

Great Lakes Prepares for Navy Game at Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 19.—Something of a surprise was sprung this morning when the Great Lakes football squad, which had arrived here yesterday morning, left Annapolis for Baltimore, having completed an rrangement to use Homewood, the grounds of Johns Hopkins University, for practice during the week. The change was due to a sudden decision of Coach McReavy, who believes that better work can be done some distance from the opposing team. Interest in Saturday's game is intense. The midshipmen, while glad to have a proper opponent for their closing game, feel that only the greatest possible effort in practice and the match will give them a fair chance of victory. Doble will have some brand new football to spring Saturday.

Angle Players Help Fund.

The United War Work Campaign was enriched $241.22 as the result of two three-cushion billiard matches held last night at Cranfield's. The best playing was furnished by Frank Scoville, who defeated Cameron Smith by a score of 35 to 10. The other game resulted in a victory for Don Spiegel over Paul Miller by 35 to 30.

MASTERSON AGAIN IN AMATEUR RANKS

Local Runner Restored to Good Standing at Annual Meeting of A. A. U.

Frank Masterson, former New York A. C. distance runner, was restored to amateur standing at the annual convention of the Amateur Athletic Union in Philadelphia Monday. Masterson's restoration was approved by the national body subject to the approval of the local Registration Committee. This condition was made because approval had not been previously voted by the Metropolitan Committee.

Masterson was disqualified as an amateur several years ago through his connection with the Swedish-American A. C. It developed in his affidavit for reinstatement that he had received no pay for these duties and that he had resigned the position shortly after he

One of the applications rejected was that of Edward L. Emes, former junior national high jumping champion. Emes was disqualified in 1917 with Platt Adams while attached to the Bronx Church House. His offense was being connected with a sporting goods store. Emes, in an affidavit supporting his application, stated that he had dissociated himself from the business and was eligible for reinstatement. His application was rejected, however, when it became known that he was engaged as a professional instructor with the Y. M. C. A. at Fort Schuyler. It is likely that with his retirement from Y. M. C. A. war duties Emes will be restored to good standing under the amendment to the rules which provides for the reinstatement of amateurs who have gone in for professional war duties.

The article in the constitution which provides for the government and general direction of the union's affairs was amended so as to allow for greater representation on the National Board of Governors. This amendment will give the Metropolitan Association eight members instead of six as heretofore.

Herman Obertubbesing submitted a resolution providing for a subdivision of the larger associations which cover too great territory, so as to stimulate increased interest in amateur athletics. The resolution provided for this subdivision along State geographicals or railroad lines. Before any new associations could be created, however, it is stipulated consent must be given from the association from which the territory is taken. A failure to get this would result in a decision by mail vote of the Board of Governors. President Dallas was authorized to appoint a committee to investigate and report on this resolution.

W. AND J. PLAYER INJURED.

Edgar Suffers from Hurts Received in Pitt Game.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 19.—Bill Edgar, right tackle on the W. and J. football team, was tonight taken to a hospital with concussion of the brain, sustained in the Pitt game on Nov. 9. Edgar, whose home is at Wilkinsburg, Penn., was one of the stars of the Pitt contest. He sustained a number of bumps, including one on the head, but did not appear to have suffered any serious hurts. Within the last two days he has been somewhat dazed and late this afternoon he lost consciousness and is now in a critical condition at the hospital.

Hammer Throw Champion Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—Alfred Dixon Plaw, attorney and former American intercollegiate champion in the hammer throw, died today after an operation for appendicitis. He was graduated from the University of California in 1902.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
THREE SHIRT BARGAINS

Short Stiff Bosom Shirts, $1.50
Cuffs Attached
Fine Negligee Shirts, with stiff & soft cuffs, $1.75.
Fibre Silk Shirts, $2.75.
Fownes' Fabric Gloves, $1.50
Plain or Embroidered Backs.

BASEBALL RACES ASSURED.

Enough Players in Country Now to Start Major Leagues.

The announcement of the War Department that all the troopps in this country would be demobilized as soon as possible sets aside all doubt about the opening of the major leagues next Spring. As the majority of the players who enlisted or were drafted are still in camps in this country, these men will be available in time for the Spring training trips. Only a few of the major league players are overseas.

The major league players who were placed in deferred classes because they were married or because of dependents, are all at the present time in essential occupations, most of them being employed in the shipyards. All of these men will also be discharged from their present duties before Spring and baseball men do not believe that there is a single club which will be unable to muster together enough players to start the Spring training camps.

While there is much doubt that all the players, who are now over seas, will be back by Spring, they will not be necessary to fill the ranks of the clubs. It will deprive the clubs of a few star players, such as Alexander, Gowdy, and a few others, but nevertheless, it is not at all improbable that these players will be back in this country by the time the season of 1919 gets under way.

BAKER TO RACE SELLERS.

Noted Runners Will Clash in Special Event Tomorrow Night.

Homer Baker, international half-mile running champion, and Jack R. Sellers of the New York A. C. will be rivals in a board race again tomorrow night when they clash in the special 1,000-yard handicap run at the games of the Fifty-ninth "Over Here" Association and the Thirteenth Regiment C. A. C. The games will be held in the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn.

Both Baker and Sellers will start from scratch in this race. Another likely starter will be Frank Gillespie of Chicago. Twelve competitions are down for decision, and all of them have filled well.

Klinger Balkline Victor.

Jacob Klinger won the 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Doyle's last night when he defeated Hal B. Coleman in the final game by a score of 250 to 128 in thirty-one innings. Klinger won three victories in as many games. Nelson Mayo was second and Coleman third.

PRO GOLFERS HELD EVEN BY AMATEURS

Thirty-six-Hole Contest Played Over the Oakland Links Ends All Square.

Amateur and professional golfers finished all square in a thirty-six-hole match over the Oakland links yesterday. On one side Adrian Shiess of Garden City and Jack Hagan, the Salisbury "pro," were opposed to F. L. Bloodgood of Cherry Valley and Carl Anderson.

So evenly were the players matched that they finished all square in the morning, as well as at the end of the day. Anderson had a 70 in the first round and 81 later on. Hagan played about the same pace.

They have practically decided upon another match to be held next Tuesday at Piping Rock.

Findlay S. Douglas, former amateur champion, has consented to take part in another exhibition match in the interests of the United War Drive. This time the affair will consist of a four-ball exhibition, in which Douglas will be paired with Tom Kerrigan, the Siwanoy "pro," against Frank Hoyt and Herbert Strong, over the links of the Engineers' Country Club on Sunday. The club expects to use the full eighteen-hole course, although there has been some doubt as to whether the sixteenth hole could be placed in condition.

Those women who were unable to play in the United War Work Campaign tournament at Van Cortlandt Park on Sunday last because of the rain will have another opportunity Friday. The event, as originally scheduled, will be a blind handicap, the winner to be the player returning a net score nearest 68, par of the course. The fee will be $1.

Concannon Gains on Layton.

By taking both afternoon and evening matches yesterday Joseph Concannon increased his lead over John Layton in their 1,200 points pocket billiards match at Daly's. Concannon won the afternoon contest by 100 to 84, making a high run of 32 against Layton's 24. In the evening Concannon was the victor by 100 to 70. In this game Layton had the highest run, a cluster of 28. Concannon leads 400 to 340.

WEEGHMAN TO STEP DOWN.

Mitchell May Be Elected to Presidency of Cubs.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Fred Mitchell, manager of the Chicago Club of the National League, will be elected President of the club to succeed Charles Weeghman, it was authoritatively announced today. The change will be made within two weeks.

Weeghman will, however, retain his financial interest in the club. Weeghman was one of the backers of the Federal League and he became President of the Chicago Nationals when the club was absorbed by himself and associates.

Mitchell came to the club two years ago from Boston, where he was scout, coach, and utility man to George Stallings, manager of the Boston Nationals.

HOPPE MAKES HIGH RUN.

Wins Balkline Match with Unfinished Effort of 296.

Willie Hoppe, balkline champion, made an unfinished run of 296 points in an exhibition of balkline in aid of the Brooklyn Ambulance Corps at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night. Playing against Sam Estabrook, Hoppe scored an overwhelming victory by 300 to 6, completing his string with his exceptional run in the fourth inning.

In his first turn at the table Hoppe slipped after one point. Estabrook missed his shot and in his second turn Hoppe also missed. Estabrook collected one in his second inning. In the third inning Hoppe made three, while his rival gathered five, and then came the champion's run in the fourth.

GOLFERS HONOR WHEELER.

President of U. S. G. A. Selected for Re-election Next Year.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The Nominating Committee of the United States Golf Association, of which David R. Forgan of Chicago is Chairman, has selected the following list of officers to be voted on at the annual meeting in January:

President—Frederick S. Wheeler, Apawamis; Vice President—Dr. Walter S. Harban, Columbia C. C., and Sterling B. Edmunds, St. Louis C. C.; Secretary—Howard F. Whitney, Nassau C. C.; Treasurer—M. N. Buckner, Garden City; Executive Committee—Frank E. Miller, Old Elm; J. F. Byers, Allegheny C. C.; W. P. Stewart, Audubon C. C.; T. B. Payne, Atlanta A. C., and Elmer E. Mitchell, Wilmington C. C.

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IT is not imaginary—there is the true suggestion of gaiety and gallantry in an evening suit.

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You have laid off the habiliments of care—shuffled business into the discard.

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And now is the time to celebrate—in a new evening suit.

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The same family—the same style, as the $125 custom production.

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THESE are times when people are changing their mode of life and forming new habits. They are good times to form the habit of wearing these better clothes—better because their style lasts longer and the clothes look quality even when they get old. And they work out every dollar that you put into them.

The label is our pledge to you of unqualified satisfaction.

At Leading Clothiers

ALFRED DECKER & COHN, Makers
In Canada, SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, Limited
CHICAGO NEW YORK MONTREAL

Umbrellas are always at home or at the office!

Still, we sell hundreds that are made to lend, as well as better ones. An umbrella saves a good hat, especially a lady's. Otherwise, to the man wearing a *"Scotch Mist" overcoat, the patter-patter doesn't matter! Rainproof Scotch cheviots, exclusive with us.

Regular or Raglan shoulder.

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Sleep outdoors!

Outdoor sleeping suits for the whole family.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
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Put yourself into this fleecy warm Hanes Underwear—*and save money!*

You never bought greater underwear warmth, comfort or service in your life at any price than is all yours when you put your good money into Hanes Heavy Winter Weight Union Suits or Shirts and Drawers! *And, at a popular price!*

You compare Hanes garments and Hanes prices with any other underwear, then you'll realize Hanes is the greatest underwear value you ever got hold of! *Read our guarantee!*

Every desirable feature—guaranteed unbreakable seams, elastic tailored collarette that cannot gap; pearl buttons sewed on for keeps! And, behind them all stands Hanes quality and workmanship—*an unbeatable combination!*

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Hanes Boys' Union Suits exceed in quality, workmanship and service any boys' underwear we have ever seen. They are superbly made with an unusual finish and combine the features of the men's garments with cozy warmth so ideal for youngsters. In reality, they're men's suits in boys' sizes.

If your dealer does not have Hanes Underwear write us immediately.

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COCA-COLA, though reduced 50 per cent in quantity, still maintains 100 per cent quality. There's only one glass to be had now where there were two before necessary conservation cut our sugar supply in half, but the glass that you do get is "all there" in materials, exactly as it was before the war—nothing to dilute or cheapen or in any way alter your favorite beverage.

When you order Coca-Cola, ask for it by its full name and demand the genuine. Your palate will tell you if a substitute is served. If you suspect you've been served with a substitute, put the question squarely up to the dealer.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
ATLANTA, GA.

2

FLORENCE NASH AS A PARISIAN WAIF

"Remnant," by Dario Nicodemi and Michael Morton, Is On at the Morosco.

UPLIFT COMEDY OF 1840

Capable Actors Struggle Bravely with Gamin Romance That Somehow Goes Wrong.

REMNANT, a comedy in three acts, by Dario Niccodemi and Michael Morton. At the Morosco Theatre.

Jules ..... Orrin Johnson
Tony ..... George Gaul
Alphonse ..... Etienne Girardot
Lougon ..... Ben R. Graham
Manon ..... Corinne Barker
Emilie ..... Dorothy Cheston
"Remnant" ..... Florence Nash

It is an old story how a street waif, an odds-and-ends of humanity from the gutters, makes her way among dwellers in houses, sees the tangles of their lives with angelic clarity, and out of her own God-given wisdom attunes their conduct to the music of the spheres. Browning's Pippa did it, and Mrs. Burnette's Glad. Quite recently Shaw rendered his variation of the theme in "Pygmalion." Capably handled, there is no reason why this "stuff" (as the professors of comparative literature learnedly call it) should not yield innumerable plays. But something went wrong last night at the Morosco.

The play is ascribed to "Dario Niccodemi and Michael Morton," but if we may judge by Mr. Morton's past performances, they worked not as a team but in relay. The play has all the earmarks of a "clean-up" adaptation from the wicked, wicked French. There are passages of deft, sure dialogue, and stray scenes of lightly touched comedy and romance. But the essentials of the story are quite incomprehensible. In these clean-up plays the results of a single, simple kiss are sometimes dire, reminding one of the golden rule as to influenza. "Above all, do not be infectionate."

The action is set in or about 1840, and it falls to Miss Nash to impersonate a Parisian waif of the early crinoline period. What Parisian waifs of that era were like we have no sure means of knowing; but our best bet is that they were not at all like Aggie Lynch of "Within the Law."

The throaty, sub-nasal accent of the Bowery was doubtless to them unknown. Nor is Miss Nash's racy, staccato manner of slang, which persists even without the usual racy vocabulary, particularly adapted to the soulful urge of the uplift. There are several better manners in which to rhapsodize over the stars innumerable shining up among the clean winds of heaven. Especially this manner is ill-adapted to the task of urging a childless couple divided against itself to cease division and multiply. No, we are not for Aggie Lynch in crinolines.

The romantic hero of the story, protector of "Remnant," was no less a person than George Gaul, the Wu-hu-git of "The Yellow Jacket," the negro Genesis of "Seventeen," and the protagonist of the dramatized Book of Job. This Gaul, unlike that of Caius J. Caesar, is not all divided in three parts. In a quite different role, he gave a very sincere, fine performance, the only limitation upon which was the material provided by his authors. Orrin Johnson was a handsome figure of the gay devil who wrought so much woe with one infectionate kiss. Dorothy Cheston was his wife, and together, (in the period before that kiss,) they played a little comedy scene with rare lightness and charm.

THREATEN PAPER TIEUP.

Up-State Papermakers Demand Government Ruling on Wage Dispute.

Special to The New York Times.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 19.—One hundred and fifty representatives of the Northern New York District Council, International Brotherhood of Papermakers, have voted in meeting to cease all operations in news print paper mills in this section on Dec. 1, unless a decision is forthcoming before that time from the Federal War Labor Board on questions submitted some time ago to that body.

Paramount among these questions is that which demands a definite understanding on all questions of wages and working conditions. Another question relates to whether manufacturers had a right to deduct bonuses from back pay due for last May and June, as they did after a ruling of the Labor Board handed down in June, making a previous increase of 10 cents per hour retroactive to May 1.

The calling of a paper mill strike in this district would tie up eleven of the largest mills in the East.

Extends Leave for Pollus.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Premier Clemenceau has decided to grant an extension of leave to soldiers. The men at the front will receive every four months twenty days' leave instead of ten days, while the soldiers in the interior will get ten days off instead of seven.

Tardieu Returns to France.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Captain André Tardieu, head of the Commission for Franco-American War Matters, has arrived in France from the United States. On the same vessel were a number of Swiss journalists returning from a mission to the United States.

Italian Commissioner in Turkey.

ROME, Nov. 19.—Count Carlo Sforza, former Italian Minister to China, has arrived at Constantinople, having been appointed High Commissioner for Italy in Turkey.

Next Week's Metropolitan Operas.

The Metropolitan next week will add four operas, "Boris," "Bohème," "Butterfly," and "Faust," to the dozen already performed or scheduled in the season's opening fortnight. Repetitions for the third week include "La Forza del Destino," with Caruso, on Thanksgiving night; "Aida" on Friday, and "Daughter of the Regiment" Saturday evening, Nov. 30.

In "Boris Godunoff" next Monday are Homer, Althouse, Didur, and others, including Mary Mellish, who makes her début. "La Bohème," Wednesday, with Aida and Crimi, will present two newcomers, Margaret Romaine and Luigi Montesanto. Farrar, Althouse, and Scotti will sing a Thanksgiving matinée, "Butterfly," and Farrar, Martinelli, and Rothier a Saturday matinée "Faust."

Max Rosen, violinist, will play at the first opera concert next Sunday night. Music, Braslau, and Kingston will sing, and Hageman will lead the orchestra.

Sidney Drews to Return to Screen.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew will return to the screen without abandoning the stage. They have signed a contract with the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation to produce one comedy a month, beginning next January, and will take producing equipment with them when they go on the road with "Keep Her Smiling," the play in which they are appearing at present.

STOKOWSKI GIVES STIRRING CONCERT

Philadelphia Orchestra Plays with Sustained Fire and Finish in Carnegie Hall.

TRIUMPH FOR MATZENAUER

She Sings with Heartfelt Passion Numbers from Chausson and Tschaikowsky.

By JAMES GIBBONS HUNEKER.

The musical coalition of Margaret Matzenauer and Leopold Stokowski at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon proved such a success that one may safely assert this first concert of the Philadelphia Orchestra to be the most stirring thus far of the season. There are orchestras elsewhere composed of better material throughout, but we know few that have played with such sustained fire as did this particular one yesterday. To be sure, Mr. Stokowski is noted for his Tschaikowsky interpretations; noted, too, for his admirable technical control of his forces and devotion to ideals not in the bright lexicon of some conductors. This blond young man has a positive gift as conductor, but, like other geniuses, when he "summons spirits from the vasty deep" they sometimes refuse to budge at his beckoning; in a word, he is a temperamental conductor, and his temperament is not always in tune with Beethoven or Brahms or Wagner. But Tschaikowsky! There his dearest critics admit his mastery.

The fourth symphony in F minor of Peter Ilyitch was chosen, and the mettle of the men from Philadelphia was fairly tested. The orchestra played with more finish than at its last appearance here during the previous season. There was a nicer adjustment of the various choirs, more euphony, finesse in transitions, a wider range of dynamics, and some excellent solo work. The massed orchestra tone is not altogether impressive; yet it is resilient, the attack is never ragged, no arpeggiation of chords, when not marked—oh, these things occur oftener than people realize—nor were there many technical slips; only one mattered, a false entrance, but so slight as almost to pass undetected, in the first movement toward the close. The first two movements were rhythmically vital, not overblown as to the coloring the favorite pizzicati in the scherzo were daintily delivered, though the trio revealed weak spots in wood and brass. The finale had the Cossack fury dear to this Russian. Stokowski, who is economical of gesture, secured a rousing climax and won whirlwind applause.

This Polish-Celt from London is always interesting, even when you radically disagree with his readings. And his musicianship is not to be challenged.

Margaret Matzenauer was magnificent. The sense of magnificence, of opulence, of a nature endowed with all the musical and dramatic gifts, is felt when she comes before her audience. Add to this, personal beauty, the type we call Oriental, though it may be found in Spain, or on the coast of Galway, and—described in the Song of Songs. Such a combination of voice and presence would be positively oppressive in any woman who had not the directing artistic intelligence of Mme. Matzenauer. She is thinner than last year, but her voice is nothing if not richer. It was poured out with heartfelt passion controlled by her beautiful art. This supreme Dalila, Amneris, Fides, was also Isolde, Brangaene, Brünnhilde, Kundry; for she sang in French Ernest Chausson's "Poème de l'Amours et de la Mer"—the first number, "La Fleur des Eaux," which might be described as a pocket edition of two or three scenes from Richard Wagner. Chausson, a talented Frenchman, who met an accidental death, was impregnated by Wagner's music, above all saturated with Wagner's orchestral coloring. We hear more than fragments of the Fire Scene from "The Valkyries," from "Tristan and Isolde," from "Parsifal," and as a climax, that climax of climaxes, the last page of the Immolation Scene from "The Twilight of the Gods."

Matzenauer sang with overwhelming passion in this number, and, in the last, "La Mort de l'Amour," she contrived to infuse a grief that was both tragic and tender. She also sang three songs by Tschaikowsky, orchestrated by Mr. Stokowski, in Russian. The Cradle Song was a fine bit of pathos, and in the Scythian passion of "He Loved Me So"—a sloppy title by the way—she was the Margaret Matzenauer we all know and admire. Just now, in a period of squalling or moaning with the mouth full of mush, the singing of this woman carries us back to the glorious days of Lilli Lehmann and Milka Ternina. An innovation was her solo singing of the National Anthem, scored by Stokowski. Another was the use of the footlights, which was trying to the singer's eyes. The afternoon closed with a brilliant performance of Svendsen's "Carnival in Paris," which showed the virtuoso pacer of the band. In the Chausson poem, the eloquent obligato of Hans Kindler, the young Dutch 'cellist, was greatly enjoyed by the large audience. Conductor Stokowski's accompaniments were nearly ideal. Score one for the Quaker City team!

Say Man Jumped from Bridge.

Two persons reported to the police yesterday that they had seen a man climb the parapet of the south promenade of the Manhattan Bridge and jump into the East River. They described the man as about 30 years old, five feet six inches tall, weighing 150 pounds. He was thought to be an Italian. No trace has been found of the body.

Explosion Kills French Children.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—While a party of children were passing through a field in the Department of the North on Monday they came upon a box of British ammunition. When they attempted to open it there was a heavy explosion. Four were killed and a number injured.

ALDERMEN TAKE UP TICKET SPECULATION

Ordinance Introduced Fixing Advance at 50 Cents and Annual License Fee at $250.

PENALTIES MADE SEVERE

Fine of $500 May Be Imposed, Besides Six Months in Prison—Swann Meets Theatrical Men.

Alderman Thomas A. Williams introduced in the Board of Aldermen yesterday an ordinance aimed to end unreasonable theatre ticket speculation, and District Attorney Edward Swann held a conference with theatre managers and ticket agents in his office in the Criminal Courts Building. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss contemplated action to protect the public. Representatives of all the principal theatre managers in the city were present.

Alf Hayman told Mr. Swann that the statement that agencies sold from 80 to 95 per cent. of all theatre tickets was untrue, as was the statement that ticket brokers had financed theatrical managers. In reply to a question Mr. Hayman said the Empire Theatre could seat 1,100 persons and that speculators did not get more than sixty-seven tickets. It was true, he said, that they can only dispose of the best seats in a house.

Mr. Swann said that he could never get a seat for a show that was worth while except through an agency, and that he had to pay much more than the ticket was worth.

"I beg to differ with you," broke in a theatrical man. "You take a musical show or something like that; you will find in New York about four or five theatres where that might happen."

The comment of the District Attorney was that perhaps he had always been unlucky. He wanted to know whether it was not a fact that after 7 o'clock it was impossible to obtain good seats at a box office. Mr. Hayman said that seats for good attractions were usually sold out before 7 o'clock.

Assistant District Attorney Edwin P. Kilroe then read the proposed ordinance, the one introduced into the Board of Aldermen. This prohibits the sale of tickets for more than 50 cents above their regular price, and provides that every speculator shall pay a license of $250 a year. The proposed penalty for violation is a fine of not more than $500 and imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

"I understand that ticket agents sometimes pay managers a premium for blocks of seats, and that the managers charge them 25 cents more for each ticket than the price printed on the ticket. Would this ordinance prevent that?" asked Mr. Swann.

"No, it would not, because you could have a $2 ticket and simply stamp it $2.25, and then, of course, the agent could charge the public $2.75 apiece," said Mr. Hayman.

Another theatrical man said that if compelled to print the price on the ticket, it would be impossible to print another price on tickets that went to speculators. Mr. Jonas, who has been a ticket agent for forty years, said the theatrical managers were to blame for conditions through forcing "buy outs."

"That's the whole evil that forces out the smaller agents," he said. "I have to go to Mr. Tyson or Mr. McBride to buy tickets and pay the full price, and, of course, I have to charge my customers for my time and other expenses. If it was not that the managers are forcing these 'buy outs,' the public could get tickets."

"It is the ticket men who are forcing 'buy outs,'" Mr. Hayman said. He added that agencies did not buy out poor shows. He said he once sold $88,000 worth of tickets for sixteen weeks in advance, and the buyer had put up a bond not to sell above 50 cents of the cost price.

After the meeting several of the agents went to Mr. Kilroe and told him that the enforcement of the proposed ordinance would put many men out of business. They declared the margin of profit allowed would not cover the heavy overhead expenses.

"Why did you not bring this matter up at the meeting?" asked Mr. Kilroe.

"We are not cutting our own throats," replied William J. Fallon. "If we had brought that matter up we would not have been able in the future to obtain tickets at any price."

The Board of Aldermen referred the ordinance to the Welfare Committee.

THE TOLLEFSEN TRIO.

The first concert of the Tollefsen Trio this season was given at Aeolian Hall last night under the auspices of the American-Scandinavian Society. The members of the Trio are Mme. Schnabel-Tollefsen, pianist; Carl H. Tollefsen, violin; Michael Penha, violoncellist. The program was entirely Scandinavian—a well-played trio by Lange-Muller in F minor, which did not reveal much of the Northern idiom followed by two movements of a sonata for violin and piano by Sjoegren. The allegretto scherzando of this composition is individual, with its persistent reiteration of a figure which sounded like an interrogation. The sonata (Opus 24) was played with much fire and freedom by the Tollefsens.

Mme. Tollefsen then interpreted Grieg's G minor Ballade, with its ingenious variations. She is an excellent pianist, with well-trained fingers and musical temperament. Her color range is rather narrow. The triceps, which Richard Epstein knows how to develop so well, are in her case not fully employed. However, in rapid passage work her speed and accuracy are commendable. It was with a pearly touch that she deftly rippled off a charming trifle as an encore, presumably a study by Ole Olsen, a composer who writes characteristically for the instruments. The last list played a group of solos, and the pleasant musical evening closed with Gade's trio, "Novellen." Its music seems now as academic as Mendelssohn at his most academic.

UTILITIES CONTROL CENTRE OF ATTACK

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

mittees from serving on any other committee. The Nebraska Senator intends bringing it up later, but in the meantime there is a prospect of its being tempered so as to make it less objectionable to the Republican leaders. The resolution is aimed primarily at Senator Penrose and other regulars, who not only expect important Chairmanships, but insist upon remaining as members of other great committees.

Penrose to Fight.

Before the Senate meets in December, however, there is going to be some diplomatic work done by the Republican leaders, and they are hopeful that, after all, the Progressive element will not try to break up the contemplated party organization in the new Senate. Republican leaders feel that Senator Penrose is entitled to the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee, and Mr. Penrose shows no disposition to yield to sentiment in his party that he withdraw his claim.

Senator Borah, who was reported to have written a letter to Chairman Hays of the Republican National Committee in behalf of ten Progressive Senators protesting against the scheme of putting Mr. Penrose at the head of the Finance Committee, indicated today that he had written no such letter, but he declined to go into any discussion of the move of the Progressive wing. Not all the Progressives stand with Mr. Borah in his attitude against Mr. Poindexter. It is believed that before the Senate reconvenes in December, after its two weeks recess, a workable understanding may be reached on the Penrose incident, by which Mr. Penrose may be accepted by the Progressives in return for concessions to be made to them.

HURRY CALL FOR HAYS.

Chairman Goes to Washington to Quell Republican Row.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, started for Washington last night in response to a hurry call from Republicans in the United States Senate. Chairman Hays has been asked to iron out the differences between Old Guard Republicans and the Progressives.

It will be one of the most delicate tasks a National Chairman has ever undertaken. In the case of Mr. Hayes, it will be doubly delicate from the fact that Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, over whose aspirations to become Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee—a position to which he is entitled through seniority—the recent nubbub has arisen was largely instrumental in bringing about the election of Mr. Hays to his present position of honor and large influence. The Progressive Republicans, led by Senator Borah of Idaho, have united to prevent Senator Penrose from landing the Chairmanship of Finance and have declared that rather than to have that happen they would let the Democrats retain control of the Senate organization. As there will be 47 Democrats and 49 Republicans, a bare Republican majority of two in the next Senate, Republican control of the important committees is endangered unless Mr. Hays should contrive to swerve the progressive Republicans from their program.

The Board of Aldermen referred the ordinance to the Welfare Committee.

PLAY TO AID WAR ORPHANS.

Stage Women's Relief to Produce "When a Feller Needs a Friend."

In aid of the War Orphans of the Allies the Stage Women's War Relief will begin a drive for funds on Dec. 1 at the New Amsterdam Theatre with the production of a new play by Harvey O'Higgins and Harriet Ford. The play is entitled "When a Feller Needs a Friend," after the cartoons of Claire Briggs. It will be staged by Arthur Hopkins, and after it has had its opening here it will be sent throughout the counry for production by amateur societies, colleges, and schools, all the proceeds to go to the relief of the war orphans.

The play will have a single presentation in New York by a cast including Charlotte Walker, Janet Beecher, Helen Westley, Florine Arnold, Shelley Hull, H. B. Warner, Robert Edeson, Maclyn Arbuckle, Tim Murphy, and O. P. Heggie.

The drive has the indorsement of President Wilson, who in a letter to the Stage Women's War Relief Society says: "It is a novel idea that promises a very high degree of effectiveness, and I am glad to give it my heartiest approval and support." Other letters of commendation have been received from Robert Lansing, Secretary of State; Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, and Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior. The Bureau of Public Information has given its support with its advertising privileges.

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BELASCO West 44th Street. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents DADDIES

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GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. JULIA SANDERSON—JOSEPH CAWTHORN SAM HARDY in "THE CANARY" DOYLE & DIXON

Wise Fools CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies GLORIANNA with ELEANOR PAINTER

VANDERBILT West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."

GEO. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:30. M. POP. MAT TODAY, 2:30. LAST 6 TIMES OF THE SAUCY STAR MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS."

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MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Popular Matinee Today BEST SEATS $1 DAVID WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER." Prices 25c to $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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WHAT WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED?

"ABRAM S. HEWITT," said Mr. TILDEN, "is never in doubt until he has made up his mind." Having made up his mind to go to France, President WILSON will now have time for doubt and reconsideration. The people of the country respectfully assent to his decision; we are sure they regret it. They recognize the force of his reasoning, that at the outset of the discussion of peace conditions his presence "is necessary in order to obviate "the manifest disadvantages of discussion by cable in determining the "greater outlines of the final treaty." But are those disadvantages really so great that they altogether outweigh the objections to his going?

Nobody denies that the coming peace conference will transcend in importance any congress of nations ever held. So great a council would be worthy of anybody's attendance. That is not the whole point. Mr. WILSON, it appears, is not to sit in the conference; he will take part only in the preliminary discussion of terms with the Allies. The final treaty will be a vital instrument; it will profoundly affect the future peace and welfare of the world. But will the terms of the treaty, the nature of the resolves taken, be vitally affected by the fact of Mr. WILSON'S presence or absence during the preliminary consideration of them? That is the real question. Will the difference between the treaty as it will be if he attends and the treaty as it might be should he not attend be so great as to make it worth while that this Government send to Paris, not delegates, not commissioners, but one of its three independent and co-ordinate Departments? That is worthy of serious consideration.

The Constitution declares in Article II. that "the executive power shall be "vested in a President of the United "States of America." It declares in Article I. that "all legislative powers "herein granted shall be vested in a "Congress of the United States, which "shall consist of a Senate and House "of Representatives." In Article III. it declares that "the judicial power "of the United States shall be vested "in one Supreme Court, and any such "inferior courts as the Congress may "from time to time ordain and establish." These are the three Departments of this Government, executive, legislative, and judicial. Nobody would listen for a moment to the suggestion that the Legislative Department, the Senate and House of Representatives, should go to Paris for a discussion of peace terms. It would never be proposed that the Judicial Department of the Government should depart on a similar errand. Yet the Executive Department, that branch of the Government the powers of which are vested in the President, announces that it will absent itself from the country, that it will take its seat with the delegates or commissioners or representatives of other Governments to discuss the terms of the treaty. Delegates would meet the power that appoints delegates. We do not know how equality could be presumed or imagined at such a council. We do not see how any other of the contracting Powers could establish equality by any possible correlative choice of its representation.

The greatness of the occasion might warrant even this astonishing departure from custom, but does the potential difference in result warrant it? It will be admitted that "discussion by cable" has its "manifest disadvantages." These obstacles to understanding and agreement have existed throughout the war, they have been overcome. There is a very widespread impression that in determining the conditions of the final treaty they will not prove to be so nearly insurmountable as to make it worth while for us to send, not delegates or commissioners, but a Department of the Government to the conference. Has the President so little confidance in his judgment in the choice of men for these high errands that he must needs go himself?

BULGARIAN KULTUR.

The account of the massacre perpetrated at Vranja, in Serbia, by the Bulgarian army of occupation, sent by Mr. WARD PRICE, is indeed, as he says, "a story of cold-blooded butchery without equal, even in this war." The systematic massacre of some 3,000 men, taken out in parties of fifty or so every night, and butchered in a mountain ravine—all for the crime of being Serbians in a country which Bulgaria wanted—is supplemented by the wholesale outrage of women and by the roasting of peasants over slow fires to make them reveal the whereabouts of hidden arms. It is without equal, indeed; but the fragmentary news which we have had from other regions occupied by the Bulgars makes it seem not unlikely that there will be others to equal it when the full truth is known.

Stories of these events are what the Bulgarian Minister, in a letter published last Sunday, sees fit to call "hackneyed vituperations." Such tales, he says, have been spread about the Bulgarians in previous wars. But the evidence of Bulgarian cruelties in this war, coming in from many sources, including British correspondents such as Mr. PRICE, and American correspondents such as Mr. WILLIAM G. SHEPHERD, can hardly be dismissed by this argument; indeed, the evidence now available makes it seem likely that the old stories were true, that the Bulgar in 1913 was what he is today.

It is a horrible story, but Americans may read it with profit. Correspondents have told us that the Bulgarians refuse to admit that they were beaten in the war; though they surrendered only when their army was on the verge of destruction, they seem to think that the Allies should give them as a present the conquests they could not win by arms. Their attitude is very much the same as Dr. SOLF'S, but their propaganda is more energetic in this country than anything at SOLF'S command. When the Peace Conference comes, they are going to claim much if not all of Macedonia as Bulgarian; and they have tried to make it Bulgarian by butchering the men and violating the women who were inconsiderate enough to be Serbians in a territory where Bulgarian propagandists have argued that there is no Serbian population.

QUIET—AT PRESENT.

Just after the Russian Revolution the world made the mistake of thinking that it was all over. Just after the banishment of NAPOLEON to Elba the world made the same mistake; and so it has done in various other apparent settlements of plaguy questions. It may be that it is making the same mistake in the matter of the submissive retirement of the person ostentatiously referred to as "Mr. WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN" in the dispatches. He may be as dead and gone as he seems to be, but on the other hand he may not; and in our opinion it is desirable to keep in mind the possibility that he may not, even while acting on the general theory that he is.

The German people are not Bolsheviki by nature, nor are they democrats or republicans by nature. They have been brought up by hand ever since the days of the Grand Elector. We have a loose way of talking about how they have been depending on the Kaiser "for forty years"; why, the Prussians have been depending on him for over two hundred years. The only new thing in the matter of dependence that came in forty years ago was the dependence on him of all the German States which hitherto had been depending on him or the Austrian Emperor or their own Kings. The Prussian was taken by the scruff of his neck by the Grand Elector, FREDERICK WILLIAM, and FREDERICK the Great and fairly poured into his clothes until he was the exact model previously designed by those princely tailors; it was the same thing PETER the Great undertook to do for Russia, less successfully.

All of a sudden the German is deprived of his Little Father. Trained for generations to obey orders, he has nobody to obey except a fly-by-night Cabinet that is too much like himself to respect. What there is of Bolshevism proceeds to disport itself, to the great distaste of the general German, except in the case of Dr. SOLF, who exaggerates the case for the purpose of getting the armistice modified. The soldiers, in this or that city, take hold of things and put down the rioting—almost mechanically, as if obeying some subconscious trait. Next we read that 100 regiments demand the immediate convocation of a Constituent Assembly; they want somebody to obey, and want it right away.

Meanwhile the new Government's first act was to appoint HINDENBURG commander of the army. His sword is at its service, he says. The army would probably obey HINDENBURG anyway, but thus doubly constituted commander there is no doubt about its obeying him. HINDENBURG was always loyal to the Kaiser, even when the Kaiser was not loyal to him, as in the case of his dispute with LUDENDORFF, when HINDENBURG wanted to surrender and LUDENDORFF, we are told, insisted on going on. The appointment of HINDENBURG is somewhat as if, on the expulsion of NAPOLEON to Elba, the new French Government should have appointed Marshal NEY commander of all the armies of France.

There is no resemblance, however, between Elba and Maastricht. NAPOLEON was exiled to Elba, but WILLIAM went to Holland of his own free will, and though he "signified his desire to abdicate," there has not yet been produced a single scrap of writing from him with the word "abdication" in it. He has gone a few miles away from Germany to watch events. He can stay there till after the Peace Conference is over. Then, whatever Germany—meaning the soldiers, who are all the power there is in Germany—may decide to do, the Allies will have no right to interfere with it; and, with their disbanded armies, no power.

What will Germany decide to do? Proclaim a Republic? If "Mr. HOHENZOLLERN" has any plan in his mind, that will not interfere with it. He says his models are FREDERICK II., CHARLES V., and THEODORIC the Ostrogoth; but he is not above taking a hint from NAPOLEON. In 1848 France had a revolution and drove its King off the throne; it even declared the Second Republic. LOUIS NAPOLEON was further away from France than WILLIAM is now from Germany. He crossed the Channel, declared himself a candidate for President, was elected. Then he declared himself Emperor of France, stationed his soldiers at the right points so that there should be no serious opposition, and became NAPOLEON III. France is a very different country from docile, soldier-ridden Germany, with its passion for obedience, and yet President BONAPARTE'S translation of himself into Emperor NAPOLEON was almost bloodless.

It is no wonder that Holland is reported as getting uneasy over WILLIAM'S presence. So will the world be, before long.

"WAR" PROHIBITION.

After long struggle and wrangling the Food Stimulation bill with the Jones Prohibition Amendment, successor to the Gore Amendment, finally attached as a "rider," has been licked into a shape on which the House and the Senate agree. Only the President's veto can save the country from a dishonest, hypocritical, and superfluous law. The Drys could not wait for the ratification of the Prohibition Amendment although they profess to believe that its ratification is certain. They had to impose "war prohibition" upon the country. A reading of only a part of this Jones Amendment is sufficient to indicate its beautiful sincerity:

> After June 30, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States, for the purpose of conserving the man power of the nation and to increase efficiency in the production of arms, munitions, ships, food, and clothing for the army and navy, it shall be unlawful to sell for beverage purposes any distilled spirits.

The reasons alleged have ceased to exist. The Drys themselves confessed that these reasons were humbug, and the description of the bill as a "war measure" was a myth, when, at the request of Mr. WILSON, they substituted June 30, 1919, for Jan. 1, 1919, the original date for the outlawry of rum and its cousins. After June 30, 1919, until the end of the war and demobilization not only distilled spirits but beer, wine, or other malt or vinous liquor shall not be sold for beverage purposes, except for export. That which biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder may sting and bite in foreign parts. In view of the multitude of our soldiers abroad this negligence of the Drys seems curious.

After May 1,1919, till the end of the war and demobilization, no grains, fruits, cereal, and so on may be used to make beer or wine. There is a provision forbidding the importation of strong and mild drink, after the approval of the act, until the end of demobilization. The insertion of the words "except wines, which may be imported until May 1, 1919," meets the objection to the original amendment that it was a violation of the "most favored nation" clause in our treaties.

It was estimated by the economists of the House and Senate that from $900,000,000 to $1,000,000,000 of revenue would be thrown away by the plunge into prohibition. Apparently nobody in Congress cares longer about a little trifle like that. Thus the Jones Amendment arises from false pretenses, and ends, if it is permitted to become a law, in steeper taxation.

The bill, cunningly devised, would put it into the power of the President or his successor to extend prohibition indefinitely during his term. Demobilization is like to be a leisurely proceeding, anyway. Until it is ended completely and its end officially proclaimed by the President, the Jones Amendment and prohibition are to prevail. For the ostensible purpose of promoting efficiency in war, the country is to be dry as long as possible in peace. A tax stimulation amendment in a food stimulation bill. Doubtless a good many of the men who voted for it weakly tried to unload their responsibility on Mr. WILSON, and would like to see him veto it. Prohibition as a war necessity would have been accepted by the country ungrudgingly. Prohibition as a war measure, enacted by Congress after the actual, if not formal, end of the war, stands or wabbles on a very different footing.

GOVERNMENT'S TRADING ACCOUNTS.

In his letter to Postmaster General BURLESON Mr. MACKAY refers to the fact that the Government has undertaken to pay to the Western Union Telegraph Company more than it is earning, "which would indicate that "the year ending July 31, 1919, will "show a loss to the Government in "connection with that company of at "least $2,326,068." To which must be added whatever loss is made in connection with the Postal Company, whose compensation is not yet fixed, and the American Telephone Company. The express companies' finances are in a worse state, and will not be relieved by an increase of rates which is immediately converted into an increase of costs. No one can say how the Government will come out with its railway adventure until the war accounts are adjusted, and until the plans for making the temporary arrangement permanent are further developed, but it is plain that there is a pretty quarrel developing between the Postmaster General and the Director General. Their interests conflict in the manner indicated by the working out of the railway mail pay case.

When it was proposed to pay the railways for the carriage of the mails by the footage of the mail cars rented instead of by the tonnage of the mails carried, the Post Office declared that it would increase the estimated pay of the railways by over three million dollars. The real figures are now known through the hearings before the Court of Claims. During the life of the footage plan of payment "the "annual rate of compensation to the "railroads had been reduced from "$64,447,982 to $52,182,052." How long will the Director General allow the Post Office to make profits at the loss of the railways? How long will the Director General run the express companies at a loss in competition with the parcel post? When times are normal, and costs of private business are re-examined in connection with the reduction of war profits, how long will private business endure that rates shall be increased and accommodations reduced in order that Government may undertake trading responsibilities on a basis of costs to it, and charges to its customers which would not have been endured when the businesses taken over were managed by private capital?

War finance is a matter limited to war, and wars do end. There is no end to the Government ownership responsibilities which the country is being led into under conditions not deserving the name of fair play. The war was over before the country was confronted with the belated and unnecessary taking over of the cable service under a Presidential order not published at its date. The Postmaster General announced yesterday a cut in the telegraph rates which will not go far to allay the country's dislike of the manner in which the thing was done, apart from the merits. Those aware of the result of such experiments elsewhere know how deceptive such reductions of rates are. The British Post Office telegraph service has been run at a loss for forty-four years. The sixpenny telegrams are delivered at a cost of 22 cents. The sender pays 12 cents, sixpence, and the taxpayer 10 cents. It overtasks credulity to believe that the Post Office, which never has made a profit on any commercial calculation, and which is usually run at a loss on its own statement, can possibly reduce rates. The pretense is an insult to intelligence.

Also it was announced yesterday that the Government's loss on the railways had been reduced from the half billion which had been feared to $200,000,000 for nine months. The railway accounts are better kept, and the ground is firmer here. But there is a factor not in the accounts. Under Government operation the fixing of rates and wages is a matter of politics rather than economics, and there is a prospect that the railway finance will be assimilated to the British telegraph finance instanced above. Then there are those who are pressing that our new mercantile marine, built for war purposes, shall be operated in peace as a public utility, with the Furuseth act controlling costs. These operations are on a scale rivaling that of the war, and surpassing it if time is considered in the calculation. Before another step is taken in the direction in which we are headed respecting public operation of public utilities, there should be an extension of the regulation of private finance to public finance. There is nothing political in the suggestion. There is no opposition to public operation in that. It is mere business common sense. Those who oppose it condemn public operation in advance, and afford an opportunity to say that they do not believe their own arguments. If they honestly believed their claims of profits they would neglect no opportunity of proving them. A claim to public support on the basis of blessings provided by taxes in fact, and concealed by juggling accounts, cannot be allowed except by those who are deceived, and like it.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Triumph of Science.

Only one intimation has been given as yet with regard to the nature of the invention or discovery by which radio telegraphy is to be freed of the well-recognised imperfections which hitherto have seriously reduced both its trustworthiness and its efficiency. This cautious and intentionally vague revelation consists of the statement that the improvement is effected by "the use of a number of circuits." That tells nothing to the uninitiate in the science of electricity, and not much, it safely can be suspected, to those who know something about its mysteries.

The news, however, coming from the source it does, must be accepted as true. The interferences of the so-called static conditions, and those which have been created when several stations were operating in the same field, have been overcome by a device which is compared by the experts to the "loading coil" of Professor Pupin and therefore is presumably of like simplicity. As a result, not only will the services of wireless be available in all states of the atmosphere, and equally well by day as at night, but there will be no more unintelligibility due to the simultaneous sending of several messages from as many stations.

Incidentally, enormously tall—and enormously expensive—"aerials" will no longer be necessary for the sending of long distance dispatches, and the amount of energy, which is the same thing as saying the amount of coal, required for the sending of both long and short distance dispatches will be reduced by half.

Its Field Greatly Enlarged.

From an advance in the control of etheric waves such as has been announced many and great consequences can confidently be expected. While it would be far from true to call small or unimportant the achievements already credited to wireless telegraphy, its limitations have been many—quite numerous enough to have made possible the continued and successful competition with it of the land and ocean lines conducted in the older and humbler manner. From one point of view, what has been done seems to be the attainment of that "tuning" of sending and receiving instruments of which there has been much talk ever since wireless came into use. That this tuning was possible has always been asserted, but in practice it was not done, or at any rate only to a degree far from sufficient for the elimination of "interferences" either natural or artificial, innocent or malicious.

If this problem has been solved, and the Marconi officials must know whether it has been or not, there is no obvious reason why "wireless" should not become the world's chief and favorite method of rapid communication between widely separated places. To say that it will become the only one would be more than rash.

Sailors Will Wish Him Well.

There is no difficulty in understanding Mr. HURLEY'S anxiety about the manning of his new ships. It is one that is shared in all maritime circles, but in those circles there will not be his confidence in the possibility of competing successfully for the world's ocean commerce while our shipping laws continue to compel the payment of wages higher than are paid by other nations and the maintenance on shipboard of living conditions for sailors as much better than common custom provides.

Mr. HURLEY seems to recognize that our shipping laws cannot easily be changed to coincide with those that prevail abroad, and his hope is that, as we are not likely to adopt the low foreign standards, the foreigners may be persuaded or forced to adopt our high ones. That would be a fine solution of the problem, and a desirable one, too, for it would be far from easy to give any good reason why sailors should not have some approach to the comforts and decencies upon which land laborers now insist, and it is by no means certain that to give them such treatment would increase, in the end, the cost of ocean carriage. Better quarters would attract a better class of men, and so break through the vicious circle which for so long has prevailed in determining who shall go to sea and how they shall live.

Immediate shipping profits, however, do not lie that way, and ship owners as a class are resentful of suggestions from landsmen.

Discipline Broken Too Soon.

From many of the training camps come reports of lowered morale—not of lowered morality, but of a decreased willingness to submit to rigors of discipline the necessity of which the recruits can no longer see. They know that they are not going abroad and that they are soon to return to civil life. Naturally enough they fret under restrictions hitherto cheerfully endured, and they assume too readily that infractions of military law will no longer be punished with the old severity.

The form the change in spirit most often takes is that of overstaying leave. That is, of course, a serious offense, as it very easily turns into the culminating crime of the soldier, desertion. That anybody is going to be shot for it nobody believes, but the penalty may still be a term of imprisonment, emphasized by the dishonorable discharge which will so deeply disgrace those upon whom it is inflicted.

The men in the camps, as a rule, have conducted themselves so extremely well that present slackness is especially lamentable. It turns a good record into a bad one, and takes away much of the credit earned by patriotic and unselfish service.

Religion and New States.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE NEW YORK TIMES of yesterday there appeared in a series of editorials a forecast of a possible political arrangement of Central Europe. In describing the situation the writer prefixed the adjective "Catholic" to some of the South German States and the adjective "Lutheran" to the Junkers of Prussia. While it might seem that this designation only applied to the population, it savors of a political distinction made on a religious basis. Such adjectives have no place in characterising the problems of readjustment in Europe. They must be made on a just basis of the actual political demand, with no regard to any religious affiliation. Can it be that any Church has planned to control the European political situation? Are we to infer that a group of South German States is to be formed on the basis of the Catholic faith? Such an occurrence would be a calamity and would revive old prejudices and raise new difficulties. Believing as we do in the freedom of the State, it is very unwise to suggest any reconstruction which has the flavor of religious domination.

Again, you are not correct in calling the Prussian Junkers Lutheran. They belong to the Prussian State Church, which calls itself Evangelical. As early as 1817 the Prussian State merged the Reformed and Lutheran Churches into one State Church in the interest of the control of the Government. In many cases the faith of those in the Prussian Church is not distinctively Lutheran. It is a very peculiar thing that the historical misstatement about Prussia being Lutheran is constantly repeated here in America. JOHN A. W. HAAS,
President of Muhlenberg College.
New York, Nov. 18, 1918.

NOT THE POLES IN FRANCE.

That Army Never Made Any Agreement with Germans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a constant reader of your valuable paper for the last ten years, I take the liberty of calling your attention to an article on the editorial page, in the issue of Nov. 18, under the heading, "Poland and Her Neighbors," in which you state: "But Mr. Paderewski's memory is short; only last March the Polish Army raised by the organization which he represents concluded a treaty of alliance with the German forces in Russia."

As a close follower of Polish affairs, I beg to advise you that the Polish Army which was organised by Mr. Paderewski and the Polish Central Committee, with headquarters in Paris, fought gloriously on the French front until the signing of the armistice, and did not "conclude any treaty of alliance with the German forces in Russia."

At no time was there ever a "treaty of alliance with the Germans" entered into, in any shape or form, by Mr. Paderewski, or the organisation which he represents. In view of these circumstances and in justice to the Poles in this country, numbering 4,500,000, whom Mr. Paderewski represents, and who without a doubt are true exponents of democracy as voiced by our illustrious President Wilson, a wrong has been done our accredited leader. Mr. Paderewski and the organisation he represents have consistently fought anything Germanic from the very beginning of the war, and surely would not sanction such an absurd "treaty of alliance with the Germans."

I will appreciate very much if you will kindly publish these few remarks in your valued columns.

ROMAN L. MODRA.
New York, Nov. 19, 1918.

For a Day of Thanksgiving.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This country, in fact the greater part of the whole world, is celebrating today what The Associated Press calls "the biggest piece of news the world has known since the birth of Christ." This celebration is not only the noisiest but the most spontaneous, and, on the whole, the most generous in spirit of any within the memory of the present generation. Should not the spirit of this day be perpetuated? Would not humanity be the better for a universal holiday consecrated to international ideals, to brotherly love among peoples?

In your issue of Nov. 9 is an account of preparation being made for a Britain's Day to be celebrated on Dec. 17. The sight in the parades today of clustered flags, Italian, Greek, French, Belgian, and others, joined with the British and Americans, and the accompanying exhibition of international enthusiasm and good will, leads me to feel that our sympathies should be wider in their scope and should include more than the English-speaking peoples. Is there not a place at this season of the year for a holiday devoted to the feeling of thanksgiving and of human brotherhood, and can these feelings be associated with any event better than with that of to-day, when peace, we hope permanent, has been given to the world? GEORGE H. McKNIGHT.
Ohio State University, Columbus, Nov. 11, 1918.

Evangeline Wilbour Blashfield.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the death of Mrs. Edwin H. Blashfield New York has lost a woman of very uncommon and very precious type. Her friends were wont to say that she possessed a greater amount of knowledge about a greater number of subjects than any woman of their acquaintance. She had an inheritance of broad culture to begin with, and years of travel and association with kindred minds had enriched her store, so that she illuminated any topic of conversation not only with her own peculiar wit, grace, and distinction, but with clear vision and fine judgment. Those of us who knew and loved her (and we are many in number) will miss the stimulus of her brilliant mind and the charm of her gracious personality. I, for one, can think of no woman who can precisely fill the vacant place in our admiration and affection. KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN.
New York, Nov. 18, 1918.

"WHAT HAS ENGLAND DONE?"

Strange, that in this great hour, when Righteousness
Has won her war upon Hypocrisy,
That some there be who, lost in littleness,
And mindful of an ancient grudge, can ask:
"Now, what has England done to win this war?"
We think we see her smile that English smile,
And shrug a lasy shoulder and—just smile.
It were so little worth her while to pause
If her stupendous task to make reply.
What has she done! When with her great, gray ships,
Lithe, lean destroyers, grim, invincible,
She swept the prowling Prussian from the seas;
And, heedless of the slinking submarine,
The hidden mine, the Hun-made treacheries,
Her transports plied the waters ceaselessly!
You ask what she has done? Have you forgot
That 'neath the burning suns of Palestine
She fought and bled, nor wearied of the fight
Till from that land where walked the Nazarene
She drove the foul and pestilential Turk?
Ah, what has England done! No need to ask!
Upon the fields of Flanders and of France
A million crosses mark a million graves;
Upon each cross a well-loved English name.
And, ah, her women! On that peaceful Isle,
Where in the hawthorn hedges thrushes sang,
And meadow-larks made gay the scented air,
Now blackened chimneys rear their grimy heads,
Smoke-belching, and the frightened birds have fled
Before the thunder of the whirring wheels.
Behind unlovely walls, amid the din,
Seven times a million noble women toil—
With tender, unaccustomed fingers toil,
Nor dream that they have played a hero's part.
Great-hearted England, we have fought the fight
Together, and our mingled blood has flowed.
Full well we know that underneath that mask
Of cool indifference there beats a heart
Grim as your own gaunt ships when duty calls,
Yet warm and gentle as your Summer skies!
A *Nation's* heart that beats throughout a land
Where kings may be beloved, and Monarchy
Can teach Republics how they may be free.
Ah! What has England done? When came the call,
She counted not the cost, but *gave her all!*

VILDA SAUVAGE OWENS.

THANK AMERICANS FOR AID.

Queen Elizabeth and Mme. Joffre Send Messages of Gratitude.

Letters from Queen Elizabeth of Belgium and Mme. Joffre, wife of the Marshal of France, thanking Americans for their aid to the stricken peoples of Belgium and the invaded districts of France were given out yesterday by John Moffat, Executive Chairman of the French Heroes Lafayette Memorial Fund, Inc., and the National Allied Relief Committee.

"It is not only our personal voice which thanks you for your generous gift," wrote Mme. Joffre. "It is an entire people freed from the outrage of barbarism. This people knows that its liberation is due to united efforts, striving with a single heart. For the last fifty months our nation has been suffering with courage, but it had the pride of being helped by your noble country, which in many ways and indefatigably has relieved the distress caused by the war, and this during the hour when the twin colors of our glorious flags have mingled on the battlefield.

"Today the harvest is ripe, and America can measure its value by our joy for deliverance. We could not say more. Please accept the expression of our infinite gratitude."

Queen Elizabeth, through her secretary, replied that she "was impressed by the amount of the funds that you collected" and that "this magnificent result does honor to both the generosity of your compatriots and to your charitable zeal."

2-CENT FARE FOR SOLDIERS.

Government Provides Reduced Rate for Discharged Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Director General McAdoo authorized a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. in the current railway coach fare for soldiers returning to their homes after being discharged from the army, thereby making the rate to them approximately 2 cents a mile. The law allows 3½ cents a mile for transportation and sustenance of soldiers, and the action taken today is intended to make certain that soldiers will not be required to pay any part of the expense of returning to their homes after being discharged from the army.

Mr. McAdoo estimates that the total reduction of railroad revenue resulting from this arrangement will be approximately $12,000,000. If the discharged soldiers request sleeping-car accommodations, they will pay the additional charge of approximately one-half cent a mile in tourist cars, which is the type of sleeping car which will be generally used. This is expected to leave the soldiers an adequate amount to pay for their meals while going home.

Until further notice the reduced fares will be applicable to all discharged soldiers, as well as to the 182,000 men stationed at the fourteen camps throughout the country, and who are to be immediately demobilized by the War Department and honorably discharged.

CHARGES ARMY PARTIALITY.

Senators Investigate Awards and Legal Action May Follow.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Charges of partiality in awards of army contracts for enameled ware to the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh and other cities are under investigation by a Senate Military sub-committee, and phases of the testimony touching acts of Major J. C. McCubbin of the Quartermaster Corps have been referred to the War Department.

Testimony, taken in executive session, virtually is completed, and Senator McKellar of Tennessee, Chairman, announced today that a report would be submitted soon after the next session of Congress convenes. Senator McKellar also said that certain phases of the information developed might be referred to the Department of Justice.

The charges, brought principally by officers of the United States Sanitary Manufacturing Company and other competitors of the Standard concern, are, according to sworn testimony made public today by Senator McKellar, generally denied by Theodore Ahrens, President of the company; Francis J. Torrance of Pittsburgh, his partner, and others involved.

PALESTINE NEEDS AID.

Refugees There Lack Clothing with Cold Weather Near.

An epidemic of pneumonia, according to the Zionist Organization of America, is threatening the population of Galilee, who are facing cold weather in a practically naked condition. The same danger confronts the hundreds of refugees who are returning from Galilee to Jerusalem and Jaffa, whither they had fled to escape the wrath of the Turks. An urgent cable for immediate action has been received by the organization from E. W. Lewin-Epstein, manager of the American Zionist Medical Unit.

In view of the fact that it is almost impossible to purchase any clothing in Palestine, the Zionist Organization of America appeals for contributions of clothing for men, women, and children for immediate shipment. Such contributions should be sent to the Palestine Supplies Department, 74 Fifth Avenue.

BOYS 16 TO 18 MUST ENROLL

Whitman Issues Call to Youths Under State Training Law.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—New York boys between the ages of 16 and 18 inclusive were summoned by Governor Whitman in a formal proclamation issued today to enroll on Dec. 3 for military training under the State military law. The enrollment will be carried out with the co-operation of the State Education Department, and will be conducted by school teachers at all public schoolhouses.

In his proclamation Governor Whitman said:

"With the coming of peace, the varied training contemplated by this act becomes more important than ever through its interpretation as a universal selective training program, instilling in our youth a sense of responsibility to the State in time of peace as well as in time of war, and preparing them to meet this responsibility intelligently and effectively, not only through the lessons of good hygiene, correct personal bearing, discipline, and obedience to properly constituted authority, so prominent in military drill, but also by emphasizing the importance of vocational training which may be of service to the State."

Unless the boys enroll they will not be permitted to attend school nor to obtain employment certificates.

TO HOLD A VICTORY SERVICE

Cathedral Ceremonies in Honor of Europe's Liberated Nationalities.

A victory service in honor of the liberated nationalities of Europe will be held on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Amsterdam Avenue and 110th Street. Representatives of the freed nations will be present to take part in the service. Soldiers of each of the nations will act as standard bearers. About 200 Czechoslovaks in national costume are expected to take part in the service. The speakers will be President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University and Dean Howard C. Robbins of the cathedral.

The service will be held for members of all denominations without regard to sect or religion. Among the nationalities whose representatives are expected to attend are the Poles, Czechoslovaks, Ukrainians, Uhro-Russians, Croatians, Slovenians, Serbians, Italians, Zionists, Unredeemed Greeks, Albanians, and Rumanians. A solemn Te Deum will be sung at the close of the service.

Among those asked to attend are Bishop Luther B. Wilson, Mgr. Mooney, Mgr. M. J. Lavelle, the Rev. C. N. Woelfkin, the Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, the Rev. F. N. North, the Rev. Howard Duffield, Dr. John R. Mott, Dr. Robert S. Speer, the Rev. Frank Wynne, Rabbi S. S. Wise, Dr. Felix Adler, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, and Dr. Arthur C. McGiffert.

KING GEORGE GIVES CREDIT TO FLEET

Tells Parliament That Without Its Aid England Could Not Have Maintained War.

SETS A NEW PRECEDENT

Goes to Palace at Westminster to Meet Lords and Commoners —Has No Escort.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Another British precedent went by the board today when King George, accompanied by Queen Mary and the Prince of Wales, went to the palace at Westminster to receive and reply to the loyalty address passed by the houses of Parliament yesterday. Heretofore it had been the custom of the Parliament to go to the King on such an occasion. The royal party drove to the palace at Westminster without escort and was loudly cheered along the route.

Arriving at Westminster the King, the Queen, and the Prince of Wales went immediately to the gallery of the House of Lords, where the Commoners and the Lords, the latter with the officials of the houses in their robes of office, awaited them. The King was in morning dress. The Lord Chancellor and the Speaker of the House of Commons presented the addresses.

King George, in expressing his thanks to the House of Lords and the House of Commons, said he was glad to meet the members of Parliament and the representatives of India and the dominions beyond the seas "that we may render thanks to Almighty God for the promise of a peace, now near at hand, and that I may express to you and through you to the people whom you represent the thoughts that rise in my mind at a time so solemn."

The King said he was grateful for the spontaneous and enthusiastic expressions of loyalty and affection he had received in the metropolis and from all parts of the British Isles, as well as from every quarter of the empire. He added that during the past four years of national stress and anxiety "my support has been faith in God and confidence in my people." The King declared that in the future he would strive to the utmost to discharge the responsibility laid upon him "to uphold the honor of the empire and to promote the well-being of the peoples over whom I am called to reign."

Credits Victory to Fleet.

"After a struggle longer and far more terrible than any one could have foretold," he continued, "the soil of Great Britain remains inviolate. Our navy has everywhere held the seas, and wherever the enemy could be brought to battle it has renewed the glories of Drake and Nelson. The incessant work it has accomplished in overcoming the hidden menace of the enemy's submarines and in guarding the ships that have brought food and munitions to our shores has been less conspicuous, but equally essential to success.

"Without that work Britain might have starved, and those valiant soldiers of America, who have so much contributed to our victory, could not have found their way hither. The fleet has enabled us to win the war. In fact, without the fleet the struggle could not have been maintained, for upon the command of the sea the very existence and maintenance of our land forces have from the first depended.

"That we should have to wage this war on land had scarcely entered our thoughts until the storm actually broke upon us. But Belgium and France were suddenly invaded, and the nation rose to the emergency. Within a year an army of more than ten times the strength of that which was ready for action in August, 1914, was raised by voluntary enlistment, largely owing to the organizing genius and personal influence of Lord Kitchener, and the number of that army was afterward far more than doubled.

"These new soldiers, drawn from the civil population, have displayed a valor equal to that of their ancestors. Short as was their training, they have imitated and rivaled the prowess of the small but ever famous force which in the early weeks of the war from Mons to the Marne fought its magnificent retreat against vastly superior numbers.

Praises Dominion Troops.

"Not less prompt was the response and not less admirable the devotion to the common cause of those splendid troops which eagerly hastened to us from the Dominions overseas—men who showed themselves more than ever to be bone of our bone, inheriting all the courage and tenacity that have made Britain great. I shall ever remember how the Princes of India rallied to the cause, and with what ardor the soldiers sustained in many theatres of the war, and under conditions most diverting and exacting, the martial traditions of the race."

Proceeding, the King paid tribute to Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, to the air forces, the mercantile marine, the fishermen, munitions workers, both men and women, and to the medical units in the field and afloat. He referred to the importance of after-the-war reconstruction problems, to the necessity for liberal provision for those whose exertions by sea and land aided in bringing about the present situation, and to the necessity of perfecting machinery to avoid the risk of further international strife.

As to the future, the King said the duty was to create a better Britain.

PARIS CHILDREN'S DESIGNS.

Notable Exhibition of Wartime Drawings in Art Museum.

There is being shown in Class Room B of the Metropolitan Museum of Art an exhibition of the wartime drawings of children of the public schools of Paris which the museum considers one of the most interesting war exhibits and one of the notable exhibitions brought to the museum. It is the work of the children of the elementary schools, ranging in age from nine to sixteen, and is so well done that the designs for textiles, for wall papers, or for whatever they may be used, are entirely practical and explain the high standard of excellence the French have reached in the decorative arts as something innate in the race. There is nothing crude in the color, form, or conception of the work of the children, and they have used

GEN. BELL PRAISES HIS OLD COMMAND

Tells 306th Infantry Association That Camp Upton Soldiers Upset Traditions.

LAUDS AMERICA'S TROOPS

Letter Read Urging Promotion of Col. Vidmer, Who Inspired Greatly Fatigued Men.

The auxiliary organization and the friends of the 306th Infantry of the 77th Division crowded the auditorium of the Washington Irving High School, Seventeenth Street and Irving Place, last night to hear the recital of the experiences of several of their own wounded and to listen to an address by Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, who, as commander of Camp Upton, was in charge of the training of the 306th before it went overseas. The naval band from the U. S. S. Recruit in Union Square played during the evening, and Edna Joyce, a yeowoman in the navy, sang. Willis T. Jones, Vice President of the organization, read resolutions of appreciation for what General Bell had done for the men of the 306th, the resolutions being adopted unanimously by a standing vote.

Julien T. Davies, who is President of the auxiliary organization, opened the meeting with an account of what the organization had accomplished, and laid down plans of work for the future, mainly along the lines of presents and money for the men at the front, and relief for needy families at home. He read parts of several of the citations which have already been printed in THE TIMES, and announced that they would all be sent in printed form to every family represented in the regiment. He then read the following letter from General Wittenmyer, recommending the promotion of Colonel Vidmer, who has commanded the 306th from the time of its organization.

Headquarters 153d Inf. Brigade, A. E. F., 14th October, 1918, 8 P. M.
Commanding General, 153d Inf. Brigade,
Commanding General, 77th Division.
Recommendation for Promotion.

1. I have the honor to recommend Colonel George Vidmer for immediate appointment as a Brigadier General. Throughout this advance, as well as throughout the entire service since the war started, he has demonstrated his fitness beyond doubt. I consider his work today in taking St. Juvin, when men are tired that they would fall asleep when they halted, as being a most excellent proof of his fitness and ability as a leader. The success of the advance today in this brigade was due in a very large measure to the personal efforts of Colonel Vidmer. E. WITTENMYER,
Major General, U. S. A.

Troops Praised by General Bell.

General Bell told how when he had returned to this country in March, knowing that the 77th Division would probably be ordered overseas, he had confidently expected to go with it, and what a disappointment it was to him not to be able to do so.

"But," he said, "there are some compensations, and one of them is the privilege of standing before the friends and relatives of such an organization as is the 77th. When I saw that they had been assigned the task of taking the Argonne Forest from the Germans I knew that there was somebody else who had acquired confidence in their ability. I looked to be heard of in history for many years, and I may say from my study of it that never before in history has this forest been taken from one enemy by another. Napoleon gave it a wide berth and always marched around it. That was before it had become customary to fight in a continuous line. In this campaign the forest had to be taken by frontal attack, and the 77th had the highest possible compliment paid to it when it was selected to do the job.

"Men had to die in the attempt, and that is the pity of it, but it has been said that it makes less difference when a man dies than how he dies, and certainly these boys died in a glorious cause. A man's life should not be judged by its years, but by what it accomplishes.

"The kind of men who are fighting in our army is shown by the result of the vote taken by Mr. Fosdick in the Y. M. C. A. huts, when he asked the soldiers to name the three cardinal sins of man. Can you imagine what they were? First, cowardice; then selfishness, and, finally, conceit. That is the kind of army we have, and it is the kind of army we have always had, and I know, for I have come into intimate contact with the men in three of our minor wars. In those campaigns their bravery, their magnanimity and their thought for the comfort and welfare of women have stood out.

"War is a terrible thing, a horrible thing, and I should be the last to want war. But there are worse things than war, such as the dishonor, the violation of treaties, and such madness as the Kaiser has shown. If you look back over history you will find that the good things that we enjoy today, the big things, have been obtained through war. The Magna Charta was wrested from King John by war, the independence of the colonies was obtained by war, and the freedom of the slaves came through war. There has always been a struggle between the classes and the masses, and the classes have never granted a single right that has not had to be fought for by the masses.

"But we are not going to have any more war, and that is one reason we have to be thankful for this war. Another reason is that we are now a united nation. The rich man has discovered that the workman has a heart, and the laborer has found something sympathetic under the stovepipe hat of the millionaire. The lady in the limousine wearing a service badge now steps down to shake hands with her washerwoman because she too wears a star. We are becoming more unselfish and more human."

Story of a Wounded Sergeant.

A thrilling tale was told by Sergeant Campbell of Company B, who had just risen from his hospital bed. Campbell received sixteen wounds while on a night reconnoissance across No Man's Land.

"One night we started out after dark," said the Sergeant, "thirty of us with machine guns, trench knives, and all the rest of our offensive equipment. It took us from 9 o'clock until 10:30 to get over the mile and a half. Just as we were approaching the barbed wire the moon rose in the east. A moonlight night is a bad night for patrols. It may be all right for canoeing, but we weren't canoeing. I had three men under me with a machine gun. We settled into a shell hole and waited. We kept on waiting until 2 A. M., while the others went forward. I knew that dawn would soon be upon us, so I decided to go forward to find out what had happened to the others. Just as I rose from the hole I saw in front of us, not twenty yards away, thirty Germans lined up for action. On the right flank was an officer. I knew that because he had a pistol in his hand. Next to him was a Sergeant. I took as steady an aim as I could and then with one shot dropped the officer and another man. That did for the Germans' morale. The rest of them dropped to the ground, but we got about fifteen of them with the machine gun.

"However, they got back at us, for they threw several hand grenades, and one of them burst among us. The men with me were killed, but, although I was wounded in both legs, I managed to crawl out and to continue crawling until the light of day came. I dressed my wounds as best I could, and then started again in what I thought was the right direction, but, as if I had not had sufficient excitement, I stumbled upon a German trench. I decided that that was not the place for me, but I had to watch the course of the sun to get my bearings. Laboriously, I worked my way back, and finally got within hailing distance of the American trenches. I thanked God when I heard those voices. I called and called and finally they heard me. Out came Lieutenant Packer with three Sergeants. I was so stiff that I could move no further. They had to carry me, but even then they put a couple of 45's to my head before they would believe I was an American. That was on July 24, and I got out of bed for the first time this morning."

HOSTS TO EDUCATORS.

President and Mrs. Wilson Entertain French Mission at Breakfast.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—President and Mrs. Wilson entertained a breakfast company today for the French Educational Mission, which arrived on Sunday and which will leave tomorrow for a tour of the educational centres of the East. This party includes Professor Emmanuel de Martonne, formerly Exchange Professor at Columbia University; Lieut. Col. Theodore Reinich, Dr. Baldensperger of the University of Paris; Captain Charles Cazamine, Dr. Burnett, Charles Koechlin, the musical composer, and Seymour de Ricci, a famous archaeologist. Additional guests were French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand and Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Houston.

This afternoon Mrs. Wilson occupied a box at the benefit performance at the Knickerbocker Theatre arranged by Mrs. Franklin K. Lane in aid of the Convalescent Soldiers' Home of the Interior Department. The theatre was filled to capacity with the attraction the war drama, "Lafayette, We Come," based on General Pershing's speech at the tomb of Lafayette. The members of the French Embassy and scores of French officers in uniform were present, as were Mrs. Lansing, Mrs. Houston, Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Mrs. John W. Davis, Mrs. Herbert Hoover, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, and Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer, most of whom entertained friends. Senator Phelan had as his guests eighty convalescent soldiers from Walter Reed Hospital.

Mrs. William Mason Wright of Washington and New York, will entertain at a tea at Rauscher's on Nov. 30, when she will present her daughter, Miss Marjorie Wright, to society.

DIX TO RELEASE 10,000 MEN.

Gen. Scott to Speed His Soldiers Home Before Holidays.

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., Nov. 19.—Approximately 10,000 of the limited service men now at Camp Dix will be discharged from service in time to take their Thanksgiving dinners with their families, according to an announcement made here today by Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott.

Demobilization orders were received yesterday, and from that moment the officials at the camp have been making all haste to get the men ready for civilian life again.

CROSSED DUTCH TERRITORY

Retreating Germans Passed Through Limburg, Says Paris Temps.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—It appears to be a fact, says the Temps, that German troops returning to Germany from Belgium crossed the Dutch Province of Limburg, and that they passed the frontier with the sanction of the Dutch authorities.

This free passage of Dutch territory granted to one of the belligerents, the newspaper contends, constitutes a precedent of which the other belligerent powers would be justified in taking advantage.

WILL WED AFTER ROMANCE.

Sergt. Dietmann of French Foreign Legion to Marry Miss Billinger.

A romance that began in Alsace will culminate tomorrow, when Sergeant Alfred Dietmann, 34 years old, a member of the French Foreign Legion, marries Miss Philippina Billinger, who is 30, of this city, in the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, West Twenty-third Street. Both were born in Alsace of French parents, and were schoolmates in the town of Sherviller. They met by accident in New York after Sergeant Dietmann came to this country to assist, with other members of the legion, in the last Liberty Loan drive.

The Sergeant has been a member of the legion for fifteen years. He wears five medals, including the Croix de Guerre, and has been cited four times for conspicuous bravery. He still has a bullet in his body which he got at Verdun. They obtained their marriage license yesterday.

S. R. Betts Marries Mrs. Armstrong

The marriage of Samuel Rossiter Betts, a patent lawyer of this city and a grandson of Samuel Rossiter Betts, for more than forty years a Judge in this State, and Mrs. Lillian Verné Armstrong took place yesterday at the bride's home in Minneapolis, Minn., the Rev. Dr. James E. Freeman officiating. Mr. Betts was graduated from Yale in 1875. He is a member of the Century, Union, and Yale Clubs. The honeymoon will be spent in California and Arizona and on their arrival in New York Mr. and Mrs. Betts will live at 270 Park Avenue.

Miss Chester Wed to Aviator.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Chester, formerly of this city, now of Buffalo, announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lucille Chester, to Lieutenant Ellis Pratt Pulliam, Aviation Corps, which took place this month at Indianapolis, Ind. Mrs. Pulliam is the granddaughter of the late Dr. John W. Bischoff, the organist and composer, of Washington, D. C.

Wyatt-Ingram.

The marriage is announced of Miss Inez K. Ingram, daughter of Mrs. E. W. Ingram of Brooklyn, and Germain D. Wyatt, U. S. N., stationed at Pelham Bay, which took place on Monday in Old Trinity Church, the Rev. Dr. J. P. McComas, vicar of St. Paul's Chapel, officiating. Mr. Wyatt and his bride are spending their honeymoon at Atlantic City.

Magistrate Cornell Left $80,000.

The will of Magistrate Robert C. Cornell, who died on Nov. 7, leaves his entire estate, estimated at $80,000, to his wife, Malvina Helen Cornell of 123 East Fifty-seventh Street. Mrs. Cornell is the sole executrix, the other executors, B. Aymar Sands and Isaac N. Seligman, having died before Magistrate Cornell.

JOSEPH F. SMITH, MORMON HEAD, DIES

Prophet of Latter Day Saints in Salt Lake City Left Five Wives, 43 Children.

MISSIONARY AT 15 YEARS

President of Brigham Young University Had Recently Denounced Polygamous Marriages.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 19.—Joseph F. Smith, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, (Mormon,) died at his home here early today. He was 80 years old.

Heber U. Grant, President of the Quorum of Twelve Apostles of the Mormon Church, automatically became President of the Church through the death of Mr. Smith. Ratification of his succession probably will not take place until the next general conference, to be held next April. Owing to the influenza epidemic, private funeral services will be held for President Smith.

Joseph Fielding Smith was born in 1838 in Carthage, Ill., where his father, Hyrum Smith, and his uncle, the original Prophet Joseph, were shot to death by a mob which stormed the jail where the two were confined shortly after they began to preach plurality of wives. Although he was an avowed polygamist for many years, the late President of the Mormon Church changed his views latterly, and left a sick bed last October to attend the semi-annual conference held in the Temple at Salt Lake City and denounced the members of the church who had taken more than one wife recently and kept the marriages secret.

He had been married six times and is survived by five wives, forty-three children, and ninety-one grandchildren.

After the rioting at Carthage his mother fled with her little son and the other Mormons to Nauvoo, Ill., where she remained until Joseph was 8 years old, when they were driven forth again, and the young boy drove an ox team across the plains to Utah, where he became a herd boy, and then a missionary in 1852, when the late Brigham Young established his headquarters at Salt Lake City. Joseph Fielding Smith was only 15 years old when he was sent to Hawaii as a missionary for the Mormon Church. Later he entered the army raised by President Young to intercept United States troops which were about to invade Utah and did active service as a scout until the so-called "Mormon war" was ended.

In 1890, when the Supreme Court of the United States had upheld the Edmunds-Tucker act making polygamy unlawful he upheld the decision in public, and said that in his own case, although contrary to law, he preferred the consequences rather than abandon his children and their mothers.

Like many other Mormons, he was subjected to prosecutions and fines. In July, 1915, the Federal officials at Denver, Col., were warned that there was a plot concocted by bandits to seize the head of the Latter Day Saints Church and hold him in Wyoming for a ransom of $100,000.

Under his leadership the Mormon Church made many converts in Europe through its missionaries, and in May, 1911, the English people protested to Home Secretary Churchill against the Mormon propaganda being preached throughout Great Britain.

As head of the church President Smith was trustee in trust of all the Mormon Church property, and, according to the creed of the church, was prophet, seer, and revelator. He directed many big business enterprises and had a large private fortune.

He was President of Brigham Young University at Provo, Utah, and of other educational institutions. He was a Director of the Union Pacific Railroad and head of three other big industrial corporations. Before he was elected President of the Mormon Church in 1901 in succession to President Snow he made a tour through Europe to inspect the work being done there by the missionaries of his church. He served as a member of the Utah State Legislature and of the City Council of Salt Lake City.

NO PAPERS IN ROCHESTER.

Printers Strike When Publishers Reject Demand for More Wages.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 19.—No newspapers will be published in Rochester tomorrow. The publishers of all of the local papers refused tonight to meet the demands of the printers, with the result that the latter walked out in a body.

The printers' union some time ago demanded an increase of wages. The present scale is $25 a week for day work and $28 a week for night work. The new scale called for $40 a week. A committee which attempted to arbitrate the matter suggested an increase of $3 a week. This was refused by the printers, who demanded $34 and $36.

Instead of reporting for work this evening the printers held a meeting and waited for the decision of the publishers, who were allowed until 8 o'clock to reply. The latter's decision was that they would not pay the amount demanded, and the strike was called.

The strike is proceeding in an entirely orderly manner. It is stated that nothing further can be done until the arrival of officers of the international union.

OVATION TO DIAZ IN ROME.

Immense Crowd Greets Commander in Chief and Gen. Badoglio.

ROME, Nov. 15.—General Diaz, the Italian Commander in Chief, and General Badoglio, his Chief of Staff, received an enthusiastic welcome by an immense crowd when they arrived in Rome today.

The Italian military leaders were met at the station by Premier Orlando, members of the Cabinet, and Senators and Deputies, and were acclaimed everywhere on their way from the station.

To Honor Lieut. Col. Whittlesey.

Lieut. Col. Charles W. Whittlesey, commander of the "lost battalion" of the Upton Division, will be the guest of honor at a dinner to be held by the Williams College Club, 291 Madison Avenue, tomorrow night. Following the dinner the college men will celebrate "Military Night." Lieutenant Adrian de Pachmann of the French Army will deliver an address and Joe Elliott, composer of the "Long, Long Trail," and an octet from the 30th Company, U. S. Signal Corps, will furnish music.

Fire Damages Steamer Barnstable.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 19.—The small coastwise steamer Barnstable, owned by the Moore & McCormack Line of New York, and sent here for repairs, was partially burned today at a pier. The loss was estimated at $100,000.

FRANCIS E. LEUPP DIES.

Publicist Was Commissioner of Indian Affairs Under Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Francis Ellington Leupp, publicist, died today at his residence, Stoneleigh Court, aged 69 years. Mr. Leupp was for many years the Washington correspondent of The New York Evening Post and had served during the Roosevelt administration as Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

In addition to his activities in journalism he was a pioneer leader in the movement for civil service reform and had long been an advocate of common sense treatment of the Indian.

Born in New York on Jan. 2, 1849, Mr. Leupp was graduated from Williams College at 21, and soon entered the newspaper field. For a time he was assistant editor of The New York Evening Post, and then, in 1878, bought an interest in The Syracuse Herald and became its editor. Beginning in 1885 he contributed articles to The Evening Post from Washington and became its Washington correspondent in 1889, a position he held for fifteen years. During that period he was the editor of Good Government, the official organ of the National Civil Service Reform League. From 1902 to 1905 he was a member of the United States Board of Indian Commissioners, and served from 1905 to 1909 as Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

DR. CHAS. R. VAN HISE DEAD.

President of Wisconsin University Recently Returned from War Zone.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 19.—President Charles R. Van Hise of the University of Wisconsin died at a hospital here today from pneumoooccic meningitis following treatment for a nasal infection.

Dr. Van Hise had recently returned from a visit to the war zone in France. He was presented to King George at Sandringham. The invitation was given to him by the British Government.

Charles Richard Van Hise, educator, scientist, and student of labor problems, was born in Fulton, Wis., May 29, 1857, and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1879. He was made master of science three years later and doctor of philosophy in 1892. He also received the degree of LL. D. from Harvard, Yale, Chicago, Williams, and Dartmouth. After being professor of mineralogy and geology he was elected President of Wisconsin University in 1903.

Rear Admiral Arthur B. Speyers.

Rear Admiral Arthur Bayard Speyers of the United States Navy, retired, died yesterday in the General Hospital, Montreal, in his seventy-third year. He was born in New York, the son of James and Francis Piggott Speyers, and was graduated at Annapolis in 1868. He commanded the U. S. S. Caesar in the southern blockade of Cuba during the Spanish-American war and after being promoted through the different grades he was retired as Rear Admiral in January, 1906.

Rear Admiral Speyers was a member of the St. Nicholas, New York Yacht, and Columbia Yacht Clubs, and the Army and Navy Club at Washington. He lived at the New York Yacht Club.

Dr. Charles Emery Paine.

Dr. Charles Emery Paine, a specialist in diseases of the eye, ear, and nose, died of pneumonia on Monday at his home, 604 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. Dr. Paine was born in Camden, Me., thirty-six years ago, and was graduated in 1903 from the New York Homeopathic Medical College. For a time he was an interne at the Metropolitan Hospital, and since 1905 had been attending surgeon in the nose and throat division of the Cumberland Street Hospital. He was a member of the American Institute of Homeopathy and the New York Homeopathic Society.

Edmund L. Baylies Seriously Ill.

Edmund Lincoln Baylies, who was Secretary to the special embassy of the United States to the coronation of King Edward VII. in 1902, is seriously ill at his home, 10 East Sixty-second Street, with pneumonia, following influenza.

Mr. Baylies is a member of the law firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, at 54 Wall Street. He was born in this city Dec. 2, 1857, and was admitted to the bar in 1882.

Obituary Notes.

ARTHUR MADDEN, a vaudeville actor, died yesterday at Memphis, Tenn., in his thirtieth year. His home was in Hoboken.

Mrs. EMILY HARRISON, a member of an old Long Island family and a resident of Brooklyn most of her lifetime, died yesterday at her home, 314 Macon Street, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

WILLIAM F. BRANAGAN, 49 years old, in the roofing business, died on Sunday at his home, 2,001 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE ROCKER, a retired piano maker, formerly with Sohmer & Co., died on Monday at his home, 508 Ovington Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 52 years.

CHARLES H. MARTIN, for thirty years a Custom Inspector until his retirement, died yesterday at his home, 520 West 122d Street, in his seventy-second year.

JEROME DOYLE, a building contractor, died yesterday at his home, 9 Lexington Avenue, Montclair, N. J., in his forty-fourth year.

WILLIAM WEBER, 33 years old, a police officer, attached to Traffic Squad D, Brooklyn, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home, 1,863 Harman Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ANNA TRAVERS LYNCH, wife of Alexander V. Lynch, died yesterday at her home, 239 New York Avenue, Brooklyn, in her twenty-ninth year.

ROBERT PATTERSON, for twenty-five years proprietor of the Adelphi Laundry, in Brooklyn, died on Sunday in his sixtieth year.

PATRICK H. CASSIDY, for fifteen years General Superintendent of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railway, died yesterday at his home, 168 Oakland Avenue, West New Brighton, in his fifty-eighth year. He was born in Ireland.

EDWARD WHITEHEAD COOPER, formerly in the horn business in Manhattan, and who spent several years in Africa trading with the natives, died on Sunday at his home, 143 Winthrop Street, Flatbush, in his eighty-third year. He was a member of the Society of Old Brooklynites and the Brooklyn Masonic Veterans' Association.

DAVID OGILVY KAY, Assistant Controller of the Sperry Gyroscope Company, died of pneumonia on Monday at his home, 607 East Fourteenth Street, Flatbush, in his thirty-third year.

JAMES HAMIL, 41 years old, former private secretary to several New York public men, died yesterday in the Flushing Hospital, following an operation for appendicitis. He was a member of the Pheta Delta Chi Fraternity of New York University and was at one time Commodore of the Bronx Yacht Club.

Lieut. Commander HARRY F. BARRETT, U. S. N., died in the Naval Hospital at the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Monday. Commander Barrett was born in Cold Spring, L. I., in 1864. Prior to entering the navy he was in the employ of the United States Shipping Board.

Colonel FRANKLIN B. CASE, resident for more than fifty years in Brooklyn and a veteran of the civil war, died on Monday at the home of his son, Franklin Case, 4 Mineral Spring Avenue, Passaic, N. J., in his seventy-fourth year. After the civil war he entered the insurance and real estate business in Brooklyn, from which he retired twenty years ago.

In Memoriam.

AGRATI.—Lodovica G., in memory of our adored mother, who left us Nov. 20, 1917. "A precious soul in Heaven."

COHEN.—Sarah, in loving memory of our dear, beloved sister, who passed away the 16th of Kislev, corresponding with Dec. 4, 1914. Nath and Fanny Cohen.

GORDON.—Richard H. Gordon, died Nov. 20, 1917.

HILLMAN.—In loving memory of Maurice Hillman, who departed Nov. 19, 1917, beloved husband of Tillie, and father of Harry and Sidney.

HUTKOFF.—Nathan. One year ago today he sweetly went into eternal sleep. A true son of God and Israel, a believer in righteousness, humanity and charity to all, a good friend and counsellor. He left a name such as few men can leave. Many mourn him. My father.
BESSIE C. H. GOODMAN.

HUTKOFF.—In everlasting and fond memory of my dearly beloved husband, Nathan Hutkoff, who left me 1 year ago today. Rest in peace. RACHEL HUTKOFF.

McCAMMON.—In loving memory of Leora, dearly beloved child of the late Ida Leora (McCammon) Olmstead, Nov. 20, 1900.

OAKLEY.—In memory of Sarah Oakley, who departed this life on the evening of Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1912.

PERLOWITZ.—In sad and loving memory of Goldie Perlowitz, who departed this life Nov. 20, 1915.
"There's not a joy the world can give like that it takes away."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ALTMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Gerald G. Altman, 825 West 179th St., New York City, announce the birth of a daughter, Sybil May, Nov. 18, 1918.

WILD.—Mr. and Mrs. John Wild of 166 West 79th St. announce the arrival of a daughter, Nov. 19.

Married.

BETTS—ARMSTRONG.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, at Minneapolis, Minn., by the Rev. James E. Freeman, D. D., Mrs. Lillias Verné Armstrong to Mr. Samuel Rossiter Betts.

Died.

AYERS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, 1918, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Prescott Adamson, the Empress Apartment, Connecticut Av., Atlantic City, N. J., Edith E. Ayers. Service on Thursday afternoon, 2:30 o'clock, at Oliver H. Bair Building, 1,820 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

BAVA.—Mrs. Dina Bava, wife of Felice Bava, New York representative of the Credito Italiano, in Genoa, Italy, on the Nov. 14, 1918.

BOLL.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, 1918, Amalie Boll, widow of the late Bernard Boll, beloved mother of Dr. George Boll and Mrs. Sophie Wohlers and sister of Dr. George Geffers. Funeral from her late residence, 55 Lawrence St., Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

BRAUDE.—Simon, beloved brother of Max, Benjamin, and Paul Braude, at Roosevelt Hospital on Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918. Funeral private.

BRAUDE.—Simon. On Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, our cousin, Simon Braude, passed from the darkness of suffering into the light of eternity.

A man of the highest honor and integrity, of modesty, and of a rare kindliness, we lose in him one whose feeling was so genuine and whose interest was always selfless and admirable.

His memory will remain one of the gentle lustres of the life which he led and which has come to so untimely a conclusion.
THE COUSINS AND RELATIVES OF SIMON BRAUDE.

BUCHSBAUM.—On Monday, Nov. 18, 1918, Michael Buchsbaum, beloved husband of Justina and devoted father of Morris, Moe, Leopold and Julius Buchsbaum. Relatives, friends and members and seatholders of Congregation Rodeph Sholom, Rodeph Sholom Sisterhood, Aryah Lodge, No. 4, Chevra Anshe Chesed, Henrietta Society, Hope Lodge, No. 244, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St., Lexington Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1918, at 11 A. M.

BURKE.—William E., on Tuesday, Nov. 19, at residence of Mrs. David Braham, 76 West 131st St. Notice of funeral later.

CANTWELL.—On Nov. 18, 1918, Richard, beloved husband of Annie E. Cantwell. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 21, from his late residence, 313 East 51st St., at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 50th St. and First Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul.

CASSIDY.—Suddenly, on Nov. 19, at 277 Oakland Av., West New Brighton, S. I., Patrick Henry Cassidy, beloved husband of Margaret S., (nee Semar.) Funeral notice later.

de JONES.—On Nov. 18, Emilia Restrepo de Jones, beloved wife of A. G. Jones. Services at FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, 66th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DIMMOCK.—Alice R., wife of Charles Dimmock, Monday, Nov. 18, at 800 West 169th. Funeral services Thursday at 11 A. M. Interment private.

FERGUS.—At Cliffside, N. J., Nov. 19, Elizabeth, (nee Caulfield,) aged 57 years, beloved wife of John J. Fergus, at her residence, 235 Riverview Place. Funeral Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. John's Roman Catholic Church at 10 A. M. Interment Holy Name Cemetery.

GITCHELL.—Capt. Ed B., Nov. 18, suddenly, at Camp Dartlen, N. Y., beloved husband of Elizabeth Weaver. Military services from 3,440 Broadway, Friday, 2:30 P. M.

GONZALLEZ.—Andrez. Lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

GREENHUT.—On Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, Captain Joseph B., beloved husband of Clara Wolfner Greenhut and father of Fannis V., Benedict J., and Nelson W. Greenhut, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St., on Wednesday morning, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock. Chicago papers please copy.

HADLEY.—Charles L., beloved husband of the late Sarah A. Hadley, on Monday, Nov. 18. Funeral services at his late residence, 57 West 73d St., New York City, on Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 2:30 P. M.

HADLEY.—Charles L.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.: Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Charles L. Hadley (Second Company) at his late residence, 57 West 73d St., New York City, on Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1918, at 2:30 P. M.
AUSTIN E. PRESSINGER, Secretary.

HAMILL.—On Monday, Nov. 18, 1918, James, beloved husband of Rebecca B. and son of the late Dr. James Hamill. Funeral services Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock from his late residence, Pinedome, L. I. Interment Greenwood Cemetery Thursday.

HAMMOND.—On Sunday, Nov. 17, George Hammond, husband of Phebe Sears. Funeral service at his late residence, 58 East 113th St., Wednesday evening, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock. Relatives, friends, and members of York Lodge 197, F. and A. M., are invited to attend.

HANFORD.—Sergeant Robert Clinton Hanford, beloved and only son of Eugene G. and Jennie G. Hanford, 150 West Dudley Av., Westfield, N. J., of the 78th Division, 311th Infantry, Company G, age 26 years, in France, Oct. 25 from wounds received in action. Memorial services at the Congregational Church, Sunday, Nov. 24, 4 P. M.

HAPPEL.—On Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, at the Naval Base Hospital, Hampton Roads, Va., George Henry Happel, aged 29 years, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Happel. Funeral services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock, at the home of his parents, 138 West 119th St. Kindly omit flowers.

HEINS.—Entered into rest, Nov. 19, 1918, Sophie Heins, (nee Schulenburg,) aged 68 years. Services at her late residence, 253 East Kingsbridge Road, Bronx, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HELBIG.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, Frederick W., beloved husband of Mary E. Helbig, (nee Whalen.) Notice of funeral later.

HERZ.—Suddenly, in New Haven, Conn., Nov. 18, 1918, Nathan C. Herz. Funeral Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, at residence of his brother, 666 Orange St., New Haven. Kindly omit flowers.

HOIT.—On Nov. 17, Virginia Baldwin, beloved wife of Homer Alexander Hoit. Funeral private.

HURRY.—On Monday, Nov. 18, 1918, at Short Hills, N. J., in the 84th year of her age, Caroline Hurry, daughter of the late William and Adeline Hurry. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Short Hills, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 21, at 12 noon, upon arrival of the train on Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, leaving Hoboken at 10:45 A. M.

HYATT.—On Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, Harold Donald Eakin, son of the late S. Belden Hyatt and Mary Augusta Bard, in his 38th year. Funeral on Friday, Nov. 22, from his late residence, 138 Fremont St., Peekskill, N. Y., at 2 P. M. Interment at Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, N. Y.

KAY.—David Ogilvy Kay, beloved husband of Florence L. Kay, on Monday, Nov. 18, 1918, in his 33d year. Funeral services will be held at the home of his parents, 869 Yarmouth St., Woodhaven, L. I., on Thursday, at 7 P. M. Interment private.

KERESEY.—On Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, at her residence, 78 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, Nanno Powen, widow of Redmond Keresey, in her ninety-second year. Funeral services at the church of St. Charles Borromeo, Sidney Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

KOHM.—David A., Nov. 17, at his residence, 2,665 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services Friday at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

The New
CATHOLIC CEMETERY OF THE GATE OF HEAVEN
Mount Pleasant, Westchester County, on the Harlem Railroad, five miles north of White Plains, is now ready. Mount Pleasant Station is at the entrance of the cemetery.
Receiving Vault.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
Calvary & Allied Cemeteries,
24 East 53nd Street.
Rev. William J. Stewart, Mgr.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 30 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

Died.

LARKIN.—Suddenly, Nov. 14, Catherine, beloved wife of the late Felix Larkin. Funeral from her late residence, 319 West 146th St., to St. Bernard's Church, Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. (Postponement due to nonarrival of Edward Larkin, from Camp Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.)

LAWRENCE.—Suddenly, Nov. 18, James Brewster Lawrence, husband of Hatt'e Scott. Funeral services at his late residence, 134 West 68th St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

LE CATO.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, 1918, John A. Le Cato. Notice of funeral later.

LEIGHTON.—Nov. 18, Agnes Leighton. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

LEUPP.—At his home, in Washington, D. C., on Tuesday, Nov. 19, Francis E. Leupp, aged 69 years.

LIPPMAN.—Lillian J., beloved wife of Louis J. and only child of John J. and Eva Rosenzweig. Funeral from her late residence, 35 West 82d, on Wednesday, Nov. 20th, at 9:30 A. M.

MacDONALD.—At Flushing, N. Y., on Monday, Nov. 18, 1918, Jennie S., beloved wife of Neil MacDonald, in the 43d year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 117 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 3 P. M. New Brunswick, Canada, papers please copy.

MacKAY.—At Rochester, N. Y., Sunday, Nov. 17, Commander Charles Edmund MacKay, U. S. N., retired. He was a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. Surviving him are a brother, Sidney C. MacKaye, and a sister, Emily McKay Ailing, both of Rochester, N. Y. Burial service and interment Tuesday, Nov. 19, at Mt. Hope Cemetery.

MARCLEY.—Harry S., Lieutenant, Medical Reserve Corps, died in his country's service, at Camp Eustis, Va., Nov. 18.

MARTIN.—Charles. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Wednesday, 8:30 P. M.

MASTERSON.—Eugene M., beloved husband of Winnfred M. Masterson, (nee Young,) and brother of Mrs. Nellie Heffernan, private Co. B, 7th Infantry, killed in action Sept. 29, 1918, (late address, 233 East 31st St.) A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., Thursday, Nov. 21, 1918, 10:30 A. M. Member of Santa Maria Council, K. of C., the Tammany Central Association, and of the County Committee, 12th Assembly District.

MENDES.—On Nov. 17, Estelle, daughter of David de Sola and Leah Mendes. Funeral services from the residence of her parents, 273 West End Av., Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock.

MOON.—On Nov. 17, at her residence, 61 Todt Hill Road, West New Brighton, S. I., Catherine Mary Gertrude Moon, beloved wife of George C. Moon. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, West New Brighton, on Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MORRISON.—Margaret A., on Sunday, Nov. 17, mother of Henry P. Morrison. Funeral services at her son's residence, 533 Broadway, West New Brighton, S. I., Wednesday at 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn at convenience of family. Burlington, Vt., papers please copy.

NEVILLE.—Suddenly on Sunday, Nov. 17, 1918, John J. Neville of Larchmont, N. Y. Funeral from Manhattan R. C. Church on Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1918, at 10 A. M.

NEWBERG.—On Nov. 18, 1918, Jacob Newberg, beloved husband and father, aged 67 years. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 20, at 2 P. M. from his late residence, 245 Brook Av.

O'NEILL.—On Oct. 31, 1918, William, aged 32, of pneumonia, at residence, 215 Franklin Av., Brooklyn. Survived by wife, daughter, sister, and brother, Peter.

PICK.—On Tuesday, Nov. 19, Dr. Edward Pick, beloved son of Barbara and the late Adolph Pick. Funeral services from his late residence, 1,945 7th Av., on Thursday, Nov. 21, 10 A. M.

RICHARDSON.—On Nov. 17, 1918, at his home, 84 West 54th St., New York City, Henry T. Richardson, beloved husband of Sophie C. Richardson, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral services will be held on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 20, at 2 o'clock, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Park Av. and 50th St. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

ROBBINS.—At Orange, N. J., Nov. 19, 1918, Elizabeth Wilmot Robbins, daughter of the late Steph

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Act Indifferently in a Dull Market—French Government Bonds Active.

The inclination of the public to wait for developments in business and in progress toward the conclusion of peace received further emphasis in yesterday's stock market. As on Monday, there was a fair show of firmness in many of the more active stocks during the forenoon, to be followed later by a reversion to the dullness and indifferent price changes in the afternoon which have been noted of late. International Mercantile Marine preferred declined a little more than 2 points, to the accompaniment of rumors frequently heard, since definite steps in the plan to sell the British assets of the company became public, that Government influence was working to prevent the transaction. After the close of business formal announcement was made that the transaction actually had been held up while the Federal authorities studied the situation. Certain other speculative issues were depressed to a marked degree, but the market as a whole left off with prices highly irregular and without a definite tendency.

In the bond market there was active buying of the French Government 5½ per cent. bonds, and a moderately increased demand for some of the other foreign issues. Corporation bonds showed changes about as inconclusive in respect to their trend as did stocks. The condition of lethargy seen for the last few days in both the bond and stock market is doubtless rather surprising to traders who believed when the armistice was concluded that a definite movement of real proportions would develop at once. This has equal application to those who thought that the rise in the fortnight preceding Germany's collapse had discounted that great occurrence and to those who thought the end of hostilities would bring a further sharp advance. What has happened is the surrender of the market by the public to professional speculators for the most part until the way seemed clearer for taking a well-considered position in respect to securities. No man may say, of course, how long this condition will prevail. The Money Committee of the banks continues to exercise a close scrutiny of loans and a long meeting of this body yesterday indicated that the credit situation is being studied with reference to probable future demands as well as to current requirements. Until some of the problems which have to be solved sooner or later can be discerned it is difficult to see how bankers could be disappointed over a security market which displays neither weakness nor strength. A declining market would lessen the demand for credits as prices retreated, but a market in which quotations did not move much one way or the other would be far less unsettling to business and to fresh financial undertakings along essential lines than one in which the trend was steadily downward.

Late in the market session dispatches from Washington told of the cancellation of a large total of ordnance contracts, a development that might have affected stocks adversely a few days ago, but had no decided influence on dealings. There has been so much discussion of cancellations that the financial community appears to have grown hardened to the thought that a great deal of war work will have to be discontinued. An offsetting influence is the indication supplied in the general news from various industries that plans are being formed to stimulate the consumption of goods along the line of the needs of peace.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per centrentes 62 francs 90 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 25 francs 97½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 75 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.ALL INDUSTRIALS.

High	6	High	6½
Low	6	Low	6½
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	6	Last	6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.ALL INDUSTRIALS.

Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6½
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6½
Four months	6	Four months	6½
Five months	6	Five months	6½
Six months	6	Six months	6½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@6

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	6
4 to 6 months	6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.7585	$4.7585	$4.7585	..
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
France—				
Demand	5.45%	5.45%	5.45%	—.00⅛
Cables	5.44⅞	5.44⅞	5.44⅞	—.00⅛

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.7585	$4.76⅛
5.1826 Paris	5.45%	5.44⅞
China—		
Hongkong	77.50	77.75
Peking	129.00	129.25
Shanghai	129.50	129.75
19.30 Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20 Holland	41.75	42.12½
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.43	*35.75
Calcutta	35.43	*35.75
5.1826 Italy	6.36	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.50	54.65
Yokohama	54.50	54.65
19.30 Spain	20.00	20.10
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	27.50	27.80
Copenhagen	26.50	26.80
Christiania	27.20	27.50
South America—		
42.04 Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42 Rio	26.45	26.60
5.1826 Switzerland	5.00	4.98
51.46 Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	23.25	23.50
500 rubles	23.20	23.45

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.75	$4.71½	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $712,507,648, balances, $48,423,453; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,516,506; Federal Reserve credit balance, $30,550,061.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $17.50 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 40½d. official; in New York, $1.01½ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	....	8.50	....	8.55
Antimony	....	8.00	....	8.50
Quicksilver	$125.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminium	*$3.00	....	*$3.00	....
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	34.05	....	34.05	....

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	122	0	0	123	0	0
Tin, spot	330	0	0	327	0	0
Tin, futures	324	0	0	317	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
	29	10	0	29	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 19, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	455,782	744,034	1,698,958
Year to date	126,092,483	167,889,630	194,349,725

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
64½	65	200	Adams Express	64½	65	64½	65	— ½
25	25⅝	1,400	Advance Rumely	25½	25⅝	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
61½	62	300	Advance Rumely pf	62½	62⅞	62	62	+ ⅛
6	4½	500	Alaska Gold Mines	4	4½	4	4	— ⅛
2¾	3⅜	500	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
27⅞	28	700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	28⅛	28⅞	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
99	100	300	Am. Agricult. Chem	100	100	100	100	— ½
45½	45⅝	800	American Can	46	46¼	45¼	45⅝	— ⅛
83	84½	1,600	Am. Car & Foundry	85	85⅝	83⅞	83½	— 1½
41	41⅛	400	Am. Cotton Oil	41¼	41⅞	40½	40½	— ½
14¼	14⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leath	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
73½	74½	400	Am. Hide & L. pf	74¼	74¼	73⅝	74	— ½
42⅝	43	1,000	Am. Ice	41	43	41	43	...
54½	56	200	Am. Ice pf	55	55½	55	55½	+ ⅛
40	40¼	200	Am. Linseed	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	+ ⅛
82	82⅝	400	Am. Linseed pf	82	82½	82	82½	+1
65	66½	100	Am. Locomotive	65	65	65	65	...
4¼	4⅝	800	Am. Malting	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
46	52	100	Am. Malting 1st pf	50	50	50	50	+4½
46	52	100	Am.Malt.1st pf.cash	47	47	47	47	...
87¼	87⅞	8,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	87⅛	88⅜	87⅛	87⅝	+ ⅛
93¼	93⅝	5,800	Am. St. Foundries	92	95	91⅝	93	+1½
104¼	104⅝	3,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	105	106¾	104	104½	— ¼
105⅜	105⅝	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+ ⅛
50⅜	50½	800	Am. Woolen	50⅛	51	50⅛	50⅜	— ⅛
68⅞	68⅝	7,700	Anaconda Copper	69¼	69¾	68⅛	68⅜	— ⅛
94⅝	95⅛	900	At., Top. & S. F	95⅛	95⅛	95	95	— ⅛
89⅝	90	150	At., Top. & S. F. pf	90	90	90	90	+1
106	107	200	Atlantic Coast Line	107	107	107	107	— ½
108	109	800	Atl., Gulf & W. I	109¼	110	108¾	108¾	— ⅛
67	67¼	200	At., G. & W. I. pf	67¼	67¼	67	67	...
79½	79⅝	11,600	Baldwin Locomot	79⅜	80⅜	79⅜	79⅝	+ ⅛
58	58⅜	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	58⅝	58⅞	58	58	— ⅛
103	104½	100	Barrett Co	103	103	103	103	— ½
1⅞	2	100	Batopilas Mining	2	2	2	2	...
62¾	63	4,700	Beth. Steel, Class B	63	63⅝	62⅝	63	...
105	106	500	Beth. Steel 8% pf	105½	106	105¼	106	+1½
25⅝	26	9,200	Booth Fisheries	23½	26	23½	26	+2⅜
40¾	41	1,200	Brooklyn R. Trans	41¼	41¾	40¼	40⅝	— ⅛
8⅞	9⅛	300	Butte Copper & Z	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
22¼	22⅝	200	Butte & Superior	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
47½	47⅝	200	Cala. Packing	47⅞	47⅞	47¾	47⅞	+ ⅛
21½	21⅝	500	Cala. Petroleum	21⅜	21⅝	21	21	— ⅛
162⅜	163¾	1,400	Canadian Pacific	163	163	162⅜	162⅜	— 1⅝
18	19½	1,700	Central Foundry	20	20	18	18	— 4
61½	62½	1,100	Central Leather Co	62½	62½	61⅝	62	+ ⅛
4½	4⅝	200	Certain-teed Prod	40	40	40	40	+ ⅛
37⅜	37½	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	37⅜	37⅝	37⅜	37⅜	+ ⅛
103	105	400	Chandler Motor	105	106	104	104	— 2
50⅜	60	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	59⅜	59⅜	59⅜	59⅜	— ⅜
48½	48⅞	900	Chi., M. & St. Paul	49	49⅞	48⅜	49	...
83	83¾	1,500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	83¾	84½	83	83	— ⅛
103¼	104	300	Chi. & Northwest	104	104	104	104	— ½
27⅜	28	3,800	Chi. R. I. & Pac	28¼	28⅝	27⅜	27⅜	— ⅛
82⅞	84	400	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	82⅝	83	82⅞	83	— ⅛
70½	71	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	+ ⅛
21	21¼	1,000	Chile Copper	21½	21⅞	21	21	— ⅛
40	40½	1,400	Chino Copper	41	41	40½	40⅝	— ⅛
60¼	63	100	Cluett, Peabody	62	62	62	62	+2
39	39⅝	500	Columbia Gas & El	39½	39⅝	39½	39½	...
105	107	100	Continental Can	105	105	105	105	— ⅛
55	56	100	Continental Insur	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	+1⅛
48	48¼	4,800	Corn Products Ref	48½	48⅞	48	48	— ⅛
55⅜	56	3,400	Crucible Steel	57	57⅛	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅜
90¾	92	400	Crucible Steel pf	91	91	91	91	— ½
31¼	31¾	2,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	32½	32⅝	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
80⅞	80⅝	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	80¾	80¾	80½	80½	— ⅛
5½	7	500	Den. & Rio Grande	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
47½	47⅝	2,300	Distillers Securities	47¼	48⅛	47¼	47½	— ⅛
13⅝	14	500	Dome Mines	14	14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
19¼	19⅝	3,200	Erie	20¼	20⅜	19¼	19⅝	— ⅛
32⅜	33	700	Erie 1st pf	32⅝	33	32⅜	33	+ ⅛
23	24	100	Erie 2d pf	24	24	24	24	+ ⅛
41¾	42½	200	Fed. M. & S. pf	42¼	42¾	42	42	+ ⅛
30⅛	30½	300	Gaston, Will. & W	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30¼	+ ⅛
101	103	14	General Chem. pf	101	101	101	101	...
153	153	1,000	General Electric	153	153⅝	152	152½	— ⅛
123¼	125	2,900	General Motors	126½	127½	122	123⅛	— 3⅞
83	84	300	General Motors pf	84⅝	84⅝	84	84	...
56½	57	400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	56	56	56	56	— ⅛
80⅝	82	300	Granby Consol	81½	81½	81	81	...
99⅞	100	1,500	Great Northern pf	100¾	100¾	99⅛	99⅜	— ⅛
33¼	33½	6,430	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P.	33⅞	33⅞	33¼	33½	— ⅛
51⅜	53	400	Greene-Can. Cop	52¼	52⅝	52	52	— ¼
67½	70	200	Gulf States Steel	68¼	68½	68¼	68½	— ⅛
102½	103¼	100	Illinois Central	102½	102½	102½	102½	— 1½
52⅜	52½	2,100	Inspiration Copper	52⅝	53¼	52⅜	52⅜	— ⅛
8⅝	9	700	Interboro Consol	8¾	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅛
35¾	37	100	Interb. Consol. pf	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
57⅝	58⅜	500	Int. Agricul. pf	57⅞	58	57⅞	58	— ⅛
28¼	28⅞	4,000	Int. Mer. Mar	28⅝	28⅝	27⅝	28⅛	— ⅞
114⅝	114⅞	49,200	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	116¾	117⅝	114¼	114⅝	— ⅛
32½	32½	1,200	Int. Nickel	32⅜	32½	32⅜	32½	+ ⅛
31½	32	800	Int. Paper	32¼	32¼	31½	31½	— ⅛
64	65	500	Int. Paper pf., std	63½	64	63½	64	+1
20⅝	21	1,200	Kansas City South	20⅝	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
57⅞	58½	200	Kan. City South. pf	57⅞	58	57⅞	58	— ⅛
58	60¼	4,900	Kelly Spring. Tire	58	60¼	58	59⅞	+1½
38⅛	38⅝	3,900	Kennecott Copper	38½	39⅛	38½	38⅝	— ⅛
106	112	100	Kresge (S.S.) Co. pf	106	106	106	106	+1½
72	73	400	Lackawanna Steel	72⅛	72⅝	71¾	72⅜	— ⅛
22	22½	1,300	Lee Rubber & Tire	21⅞	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛	+ ⅛
61⅞	62	1,100	Lehigh Valley	62¼	62¼	62	62	— ⅛
35⅝	38	200	Loose-Wiles Bis	38½	38½	37⅞	37⅞	— ⅛
119	124	300	Louis. & Nash	120	120	120	120	...
76	78	200	Mackay Cos	77	77	77	77	...
36½	37½	600	Maxwell Motors	37¾	37¾	37	37	...
66	66½	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	66¾	66½	66½	66½	+ ⅛
27½	28½	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	28	28	28	28	...
155⅞	157⅛	26,000	Mexican Petroleum	164	164½	155¼	155¼	— 7⅜
26⅝	27	300	Miami Copper	27	27	27	27	+ ⅛
43½	43⅝	1,300	Midvale Steel	44	44	43⅝	43½	— ⅛
6	6⅛	500	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6½	6½	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
12½	13⅛	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	13	13	13	13	...
28	28¼	4,300	Missouri Pacific	28⅝	28¾	27⅞	28	— ⅛
58½	59	200	Missouri Pacific pf	59	59	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅜
13⅝	14	1,800	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14½	14½	13¾	14⅜	— ⅛
61	62	400	Nat. Lead	61⅝	61⅝	61	61	— ⅛
104	108	100	Nat. Lead pf	105	105	105	105	— ¼
8½	9⅛	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
19⅞	20	200	Nevada Con. Cop	19⅞	20	19⅞	20	+2⅜
32	33	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	— ⅛
80¼	80½	1,300	N. Y. Central	80¼	80¾	80¼	80¼	— ⅛
33	33	500	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	34	34	32	32	+1
21	21½	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	21	21	21	21	— ⅛
38½	38¼	1,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	39	39	38¾	38⅝	— ⅛
22	23	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	22	22	22	22	+ ⅛
56	57	100	North American	57	57	57	57	+ ⅛
98⅛	99	1,200	Northern Pacific	99⅛	99¼	98	98	— ⅛
43	43½	4,300	Ohio Cities Gas	43	43	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
7⅞	8	100	Ontario Mining	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	...
59	59	200	Owens Bottle Mach	59	59	59	59	...
65⅜	66	3,300	Pan-Am.	65⅜	66	64⅞	64⅞	— 1⅝
114½	115	600	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	114½	114½	113	113	— 1
48¾	48⅞	1,100	Penn. R. R.	48⅝	48⅞	48¼	48¼	— ¼
56	57½	200	People's Gas, Chi	58	58	57	57	— 1
6	6⅛	100	Peoria & Eastern	6	6	6	6	+ ⅛
17⅝	17¾	700	Pere Marquette	18	18	17⅜	17⅜	— ¼
63½	64	1,100	Pere Marq. prior pf	63¼	63½	63½	63½	— ⅛
49⅝	49⅞	400	Pere Marquette pf	49⅝	49⅞	47⅛	47⅛	— 1⅞
33¼	33½	300	Philadelphia Co	33¼	33¾	33	33	— ⅛
45	46	4,300	Pierce-Arrow	46	46½	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅝
16¾	17	1,100	Pierce Oil	17¼	17½	17	17⅛	— ⅛
48	48	400	Pittsburgh Coal	48	48	48	48	— ⅛
37⅞	38	1,200	Pitts. & West Va	37⅞	37⅞	36⅞	36⅞	— ⅛
79½	80	600	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	79½	79½	79½	79½	+ ⅛
127	128¾	500	Pullman Co. Va. pf	129½	129½	127	128¾	+ ⅛
66	67	900	Railway Steel Sp	67¼	67¾	67	67	+ ⅛
23½	23⅝	1,100	Ray Con. Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23½	— ⅛
88	88¼	5,400	Reading	89⅝	89⅝	88½	88½	— ⅜
37⅛	38½	100	Reading 1st pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
88½	89	300	Reading 2d pf	89	89	88⅝	88⅝	— ⅛
77⅜	78	700	Rep. Iron & Steel	77⅜	78	77⅜	77⅝	+ ⅛
99½	99⅝	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	...
104	110	900	Royal Dutch	110	110	104	104	— 8
14¼	15	1,100	St. Louis-San Fran	15¼	15½	14½	14½	— ⅛
10⅝	10⅞	2,000	Saxon Motor	10¼	11⅜	10	10¼	— 1
10⅝	10⅞	700	Seaboard Air Line	10⅜	10⅝	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
161	165	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	162	162	162	162	— ¾
35¼	35½	700	Sinclair Oil Refin	36	36	35½	35½	...
103⅜	104	23,800	Southern Pacific	104¾	104⅝	103¼	103⅜	— ⅛
31¾	31¼	7,800	Southern Railway	31⅝	32	31	31	+ ⅛
70	70½	100	Southern Ry. pf	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	...
84	86½	50	Stand. Mill. pf. x d	84	84	84	84	...
64	64¾	13,500	Studebaker Co	65¾	65⅞	63⅝	64	— ⅜
99	99⅝	400	Studebaker Co. pf	100	100	100	100	...
47¼	47¾	1,200	Stutz Motor	47¼	47¼	45	46	— 1
36½	36⅞	100	Superior Steel	36½	36½	36½	36½	+ ⅛
15⅞	16	200	Tenn. C. & C	15⅞	16	15⅞	16	...
184½	186	1,900	Texas Co	186½	186¾	184	184½	— ⅜
24½	25	500	Texas & Pacific	24½	25	24½	24½	— ⅜
19⅝	19⅞	200	Third Avenue	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
76½	78⅝	15,500	Tobacco Products	76½	78⅝	76½	78	+2
39⅝	39⅞	4,500	Transue & Wms	39⅝	40⅜	39⅝	39½	...
73½	75¼	400	Union Bag & Paper	75	75¼	75	75¼	— ⅛
132½	132⅞	3,400	Union Pacific	133	133¾	132½	132½	— ⅛
75	75	200	Union Pacific pf	75	75	75	75	— ⅛
39⅛	40	1,500	United Alloy Steel	40	40	39½	40	+ ⅛
102¼	102⅝	500	United Cigar Stores	102¼	102⅞	102	102	+ ⅛
17	17	100	United Ry. Inv. pf	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
104¼	106¾	3,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	104¼	106¾	102¾	102¾	— 1
94½	96	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	94½	96	94½	94½	+ ⅛
71½	72	1,750	U. S. Rubber	71½	72	70½	70½	— ⅛
48	49	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	49	49	49	49	— ⅛
100¼	100⅝	90,500	U. S. Steel	101	101⅜	100¼	100¼	— ⅛
614	614	600	U. S. Steel pf	111½	111½	111	111	— ⅛
82⅜	82⅝	2,000	Utah Copper	83½	84⅜	82¼	82½	— 1
55	56	600	Va.-Car. Chemical	56	56	55½	55½	— ⅛
9⅞	10⅛	1,700	Wabash	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
39	39¼	600	Wabash pf. A	39¼	39¼	39	39	— ⅛
24½	24⅝	100	Wabash pf. B	24½	24½	24½	24½	— ⅛
73½	75¼	100	Wells Fargo Exp	75	75	75	75	— ⅛
14⅜	14½	2,000	Western Maryland	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14½	— ⅛
22	23	100	Western Pacific	22	22	22	22	...
62¼	63	100	Western Pacific pf	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ⅛
43⅛	43¾	2,400	Westingh. E. & M	44	44¼	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
10⅜	11	300	Wheeling & L. E	10⅞	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
46	46¼	300	White Motors	46⅝	46⅝	46¼	46¼	— ⅜
68¾	69	1,000	Wilson & Co	69	70	69	69	...
26¾	27	5,900	Willys-Overland	26½	27⅛	26½	26⅝	+ ⅛
120	123	100	Willys-Overland pf	88	89¼	88	89	+1
53	55	19	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	— ⅛
66	68	55	Worthington Pump	53	53	53	53	...
			Worth. Pump pf. B	66	66	66	66	...

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.20	6.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.30	5.90
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1918-'23	5	6.50	6.30
C., R. I. & Pac.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	5.90	5.80
Chickasaw Refin.	1918-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	6.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	6.25	5.75
Erie R. R.	1918-'27	4½@5	6.40	6.00
Illinois Central	1918-'26	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1918-'23	5	6.00	5.25
Michigan Central	1918-'20	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1918-'23	5	7.25	6.25
Mo. Pacific	1918-'27	5	7.25	6.25
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	6.50	6.00
N. Y. Central	1918-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1918-'24	5	6.00

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE AMERICAN METAL COMPANY, (LIMITED).

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of The American Metal Company, (Limited,) a New York corporation, duly adopted at a meeting of said Board held October 21, 1918, a special meeting of the stockholders of said The American Metal Company, (Limited,) will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 61 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 22nd day of November, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of acting upon the proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved, in accordance with the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, October 21, 1918.

JULIUS GOLDMAN, Secretary.

PREDICTS SMOOTH TRADE TRANSITION

Brig. Gen. Tripp, Back in Civil Life, Thinks Change Will Be Made in Six Months.

IS BEING ABLY HANDLED

Other Dollar-a-Year Men Expected Soon to Return to Their Former Activities.

Brig. Gen. Guy E. Tripp, one of the "dollar-a-year men" while in the Government service, has returned to this city to take up once more his duties as Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. As chief of the production of ordnance he said his duties were now over, and that the President having accepted his resignation he was glad to return to civilian life. General Tripp comes back optimistic regarding our industrial future. He is inclined to think that the transition period between war and peace will not be of great duration, and that this country will re-establish itself with the minimum of shock. When asked about industrial conditions General Tripp said:

"I am an optimist. I know there are those who believe that we will be two or three years in changing from a war to a peace basis, but such thoughts do not fit in with my estimate. For my part I think you will see the transition largely accomplished within six months, and so smoothly that we will hardly realise the change we are undergoing. The entire problem of change is being handled admirably in Washington.

"Already we can see the gradual easing down which is in process. It is not so noticeable as to create a jar, but it is beginning to be accomplished, and I think it will go along without much friction. When I say that six months will find the industries of the country on a peace footing I of course do not mean that we shall be working at full capacity. That may take more time, but at all events the greater part of the transition will have been accomplished. The country is tuned to pick up its industrial work easily. There are tasks which must be aided in; for instance, we must help in the restoration in France, so that all our energies cannot be turned toward industrial expansion. Whether there really is to be industrial expansion of the scope predicted in some quarters is, I think, difficult to judge. It is hard to estimate just what the effect of this enormous public debt is going to be."

Many other "dollar-a-year men" are said to be preparing to give up their work in Washington. The exigencies of the war having ceased with the signing of the armistice, the industrial generals believe that their services are needed now for the serious demands which business will make upon them. Walter S. Gifford, Director of the Council of National Defense, is leaving that position to resume his duties as Controller of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. John P. White, former President of the United Mine Workers of America, will retire within a few days as Joint Director of the Bureau of Labor of the Fuel Administration. The closing of the war presupposes the early return of John D. Ryan to his business activities. It is understood that his duties as Assistant Secretary of War in charge of aircraft production are about at an end.

Others who may be expected to sever their Washington connections before long are E. R. Stettinius, of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Charles M. Schwab. The latter, it is understood, is anxious to get back to private life. Bernard M. Baruch, it is expected, will remain in the service of the Government until the reconstruction period has been successfully passed over, as will J. Leonard Replogle, on part time at least.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Nov.	1.33	1.29	1.32½	1.30	...
Dec.	1.32	1.26	1.30½	1.25⅛	1.22
Jan.	1.34	1.27⅛	1.32⅝	1.30	1.18⅛

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Nov.	76	74	76	75	...
Dec.	75⅛	72⅛	73	74	66⅛
Jan.	75⅛	72⅞	75	74⅝	...

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 85c; No. 2 white, 85½c; No. 3 white, 84½c; No. 4 white, 84c; ordinary clipped, 84¼@86¼c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Nov.	27.02	27.00	27.00	27.12	27.62
Jan.	26.80	26.00	26.25	26.25	24.62
Ribs—					
Nov.	...	...	23.00	...	...
Jan.	24.60	24.57	24.55	24.62	24.40
Pork—					
Nov.	...	...	41.00	...	...
Jan.	46.20	45.70	46.20	46.30	45.65

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
December	1.72¾	1.68¼	1.72½
January	1.75	1.70	1.75

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,330 packages. Fair trading and a slightly firmer market for nearly all grades. The bulk of the creamery butter consists of good seconds to fine firsts, and these grades are moving better than heretofore. Fancy stock is relatively scarce. Ladles favor the seller and holding stock in retailers' hands. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 64@64½c; extras, 92 score, 63½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 58½@63c; seconds, 88 to 87 score, 55@58c; lower grades, 50@54c; unsalted, higher than extras, 66@66½c; extras, 65@65½c; firsts, 60@64c; seconds, 56@59½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 62@62½c; good to prime, 57@61c; common to fair, 47@56c; renovated, extras, 50@51c; firsts, 47@48c; lower grades, 42@46c; imitation creamery, firsts, 44@45c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39½@40½c; seconds, 38½c; lower grades, 36½@38c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 37½@38c; No. 2, 36½@37c; lower grades, 34@36c.

EGGS.—9,336 packages. Receipts are showing an increase, and while this consists partly of storage stock, there is rather more fresh gathered coming forward from southerly sections. The supply of strictly fine to fancy fresh goods is taken with reasonable promptness at sustained prices, but buyers are becoming a little more critical and mixed and irregular qualities are moving slower. On storage eggs the market maintains a strong tone. Nearby white eggs are moving slowly and few of them of strictly fancy quality. The undergrades drag heavily. California white eggs of strictly fine quality are having some further sales at 88c, but less desirable goods are offered at 85c without takers. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 71@72c; extra firsts, 68@70c; firsts, 64@67c; seconds, 60@63c; undergrades, 52@58c; dirties, No. 1, 48c; No. 2 and poorer, 43@47c; checks, good to choice, dry, 45@46c; undergrades, 38@42c; refrigerators, 40@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 88@92c; ordinary to prime, 70@87c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 70@90c; pullet whites, 85@86c; White and Southern gathered whites, 68@85c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 74@78c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 62@72c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sales of the Jones Brothers Tea Company in October amounted to $1,139,619, a decline of $7,544 from the total in the same month last year.

The Fairbanks Company, according to a Boston dispatch, has decided to sell to stockholders at par 5,265 shares each of common and preferred stock. Holders of common stock will receive the right on Nov. 25 to subscribe to one share of preferred and one share of common in proportion to each ten shares of common stock then owned.

Duncan A. Holmes, formerly with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Halstead C. Freeman, formerly with William A. Read & Co., have been elected Vice Presidents of the Chase Securities Company.

COTTON IS UNSETTLED WITHIN NARROW RANGE

Early Decline Is Followed by a Rally Due to Absorption and Covering by Shorts.

With a steady to firm opening yesterday in response to better Liverpool cables, advances of 20 to 25 points for December, January, and March contracts were recorded, compared with Monday's closing. This was followed by a decline due to fresh selling by New Orleans and other Southern points, but a ready absorption of the offerings at these prices and with Liverpool and local shorts covering the market rallied. Before the buying movement ran its course December got up to 27.95c, January 27.35c, March 26.98c, and May 26.73c, all up 70 to 80 points from the low level reached in the decline of the first half hour's business.

The cotton market of yesterday was a counterpart of the sessions of the last week, or since the inhibition against short selling. It moved within a narrow range and displayed a nervousness and irregularity both confusing and conflicting. Sentiment among the traders is that these uninteresting sessions will continue so long as the Government's regulation against short selling is in effect, it being quite unable to foresee the future course of values during the period of reconstruction. During the time immediately preceding the signing of the armistice the belief was very widely held that heavy exports of the staple would mean a continuance of the then prevailing high prices, but since the availability of sufficient shipping facilities to take care of this is still remote the market has been pursuing an irregular course, prices fluctuating irregularly between the belief that peace will bring a return to normal pre-war prices and the opinion that the urgent necessities of Europe will lead to several years of high-priced cotton.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	27.75	27.90	27.65	27.10@27.20	27.50
Jan.	27.07	27.35	26.40	26.50@26.55	26.85
Feb.	...	...	...	26.20 bid	26.56
Mar.	26.75	26.98	26.02	26.06@26.10	26.50
April	...	...	...	25.92 bid	26.35
May	26.80	26.73	25.80	25.82@25.87	26.25
July	26.10	26.48	25.62	25.62@25.85	26.15
Aug.	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.12 bid	25.95
Sept.	...	25.00	24.75	24.52 bid	25.05

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 28.40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30c; New Orleans, 29.75c; Savannah, 29.50c; Augusta, 26.81c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 28.75c; Little Rock, 30.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	26,022	19,506	39,672
Exports	23,023	.....	19,513
Exports, season	1,058,858	1,008,246	1,575,530
N. Y. stocks	131,066	138,984	67,682
Port stocks	1,301,317	1,319,446	1,136,276
N. Y. arrivals	6,809	5,251	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton dull at 20.73d middling, 20.34d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, all American. Imports, 5,000 bales, all American. Futures opened irregular, 13 to 33 points decline, and closed steady, 2 points up. November, 20.65d; December, 19.77d; January, 18.92d; February, 18.20d; March, 17.29d. Manchester: Yarns dull and cloths irregular.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

S. C. and Ga.—Fair Wed. Thurs., fair and warmer.

Fla.—Fair and warmer Wed. and Thurs.

Ala.—Fair and warmed Wed. Thurs., cloudy and warmer.

Miss.—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs., cloudy and rain.

Tenn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ky.—Fair Wed. Thurs., cloudy and warmer.

Ind.—Fair Wed. Thurs., rain and warmer.

Mich. and Ohio—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Twenty-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,067,000, were chartered today. They include:

Delaware County Farm Products Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. Silben, H. Margolin, M. M. Alpert, 660 West 179th St.

Ludlow Hotel Corp., Yonkers, $90,000; J. Runciman, H. A. Youman, J. H. Bennett, 129 West 48th St.

Maritime Salvage Assn., Manhattan, salvage grain, seeds, and machinery, $100,000; G. R. Martin, A. J. Reddelien, E. R. Hamilton, Hotel Bossert, Brooklyn.

G. & G. Dairy Lunch Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Gartner, R. and S. Gruber, 86 West 113th St.

Perfection Packing Co., Manhattan, $7,500; L. M. Jeffe, W. Cohen, E. Bendheim, 56 West 85th St.

Gibbs, Hillman & Anderson, Buffalo, realty, $5,000; W. H. Gibbs, C. P. Hillman, O. F. Anderson, Buffalo.

Barrett, Nephews & Co., Old Staten Island Dyeing Estab., Manhattan, $300,000; W. Cheyne, W. J. Wright, C. E. Thornall, 50 Church St.

Parmelee & Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, 1,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 2,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $110,000; R. J. Buck, F. R. Outerbridge, C. L. Parmelee, 32 B'way.

G. A. Miller, Manhattan, deal in merchandise and products, $100,000; G. A. Miller, A. Kalisky, H. M. Diamond, 241 West 113th St.

Reel Delivery Service Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. I. Brown, M. Nirenburg, L. Rosenblatt, 1,103 Simpson St.

C. P. Lawrence & Co., Manhattan, veilings and mallines, $20,000; L. P. Goldstein, S. Pincus, I. B. Feinberg, 51 Chambers St.

Robert E Loud Music Co., Buffalo, $100,000; A. J. Boland, R. W. Werner, H. L. Loud, Buffalo.

West 87th Street Realty Holding Corp., Manhattan, $7,000; E. L. Lorey, M. M. Martin, S. Rubin, 238 Broadway.

Standard Pulverizing Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Nordenschild, I. Schneider, B. Potash, 588 West 164th St.

Eugene A. Heilman & Co., Manhattan, textiles, $150,000; Stroh, B. M. & E. A. Heilman, 929 Park Av.

The A. W. Davis Co., Castile, Wyoming County, dry goods and notions, $15,000; E. D. Phillips, A. W. & M. C. Davis, Castile.

Frank Keenan Productions Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures, $10,000; L. E. McMahon, K. & F. Keenan, Lauralton, L. I.

Hahn & Wolfe, Inc., Manhattan, poultry, $6,000; C. Hahn, A. Wolfe, I. A. Ribinow, 2,615 Avenue D, Brooklyn.

Walton Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Guzzardi, A. H. Brill, T. Cochee, 752 West 178th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Westchester Machine Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $75,000.

Clemens Electrical Corp., Buffalo, $10,000 to $160,000.

New York Charcoal Co., Manhattan, $9,000 to $30,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

L. B. Van Wagenen Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $100,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Weisenburger & Moch, Manhattan, to Sig. Weisenburger & Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Ghent Realty Co., Manhattan.

The William J. Burns Commercial Inquiry and Adjustment Service, Inc.

Murray Shapiro, Inc., Manhattan.

MERGER.

Malcolm General Agency, Manhattan, with Tompkins & Co., Inc.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 19.—Charters filed: Jersey Silk Sales Corp., Plainfield, $16,000; William R. Coddington, Colin H. Dascombe, and Albert I. Coddington, all of Plainfield.

Marshall Field & Co., Hoboken, clothing and general merchandise, $5,000; John G. Shedd, James Simpson, and John McKinley, all of Chicago.

American Nitration Co., Newark, chemicals, $50,000; David L. Sumney of Waterbury, Conn.; Alfred Weeks of Nutley, N. J., and William A. Wachenfeld of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 19.—Charters filed: The Central Glass Casket Co., $1,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Dreema, of Wilmington.

The Allegheny Glass Co., $1,500,000. Incorporators, same as above.

Prairie Oil and Development Co., $1,000,000. Incorporators, same as above.

The Almeria Farms, Inc., to manufacture and refine sugar, molasses, &c., $1,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, L. H. Gunther, Paul S. Smith, all of New York.

Victor Oil Co. of Indiana, $1,000,000; W. J. O'Keefe, Geroge G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

New York and Colombian Syndicate Inc., to operate steamboats, railways, &c., $100,000; F. B. Howard, Paul S. Smith, all of New York.

The Polish National Publishing Co. of Philadelphia, $50,000; Leon Lewandowski, Alex Lewandowski, Peter Lewandoski, Leon B. Cox, all of Philadelphia.

Liberty Motor Service Association, to manufacture and sell automobiles, trucks, &c., $25,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Erickson Corporation, New York, from $300,000 to $550,000.

GOVERNMENT'S LOSS ON RAILROADS CUT

Deficit Due to Nine Months' Operation $300,000,000 Less Than Early Estimates.

MAY FALL TO $100,000,000

Officials Predict That Actual Profit Will Be Shown in Earnings After Jan. 1.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Prospective loss to the Government through the operation of railroads and guaranteeing fixed returns to the companies has been reduced to about $200,000,000 for the nine months' period ended Oct. 1 from approximately $500,000,000, the threatened loss several months ago. This was indicated today by the Interstate Commerce Commission's report that the net sum which the Government would receive from operations of the leading railroads for the nine months was $518,956,000.

The share of the estimated $950,000,000 guaranteed return for the year due the railroads from the Government for this period is calculated at a little more than $700,000,000, or nearly $200,000,000 more than the roads earn for the Government. This does not take into consideration big sums loaned to railroads by the Railroad Administration for financing improvements, equipment purchases, and similar purposes.

Railroad Administration officials predict that, by the end of the year, the Government's loss will be reduced to less than $100,000,000, and that this will be recouped later as the increased earnings from higher rates continue to pour in.

The influenza epidemic, causing slackening of shipping and traveling and hampering of train operations, showed its effect in September revenues, which dropped to $488,135,000 from the August high figure of $592,759,000. Operating expenses continued rising, amounting to $370,604,000 for the month. This caused railway operating income to fall to $101,889,000 from the August figure of $128,123,000.

For the nine months up to Oct. 1 total railway revenues from leading roads amounted to $3,541,343,000, and operating expenses $2,861,753,000. Deductions of taxes left operating income of $539,549,000, of which $518,656,000 goes to the Government.

A compilation of Interstate Commerce Commission reports on railway earnings this year shows that since the Government took control last Jan. 1 revenues from freight, passenger, and express traffic have grown steadily, jumping rapidly in July as a result of the general rate advance of the previous month. Operating expenses kept pace, amounting in June to more than receipts, largely on account of big payments of back wages. Operating income, which is substantially the difference between revenues and expenses, with reductions for taxes, has grown rather unsteadily, but decreased from July to September.

The Railroad Administration, officials say, has no immediate intention of materially reducing freight rates, but Director General McAdoo has under consideration a recommendation that he remove the half-cent-a-mile extra fare charge for Pullman travel. The effect of this, it is said, would be to increase Pullman travel and decrease coach patronage, a result not considered entirely desirable by the Government.

MAY COMBINE WAR BOARDS.

Heads of Various Agencies Consider Reconstruction Plans.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Continuation during the reconstruction period of at least some of the functions of several of the civil agencies of the Government organized for the prosecution of the war is under consideration by the heads of these organizations. With the signing of peace these agencies automatically would go out of existence, and conferences are now being held to determine what legislation is necessary to make the new plan effective and what activities should be pooled.

Officials today refused to discuss the plan, but it is understood that it contemplates the co-ordination of some of the functions of the War Industries Board, the War Trade Boards, the Food Administration and the Fuel Administrations.

A proposal is being considered to set up a sort of liquidation committee or a pooling arrangement that would take over whatever functions of each agency that might be regarded as necessary to guide the country over the period of transition from war to peace without dislocation of industry and commerce.

Chairman Baruch of the War Industries Board has discussed the project with Chairman Vance McCormick of the War Trade Board, Fuel Administrator Garfield and Theodore Whitmarsh, Chairman of the Committee of the Food Administration, in charge of its work while Mr. Hoover is performing his special mission abroad.

New Uruguay-Argentina Cable.

The Central and South American Telegraph Company, according to reports received here yesterday, has been given rights by the Argentine Government to lay and operate cables and land lines, connecting the Argentine with Montevideo and Uruguay. The latter Government has also issued a decree permitting the building of the lines. All of the material for this purpose is now on hand at Buenos Aires. It is expected that the work will be completed in about nine months. The Central and South American Telegraph Company is also said to have concessions from Brazil whereby it will have the right to establish a cable line between Rio de Janeiro and Cuba.

Assay Office Removes Ban on Gold.

Verne M. Bovie, Superintendent of the Assay Office, announced yesterday that, beginning this morning, the restriction in effect since Sept. 9 on the issuance of gold for trade and other purposes would be removed. The Assay Office will be prepared to sell gold under normal conditions. The Director of the Mint ruled early in September that no gold bars should be disposed of to manufacturers using the metal except on a certificate obtained by the buyer from the War Industries Board. If the gold was for export, a license was made necessary from the Federal Trade Board.

Allows Six-Cent Fare in Chicago.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 19.—The State Public Utilities Commission today authorized the elevated railways of Chicago to charge a 6-cent fare until Dec. 1, 1919. The company had asked a 7-cent fare.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to terms of mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1919, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $137,834.22, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating numbers of bonds offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds will be received until 3 P. M. November 25, 1918.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1918.

BONDS CALLED

GWYDER SHIPPING CO., LTD.

The undersigned will receive tenders before December 1, 1918, of the First Mortgage 7% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds due February 15, 1921, of the above Company to an amount not exceeding $11,000 par value at a price not to exceed 103 and interest; preference being given to bonds offered at the lowest price.

PITTSBURG TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
823 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Interborough Rapid Transit Company
3-Year Secured Convertible 7% Gold Notes
Denominations $1,000, $500 and $100
Due September 1, 1921

SECURED by the deposit of the Company's First and Refunding 5% bonds, due 1966, in the ratio of $156 in bonds for each $100 note outstanding.

CONVERTIBLE at the holder's option, so long as the notes are outstanding into the First and Refunding 5's at 87½. Inasmuch as the 5's have sold in the past as high as 99 there is reason to anticipate, with a continuation of the improvement in market conditions, that this conversion privilege may be of considerable value to the note holder.

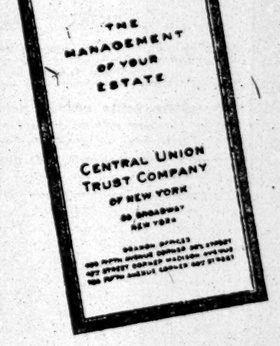
Through the ownership of these notes, the holder obtains the advantages of a short term investment with the added assurance, even though the market advances on long term bonds, of being able, through the exercise of the conversion privilege, to reinvest on very favorable terms.

Price, at the market, to yield about 7.40%

(This yield does not take into consideration any profit that may accrue through the exercise of the conversion privilege)

A complete description of these notes will be sent upon request for Circular NA-2. Write, call, or telephone Hanover 4041.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO
N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET
CHICAGO — PHILADELPHIA — BOSTON — ST. LOUIS
DETROIT — MILWAUKEE



The one thing you cannot bequeath

That sound judgment which now guards and governs your business must go with you—you cannot bequeath it to your heirs.

The Central Union Trust Co. of New York is well qualified to take your place in the management of your estate. It is long-experienced and particularly well equipped to perform the full duty of administering estates.

"The Management of Your Estate" is a sixteen-page booklet prepared by us, and is interesting as well as instructive. We will be pleased to mail it to you free of charge.

Central Union Trust Company
OF NEW YORK
80 Broadway — 54 Wall Street
Plaza Branch, 786 Fifth Avenue — 42nd Street Branch, Madison Ave. & 42nd St. — 5th Ave. Branch, 425 Fifth Avenue
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

A Christmas Remembrance To Those Overseas

A bank draft payable in France is one of the most practical gifts which can be made to relatives and friends in foreign service.

Now is the time to give this your attention owing to unavoidable delays in the mail.

Drafts for this purpose may be obtained at any of our offices, and your inquiries in regard to this service will be cheerfully answered.

Brooklyn Trust Company
Member of the Federal Reserve System and the New York Clearing House Association
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn
Bedford Branch, Fulton St. and Bedford Ave. — Manhattan Office, Wall St. and Broadway
Chartered April 14, 1866.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF First Mortgage Bonds of MEXICAN NORTHERN RAILWAY CO. Sinking Fund Notes.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article 17 of the mortgage of the Mexican Northern Railway Company to the State Trust Company, dated December 1, 1890, that proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, up to ten o'clock A. M. Friday, December 6, 1918, for the sale to it as trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered not exceeding 106 and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $18,815.35, delivery to be made December 9th, 1918.

Proposals should be sealed and indorsed "Offers of Mexican Northern Bonds for the Sinking Fund" and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all offers, in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Successor Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
November 18, 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

LOUISIANA OIL REFINING CORPORATION TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. TEN YEAR CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS OF THE LOUISIANA OIL REFINING CORPORATION.

Under the Sinking Fund provisions of the indenture dated May 15, 1917, between the above Corporation and the State Street Trust Company of Boston, the undersigned Trustee hereby gives notice that until December 2, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon, it will receive sealed proposals for the sale of the above named bonds to absorb the sum of Sixty-seven thousand eight hundred forty-one dollars and thirty-seven cents ($67,841.37) or any part thereof. No bonds should be offered at a price exceeding 110% and accrued interest.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

STATE STREET TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By ASHTON L. CARR, Vice President.
Boston, Mass., November 1, 1918.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
United States Trust Company of New York
at the close of business on the 1st day of November, 1918.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$4,600,000.00
Private securities		5,988,685.00
Real estate owned		1,045,000.00
Mortgages owned		4,415,024.67
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		51,250.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		21,294,985.50
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		6,984,891.20
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		5,502,768.49
Specie, (gold certificates)		100,000.00
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		3,200,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		351,786.53
Total		$53,624,391.39

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,558,941.87	
		14,558,941.87
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$2,347,807.22	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	7,713,457.45	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,992,807.54	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	15,702,896.05	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	2,716,726.23	
Other certificates of deposit	2,793,027.04	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,080,862.05	
Extend total deposits		$36,047,435.80
Rediscounts		300,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$185,800.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	518,022.60	
Estimated unearned discounts	21,120.93	
		720,013.53
Total		$53,624,391.39

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING CO
TO THE HOLDERS OF THE 6% SERIAL DEBENTURE GOLD BONDS OF WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the 6% Serial Debenture Gold Bonds of Westfield Manufacturing Company secured by Trust Agreement dated August 25th, 1915, between Westfield Manufacturing Company and The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee, that in accordance with the provisions of Article II, Sec. 1, of said Trust Agreement, Westfield Manufacturing Company has elected to redeem on December 1, 1918, the next date for the payment of interest, all of said bonds outstanding at the face value thereof plus a premium of one per cent. of such face value and interest due December 1, 1918, and that on and after said date all interest upon said bonds will cease, and that upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with December 1st, 1918, and subsequent interest coupons attached, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 37 Wall Street, New York City, said bonds and the matured interest coupons, together with a premium of 1% of the principal of said bonds, will be paid to the holders thereof.

The above premium of 1 per cent. of the principal of said bonds will be paid only on the bonds which do not mature on December 1st, 1918.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
By WILBUR C. WALKER, President.
STEPHEN C. MILLETT, Treasurer.
Dated October 30, 1918.

HOCKING COAL COMPANY
First Mtg. 6% 20-Yr. S.-F. Gold Bonds issued under Indenture dated July 1, 1912, between HOCKING COAL COMPANY, THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO. and EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the above mentioned indenture and supplemental indenture dated January 28th, 1913, bonds now outstanding, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on January 1st, 1919, out of the moneys in the Sinking Fund, to wit: 8, 14, 24, 60, 85, 89, 97, 101, 141, 184.

Said bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after January 2nd., 1919, at the 120 Broadway Office of the undersigned Trustee, N. Y. City, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons then unmatured at 105% of their par value. Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1919.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By HENRY P. WHITNEY, Asst. Trust Officer.
Dated, N. Y. City, November 1, 1918.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS COMPANY.

NOTICE is given that under the provisions of the Trust Mortgage the following six First Mortgage Five per cent. Gold Coupon Bonds of the Pennsylvania Iron Works Company, for $1,000 each, due November 15, 1921, have been drawn for payment, and will be paid at 105 and interest, at the office of The Land Title and Trust Company, Trustee, Philadelphia, Pa., on November 15, 1918, on which date interest will cease.

Bonds Nos. 80, 86, 92, 127, 138, 342.

THE LAND TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Philadelphia, October 15, 1918.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST CO.
at the close of business on the 1st day of November, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$

I own and offer, subject to sale,

25M Mexican Gov't Irrigation 4½s, 1943

(Guaranteed principal and interest by United States of Mexico)

Carrying May, 1914, and subsequent coupons.

Ernest Smith
50 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 3537

Emerson-Brantingham
National Surety
Packard Motor
Port Lobos Petroleum

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 1980-5 Hanover.

Amer. Pr. & Lt. Com.
Colorado Pr. Com.
Commonwealth Pr. Com. & Pf.
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Northern Ohio Elec. Com.
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DECLARES INTENTION TO HASTEN SUBWAYS

Service Commission Notifies Estimate Board That Money Will Soon Be Demanded.

TO ASK WOODEN CAR INQUIRY

Whitney Questions the Safety of Other Than Steel Cars in Centre Street Loop.

In a letter to the Board of Estimate yesterday, the Public Service Commission announced that it intended to push the letting of contracts for completing the dual system of rapid transit, and notified the board that requisitions would shortly be made for the increased expenses and for carrying on the work.

The work remaining to be contracted for will cost about $25,000,000, and consists, in addition to the Ashland Place connection in Brooklyn, of the elevated parts of the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District line, the extension of the Queensboro subway to Times Square, the erection of the structure for the Westchester Avenue elevated, four or five large storage yards and shops, and such incidental work as station finish and track installation. The letter says the most difficult problem in completing the dual system relates to contracts now under way, and adds:

"There are outstanding about $80,000,000 of contracts, under which there is perhaps $25,000,000 contract value of work to be done before the lines can be operated. Some of these contracts are for lines that are imperatively necessary if the public is to have the service to which it is entitled."

Reference is made to the unsuccessful efforts of the commission to procure a law that would relieve the contractors. The rapid demobilization of men now in the army, the letter says, would appear to make certain the possibility of getting all of the labor needed, and adds that there was immediate opportunity to procure skilled engineers for both the commission and contractors.

No estimate is made in the letter as to the time it will take to complete the dual system, but it was learned that it will take more than two years to have all of the contemplated lines in operation.

Public Service Commissioner Hervey said yesterday that at the next meeting of the commission he would introduce a resolution for an immediate inquiry as to why the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was still permitted to operate wooden cars through the Centre Street loop. He said investigation had shown that the wooden cars were used also by the company on some of its other lines where it was thought only steel cars were in operation.

"The purpose of the hearing," said Mr. Hervey, "will be to develop the facts as to the matter and determine whether, especially in view of the lessons of the Malbone Street tunnel disaster, any wooden cars shall be permitted to come into the Centre Street loop, even if this involves the temporary withdrawal of service now greatly needed by the traveling public. The public should let its views be known at a public hearing."

Commissioner Whitney said that about a year ago the company agreed to operate only steel cars through the loop, but that only 200 of the cars, or about half of the number needed, had been put into service. The other 200, he said, were wooden cars.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	99½	99¾	3s, conversion, 1947	90	...
2s, coupon, 1930	99½	99¾	4s, registered, 1925	106	106¾
2s, Panama, '38, reg	99	99½	4s, coupon, 1925	106	106¾
2s, Panama, '38, coup	99	99½	3s, Panama, '61, reg	88	92
3s, registered, 1946	89	..	3s, Panama, '61, coup	88	90
3s, coupon, 1946	89	..	5s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104½	105

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	102¼	103	102
4½s June, 1965	102¼	103	102
4½s Mar., 1963	102¼	103	102
4½s Nov., 1957	102¼	103	102
4½s May, 1957	102¼	103	102
4½s Mar., 1960-30	98¼	98⅜	98⅜
4½s Mar., 1964	98¼	98⅜	98⅜
4½s Apr., 1966	98¼	98⅜	98⅜
4½s Mar., 1962	98¼	98⅜	98⅜
4½s Sep., 1960	98¼	98⅜	98⅜
4s May, 1959	93	94	93
4s Nov., 1958	93	94	93
4s May, 1957	93	94	93
4s Nov., 1956	92½	94	92½
4s Nov., 1955	92¼	94	92½
4s Nov., 1936	95	96	95
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1931	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1921-1923	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1920	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
4s 1940-1963	4.50	4.35	4.50
4s 1930-1936	4.50	4.35	4.50
4s 1922-1929	4.55	4.35	4.55
4s 1919-1921	4.55	4.35	4.55
4s 1940-1953	4.55	4.40	4.55
4s 1926-1930	4.55	4.40	4.55
4s 1919-1925	4.55	4.40	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
730	Cities Service	298	294	296	299
2,595	Cities Service pf	82¼	81½	81¾	82
$26,500	Cities Service deb. 7s	119	115	115	119

Sales.		Bid.	Asked.
	Adiron Elec Power	15	17
	Adiron Elec Power pf	68	69
	Am Gas & Electric	105	107
	Am Gas & Elec pf	43	47
	Am Light & Trac.	239	243
	Am Light & Trac pf	98	101
	Am Power & Light	61	64
	Am Power & Light pf	74	78
	Am Public Utilities	25	35
	Am Public Utilities pf	38	41
	Am W W & Electric	7	9
	Am W W & E 1st pf	60	70
	Am W W & E partic	14	17
	Carolina Power & Light	31	37
	Carolina Power & Lt pf	93½	97
	Colorado Power	29	30
	Colorado Power pf	93	97
	Columbus Electric	72	76
	Com Pow, Ry & Lt	24	25
	Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	51	53
	Conn Power pf	73	77
	Consumers Power	80	85
	Consumers Power pf	80	85
	Eastern Texas Elec	50	53
	Eastern Texas Elec pf	73	76
	El Paso Electric	73	78
	Electric B & S pf	92	95
	Empire Dist Elec pf	73	75
	Federal Light & Trac	7	10
	Federal Lt & Trac pf	40	43
	Galveston-Houston Elec	24	30
	Galveston-Hous Elec pf	62	68
	Gas & Elec Securities	250	275
	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85

Bonds.

$1,000	A T & T 4s	86¾	86¾
1,000	Chi Jct 4s	94½	94½
1,000	Atch 4s	87¾	87¾
1,000	Alabama Water 6s, '20	96	98½
	Am W W & E col 5s	70	73
	Appalachian Pow 5s	72	75
	Cities Gas & El 5s, '50	..	91½
	Cities Fuel & P 7s, '19	98	99½
	Col G & E deb 5s, '27	73	80
	Commonwealth Power (Web) 1st 6s, 1914	96¼	100
	Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	89
	Dallas Elec 5s, '22	84	88
	East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88
	East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97	98
	El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90
	Empire Gas & F 6s, '26	97	98¼
	Empire Ref 6s, '27	92½	95
	Gt West Pow 5s, '46	80	85
	Gt West Pow 6s, 25	85	90
	Int M Ry, L & P 6s	97	100
	Middle W U 6s, 25	85	90
	Miss River Pow 1st 5s	73	...
	Miss V G & F 5s, '52	80	85
	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	93	96
	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	90	92
	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	80	85
	Penn Elec 7s, '23	97	99
	Puget Sd T, L & P 7s	98½	100
	Roanoke W W 5s, '10	96½	97¾
	So Cal Edison 5s, '30	88	91
	Twin States Gas & El 5s, '53	80	86
	Un L & R 1st 5s, '35	80	86
	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	88	92
	Un Util ev 6s, '43	90	95
	Utah Securities 6s	80	90½
	Wash I W L & P 6s	94	98
	Middle W U 6s, '25	85	90

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Balt Tube	147	147	147
18	Con Power	107	107	107
30	Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼
200	Con Coal	84	83	84
155	Dav Chem	35	35	35
155	Marine Bank	38	38	38

Bonds.

$1,000	Balt G 4½s	89	89
2,000	Chi Ry 5s	88½	88½
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	97	97
$4,000	Unit Ry 4s	79	79
1,000	Do 6s, nts	96	96
14,000	W B A 5s	85	85

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Am Zinc	13⅞	13¾	13¾
20	Ahmeek	81	81	81
210	Butte & Sup	4	3¾	3⅞
15	Allouez	49	49	49
45	Anaconda	69¾	68½	68½
95	Ariz Com'l	15	14⅜	15
125	Butte & Sup	23¼	22	22
152	Cal & Ariz	69	68	69
35	Centennial	13½	13½	13½
130	Cop Range	49¼	49	49
225	Davis-Daly	5¾	5¼	5¾
100	East Butte	11¼	11¼	11¼
50	Franklin	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
25	Hancock	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
10	Inspiration	53¼	53¼	53¼
15	Island Creek	51	51	51
5	Isle Royale	26¼	26¼	26¼
40	Lake Copper	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
50	La Salle	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Mass Con	5	5	5
103	Mayflower	3¼	3	3¼
15	Michigan	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
50	Mohawk	57	57	57
10	Nevada	20¼	20¼	20¼
$5,000	Adventure	2	2	2
1,000	Arcadian	3	3	3
1,000	Arizona Com	7	7	7
1,000	Bingham Min	4	4	4
1,000	Calumet & Ariz	68	68	68
1,000	Calumet & Hecla	510	510	510
1,000	Centennial	13½	13½	13½
1,000	Copper Range	49	49	49
1,000	Daly West	20	20	20
1,000	Granby	57	57	57
1,000	Greene Cananea	28	28	28
1,000	Hancock	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
1,000	Indiana	98	98	98
1,000	Isle Royale	26¼	26¼	26¼
1,000	Mass Consol	5	5	5
1,000	Mayflower	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,000	Mohawk	57	57	57
1,000	Nevada	20¼	20¼	20¼
1,000	North Butte	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	Old Dominion	41	40½	40½
1,000	Osceola	57	57	57
1,000	Pond Creek	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
1,000	Quincy	68	68	68
1,000	Ray	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
1,000	Santa Fe	50	50	50
1,000	Seneca	14	14	14
1,000	Shannon	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,000	South Utah	13	13	13
1,000	Superior	8½	8	8½
1,000	Superior & Bos	3¾	3½	3¾
1,000	Trinity	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,000	Tuolumne	90c	90c	90c
1,000	U S Smelt	48½	48	48
1,000	Utah Apex	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,000	Utah Con	94	94	94
1,000	Utah Metal	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000	Winona	1	75c	75c
1,000	Wolverine	22	22	22

Railroads.

$2,000	Boston Elev.	76	75½
12	Do pf	97¼	97
40	Bos & Low	103	101
15	Bos & W Elec pf	30¼	30¼
65	Conn River	125	125
45	Fitchburg pf	62½	61½
10	Maine Cent	88	88

Miscellaneous.

20	Am Ag Ch	101	101
15	Do pf	107½	107½
25	Am Sugar	113	113
680	Am T & T	105¾	105½
10	Am Woolen	51¼	51¼
13	Do pf	95½	95½
3,650	Booth Fish	26	23½
975	Cent Steel	14¼	13⅞
30	Cuban PtCem	13½	13¼
107	Edison	185	185
267	Fairbanks	63½	62
3,280	Gorton	32⅝	31
75	Island Oil	3⅝	3⅜
110	Int Pt Cem	7	7
15	Mass Gas	90	90
10	Do pf	68½	68½
100	Mackay pf	64	64
5	Merg'nth'l'r	144⅜	144⅜
10	N E Tel	98	98
100	Punta Sugar	48	48
5	Reece But	13	13
2,390	Stewart	39⅝	38½
673	Swift	129	127
45	Un Fruit	144½	143½
120	Un Shoe	45	44⅝
450	Ventura Oil	8⅛	8⅝
140	Walworth	17	17

Bonds.

$1,000	N E Tel 5s	94½	94½
2000	Punt Sug 6s	88	88

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am Rad pf	116	116	116
70	Am Ship'g	102	102	102
25	Armour pf	103¾	103¼	103¼
3,200	Booth Fish	26	23⅜	25½
120	Do pf	78	78	78
200	C C & C pf	14	13¾	14
25	Chi Pneu T	66	66	66
25	Chi R, R	42	42	42
100	Do, Ser 3	2	2	2
100	Do, Ser 4	¾	¾	¾
300	Cudahy	130	129⅝	130
100	Com Edison	118	118	118
25	Dia Match	115½	115½	115½
25	Ill Brick	64	64	64
2,204	Libby	24½	23⅞	24¼
15	Max 1st pf	66	66	66
20	Nat Car pf	115¾	115¾	115¾
25	People's Gas	58	58	58
98	Q Oats pf	99	98¾	99
35	Sears-Roe	164	163	164
30	Shaw	71	71	71
400	S Wamer	76	76	76
4,625	Swift Int	47	45	46¼
1,205	Swift	129	127	128
855	Carbide	63¼	62	62
25	Union Pf	93	93	93
145	Wilson	70	69	69
25	Do pf	98	98	98

Bonds.

$5,000	Chicago Tel 5s	96¾	96¼
2,000	Ogden G 5s	85½	85½
$2,000	Pub Sve (N Ill) 5s	88	87¾
3,000	Swift 1st 5s	97¼	97¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am Gas, N J	75	74¾	74¾
25	Brill	24	24	24
445	Cramp	90¼	90	90
55	Elec Storage	54¾	53¾	54¾
5	Inc on Min	26	26	26
120	Keystone Tel	11	11	11
150	Lehigh Val	62½	62¼	62¼
10	Penn Salt	86	86	85¾
3,632	Phila Elec	26¼	25¾	26½
20	Phila Co cum 6s pf	36¼	36¼	36¼
100	Tonopah Min	3¼	3¼	3¼
348	U G I	72¾	72	72
535	Union Trac	40¼	40¼	40½

Bonds.

$2,000	Drexel ctfs	102½	102¼
1,000	EquitGas 5s	103½	103¼
3,000	L Sup inc 5s	56	55¾
$5,000	Phila Electric 1st 5s	94¾	94¾
7,000	Read'g gen 4s	80¾	80¾

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Am Cigar	99	102	99
Am Cigar pf	83	86	83
Conley Foil	190	205	190
J S Young	120	150	120
J. S. Young pf	97	102	97
MacA & Forbes	170	190	170
Porto R-Am Tob	124	130	124
R J Reynolds, A	360	380	350
R J Reyn com, B	270	290	265
R J Reynolds pf	107	109	106
Weyman-Bruton	170	180	175
Weyman-B pf	100	105	100

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Heavy selling pressure in the late afternoon and continuing to the close made a reactionary market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The unsatisfactory character of the restriction orders of the Money Committee and was but moderate in value. Up to the early afternoon there was a good tone to the market and prices generally displayed an upward trend.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am Can	46¾	46	46
90	Am C & F	83½	84	84
10	Am Ice	41⅝	41⅜	41⅜
20	Am Linseed	40½	40½	40½
680	Am S & R	88¼	87¾	87½
100	Am St Fds	93½	92	93½
170	Am Sm Tob	105⅞	103¾	104¾
270	Anac Cop	69⅝	68¾	68⅞
1,520	Bald Loco	80¾	70⅝	79¾
100	Balt & Ohio	58⅝	58¾	58¾
200	Beth St'l B	65⅝	63¼	63¾
50	Fisher B T	40¾	40¾	40¾
20	Cal Petrol	21½	21½	21½
70	Cen Leather	62	61½	61½
15	Ches & Ohio	59½	59½	59½
60	C, M & St P	49¼	49	49
60	C, R I & P	28¾	28	28
10	Chile Copper	21½	21¼	21½
10	Chino Copper	40½	40¼	40½
190	Corn Prod	48¾	48	48
310	Crucible St'l	57¼	55⅝	55⅝
100	Cuba Cane S	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
50	Dist Secur	48¾	47¾	47¾
270	Erie	20¼	19½	19½
20	Gen Motors	127	126⅞	127
20	Gt Nor pf	100¾	100¼	100¼
130	Midvale Steel	44	43¾	44
400	Mo Pacific	15⅝	15¼	15⅜
20	Nat Lead	61¾	61¾	61¾
70	N Y Celt	80¾	80⅝	80⅝
70	NY, NH & H	39¼	38½	38½
140	North Pac	99¼	99	99¼
140	Ohio C Gas	43¼	42½	42½
10	People's Gas	57½	57½	57½
40	Pierce-Arrow	46¾	45¼	45¾
70	Pierce Oil	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜
10	P, C & W Va	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝
20	Ry St'l Spgs	67½	67½	67½
730	Reading	89¼	88⅝	88½
10	Rep I & S	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
10	Sinclair Oil	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
990	South Pac	104⅜	103⅝	103⅞
130	South Ry	31⅞	31	31¼
1,450	Studebaker	65⅝	63⅜	64⅜
860	Tob Prod	78⅝	76⅞	78
100	Union Pac	133⅛	132½	132⅝
110	U S Ind Al	105¼	103¼	103¼
40	U S Rubber	71¼	70¼	70¼
22,330	U S Steel	101⅜	100¼	100¾
100	Utah Cop	84⅝	83	83
20	Va-Car Ch	66¼	65½	65½
10	Westing El	43¾	43¾	43⅞
310	Willys-Over	27	26¼	26⅝

*LIBERTY BONDS.

$3,700	Lib 3½s	101.42	101.34
1,900	1st 4s	98.22	98.12
1,350	2d 4s	96.04	95.94
4,100	1st 4½s	100.42	100.34
2,900	2d 4½s	97.80	97.76
8,100	3d 4½s	98.52	98.36
4,550	4th 4½s	98.30	98.22

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,700	‡Aetna Exp	6⅞	6¼	6½
400	Brown Co, coupon	22¼	22	22
345	‡Col Wool'n	11½	11¼	11⅜
500	Hupp M Car	5	4⅝	5
9,000	Key T & R	23¼	22⅜	22⅜
400	‡Lake T B't	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
100	‡Lima Loco	43½	43¼	43½
1,500	Mar of Am	5¼	4⅞	5
1,500	N Y A P	3⅛	3	3⅛
100	N Y Tran	14½	14½	14½
3,280	Gorton	32⅝	31	32¼
75	Island Oil	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
110	Int Pt Cem	7	7	7
1,000	‡Anglo-A O	17⅞	17⅜	17½
35	‡Ind P L	96	96	96
1,215	Penn-M Oil	47½	45	47
30	‡S Ohio Co	28	28	28
	Cal	259	237	237

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,000	‡Anglo-A O	17⅞	17⅜
35	‡Ind P L	96	96
1,215	Penn-M Oil	47½	45
30	‡S Ohio Co	28	28
	Cal	259	237

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

100	‡Allen Oil	⅞	⅞
4,200	‡Barn O & G	¼	¼
800	‡Cos & Co	7½	7¼
200	‡Elk B Pet	6⅝	6⅝
102,100	‡Emer Oil	7	10
1,100	‡Federal Oil	2¼	2¼
300	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3½
200	‡Houston Oil	77	77
500	‡Inter Pet	14½	14⅝
1,000	‡Isl'd O & T	3⅝	3¼
3,000	Met Petrol	1½	1⅜
	Mex Panuco	⅛	⅛
	Mex Sinclair	1	1
	Mex Southern	⅛	⅛
	Mex Sup Oil	⅛	⅛
	Mex Tex Oil	⅛	⅛
	Mex Tex Pet	⅛	⅛
	Mex Trans Oil	⅛	⅛
	Mex Tropical	⅛	⅛
	Mex Union	⅛	⅛
	Mex Venus	⅛	⅛
	Mex Zacatecas	⅛	⅛
	Midwest Oil	107	110
	Midway Oil	1¼	1⅜
	Mountain Oil	⅛	⅛
	Nat Fuel & Gas	53	55
	Nat Oil & Gas	18	20
	Nat Transit	1⅛	1⅛
	Nipissing	⅝	⅝
	North Butte	3¼	3⅜
	Ohio Fuel Supply	1⅝	1⅝
	Ohio Oil	108	112
	Penn Mex Fuel	⅛	⅛
	Penn Sea Oil	⅛	⅛
	Rex Oil & Gas	⅛	⅛
	Ryan Con Pet	⅛	⅛
	Salt Creek Prod	1⅛	1⅛
	Salt Creek Pet	⅛	⅛
	Sapulpa Refin	⅞	⅞
	Simms Petrol	⅛	⅛
	Southern Oil	⅛	⅛
	Stand Oil of Cal	237	242
	Stand Oil of Ind	724	735
	Stand Oil of Kan	535	555
	Stand Oil of Ky	340	360
	Stand Oil of Neb	450	465
	Stand Oil of N J	614	618
	Stand Oil of N Y	206	207
	Stand Oil of Ohio	463	485
	Swan & Finch	100	105
	Union Tank	108	110
	Vacuum Oil	380	390
	Washington Oil	40	45

MINING STOCKS.

35	‡S Oil Co of N J	616	613
45	‡S Oil Co of N Y	299	297
975	‡Midw Ref	136	135
3,500	Okla P & R	9¼	9¼
800	Roy D, new	72	69½
1,600	Secur F & R	¾	¾
1,400	Seq O & R	⅞	⅞
100	‡Sinel Gulf	21⅞	21⅞
10	‡Sin Oil war	43	43
200	‡Tex Co rts	15½	15½
900	‡Tex O & R	⅞	⅞
640	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2¾	2¼
12,000	‡Alaska-Brit Col Metals	41	41
17,500	‡Atlanta	5	4
3,800	Big Ledge	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡Booth	4	4
9,000	‡Bos & Mon	50	46
8,000	‡Caledonia	41	40
8,500	‡Calu & Jer	½	½
100	Canada Cop	2¼	2¼
2,900	‡Candelaria	48	46
5,000	‡Cashboy	6½	6
600	‡Cerbat Sil	1¼	1¼
500	Con Ariz Sm	1¼	1¼
1,200	Cresson Con	5¼	5¼
800	‡Denbigh	⅛	⅛
100	Dundee-Ariz Cop, (pres)	1⅞	1⅞
900	‡Eureka Cros	1⅝	1¼
350	First Nat Cop	2½	2
700	‡Gold'd Con	22	21
2,000	‡Goldf'dMer	3	2½
1,000	‡Great Bend	4	4
1,565	Hecla Min	5⅛	5⅝
1,500	‡Jim Butler	47	46
1,000	Jumbo Ext	10¼	10¼
2,000	‡Kewanaa	4	4
1,000	La Rose Con	⅝	⅜
1,800	‡Magma Ch

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

9 Cents per word each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted.—Blumenthal's furmoss or similar; can use any quantity. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

BEAVER Wanted.—New fur and mohair wanted, spot cash. Eagle Mfg. Co. Farragut 3264.

BEAVER Wanted.—Blumenthal's Sufora or similar; cash. Samuel Prints, 30 W. 24th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. & H., all shades. F. J. Gelfond, 141 W. 28th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, or F. H. black, green, $2.50. Gramercy 4095.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany or F. & H. Brown, Berg. Chelsea 4076.

BURELLA Wanted.—Will exchange American green burellas for any other shades. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th St.

CAPES Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing orders on smart Spring capes. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade Spring coats, suits, and capes. Call with samples all week, 7th floor, 32 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring styles of coats, suits, dresses, and capes. Call with samples all week. 12 West 27th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will look at ladies', misses' Spring coats, samples, all week, from 1 to 3 P. M. Call 1,123 Broadway, Room 417.

COATS Wanted.—Placing stock orders on snappy Fall coats, also open for jobs; any quantity. Silpkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26th St.

COATS, SUITS, and Dresses Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders for Spring. Call all week, 8-10 West 19th St., 8th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits and coats, better grade. 14th floor, 12 W. 27th.

COATS, SUITS, AND CAPES Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples; call all week. 48 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on snappy Spring coats. 32 West 27th, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber open for samples Infants', children's Intermediate coats. Gramercy 2871.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking all week after 2 o'clock. Fifth floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber looking at furtrimed Winter coats. 45 West 25th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring coats and capes all week. 6 West 32d St., 8th floor.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Highest grade garments, up to $100. National, 4843 Franklin.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—For Spring. Call Room 1601, Cuyler Building, 120 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for any quantity better coats; spot cash. Farragut 3154.

COATS Wanted.—All kinds; cash. Farragut 9386.

CRYSTAL CORDS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors. Madison Square 5825.

COATS Wanted.—Spring coats; orders placed. I. Novick & Co., 46-47 West 21st St.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, all shades. Greeley 1544.

CRYSTAL CORD and Bolivia Wanted. Madison Square 9258.

DRESSES AND COATS Wanted.—J. Adelman of the Value Garment Co., Inc., is open to buy jobs in serge and satin dresses; also coats; quantity no object. Call at 145 West 28th St., 12th floor, New York.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash any quantity serge velveteen, jersey tricolette or party dresses; exceptional values only considered; samples 9 to 12 daily. Weiner, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at Spring lines of taffeta, Georgette, and party dresses; only those who manufacture for jobbers. Call all week, 18th floor, 8 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—High price jobber placing orders on Spring styles in silks, serges, and tricotines, also evening dresses. Call with samples, 3d floor. 30 West 26th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber looking at crepe de chine and crepe meteor Spring dresses; placing large orders; bring samples all work. 25 West 31st St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at Spring dresses of the better kind; bring samples; all material. Call all afternoon, 6th floor, 63 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber wants good evening and party dresses. For appointment, apply Mr. A. G., Murray Hill 2833.

DRESSES Wanted.—General Spring lines; submit samples; good prospect for reliable sub-manufacturers. 5th floor, 29 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted. — New Spring models; out-of-town jobber; call today, 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. P. & Co., 1,123 Broadway, Room 205.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open for Spring line georgette, taffeta dresses; call with samples all week. Chic Dress, 220 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open for snappy Spring styles in all materials; call for samples all week. 146 W. 25th, 9d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—New Spring styles in silk and serges of better kind. Call before 12, 16 East 26th St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade dresses; orders placed on snappy models. 16 West 22d, seventh floor, or call.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at evening dresses; will place stock orders. 51 West 31st, third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples for Spring all week. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Wanted, jobber placing orders on Spring samples. 5th floor, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber wants evening dresses of the better kind. Vanderbilt 3962.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, better kind, any amount, for cash. Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash for jobs serges and silks. 9th floor, 109 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber, placing orders silk dresses. 130 West 32d St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job of better serge dresses; spot cash. Farragut 3154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers looking at party dresses. 76 Madison Av., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jerseys, serges, satins; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

ESQUIMETTES AND PECO PLUSH Wanted at a price. Madison Square 2715.

FLANNELETTE Wanted. — Pink and blue stripe, also plain white, New Era, Revolution, Florence, and Troy; can use quantity at a price. B 304 Times.

FLANNELETTE Wanted.—Can use quantity of 36-inch pink and blue flannelette; send samples at lowest prices. B. P., 307 Times Downtown.

FURS Wanted.—Open for quantity of natural raccoon, nutria, and sealine collars, for cash; must be cheap. Miss R., 1,115 Broadway, 4th floor.

FURS Wanted.—Two and three skins kit cooney collars for spot cash; must be cheap. Royal Coat Co., 44 West 28th.

FURS Wanted.—Kit Coney collars; will pay cash. Samuel Prints, 30 W. 24th.

FUR COATS Wanted.—Marmot, for cash. Parker Cloak and Suit Co., 28 West 33d.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine and nutria, in job lots; will pay cash. J. M. Finkelstein, 54 West 27th St., fifth floor.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Raccoon, opossum, Nutria. A. Watterson, 141 West 31st.

KERAMI, suffuria, furmoss, nevin, nufur, kerobi, high shades American poplin wanaed. Gramercy 1074.

KEROBI BEAVER Wanted.—Also Salt's 8160 nutria. Madison Square 3504.

NUTRIA Wanted.—L. C. Chase & Co. 27-inch, any quantity, for cash. Phone Greeley 2080.

PALM PEACH CLOTH Wanted.—Wool 6-4; all colors; immediate delivery. Gramercy 8570.

PLUSH Wanted.—Baffin and Behring seal; black and beaver. Farragut 3885.

POM POM Wanted.—12075 brown, reindeer, half or full pieces. Call Greeley 1183. Smith.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for 774 or 767 Whitman's poplin in all shades. Call Jos. F. Cohen, Stuyvesant 3410.

POPLINS Wanted.—American and Saxonia poplins, in Spring colors. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades, American or similar. Chelsea 4077.

RAPURIA Wanted.—Blumenthal beaver. 7270 Stuyvesant.

SATIN Wanted.—Yarn dye construction, pearl gray. Tannenbaum, 39 West 29th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy at $1.75, navy only, 528, 54289, 2120, 9058, 7008. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SERGE Wanted.—774 Poplin, tan 971, velour 0660, tan 977, Panama 227, navy. Gramercy 6227.

SERGE Wanted.—Will pay cash for navy 6002. Samuel Sternberg, Stuyvesant 3039.

SERGES Wanted. — 7301; must be cheap. Farragut 5586.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for discontinued lines of silk, any color. Spring 7934.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Brown Lausser in exchange for navy. Farragut 3555.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Arthur Josl. Orchard 5483.

SKIRTS Wanted. — Jobber looking Spring skirts all day. Room 1808, 15 East 26th.

SUFORA BEAVER Wanted.—Sidney Blumenthal. Call Gramercy 2158.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits. Sixth floor, 24 East 28th St.

SUITS and Coats Wanted.—Large, prominent jobber buying Spring garments; new, snappy styles wanted. 1,140 Broadway, 10th floor, every day, 9 to 1 and after 4:30.

SUITS, Coats, Capes Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples better kind all week. Fourth floor, 12 West 27th St.

Buyers' Wants

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Medium and better line for out-of-town jobber. Call after 9 A. M. to 5, Latkin, Solomon & Heuman, 18 West 27th St.

SUITS, DRESSES AND CAPES Wanted.—Snappy Spring styles of the better grades; call all week. 30 W. 33d St., 9th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring suits and coats; better grade 11th floor, 143 W. 30th St.

SUITS, Coats, and Dresses Wanted.—Looking at Spring styles. 12th floor, 28 West 25th St.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Cheap, black silk taffeta. B 290 Times.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Send samples; quantity no object. Samuel Gerst, 29 West 36th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will exchange Cox and Schriebers range 230 $4 velour and Stevens 6007 $3 velour, all colors, for American Woolen, style 544, or similar. A. Portfolo & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted.—K544, 11050, 13009; broadcloth, any quantity. Merit Co., Greeley 1125.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H. Algerian red or henna shade. Schrank & Frankel, Farragut 4664.

VELOURS Wanted.—Reindeer American and Stevens; will pay cash. Orchard 5433.

VELOURS Wanted.—Reindeer, American and Steveng, for cash. Gram. 2066.

VELOURS AND POPLINS Wanted.—Spring colors, venetians, 36-inch. Farragut 2529.

VELOUR DU NORD Wanted. — Will pay cash. Stuyvesant 3030.

VELVETS Wanted.—Black, 52-inch erect pile; Salt's Foo quality. K 248 Times.

VENETIANS Wanted. — Open for 36-inch black and Dura-Lux. Call Merchants Fabric Exchange, Stuyvesant 3411.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Open for quantity at price. Silpkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26th St.

WOOL VELOUR Wanted.—American all-wool heavyweight, green or any other color, in exchange for navy. Chelsea 8246.

Offerings to Buyers

9 Cents per word each insertion.

AMERICAN VELOUR, 13009, 13046, 11050, burgandy, brown, green, navy and black. Madison Square 2960.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military, civilian, institution and camp; various sizes, weights and colors; good value. Omnes, 200 5th Av.

BAFFIN HUDSON BEAVER mole and keraml plush short coats and capeees with muffs to match that are made and look like real fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BATHROBES.—Men's; 10 dozen Indian and plaids, cheap. Gramercy 2871.

BATHROBE GOODS.—Lawrence's, 30 pieces Indians. Gramercy 2871.

BEAVER.—Seal, mole and keramI; plush short coats and coatees; muffs to match; lowest prices; immediate delivery. R. Simon & Co., 22 West 26th.

BEAVERS, 50 inches; all qualities for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

BEAVER and mole plush. Republic Textile Co., 244 5th Av.

BEAVER.—Chase's beaver for sale. Stuyvesant 3204.

BOTANY VELOURS, all colors; Yalama cloth, all colors; Holden Leonard du-tone and crystal cloth. Phone Knickerbocker 1160.

BOYS' SUITS, men's pants, raincoats, mackinaws. Farragut 9387.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Kerseys.—All colors and shades also serges and poplins. H. L. Bunin, 348 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 651.

BROADCLOTH and Velour—For sale, lightweight, all colors, at a price. Madison Square 2491.

BROADCLOTH.—Columbia, plum, taupe, Steven's plum, reindeer; long terms. Farragut 6264.

BROADCLOTH, Botany, all colors, also Pekin, brown, navy, black velours. Farragut 5759.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Botanys, American, Stevens, U. S. 153. Madison Square 6375.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Columbia, 85 pieces, at a sacrifice, all colors. Gramercy 4356.

BROADCLOTH—F. & H. and botany, 12 pieces, at a sacrifice. Madison Square 3178.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, 2 pieces, navy at $2.65. Madison Square 3215.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., Slater green, navy, black, 54-inch, $2.35 yard. Spring 448.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, Juilliard 110; assorted colors; reasonable. Gramercy 5087.

BROADCLOTH.—Radium; best assorted colors; 9 pieces; $2.50. Astoria, 220 5th Av.

CHEVIOTS, Meltons and Velours, ¾ Valentines, McKenney's, Golden's, Ziegler's, Kennedy & Newhouse; 6-4 cotton velour, Stoney and Starkey's 27, 1850, Daniels 100, Gaunt's 68, De Land's 4900; below market price. Greeley 4378.

CHINCHILLA.—White Continental No. 2, to close out very reasonable. Greeley 6172.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, keramI, Hudson seal and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATS.—2,000 mercerized cotton plush coats, different models, to close at a sacrifice; also silk plush coats, trimmed with fur buttons, collars, and cuffs, or kit coney trimmings, $17.50-$21.50. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; silvertip bollvias, pom pom, silvertones, Normandies, velours, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line for jobbers now ready. Meraritzky & Stollerman. 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—5,000 ladies', misses and juniors' coats on rack at reduced prices; see our special velour coat, fur trimmed, $9.90. F. J. Gelfond, 141 W. 28th St.

COATS.—Final cleanup; will close out balance of better made coats in season's most wanted styles, fabrics, and shades. J. P. Slater, 11 West 32d St.

COATS in all wool pom pom, velour, broadcloth fur, and self-trimmed latest models; good value; quick delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS and Coatees in Salt's plush and pile fabrics; also desirable cloth coats. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', and ladies', to close out at reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS, 1,000, exceptional values, $12 to $40; immediate delivery. World Cloak and Suit Co., 148 Madison Av.

COATS, 5,000 children's, juniors', and ladies' to close out; exceptional values. American Maid Coat Co., 37 West 20th St.

COATS.—Silk lined, fur trimmed velour, to close out; best make; good models. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS.—Kersey, broadcloth, plush; immediate delivery; also jobs. Schoen & Weissman, 43 West 27th St.

COATS, 5,000 children's, 2 to 6 and 8 to 14, all materials, at special prices. Rosh & Mayer, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Ladies', juniors', and children's velour and plush to close out. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS.—1,000 junior and misses' sizes to close out, from $5.50-$8.50. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS.—Children's 8 to 14, special close out, wool, mixed, trimmed, $3.75; Eisenberg & Friedman, 57-59 East 11th.

COATS AND SUITS.—High-grade, small lot to close out, before stock taking. J. Stoll, 12 West 27th St.

COATS.—1,200 plain and fur-trimmed coats, beautiful styles, very, very cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th St.

COATS.—Cotton, mercerized, fur trimmed, plain; exceptionally cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS, cloth and pile fabrics, to close out, $7.75 to $10.50. D. Pankin & Sons, 37 West 20th St.

COATS AND VELVET SUITS to close out cheap. Wimple, Glasser Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS, Suits.—Spring line ready for jobbers only. Platkin Bros., 110 West 25th St.

COATS.—Closing out plush and velour; all lined; $12.75 up. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Junior and children's coats at a sacrifice. Wechsler, 279 5th Av.

COATS, 1,000, wool velours; assorted, 4-14; $2.25, $4.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

COATS.—Closing out better kind fur-trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—Ladies' cloth coats to close out, cheap. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 W. 22d St.

COATS.—5,000 velours, broacloths, silvertones, $6.50 to $25. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Plush, plush, plush, better grade, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed, big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors, close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 W. 27th.

COATS.—Ladies' and misses' coats to close out at sacrifice. Wechsler, 279 5th Av.

COATS.—Juniors', best values in town. Call immediately, Neumann, 18 West 20th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors' novelties cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—100 all lined, cheap, $8.75; great sacrifice. Greenberg, 146 West 25th.

COATS.—Jobs in stout, regular and children's coats. J. Dun, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—Job of coats to close out; very cheap. 8-10 West 19th St., 8th floor.

COATS AND SUITS.—Our best styles, to close out. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS.—Better grade; very cheap. I. Novick & Co., 46 West 27th St.

COATS.—Ladies' cloth coats to close out cheap. H. Wechster, 29 East 21st St.

COATS.—Job to close out cheap. Maidoff, 78 5th Av.

COLLARS.—Men's assorted sizes; good styles; 5,000 dozen; big bargain. 220 5th Av., Room 1107.

Offerings to Buyers

CORDUROY.—Boyd's 3100 narrow wale, all colors. Youngsters' Novelty Co., 710 Broadway.

COTTON PLUSHES.—All colors, plain and fancy; also C. & A. Merseal black. 9638 Chelsea.

COTTON PLUSHES, plain and fast pile; all colors; immediate delivery. Charles Feldman & Sons. Spring 3536.

COTTON PLUSHES, 50 and 54 inches; all shades and qualities for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

COTTON, wool finish suiting, below market; various checks. Call 6534 Rector.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Eagles 815, 100 pieces, $1.12½. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3829.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Burgundy, Holden & Leonard's. Farragut 3678.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Holden Leonard, 35. Farragut 5170.

DENIMS.—8,200 yards Steifel 235. H. Goldman, 480 6th Av.

DRESSES.—500 high-class, in serge, satin, georgettes, velveteen, chiffon velvets, at sacrifice; party and evening dresses for immediate delivery. Hahn & Benjamin, 37 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Investigate our assortment lots of 25 dresses at $7.50, comprising tricolettes, jerseys, serges, satins; greatest values in New York. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—3,000 serges, silks, jerseys; on the racks, jobs; perfect salable merchandise; splendid opportunity; today only. Ruby, 116 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Children's, 6 to 14, corduroy, serge, velveteens, gingham, and novelties to close out at a price. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Entire stock taking will close out all our serge, wool jersey, and silk dresses below cost. Broder & Co., 48 W. 25th St.

DRESSES.—Job velveteen, serge, satin, large quantity to close out at price. Nathan Nathanson, 148 West 23d St. Chelsea 1829.

DRESSES.—Jobs to close out silks, $5; wool French serge, $6.75; wool jersey, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—500 better kind serges and satins to close out. Bachmuth, 510 6th Av., bet. 36th and 37st Sts.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 100 serge velveteen dresses, latest styles, close out, sacrifice. 5th floor, 14 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Snappy model, double warp serge dresses; immediate delivery; $5.50. Jerome Silver Co., 43 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Close out 2,000 serges and silks; special assortment afternoon dresses on hand. Princess, 10 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, velvets, silks, tricolettes; better kind. Glockner Co., 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, wool Jerseys, velveteens; close out, job prices. Harris, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge dresses, good assortment, to close out. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Contractor, job of serge, silk dresses, close out at price. Astor, 129 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Job serge georgette, velveteen; sacrifice. Grasso & Schulman, 130 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 job, serges and satins, at a sacrifice. Meyer Rosnlak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—90 velveteens, better grades, at unusual sacrifice. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Close out; value $14.50-$38.50. 118 West 25th, ninth floor.

DRESSES, children's colored, 2 to 14; price for quick action. Levi Bros., 55 W. 3d St.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, serges, jerseys, to close; $6.50. Queen, 140 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey to close out, very cheap. Louraine Dress Co., 15 E. 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serge dresses to close out very cheap. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Children's, 6 to 14, in stock. Mohr Garment Co., 41 West 17th.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk, serge, to close out cheap. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job close out at sacrifice price. Pauline, 36 West 33d St.

FELTS for slippers, shoes, tops, pennants, upholstery, all colors; also packing felts; close out cheap; 8,000 yards 1,457 Broadway, Room 911. Bryant 1058.

FLAGS.—American and Italian, all sizes, lowest cash prices; act quick. S. Asch, 227 Canal St., N. Y.

FLANNELS.—Parker-Wilders; all colors; cheap; also heavyweight velours, kerseys; lightweight velours, ¾ goods. Greeley 1121.

FLANNELS, white and unbleached, suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Gramercy 1660.

FLANNELS, 56-inch unbleached, suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Franklin 5632.

FLANNELETTE.—2 cases C. C. 36-inch dark gray stripes; romp-a-bout, 53 West 3d. Spring 2474.

FURS, SIBERIAN, OFFERED. — Original shipment 5,000 raw Siberian dark squirrels, exceptionally nice quality, offered for sale. Phone Mr. Magrill, Circle 3334.

FURS.—Have lot of fine Fox scarfs and muffs to close out. Call Hacker, 42 West 29th.

FUR COATS.—Marmot for cash. Parker Cloak and Suit Co., 28 W. 33d St.

GABARDINE Cotton; navy, maroon, green; cheap. Levi Bros., 55 W. 3d St.

GEORGETTE.—We manufacture an all-silk cloth in the gray or finished. Nos. 1034, Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., 456 4th Av., 31 St.

GEORGETTE.—Must sell at a price; white and flesh only. Mad. Sq. 2097.

KERSEY.—Velours, Juilliard 2002, Metcalf 9190, American 11052, in quantities; all colors; very reasonable. Gramercy 5037.

KERSEY.—Juilliard 110, good assortment, at reasonable price. Farragut 3177.

KNITTED CLOTH.—Limited quantities, O. D. khaki; immediate delivery; price right. Specialty Knitgoods Mfg. Co., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 9414.

LACES, Venise, different designs; large quantities for immediate delivery. Address Laces, 215 Times Downtown.

MIXTURES.—Heavyweight, imported and domestic. H. Markowitz Sons, 90 Madison Av.

ORGANDIES.—Mercerized, big bargain, 21½c 7 cases voiles, plain, fancy, and colored; hainsook, batiste, Whitman's flannels, all far below market prices. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 3822.

PANAMA 227 all-wool 54-inch. Gramercy 2058.

P. O.—Salt's Omar beaver, Blumenthal's quilted lining. Chelsea 9685.

PERCALES.—20 cases Scout percale, choice patterns, at 20c for lights, 21½c for navies. X 371 Times Annex.

PIECE GOODS.—Juilliards 6717, Bochmann silvertones, A. W. Co. 11050 and 12075, Reidels Bolivia and Botany 315. Madison Square 920.

PIECE GOODS.—About 10,000 yards, plaids, cotton, warp serges. Trinity Waist, 138 West 17th.

PLUSHES. — Salt's, Collins's, Aikman's, Peerless, ¾ goods, heavy and light velours, flanneis, pom poms, kerseys; cheap. Greeley 1122.

PLUSH.—Dobson's peco, beaver, American, heavy velours. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

PLUSHES, Ungava and Hudson Seal Plushes. Michael Bros., 116 W. 29th.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, Peco, Auffmordt's, H. & H., very cheap. Greeley 4376.

POPLINS.—American 6809¼, Whitman 774, Scotia 0302, Jobbons 503, Brightwood 4860, 4916. Gramercy 4405.

POPLINS.—06077, 774 Andrew's, 6809 Dobson's, Brightwood 4860; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—838, 104, 54289, 1464, 7120, 7008, M. H. S. B. G. L., Whitman's 774, 528, 10453, Broadhead 7800, American 90610, 06077, Pacific, all wool Panamas. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—Will sacrifice for cash 1,300 pieces serge for men and dress wear; Cantor-town, Garfield, Gera, Broadhead, Julliard, others; quick action wanted. Sacrifice, 250 Times Downtown.

SERGES, Velours, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

SERGES.—7120, $1.80; 7464, $2.25; 104, $2.20; 6709¼, $1.80; 0000, $2.12½; velours, all colors; $2.40. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES.—Will sell 25 pieces 54289, navy, original tickets, $1.80 cash. 9309 Farragut.

SERGES.—0806, 7122, 7120, 7512, 9288, 7113, 1464, 510, 528, 4032, 9066. Gramercy 4404.

SERGE.—1464, 4632, 11438, 806, 7302, 800, 106; long terms. Farragut, 9406.

SERGES.—S B G L at 95c, P P L at $2, 0609-7120. Madison Square 8169.

SERGES. — Andrews 1464, Garfield 519; American 0936. Orchard 8744.

SERGE.—F. S. G. navy, French serge; cheap spot cash. Farragut 9783.

SERGES.—54289, 94, 4002, and others. Gramercy 2058.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All cotton, 25 and 50 per cent.; will give dating. K 185 Times.

SHEPHERD checks cotton 36-inch heavy quality; quantity only. Gramercy 2058.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic. All grades and colors. Prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS, Woolens, and Velvets to close out. Newport Costume Co., 105 Madison Av.

SILVERTONES.—Reasonable; Holden-Leonard, and others; reindeer, pekin, brown, taupe, navy, oxford, plum, &c. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—All wool novelties, pleated, also poplins and serges, to close out. Albert Skirt Co., 142 West 28th St.

Offerings to Buyers

SKIRTS.—200 striped cotton warp serge at $1.87½; 100 cotton serges, plaid, at $1; goods for export trade. Gramercy 5888.

SKIRTS.—Several styles Susquehanna poplin, $2.95; 1,000 wool skirts, $2.75. Milton Skirt Co., 480 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—500 extra sizes, all wool poplin, $3.75 each. Fishman Bros., 12 W. 17th.

SKIRTS, 1,000; all wool serges, poplins, to close; $3.25. Ford, 151 West 36th.

SNAP FASTENERS.—All sizes, rolled edges; finest quality; lowest quotations. Gramercy 187.

SUITS.—High-grade suits; duvet de laine; velours, velveteen, serges, and oxfords; exceptional values. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 7233.

SUITS.—High-grade Spring suits for manufacturers and jobbers. Louis Bloom, Inc., 43 West 24th St. Farragut 3902.

SUITS.—Nice assortment fur trimmed at 39 to close out, also coats. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th Street.

SUITS, Spring, for jobbers; sure sellers; $11 up. Excello, 142 W 24th.

SUITS.—75 better grade, to close out, cheap. Samuel Fine Co., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—250 to close out cheap. 51 West 18th, first floor.

SWEATERS.—To close out, ladies' fibre silk sweaters. Spitzer, 268 Division Av., Brooklyn. Williamsburg 4300.

TAFFETA PLAID, new jerseys, tricolette, striped serges. Lindau, 118 West 29th.

TAPES.—Half-inch white and khaki stay binding; quantity reasonable price. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6811, 6812.

TRUNKS.—Wardrobe and sample trunks for sale at reduced prices. Diamond, 5 West 21st.

VELOURS and KERSEYS, all wool, American 13046, Kelley's 8200, Slater's 2300, Kerseys, American 15020, Juilliard's 2002, Meyer's 506C, Black River, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4377.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS.—Lightweight and heavyweight, at reasonable prices, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOUR, A. W. Co. 0360, 632, J. P. Stevens 4281, Burgundy, taupe, plum, brown, green, black; prices reasonable; 60 days. Gramercy 1660.

VELOURS.—Buckley & Cohn, all wool, all colors, $2.75; Laussers velours, all colors, $2.50. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

VELOURS. — American heavyweight and lightweight; also 0609 serge. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

VELOURS, — 13544-11050-13046-Wyandotte, also 699 in Taupe and Burgundy. Milford Woolen Mills, 351 Fourth Av.

VELOURS.—2 navy American, 1 plum, 010 McKinney's; 5 pieces; sacrifice. Madison Square 3178.

VELOURS.—Joel's 9700, all wool, 5 burg., 2 taupe, 1 plum, to close out, $2.42½. Farragut 9066.

VELOUR.—Garfields 5069, rose, taupe, lapin, burgundy, $2.85, net cash. Greeley 6942.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 954, American 13009, 544; below market price. Madison Sq. 914.

VELOURS.—0360 taupe and plum, $2.50. Madison Square 8149.

VELVETEENS. — Lawrence quality 8084, navy, taupe, brown and copen; first quality; 20 inches wide. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, 6312.

VELVETEENS, twill back and straight back, all shades; cheap. Rosh-Mayers, 17 W. 28th.

VELVETEENS.—24-inch twill back Worrall dye, all colors. Vanderbilt 3962.

VENETIANS.—Dura Luxe, 800 pieces black, 55¼c.; colors, 58¼c. net; also 400 pieces ironware, Sol Cohen, Conqueror, Monarch, Grand Marquise, and I. D. L. imported, very cheap; will sell in small or large quantities. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 3823.

VENETIANS and SATEENS, 36-inch Dura Luxe, Monarch, sateens, motor A1, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4379.

VENETIANS.—125 pieces 32-inch black de luxe, 63½ cents; 80 pieces 32-inch margins, black, 47½ cents net cash. Spring 1848.

VENETIANS.—Imported, 32-inch black; Marquise permanent. Phone Madison Square 924.

WAISTS.—Crepe de chine at $18 per doz.; georgette at $30 per doz. and up. Favorite Waist & Dress Co., 814 Broadway, N. Y. City.

WAISTS.—Georgette, regular numbers, $3.25. Apply Akel, 85 Washington St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 8558.

WOOLENS.—Corduroy, voiles, organdies and all cotton piece goods redyed in all colors. Superior Piece Dye Works, Inc., 37-43 Moultrie St., Brooklyn.

WOOLENS.—Jersey, all colors; all weights; immediate delivery; big quantities. L 98 Times.

YALAMA.—771, 798, 309, 616, $2.75, net cash. Greeley 6942.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted; call with samples of better grade dresses, snappy styles, all week from 9 to 12 A. M. and 4 to 6 P. M. local Garment Co., 1,133 33d.

COATS Wanted.—Contractors making a better grade of women's Spring coats can call with their samples, 9:30 to 12 noon, Room 1116, 35 West 32d.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on silk and serge dresses; call with samples, 26 West 17th, Room 900.

CONTRACTORS on evening dresses, must furnish own styles. Marx Singer Co., 8 West 30th.

Allied Industries.

NEEDLES.—For sale, 4,000,000 English assorted sharps, 3-9, $3 per M for cash. Mills Sales, 60 Beaver.

WATCHES. — American military wrist watches, for immediate delivery. Telephone Lenox 2449.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN on ladies' silk underwear, having established trade well-known concern, offers splendid opportunity to right party; state territory and particulars. Commission. Box 16, 437 Marbridge Building.

Situations Wanted.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!—Two live wires, 10 years' experience selling dry goods, novelties, notions, open for four cracker jack lines for Australia, New Zealand; headquarters Sydney; commission basis; unquestionable references. L 135 Times.

SALESMAN, ladies' neckwear, jobbing trade, strong following, seeks connection. K 206 Times.

SALESMAN.—Knit goods man wants connection with mill or mill agents. A 722 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, well acquainted with resident buyers, desires popular priced line of waists or dresses. L 91 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names
Monday .....6 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Big Holiday Trade Expected.

Manufacturers of men's mufflers are anticipating a large business during the holiday season on all their lines. At present the angora mufflers in solid colors and the new military styles in fibre silk are the biggest sellers. It is thought that, if a large number of men are released from the service shortly, it will have a tendency to increase business in this line to a great extent.

***

A New Walking Doll.

A new unbreakable doll which walks, kneels and dances has been placed upon the market by an American inventor. This doll is twenty-six inches high and can be operated by any small child. One of the features of this toy is that there is practically nothing to get out of order, as it does not contain mechanism of any kind.

***

Improvement in Celluloid Goods.

In the new lines shown by manufacturers of celluloid toilet articles, there is a marked change in the design and appearance of the goods. Many of the new patterns are similar to those made in silver, and it is stated that in some instances they are being used in the place of silver sets. The sale of these goods in the jewelry and department stores has been very gratifying to the manufacturers, who are now looking forward to a big business for next season.

***

Novel Effects in Imported Silks.

Many rich and novel effects in imported silks are now being shown here. Among them is a collection of gold and silver metallic effects in elaborate patterns on poplin grounds. The face of the goods is given a satin finish which enhances the beauty of the cloths. They are offered in black, brown, and rich plum shades, are 35 inches wide, and will retail at $25 a yard. Several beautiful metallic patterns on silk voile grounds also are seen. They are forty inches in width and will also retail around $25 a yard. Their principal use is in rich garments for evening wear For this purpose there is also a call for moire and brocaded effects in chiffon velvets, which will sell over the counter at about $6.50 a yard.

***

Gray Goods Prices Unsteady.

Unsteadiness of prices was about the only feature of the local gray goods market yesterday. Second hands were offering spot and near by goods away under Government maximums—as much as a cent and a half a yard in some cases—without arousing interest on the part of buyers.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
28 *Minutes from Grand Central*
A city hotel in a country setting. All outdoor sports. Full train schedule.
HOTEL GRAMATAN,
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts: country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $10 and up; furnished cottages; booklet.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

ALTITUDE 300 FT.
20 Minutes from New York.
Not a sanitarium in any sense, but a Colonial house of a private family which can accommodate comfortably a few guests who desire rest and quiet and our nurses' care, if necessary. The rooms are flooded with sunshine, unusually large and immaculately kept; everything home cooked and the best; very extensive grounds; large porches.
No. 1 Palisade Av., Palisade, N. J.
P. O. Box 143. Telephone Cliffside 222.
Take Fort Lee Ferry.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL STRAND
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
FIREPROOF
ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
300 delightful rooms with private bath, each equipped with HOT and COLD SEA WATER.
THE TONIC UNEXCELLED
Phone: Atlantic City 1455.

Hotel Dennis
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.
WALTER J. BUZBY

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen
Open All Year. *S. Haustein, Prop.*

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious Inbetween decidedly tasteful furnished Sun Parlors, thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales with complimentary Tea service. Garage.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS
NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Laurel House
Lakewood, N. J.
Favorably located for autumn and winter patronage, 60 miles from New York in the famous pine belt of New Jersey. Now open.
A. Manbo, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

SOUTHERN STATES.

WHITTLE SPRINGS HOTEL
Near Knoxville, Tenn. By Trolley
NEW, Modern Hotel. Open all the year. Caters especially to tourists. Rooms with and without baths. Steam heat. Sun parlors. Billiard room. Orchestra. Dancing. Dining room seats 400. Excellent meals; table supplied from our own farm.
Sunny Tennessee's Finest Health & Pleasure Resort
Golf links. Tennis. Motoring. Horseback riding. Finest swimming pool South. Whittle Springs Mineral Water received highest award at St. Louis Exposition. Rates, $25 to $50 weekly. Write for Booklet.
WHITTLE SPRINGS CO., KNOXVILLE, TENN.

HOBKIRK INN
CAMDEN, S. C.
NOW OPEN,
GOLF, TENNIS, RIDING, HUNTING.
COTTAGES, BUNGALOWS.
BRACING CLIMATE.
H. G. Marvin, Mgr.
Main Line Seaboard Air Line.

PINE FOREST INN—Summerville, S. C. 22 miles from Charleston. 18-hole Golf Course. Riding, Driving, Hunting. Open Feb. 1. F. W. Wagener & Co., Props. Willard A. Senna, Mgr.

STEAMBOATS.

Fall River Line
Boston
Regular Schedule Resumed
Lv Pier 14 N. R., Ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5:00 P.M.
Staterooms—Restaurant—Music
THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 TO $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Phone Spring 9491.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON
Franklin St., 4 P. M. Phone 4075—Franklin.
Central Hudson Line.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES.
Daily Service from Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 129th St., 6:30 P. M. Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.25. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning.
TROY EVENING LINE Mon., Wed., Fri. To Troy Direct. 6 P. M. Pier 43, N. R., N. Y. Tel. Spring 1845

SIGHT SEEING YACHT Around Manhattan Island
Leaves Battery Pier 2:30 P.M. Tel. Broad 8373

BOOKS FOR ALL.
The past year's output in books of all kinds summed up in The New York Times next Sunday. Fiction, poetry, biography, travel, art—books for men and women, books for children. Order today.—Advt.

OBJECT TO CANCELLATIONS.

Cotton Textile Merchants Formally Condemn the Practice.

So numerous have been attempts on the part of certain merchants to cancel contract purchases of cotton goods, made at higher prices than those now current, become since the signing of the armistice that resolutions were passed yesterday in a meeting of the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York condemning the practice and declaring it to be the duty of sellers to refuse to accept cancellations when they are made in an arbitrary and unlawful way. The membership of the association includes all the important wholesale dry goods firms in the Worth Street district. The meeting was called by President Bertram H. Borden of M. C. D. Borden & Sons, and recommendations on the matter under consideration were made by a committee consisting of S. P. Dribben, Chairman; J. Harper Poor, Gerrish H. Milliken, William G. Broadway, Henry W. Howe, and Ridley Watts.

In part, this is a statement that was issued after the meeting:

"The meeting considered only those cancellations that were purely arbitrary or without just cause. Instances where there is an honest difference of opinion over the terms of the contract or questions of quality, and all border-line cases, were excluded, the desire of the trade evidently being merely to insist that the parties to the contract act in good faith and observe its terms.

"Every member who spoke upon the subject made it clear that his own firm would not permit unjust cancellations and would use every proper means to have its contracts carried out by both parties; and, of course, it seems quite clear that if all the merchants take this attitude, the problem speedily will correct itself. The merchant who allows an unjust cancellation is doing himself and the trade a wrong which differs only in degree from the injury done by the buyer or other merchant who attempts to cancel."

It was said that there has always been more or less disposition on the part of some merchants to take it for granted that the seller of any article under a future contract is impliedly guaranteeing that the price will not decline during the life of the contract. It was further asserted that this convenient and easy way of regarding a plain contract obligation frequently leads to the attempted cancellation of contracts by purchasers during a declining market.

BARS HIGHER GAS PRICE.

Court Rules That Companies Must Maintain Legal Rate.

In an opinion just handed down by the Appellate Division of the Third Department gs companies throughout the State are notified that the legal rate for gas must be maintained and that no company has the right to increase it. It was said in the office of the Public Service Commission yesterday tht if the decision was sustained by the Court of Appeals it would remove all fear that the present gas rates in this city and elsewhere in the State would be greatly increased.

The case before the court was that of the Municipal Gas Company of Albany, which sought to increase its rate above the legal maximum of $1.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, (or 7th Av.) s w corner 42d St, store or office s. of cafe; Joseph Hirsh to James Allegra and another, 108 1st Av, firm Greeley Sight Seeing System, 4½ years, from Nov. 20, 1918; attorney, Peter A. Laffaria, Times Building, Broadway and 42d St.....$1,200

CARMINE ST, 2-4, all; John A. Sonntag to Antonio Serra, 358 Bleecker St, 1½ years, from November, 1918, with privilege of renewal; attorneys, George N. Bruno & Co., 57 Thompson St.....$4,500

MACDOUGAL ST, 40-42, all; Remigio Sclarrlia and another to Gaetano and Santa Morabito, on the premises, 3 years, from April 1, 1918; attorneys, George N. Bruno & Co., 57 Thompson St.....$4,200

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, south apartment on 6th floor; Riverside Drive Apartments, Inc., to Harrington Emerson, 125 Riverside Drive, 21 years, from Oct. 1, 1915, 21 years renewal; address, H. Emerson, 30 Church St $680

2D AV, 1,104; also 58th St, 301, stores, cellar and 3 upper floors, except store and part of cellar in north side; Stephen Schrader to George Trager, 309 East 58th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1918; attorney, S. S. Rubenstein, 140 Nassau St.....$1,200

Bronx.

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n e corner 218th St, grade 2d and 3d floors; Amelia G. Johnson to New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St., 3 years, from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St.....$1,260

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

136TH ST, 402 West; Nathan Aronson against Elsen Realty Co., Oct. 17, 1918. $30

A[illegible] B, n e corner 10th St; Charles Motekewecz against estate of John U. Brookman, May 27, 1918.....$63

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 40.8 ft n of 94th St, 40x100; Delia Doyle against Edw. C. Newdorf, executor, et al., action to recover dower, &c.; attorneys, Wendel, Elliott & Robeson.

22D ST, n s, 354.6 ft e of 1st Av, 47x98; Harriet S. Scott against Dorsch Real Estate Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, P. M. Goodrich.

127TH ST, 229 East; Italian Savings Bank of the City of New York against Terfos Construction Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wayland & Bernard.

136TH ST, 308 West; Henrietta K. Hawes against Anna L. Lumbert et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger.

120TH ST, n s, 217 ft e of 7th Av, 19x100.11; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. against Sarah Alexander et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

33D ST, 221 West; Excelsior Savings Bank of the City of New York against Adele E. Carroll et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, H. Swain.

STEAMSHIPS.

Spanish Royal Mail Line
(Campania Trasatlantica)
R.M.S. "Manuel Calvo"
Will Sail About **Nov. 27th, 1918**
Direct For
Cadiz and Barcelona
(Freight and Passenger Service.)
Also FREQUENT SAILINGS to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon and Santander
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Express Postal Service
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FREQUENT DEPARTURES
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NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
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For Sailing Date, Rates, Etc., Apply
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COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND
SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.
PASSENGER AGENTS, 398 BROADWAY.
FREIGHT AGENTS, 29 BROADWAY.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The three-story residence at 49 West Ninety-second Street, on lot 20 by 100.8, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue, was transferred as a gift yesterday by Edwin W. Inslee to Carolyn McK. Inslee. It is assessed at $17,000.

Record of the transfer by gift under date of July 16, 1890, was made yesterday by Almira Hoyt to Cornelia Hoyt of the three-story building at 513 Eighth Avenue, on lot 20 by 74, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Streets. Its assessed value is $32,000.

Delancey Street Rental at 150 Per Cent. Increase.

Increased rental values in the business area of Delancey Street facing the East River bridge are sharply illustrated in the lease just closed by Hiram Rinaldo of the four-story building at 138 Delancey Street, between Norfolk and Suffolk Streets. The property has been leased by the G. & G. Restaurant Company from the Metropolitan Tobacco Company, for a term of years, aggregating $100,000. The new rental shows an increase of 150 per cent. over its leasing value in 1907. The building adjoins the large Loew Theatre on the Suffolk Street corner. Alterations involving $20,000 are planned.

Buyer for Harlem Dwelling.

An investing client of the A. Kane Company purchased from the Lawyers Mortgage Company, 328 West 130th Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16.8 by 100.

The Bronx Market.

The five-story apartment house at 978 Aldus Street, covering a plot 42 by 107, was sold by Louis Epstein for Abraham Wolff to an investor. It was a cash deal and the property was held at $50,000.

Benjamin Englander sold for the M. & R. Realty Co. to R. Joelson, for investment, the five-story twenty-family apartment, 952 Fox Street, on a plot 40 by 110.

Roy Scherick sold for Samuel L. Maduro the three-story house 2,470 Hoffman Street to Theodore H. Fishel, who gave in the trade a large plot in Mamaroneck.

The estate of Mary Cleer sold to an investor 494 Concord Avenue, a three-story two-family house, on a lot 20 by 100.

Realty Company Buys $50,000 Plot in Brooklyn.

The Jules Realty Company purchased from Johnston & Rapp, a plot 30 by irregular, at the intersection of Flatbush and Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, and from I. H. Kramer, the adjoining plot on Rogers Avenue, 100 by 98.4 feet. The two parcels were held at $50,000 and it is understood that the buyers will improve the plot. William S. Baker negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Walter S. Ross and C. C. Gretsinger sold 523 Vanderbilt Street, between Prospect Avenue and Eighteen Street, a two-family brick house 20 by 100 feet for Frank D. Creamer & Co., Inc., to a client for investment.

The Morard Realty Corporation, Clarence E. Gilmor and Robert Ward, Jr., exchanged theproperty 512 East Eleventh Street, New York, for four one-family houses 169-171-173 Union Avenue, Jamaica, and 207 Avenue T, Brooklyn, owned by the Martonberg Realty Corporation. Aaron Klein was the broker.

Queens Borough Sales.

S. Blickman, a Manhattan manufacturer purchased from the Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Company, a plot 100 by 150 feet on the southwest corner of Nelson Avenue and Manley Street, Long Island City.

The Constant Holding Company, Inc., sold to M. Hansteen, a plot 40 by 100 feet on the west side of Eighty-sixth Street, south of Jamaica Avenue, Woodhaven.

F. P. Denton sold to J. Smadbeck, a plot of six acres on Clinton Avenue, Little Neck.

The Hatch-Gazon Company sold at Rockaway Park, L. I., a three-story frame cottage, on Washington Avenue, to Dr. Cornelius Hatfield for Gehring Realty Corporation.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased for Richmond Rochester the five-story building 42 South Street, near Old Slip, for ten years, at an aggregate rental of $50,000. This lease represents a substantial increase over the rental paid for any other similar building.

John R. Todd & Oscar L. Foley leased for Charles Hoffman to Best & Co. the garage recently erected at 240 and 242 East Forty-fifth Street. The lease is for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of about $40,000, with taxes.

Buyers at Nepperhan Heights.

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Market St. 25, w s, 25 ft s of Henry St, 25.1x 113.3x25.1x113.2, five-story tenement and stores; Louis J. Suydam, trustee, against Morris Lazarus et al.; G. W. Ellis, attorney; due, $29,728.17; taxes, &c., $510.30; to the plaintiff for $29,000.

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119th St, 9 West, n s, 100.5 ft w of 5th Av. 14x61.7x14.6x57.9, 3-story tenement and stores; 119th St, 17 West, n s, 165.5 ft w of 5th Av, 14x76.10x14.6x73, 3-story tenement and stores; I. Z. Place against Samuel Siskind et al.; Wells & S., attorneys; due, $10,916.19; taxes, &c., $264.24; No. 9 to the plaintiff for $5,850; No. 17 to Minnie Seletsky for $5,500.

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With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

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SAME PROPERTY; The Powfit Co. to Ulrika Realty Corp., 118 Nagle Av., mtg $20,250, all liens, Nov. 16.....$1

FRONT ST, 124, w s, 72.1 ft n of Wall St, 72.1x18.6x irregular, with all title to land adjoining on n. s or w sides; Maud Marx to Edw. H. O'Brien, St. Francis Hotel, San Francisco, Cal, mtg $22,500, all liens, Nov. 18; attorney, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

HILLSIDE ST, being Plot 148, Map 697, estate of Isaac Dyckman, 150x263 to centre line of 11th Av.; Bleecker St. s s, 25 ft e of Thompson St, 50x125; Mutual Profit Realty Co. to Mupro Realty Corporation, all liens, May 25; address, Mutual Profit Realty Co., 141 West 36th St.....$1

MADISON AV, 778-780, w s, 69.5 ft n of 66th St, 40x80; 780 Madison Avenue Co. to North Madison Avenue Corporation, 49 Wall St, mtg $195,000, confirmation deed; attorneys, Alger & G., 49 Wall St.....$100

SUFFOLK ST, 20, e s, 175 ft n of Hester St, 25x100; Hyman Claman to Mutual Life Insurance Co., given to satisfy mtg for $16,000, b. and s., c. a. g., Nov. 15; address, Mutual Life Insurance Co., 59 Cedar St.$100

WATER ST, 656, n s, 350 ft w of Jackson St, 26x86.9; Albert Hinz to James S. Reardon, 113 Prospect Park Av, Brooklyn, mtg $6,000, Nov 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

231ST ST, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 100x irregular; Kross & D., 27 Cedar St.....$1

LOT 38, map of M. Morgenthau; Annie Garrety to William P. Garrety, 1,223 Vermont Av, N. W., Washington, D. C., Oct. 28; attorney, Continental Trust Co., Washington, D. C $1

PIERCE AV, n s, at n e s of Bronxdale Av, runs n w 97.6x n w 21.1x e 110.2x s 84.7x w 31.9; B. & B. Construction Co. to Giuseppe Lo Piccolo, 167 East 118th St, Nov. 13; attorney, P. Pecara, 33 Park Row.....$1

VYSE AV, e s, at n w s of West Farms Road, runs w 152x s e 80x n w 152.6; Vywest Bldg. Corp. to Lebdar Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av, mtg $60,000, Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

187TH ST, s w s, 60 ft n w of Crescent Av, runs s w 97.6x s w 8.6x n w 97.4x n e 100x e 60; Niagara Life Insurance Co. to Santo Giacini, 552 East Fordham Road, Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Emanuel Steindler, ind. and Trustee, to Niagara Life Insurance Co. at Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way.....$1

231ST ST, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 100x 114.10; Otto Hachel, referee, to Jacob J. Pantell, 1,783 Marlon Av, Nov. 4; attorney, Jacob J. Pantell, 1,783 Marlon Av.$3,000

235TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of Keppler Av, 25x 100; William Tagliette to William J. Schaible, 120 East 235th St, mtg $4,500, Nov. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

Queens Borough Sales.

S. Blickman, a Manhattan manufacturer purchased from the Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Company, a plot 100 by 150 feet on the southwest corner of Nelson Avenue and Manley Street, Long Island City.

The Constant Holding Company, Inc., sold to M. Hansteen, a plot 40 by 100 feet on the west side of Eighty-sixth Street, south of Jamaica Avenue, Woodhaven.

F. P. Denton sold to J. Smadbeck, a plot of six acres on Clinton Avenue, Little Neck.

The Hatch-Gazon Company sold at Rockaway Park, L. I., a three-story frame cottage, on Washington Avenue, to Dr. Cornelius Hatfield for Gehring Realty Corporation.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased for Richmond Rochester the five-story building 42 South Street, near Old Slip, for ten years, at an aggregate rental of $50,000. This lease represents a substantial increase over the rental paid for any other similar building.

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CASTER ST, 646, e s, 20x100; Hudwill Corp. to Samuel Cowen, 891 Irvine St, prior mtg $4,000, Nov. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St...$500

ST. ANN'S AV, w s, 75 ft s of 158th St, 25x 100; Katie Stenger to Frederick L. De Grauw, 872 Carroll St., Brooklyn, executor, prior mtg $9,000, Nov. 18, two years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $2,000

WHITLOCK AV, 504, e s, 37.6x100; Ester Hornstein to Jacob Tabel, 840 East 156th St, Nov. 15, due May 18, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewis & S., 299 Broadway...$3,000

146TH ST, n s, being e one-half lot 204, map Mott Haven, 25x100; Giuseppe Lociafano to Henry Bender, 3,655 Windsor Place, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 19, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $2,000

187TH ST, s w s, 50 ft n w of Crescent Av, 47.10x100x50x100.10; Santo Geacini to Niagara Life Insurance Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$35,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

CROSBY ST, 21, mtg $26,000; New York Trust Co. to Columbia Trust Co., 60 Broadway, guardian; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway $1

HAMILTON ST, 12, mtg $4,000; Elise Boyd to Alfred Frankenthaler, 1,215 Madison Av; attorneys, Steiner & P., 309 Broadway $1

HOUSTON ST, 100 East; David Davis to Charles Milgrim, 949 West End Av..$10,000

LEROY ST, 30, mtg $5,500; Lincoln Trust Co. to Grace L. Buck; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.....$1

PINE ST, 83, mtg $12,000; 27th St., 418 and 420 W, mtg $15,000; Beatrice M. McCandlish, executrix, to Beatrice M. McCandlish, individually, 1,013 St. Charles Av, New Orleans, La.; attorneys, Miller & B., 59 Liberty St. .....Two assignments, each $1

WEST END AV, 794, mtg $2,000; Arthur W. Corse to Eleanor L. Knowles, 661 West End Av.....$1

3D AV, 858; Edward H. and Harold K. Mount to Bronx Exposition, Inc., at 177th St. and Bronx River; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$32,000

SAME PROPERTY; Bronx Exposition, Inc., to Clarence J. Hand, 326 Lincoln Av, Orange, N. J.; attorney, same.....$25,000

48TH ST, 220 to 228 West, an interest of $21,681.12; Henry Goldstone, to Morris L. Goldstone, 2,170 Broadway; address, A. L. Goldstone, 1,455 Broadway.....$1

72D ST, 14 East; United States Trust Co. of New York to J. Frederic Kernochan, 863 Park Av, and another, trustees under will of Thomas B. Winthrop for Marie Kellogg; attorney, Henry F. Miller, 44 Pine St.....$50,000

115TH ST, 9 East, mtg $18,000, ½ part, all title; Anna C. Grossman to George J. Grossman, 38 De Kalb Av, White Plains, N. Y.; attorney, Frederick W. Hottenroth, 261 Broadway $100

Bronx.

FORDHAM ROAD, n e corner of Grand Av, 111x99.9x100x147.11; Title Insurance Co. of New York to John H. Cahill; attorney, F. S. Marsell, 74 Broadway.....$12,500

SAME PROPERTY; Bankers Trust Co., trustee, to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, same.....$11,000

SAME PROPERTY; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Hy F. Kroger, 34 West 128th St; attorney, same.....$11,000

GLEASON AV, 2,312; Magdalins Lohbauer to Martin Stepper, 2,249 Powell Av; attorney, Frank Gass, 2,215 Westchester Av.$700

HULL AV, 2,216; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

LOT 389, map of Haight estate; Earl Helnrich to Herman Velthaus, 207 St. Ann's Av; attorney, Helen S. Leube, 3,011 Westchester Av $1,600

NELSON AV, s s, 150.6 ft n of 164th St, 20x68.8x23.2x67; Constant M. Bird to Joseph Bird, Larchmont, N. Y.; attorney, Hy W. Kennedy, 66 Broadway.....$600

136TH ST, n s, 91.10 ft w of Alexander Av, 16.4x100; Betty Collamore of Lizzie C. Lane, Bronxville, N. Y., and another; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

146TH ST, 211 West, and 147th St, 210 West; Handy Brothers against Open Stairs Dwelling Co., Inc., owners; Brescia & Grimaldi, contractors, renewal $1,836

EDGECOMBE AV, 409 and 411; A. C. Horn & Co. against Chandler Holding Corporation and S. W. Straus & Co., owners; Rudiff Thuth, contractor, renewal.....$698

86TH ST, 330 West; Jonas Wieser against 330 West 86th Street Corporation, owner; Guaranty Construction Co., contractor..$230

Pre-War Price $3,000, on Easy Terms
and $6,500 First Mortgage Buys This Fine Home and Beautiful Grounds.
Plot 150 by 200 ft. Easy Commutation to N. Y. City. Express Station.

12 big rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping balcony, big open fireplaces, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak finish and mahogany trim; fine covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; only a few minutes' walk to R. R. Sta.; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lake and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. Write or phone CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Tel. 9887 Prospect.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS INC. Business Property

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LARCHMONT
HOUSES READY WITH
THE FOLLOWING PRICES!
$8,500 $12,000
$9,000 $15,000
$10,000 $18,000
No other part of Westchester County offers houses like these with such low prices. Photographs on request.
Griffen, Prince & Ripley Inc.,
18 East 41st Street, City.

WHITE PLAINS.
NEAR GEDNEY FARM HOTEL!
Practically new Colonial house, large living room, attractive dining room, 4 master's bedrooms, 2 tiled baths, billiard room, 2 maids' rooms and bath; garage; large wooded plot. If taken quickly, price $14,000. Present occupant will remain until Spring if desired.
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18 East 41st St., City.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND
NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ONE OR TWO YEARS' LEASE
10 large rooms, 3 baths, large studio with open fireplaces; garage; beautiful grounds; at Colonial Heights, near famous Hotel Gramatan and Artists' Colony. Short walk to depot; only 20 minutes to Grand Central. Unusual rental proposition. Tasker Halstead Realty Co., 154 Nassau St.

3 LITTLE FARMS FOR SALE
Containing 6, 10½ and 12 acres; all 3 have good buildings, with water, electricity and baths; all within one hour Grand Central; one "up the Hudson," two "up the Sound." Full particulars
H. M. Olcott. Mur. Hill

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

76TH, 40 WEST.—Comfortable room, dressing room; running water; electricity, select residence; $9.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; large room with private bath; telephone.

76TH, (344 WEST END AVE.)—Select front room; exquisitely furnished; bath; steam; electricity.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, large room; private bath; electricity; small room; references.

76TH, 234 W.—Large front room with or without board; private bath; electricity.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large and small rooms.

76TH, 134 WEST.—Splendidly furnished second story front; running water; electricity; select.

76TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive, large room; $9; bath; private house; references.

79TH, 167 WEST.—Light, sunny, large room, private bath; second floor; heat, phone.

79TH, 319 WEST.—Neat, small room, exclusive house; gentleman preferred.

80TH, 165 WEST.—Desirable suite for gentleman; 2d floor west; references.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Bright small front room; closets; steam heat, electricity; private house.

81ST, 153 WEST.—Immaculate heated room, running water; electricity; $6; gentlemen. Schuyler 2982.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Nicely furnished back parlor, private bath; also single room.

83D, 902 WEST.—Large front room, beautifully furnished; running water; balcony view of river; exclusive home; gentlemen; reference exchanged.

84TH, 339 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, private home, convenient; gentleman only; reference.

84TH, 154 WEST.—Medium-sized room, near bath; steam; phone; electricity. Ryan.

85TH, 207 WEST. (Near Broadway).—Desirable immaculate room; fifth floor, east, elevator.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Elegant accommodation, modern conveniences; board optional; private family. Jay.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Large, attractive room; electricity; every convenience; $10; references; gentleman. Gilman.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, single, suite; electricity, phone; subway, "L"; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath, twin beds, electricity; southern exposure; telephone.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors or business women, a real home; unusual.

87TH, 63 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, running water; one flight; references. Young.

87TH, 107 WEST.—Large comfortable rooms, en suite or singly; private bath, electricity.

87TH, 45 WEST.—2 rooms, with private bath, parlor floor; board optional.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Opening select house, modern furnished rooms, baths, steam, electricity.

91ST ST., 252 WEST.—Private family would let desirable gentleman comfortable front room, adjoining bath; exclusive. Telephone Riverside 3960.

93D, 250 WEST. (corner Broadway.) Apt. 3E.—Nicely furnished room; all improvements; running water.

93D, 259 WEST.—Beautiful floor; private house; modern conveniences; other rooms; subway.

101ST, 300 WEST.—2 sunny room suite; comfortably furnished. Ryno.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

111TH, 535 WEST. (Apt. 22.)—Attractive room; private family; near subway; references.

112TH, 536 WEST.—Good-sized, light room, well kept; elevator ap't; gentlemen. Lockwood.

112TH, (at Riverside.)—Large room, suitable for two, in high-class apartment. Write Shaw, 2,876 Broadway.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Large sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also smaller rooms, with running water.

118TH, 536 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, twin beds and lavatory. Apt. 21.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Elegant, large, light, warm room; centrally located. Apt. 21.

124TH, 515 WEST.—Single; steam heat; electricity; no other rooms; gentleman preferred; 14A.

126TH, 123 WEST.—Two well furnished rooms; double and single; with small private family; no housekeeping; reference required.

126TH, 7 WEST.—Furnished room; hot, cold water; private house; phone. 7 W. 126 St.

127TH, 611 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, elevator apartment, with refined couple; gentleman preferred; off Riverside; conveniences. Apartment 20.

130TH, 247 WEST.—Large, small, light, airy rooms; conveniences; Kosher table board; telephone.

140TH, 86 WEST.—4 bachelors' large rooms, unusually well furnished, electricity, hardwood floor.

152D, 590 WEST.—2 large beautifully furnished rooms; private family; home cooking.

162D, 601 WEST.—Apt. 3F, exceptionally attractive front room; kitchen privileges.

172D, 720 WEST.—Young couple have southern guest room; refined home. Van K., 8773 Audubon.

182D, 601 WEST, Apartment 4.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, with kitchen privileges. 1 to 7 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 2,181, (74TH).—High-class apartment; desirable room; running water; reasonable. Wardell.

BROADWAY, (169th, 600 West, Apartment 31.)—Handsome connecting front rooms; single; elevator; gentlemen.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St.)—Large, steam heated 2d floor room; private residence; breakfast optional. Telephone Audubon 8435-J.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 115th.)—Exceptionally large, attractive room, with bath, overlooking Hudson, in private family, to refined guests; $80; special price on suite. Telephone bet. 4 and 6, Morningside 1359.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (95th St.)—Exceptional sitting room and bedroom, beautifully furnished, (four outside windows.) Apartment 57.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 596, (137th St.) Apt. 8.—Beautiful room, adjoining bath; no other roomers; references; suitable 2 gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large single rooms; private family; electricity, heat. Apt. 5-C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, corner 84th. 1 or 2 sunny rooms, bath. Schuyler 1548.

TWO ROOMS, next bath, with business couple; one room, living room; other, bedroom; well furnished; clean; top floor; elevator house. Phone evenings, Morningside 1172.

WEST END AV., 265, (near 72d St.)—One large front room with bath; references required.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

A REAL HOME.—Wanted, two connecting rooms, front, sunny, for three brothers, permanent, in strictly private family; all conveniences, between 70th and 110th Sts., west. G 632 Times Downtown.

Two young gentlemen wish furnished room, with refined American family, from 72d to 110th preferred; references. K 255 Times.

College girl wants home near Columbia, private family, light, shower; full particulars, terms. E. F., 420 West 119th St.

Two professional women desire comfortable room, near Gramercy Park. Warren, 41 Gramercy Park.

Gentleman and wife want front room, private bath, write fully. W 407 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $15 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

69TH, 105 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath; steam heat, running water; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor; bath adjoining; refined Jewish family; excellent cuisine; table guests. Mrs. Newburg.

212 WEST 72D ST.
PRIVATE BATHS. ELECTRICITY.
STEAM HEAT. TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Refined Holland family gives superior accommodation, large double room, with bath; nice, single room; excellent European style cooking for table guests.

74TH ST., 16 WEST.—Beautiful single room, nicely furnished; excellent table; Jewish family.

77TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 11 WEST.—Rooms with board; southern exposure; modern improvements; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; bath, steam, electricity, hot water; good table.

83D ST., 9 WEST.—Rooms and board; table guests; excellent table.

98D, 21 WEST.—Sunny front rooms, all conveniences; park; excellent cuisine.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; all conveniences; table board.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Overlooking Hudson.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, handsomely furnished, single, double room; exceptional table; moderate.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also smaller room, with running water.

113TH, 264 WEST.—Large, front room, with board, in private Jewish family for one or two.

119TH ST., 371 WEST.—Couple or gentlemen, board, outside room; private family. Jacobson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, handsome, beautifully furnished room; lavatory; excellent board; two, $25. Smaller rooms, $12-$14. Payne.

WEST END AV., 361, (74th.)—Large double room; private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

Brooklyn.

19TH ST., 2,635 East. (Sheepshead Bay.)—Elderly people or convalescents boarded; nurses' home.

BOARD WANTED.

Board Wanted.—An adult family, consisting of husband and wife and two daughters, wish two rooms and bath; reply promptly, stating rate and definite location. B 849 Times Annex.

Young man (Jewish) wants bright, well-kept room, convenient to bath; meals optional; fair price; good accommodation and service; give full particulars. G 513 Times Downtown.

Young girl desires room, modern conveniences, breakfast, dinner, in private family; reasonable rate; West 79th-110th. K 251 Times.

Board Wanted.—Dinners wanted in refined private family by middle-aged gentleman; below 59th St. preferred. G 679 Times Downtown.

Lady, two children, 2, 4, wants room with private bath and board; reasonable. B 858 Times Annex.

Musician.—Young French lady desires room and board immediately; reasonable. K 180 Times.

Couple, board in private family, below 70th, Lexington subway. Room 840, McAlpin.

Gentleman desires board and room in refined surroundings. G 158 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York State.

WHITTIER INN, Sea Gate, N. Y. Harbor, 45 minutes out; room, board, $18 up; solarium, open fireplace. Tel. Coney Island 900.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 424 St.; $10 and up; furnished cottages; booklet.

HOTEL ROCKLEDGE MANOR.
Moderate prices; 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers. Tel. 5621.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM. nonsectarian; beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 3006W.

New Jersey.

Child, in good health, under school age, of good family, taken in board, with motherly care on modern farm, by refined people; references exchanged. Address Linwood Farms, Ridgewood, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING.

Young woman, administrative ability, advertising experience, desires position as assistant to advertising manager. G 187 Times.

ADVERTISING. — Young lady thorough knowledge printing, proofreading, copy, layouts. B. F. 2 Times Annex.

ATTENTION.

Do you want an efficient executive assistant? A college graduate, business experience, knowledge French, typewriting, filing, bookkeeping, desires responsible position. G 369 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER - TYPEwriter.—Seven years' experience wholesale woolen business, double entry bookkeeping, controlling accounts, trial balance, entire charge of office; salary, $25. B 847 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, 6 years' experience in building trades, possessing real initiative, capable taking full charge, desires permanent position; $25-$30. L 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman, with unusual ability, understands double entry system thoroughly, capable taking charge of office; can furnish best references; $40 weekly. 130 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Neat, conscientious, excellent penman, accurate at figures, experienced. Libby Schwartz, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2993.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, 7 years' experience, desires position where initiative is essential; capable taking charge office. L 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 4 years' experience, desires permanent position; salary $20. Elizabeth Godfrey, 2,414 Creston Av. Phone Tremont 341.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly experienced, executive ability, experience managing office; $30. R 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER will devote several hours daily or weekly to keeping books for business men not requiring bookkeeper full time. T., Post Office Box 244, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Fully capable to perform office duties; some experience; best references; $15. G. T., 1,699 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Three years' experience; efficient, accurate; $20. Box 49, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry, controlling accounts; good penman; $23. G 444 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. Mail Clerk, ten years' experience; college; American; $30; references. G 148 Times.

BOOKKEEPING.—Personal accounts solicited, also stenography. Address Secretary, 826 Trinity Building.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT desires all or part time position. Advertiser, 2,102 Amsterdam Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; experienced; knowledge typewriting; high school graduate; $16. K 209 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Knowledge stenography; four years' experience; high school graduate; $20. L 142 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Five years' experience; capable taking entire charge; $20. G 570 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; A1 experience; complete charge books; excellent stenographer; $25. L 99 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; modern methods; trial balance; executive ability; stenographer; $28. L 108 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Double entry; trial balance; controlling accounts. Bjaim, 681 Beck St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer.—Experienced; take charge of office. L 116 Times.

CAPABLE young business woman with executive ability, showroom and office experience, desires position as manager; fifteen years' experience manufacturing line. C. C., 353 West 118th.

CHAMBERMAID.—Frenchwoman wants position as chambermaid; country. Call G. Y. D., 253 West 24th St.

COLLEGE WOMAN, capable, of 30, will bring two children or adults to apartment in Miami for Winter. X 359 Times Annex.

COMPANION-NURSE.—Refined young woman as visiting companion; highest reference. K 253 Times.

COMPETENT WOMAN, with business training, adaptable, dependable, desires position where initiative and executive and organizing ability will be of value; several years' experience as office manager. R 637 Times Harlem.

DAY'S WORK.—White woman wishes day's work. 216 West 102d St., Apt. 1.

DESIGNER.

A position is desired by expert copyist and designer of gowns with manufacturer of exclusive models; thoroughly familiar with workroom and management; state salary and class of trade. G 521 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, artistic, by day; satisfaction guaranteed. Anderson, 155 West 108th St. Academy 3079.

EXECUTIVE.

Young lady, attorney, college graduate, stenographer, secretary, knowledge bookeeping; 9 years' thorough practical business training, desires position; possesses personality, tact, executive ability; fully capable assuming responsibility exercising sound business judgment, common sense. B 291 Times.

GIRL wishes work by the day sewing, taking care of children, or light housework; $2.50 day. Write A. R., 402 West 33d St., New York.

GOVERNESS, visiting, mornings, kindergarten upward; French; piano; experienced Englishwoman. Francis, 4,241 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—Educated American, experienced; references. 308 Elizabeth Av., Newark, N. J. Waverly 2747.

HIGHLY recommended French teacher, diplomas, wishes morning engagements. Leopold, 1,161 Amsterdam Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Refined woman, experienced; gentlemen going to business; thoroughly competent to market, cook, serve, and attend to laundry; exceptional city references. Address S. H., 2,070 Crotona Av., Bronx.

HOUSEKEEPER, COMPANION. — Gentlewoman, formerly useful companion-housekeeper, desires position small adult family or gentlewoman alone; references exchanged. Miss Lewis, 22 Charles St., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined home, care motherless children or infant. Write H. M., 3525 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER, caretaker, elderly couple or out of town. Write H. M., 3,525 Broadway.

LADY, over thirty, refined, wishes position where general business knowledge and experience qualify. G 068 Times Downtown.

MAID, French, experienced, beautiful sewer for one or two ladies, wishes to go to Washington; $50. Write Marie Anne, 253 West 24th.

Manicuring, pedicuring, scalp treatment, in or out. Amelia, 258 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients, latest methods. Lockhart, 472 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 214 West 88th. Riverside 3390.

MOTHER'S HELPER, Nursery Governess.—Young lady, American, wishes position; city or country; children over 3 years. L 129 Times.

NURSE.—Permanent position desired by a refined, well-educated young woman with special aptitude for nursing; has taken first aid course; thoroughly understands making all surgical dressings; can read aloud; will be found careful, considerate, and conscientious; knowledge of typewriting and filing sufficient to be useful; references exchanged; $25 week. L 126 Times.

NURSE, graduate, with best of references, is going Texas; would take patient or child for expenses. L 145 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 2 years' experience; conscientious worker; excellent references; salary desired $18. L 86 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 19, experienced, high school graduate, bookkeeping knowledge; reference. G 178 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Lady; college education; some experience; typist, stenographer. G 558 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years; good penman; accurate; Christian; $12-$14. R 498 Times Downtown.

OFFICE NURSE, secretary, dictaphone operator, stenographer; seven years' experience; excellent reference; surgical. L 112 Times.

OFFICE SUPERVISOR, secretary, stenographer, correspondent, executive ability; Christian; 11 years' experience; capable handling office help; office details; fluent dictator. O 655 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE TUTORING, children 4-12; Montessori kindergartner; college graduate; references. G 159 Times.

REFINED YOUNG LADY desires position office assistant; 4 years' experience general office work. Selma Bloom, 511 West 139th.

RELIABLE woman wishes hourly care children or invalids. L., 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

SECRETARY, efficient, desires permanent position in New York; has had several years' practical experience along executarial lines; state salary offered and nature of business. X 369 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—I am seeking the opportunity where my thoroughly rounded business training, initiative, and executive ability can best be utilized. G 588 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 7 years' mercantile experience, possesses initiative and executive ability; not afraid of responsibility; A1 references. 112 Riverside Drive.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; executive ability; conscientious, quick, thorough; salary $25. G 559 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, reliable; executive ability; 8 years in one position; salary $22. G 583 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. Christian young lady, four years' experience; best references. A 370 Times.

SECRETARY - CORRESPONDENT, dictate letters, make quotations; export, advertising experience; $25. R 634 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED IN PUBLISHING AND LITERARY LINES. EFFICIENT, K 248 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENO., eight years' experience; best references furnished. K 203 Times.

SKETCHER-DESIGNER pen-and-ink advertising. Miss E. Woywoth, 2,168 7th Av., City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Over 10 years' practical experience; rapid, accurate, thoroughly reliable; possesses initiative; can operate dictaphone and switchboard; salary $30-$35. O 598 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Ten years as such to President of large corporation; Protestant, refined, well educated; salary $25 weekly. Ability, Brooklyn Branch N. Y. Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, five years' experience, high school graduate, desires position with reliable downtown office; salary $18. G 587 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; over eight years' experience; excellent references; neat, accurate, and willing; $25 per week. G 561 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHIC position desired; two years' experience; salary $20; applicant thoroughly capable. Write fully, stating appointment. G 165 Times.

STENOGRAPHER or secretary, experienced, executive ability, possesses initiative and tact; references; $25. R 502 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST desires position with large concern with chances for advancement; have had one year's experience. R 636 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian; reliable, conscientious worker; 1½ years' experience. D., 3,557 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. F. L., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 3 years' experience, desires position in downtown office. O 642 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, conscientious, willing worker, seeks permanent position. G 588 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Good bookkeeper; executive ability; salary $28. K 249 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Five years' experience; high school graduate; $25. R 498 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Unusual ability; 6 years' commercial experience; $22; permanent. L 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, efficient, experienced; best references; $16. G 565 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; conscientious; salary, $18. O 654 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Six years' legal, technical experience; good education; $20. G 571 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Seven years' experience; wide-awake, intelligent worker. G 593 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' legal, commercial experience; reliable, competent, conscientious; $20. G 571 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; Christian; five years' practical experience; references; $20. G 414 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; neat; high school graduate; uptown preferred; 18. G 518 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 4 years' experience; excellent; references; $18; downtown preferred. A 724 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—$10; accurate, neat. Mabel Baer, 200 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, seeks permanent connection with reputable firm; $18. K 253 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; ambitious; one year's experience; fair salary. O 649 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — 4 years' experience; neat, energetic; executive ability. K 256 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; can prove ability by interview; $18-$20. R 496 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 2 years' experience; references; $15. G 531 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Efficient, experienced; best references; $15. G 566 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, accurate, competent, beginner; salary $12. K 246 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, rapid typist, wishes extra work. G 186 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Central office experience; $16. O 641 Times Downtown.

TEACHER AND NURSE of wide experience desires position of trust in home; college and domestic science education; has little girl in school. X 358 Times Annex.

TURKISH BATH ATTENDANT, woman, competent and tactful; graduate in Swedish massage. Telephone Riverside 3745. Mrs. Andersen.

TYPIST-BILLING CLERK.—Three years' experience Elliott-Fisher, Underwood; $15. R 497 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, expert all kinds sewing, seeks position in institution or private family after December 1st; can manage help. Address Box 264, New Dorp.

YOUNG LADY, 23; wishes clerical position. Catherine Vogel, 334 St. Anns Ave., Bronx.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS. — Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking place; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, first-class executive, about through with Government contract, seeks another engagement; well versed in modern cost accounting, auditing, and supervising large office force; excellent references; salary $6,000; available Jan. 1. Address Superior, Box 250 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience; modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant chief auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary $4,500; thorough executive; capable, mature business judgment. O 490 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, business executive, desires permanent position; long, successful record, office and factory administration; familiar with organizing and cost construction; A1 references. F., 388 4th Av., New York City.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, at present employed as auditor and office manager, seeks permanent connection with a progressive organization; present salary $40; highest credentials. L 114 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 34, experienced, wide awake, desires position accounting department of mercantile, manufacturing, or film corporation. K 262 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified; general accounting, monthly audits, investigations, systems, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $10 monthly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—GENERAL ACCOUNTING, AUDITING, SYSTEMATIZING; TAX REPORTS. ROBINSON, 128 BROADWAY. CORTLANDT 4276.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced; college student; good references; knowledge cost. R 491 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires position with C. P. A.; three years' experience; salary $30. O 636 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR. — American; 26 years' experience; best references. G 522 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, general accounting, monthly audits, systems investigations. K 11 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 3d year student, desires position; C. P. A. preferred. G 167 Times.

ADVERTISING SERVICE MAN.

Understands entire production of syndicate cut service—drawings, cuts, copy—for retailers; able executive; hustler. L 120 Times.

AGENT.—Purchasing agent, having wide, practical experience machine tool and general equipment. Agent, Box 48, Long Island City.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 20, 18 months' experience, 3 years' high school education, night student, desires an opening where compensation will be commensurate with ability. L 131 Times.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN.

Experienced collection manager, correspondent; credits, adjusting of accounts and claims, handling 8,000 active accounts, seeks opening where ability and initiative are recognized. G 170 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.—Experienced in statistical and all branches of office detail, man of 32, desires position where advancement is possible. K 237 Times.

AUTOMOBILE AGENCIES.

Automobile engineer wants to combine two or more service stations and operate same under a profitable basis; 18 years' experience in designing, repairing, manufacturing in the above line. J. B., A 340 Times.

BANK MAN, at present paying teller of large national bank, other commercial experience, would make change. G 163 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager, age 40, desires responsible position where business will be appreciated; experienced in handling help; can operate typewriter; conscientious, painstaking, and not afraid of work; excellent references; salary, $35. L 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Swiss, 22 years, experienced and independent worker, wants to connect with public accountant's office; understands general ledger work thoroughly, trial balances, &c.; $25 per week. L 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, cashier; A1 office man; Gentile; 50 years old; married; long experience; good knowledge German and Spanish; best references; salary, $35 per week. G 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (30,) 12 years' experience; college graduate; correspondent; thoroughly capable, reliable, trustworthy; salary $40; executive, auditor. R 487 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, 20, HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, WITH COLLEGE EDUCATION, ARTIST, DESIRES POSITION; SALARY, $22. ASTROFSKY, 121 ST. MARK'S PLACE, CITY.

BOOKKEEPER-CREDIT MANAGER, scientific and industrial training, will systematically manage your office from every angle. Write today for immediate interview. G 152 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, correspondent, 10 years' experience, capable office man, desires connection with opportunity for advancement; $30. O 432 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, three years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; accurate and neat. G 557 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—4 years' experience, controlling accounts, knowledge typewriting; student N. Y. U. accounting school; moderate salary. R 488 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 28; 8 years' experience; general ledger, customers' ledger; knowledge control accounts, trial balance; $30. L 132 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; initiative, tact; good education; excellent references; $20. G 586 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced purchase ledger, disbursements, average accounts, &c., seeks connection with reliable concern. R 648 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER and COST CLERK, 8 years' experience with sweater manufacturer, desires opportunity; age 22; best references. G 596 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 21 years old, desires position; has two years' bookkeeping experience; A1 references. R 499 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable of handling correspondence; age 30; varied experience, also stenographer. R 495 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, reliable, seeks connection. R 489 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 19, experienced; balances controls, statements; knowledge of costs; reference. R 490 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, (21); unquestionable references; 5 years' experience; $25. C. L., 265 W. 123rd St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; executive ability; six years' experience; controlling accounts. H 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 19, high school graduate, desires bookkeeping position; experienced. L 128 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced controlling accounts, general ledger, financial statements; competent. G 172 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22; thoroughly experienced controlling accounts, statements, audit vouchers; $25. F 239 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (32;) experienced; balances, statements, controlling accounts; $30. Darragh, 2,104 7th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 20, desires position; knowledge of typewriting; salary, $20. G 184 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and general office clerk, (23,) 7 years' experience; reliable; salary $25. G 581 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, control accounts, voucher system, desires permanent connection. O 602 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, export and import experience; qualified to take full charge. G 592 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (26,) controls, general, ledger. Chelsky, 47 East 3d St., City.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) experienced, double entry, trial balance, profit and loss. O 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager; married; 8 years' exp.; $35. L 124 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) experienced; double entry; $20. Mayers, 246 West 108th St.

CANADIAN, 27, would consider offer from publisher, periodical, or company connected with motion picture or theatrical production; opportunity for development and advancement in literary field considered of more importance than initial salary. Address X 352 Times Annex.

CASHIER in restaurant, room clerk or similar by young man speaking English and Spanish. Answer G 188 Times.

CASHIER, ledger clerk, clerical; Christian; eight years' experience; $16. O 648 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' experience, employed until Nov. 29 with aircraft corporation, will give faithful services to employer that appreciates settled, married man, 38 years, with temperate habits and pleasing personality. Cook, 416 West 215th. Phone 2026 St. Nicholas.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, (driving experience limited,) American, married, middle age, graduate of recognized auto school, intelligent, reliable; will make good man for some one; given an opportunity; reference the best; no Fords or trucks; city. R 638 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10876.

CHAUFFEUR.—Nine years' experience, careful driver and good mechanic, driven Cadillac, Packard, Hudson, Marmon; familiar with any car; best references. R 120 West 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—8 years' experience Cadillac or Packard; single; city or country; best references. John, 305 24 Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, American, refined, 16 years' experience on foreign and domestic cars, desires private position; salary $30, with advancement. Hurst, 331 East 81st. Phone Lenox 10090.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, private position; sober, careful driver; own repairs; expert on any expensive car; best personal references; city or country. Salonen, 61 East 123d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman laying up car for Winter desires procure position for his chauffeur, careful driver, good mechanic, married, 9 years' experience. J. M. M., 263 West 125th.

CHAUFFEUR, American, married, 5 years' driving experience, wishes position with private family, city or country. Goky, 169 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, ex-soldier, wishes position; drive any make car; 4 years' experience; best references. Wochoba, 506 East 88th.

CHAUFFEUR, American, single, 10 years' experience, fully competent to take charge of automobiles; country preferred. Address L 77 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, 40; 10 years' experience mechanic; private position; 18 months last position. A. Wagsner, 217 West 84th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, mechanic, neat, honest, careful driver, experienced on high-grade cars, wishes position; private family or light commercial. Ocsko, 487 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 38, expert; Pierce, Packard, Cadillac; competent; any make; 10 years' personal references. Thomas, 8 West 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes position; positively good, careful driver; good habits. G 188 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady recommends competent, absolutely trustworthy man. 58 West 66th St. Columbus 4927.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Danish, single; high-class cars; first-class references. L 138 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, 4 years' experience, good mechanic; $25 week. Fred Ripper, Ritze Garage, 300 East 64th.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 10 years' personal references; salary, $35. Dowling, 1,407 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, experienced; private; expert mechanic; $50. Hildebrand, 135 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, best references, wishes position, city, country. Reind, 340 East 79th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position; private; 10 years' driving. Telephone 247 Riverside. Cooper.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic; careful driver; all cars; best reference. Telephone 6722 Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR, Norwegian, wishes position; best references; over 3 years last place. M. Simonsen, 123 Bay 17th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, &c.—Couple, man chauffeur, wife good cook; best references. Koski, 31 East 125th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—English; age 24; single; competent, careful driver; wages, $35. G 162 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; single; six years' experience; city, country; best references. K 219 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, six years' experience, good references. Jing, 133 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; shop and driving experience; desires position; private; references. Galante, 946 Trinity Ave., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, 12 yrs.' experience; good mechanic, careful driver; references. K 216 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER

desires position as an executive or as an assistant to an official of an industrial company with offices in New York City; minimum salary $5,000. L 110 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER.—Released from Government work; salary $2,400. X 325 Times Annex.

CHEMIST, 27, seven years' laboratory and plant experience, can accept position at once. G 556 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL YOUNG MAN wishes position with reliable firm; 3 years' experience; 2 years high school; salary $18 weekly. L 84 Times.

COMMISSION SALESMAN, RESIGNING FROM PRESENT TRAVELING POSITION, SEEKS NEW YORK REPRESENTATION FOR RESPONSIBLE PEOPLE; GOOD RECORD. APARTMENT 2 E, 644 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

COOK, Japanese, honest, sober, and capable; prefers small family or gentleman's place; best references. San, 330 East 57th.

C. P. A., N. Y.—9 years' executive national manufacturing concern, desires position as auditor; also income tax expert; one year U. S. Treasury Dept. Expert, Box G 499 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN AND DESIGNER.—Mechanical; experienced young married man desires steady, responsible position near Brooklyn, on machinery, punches, dies, jigs, fixtures or in the shop. Apartment 44, 354 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN.—High-grade designing draftsman, thoroughly experienced tool design, automobile, fine instruments; desires permanent position; city or vicinity; salary reasonable. R., 1,354 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical, technical graduate, experienced on switchboards, powerplants, and substations, also light and power pl

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALES MANAGER. — High-class saleslady; one that can sell and take care of several saleslades; salary and commission. K 230 Times.

SALESWOMEN
AT WANAMAKER'S
with experience in
GLOVES,
NECKWEAR,
BOOKS, TOYS,
STATIONERY,
LEATHER GOODS,
TOILET GOODS.
Apply Employment Office.

SALESWOMAN for aids to hearing; good opportunity for person with natural selling ability, with or without experience. B 262 Times.

SALESWOMEN wanted to sell individual fashion sketches; commission. A. Morgan, 243 West 39th.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER.—Widow or middle-aged woman to go to Japan; one with export training preferred. B 851 Times Annex.

SODA DISPENSERS.
Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, requires several dispensers and stock girls for their soda department. Apply to Superintendent.

STENCIL FILERS
with experience in magazine or mail order work; $10-$12 start; good hours, working conditions, time bonus, and liberal vacations; position permanent. Apply 8:30 to 4, McCall, 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER.
EXECUTIVE IN PUBLISHING HOUSE WANTS EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, PREFERABLY EXPERIENCED IN ADVERTISING OR PUBLISHING BUSINESS; UPTOWN OFFICE; EASY HOURS; HALF DAY SATURDAY; ALL YEAR ROUND; GIVE REFERENCES AND SALARY WANTED. ADDRESS E. R. S., 147 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—If you are seeking permanent position, a manufacturing corporation in Long Island City, 20 minutes from Grand Central on subway and elevated, offers such position; must have experience and ability, both in taking dictation and transcribing; to receive consideration applicant must give full particulars as to age, previous employment and salary expected; all answers will be treated in strict confidence. Address Stenographer, Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER WANTED IN AN INSURANCE BROKER'S OFFICE; A YOUNG LADY WHO IS COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED; ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED; CHRISTIAN FIRM. R 508 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.
Large corporation has excellent opening for young lady who has fundamentals for speedy typist, and to whom we can grasp our methods; permanent position. Yu Ess Manufacturing Corp., 200 5th Av., Suite 340-348.

STENOGRAPHER, Remington, young woman, conservative, with considerable office experience, quick operator, position offers fair remuneration until ability is proven. Apply after 10 A. M. Fleischman, 47 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by a Christian firm, one having had at least two years' experience and a good English education; salary to start, $18; must have first-class recommendations. L 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted, in busy law office; must be first class; Christian firm. Address, giving references, experience, and stating past salary and salary now desired. A 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, $18;
Competent, accurate figurer;
Christian house;
Permanent.—L 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER (lady) for publisher's office; state experience and salary expected. Opportunity, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—One preferred who has operated small monitor switchboard. Apply Robblee Manufacturing Co., 47 West 34th St., Room 1037.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, experienced; also to do general office work. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience, references, and salary expected. L 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady; stenographic and clerical position; congenial work; excellent opportunity; state age, references, and salary. Textiles, B 308 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Quick, accurate; several years' experience; executive ability; state full particulars. B 309 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English; state age, experience, reference, salary desired. P. K., 345 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Assistant Bookkeeper, in wholesale men's clothing house. L. & M. System, 740 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; ideal working conditions. Call in morning, Room 1101, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in law work; Christian firm. Pressinger & Newcombe, 60 Wall St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced preferred; $12 to start. Room 501, 74 Broadway.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require competent cashiers; good salaries. Apply after 9 A. M., Employes' Entrance, 43d St., near 5th Av., or by letter.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted; office of small insurance company; some typewriting; salary $50 per month. B 300 Times.

TEACHER: Isaac Pitman shorthand; experience essential. Address, full particulars, Director, 327 Fenimore St., Brooklyn.

TWO WOMEN, relatives, friends, or man and wife to do cooking and housework on gentleman's modern farm, 3 adults; own sitting room and bath; electricity and heat; no laundry. Box 121, Litchfield, Conn.

TYPISTS.

A FEW VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS; PAY ACCORDING TO EXPERIENCE; RAPID ADVANCEMENT FOR BEGINNERS.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPIST in advertising department of a large metropolitan daily; hours, 9-5:30 P. M.; salary to start, $15; state age, experience, and telephone number. B 841 Times Annex.

TYPIST and stenographer, no beginner, one familiar with billing machine preferred. Call 452 Water St., New York, or phone 9700 Orchard.

TYPISTS, PIECEWORK, EXPERIENCED, CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST-DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. — Good permanent position; state salary and experience. G 873 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Lady, French and English; state qualifications and experience. L. P., 100 Times.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER wanted. B. Weinstein, 198 Avenue A.

WAITRESSES.—GOOD SALARY, ROOM, AND BOARD. APPLY HOTEL MARGARET, 97 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN.

WAITRESS.—Experienced, references, sleep out, woman's club. 133 East 40th.

WOMEN.—We have a few vacancies in our subscription department for ambitious women and solicitors; unusual opportunity for wide-awake business women; commission. Address Subscription Department, P. O. Box 322.

YOUNG LADY, must be a good typist, to take care of file and export department of large cotton goods house and do general clerical work. A 726 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, experienced, for clerical positions; high school graduates preferred; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, with secretarial training, typewriting, office experience. L 72 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, 20 to 23, as assistant to dentist; experience not necessary. G 192 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN experienced in clinical laboratory technique for private laboratory. Dr. Horowitz, 65 West 73d.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, Bookkeeping, Individual Training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS WANTED.
POSITIONS AT $12 TO $30 PER WEEK.
Big demand in business houses and Government departments for file clerks who have had TRAINING. We prepare you thoroughly and promptly for these positions, and then place you. Government positions start at $1,000 per year. Instruction by experts. Ours is the only school affiliated with a filing equipment house. New day and evening classes start today. Apply at once. Franklin 2201.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin Street, Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syla-ble Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training.
Day and Evening Classes.
Visitors welcome any time.
Over three thousand graduates.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING.
Singer Building, New York.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to hear the lecture "Present-Day Opportunities in Accountancy" by Horatio N. Drury, Tuesday, Nov. 26, at 6 P. M. Write, or telephone Cort. 1465, for complimentary admission card. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, &c. don't waste time in large classes; rapid progress. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av. (40th St.)

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO.—Position Havana, $125 monthly; others, $25, $22, $20; $18.
BOOKKEEPERS, $18-$20.
TYPISTS, $18, $15, $12.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, $1,000 yearly, $20, $18, $15.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $12-$10.
TELEPHONE Operator and Typist, $12.
CALL.
BROAD STREET
COM'L EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
ROOM 1132, 50 BROAD ST.
CALL AT ONCE.
HIGH CLASS
STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS.
No registration charge.

MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
2 RECTOR ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$20; bookkeeper and stenographer, $16; switchboard operator, $14; office girl, law, $10. All Christian firms. No registration fee.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
BOOKKEEPER; stenographers, typists, file clerks, &c.; Spanish stenographers, $35; register free.
STENOGRAPHERS, Americans, $15-$25; Spanish, French stenographers, $30-$35; Elliott-Fisher, $18-$20; bookkeepers, $15-$25. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway, entrance 1 Park Place.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU ST. CALL 9-5:30.
Stenographers, $15-$25; clerks, $12-$18; comptometers, $18; office girls; free registration.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, legal, $20-$18; commercial, $10-$20; insurance, typists, $65, $12; clerks, bookkeepers, $25.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 Nassau Street. Miss Griffin.
DICTAPHONE, STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, CLERKS. GOOD SALARIES.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, clerical, typists; highest salaries; register free.

STENOGRAPHERS, (Spanish-English,) $10-$30; filers, $12-$18; others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

FRENCH TEACHER for school; governesses, $50-$70; others. Hopkins, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, ETC.; FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5th Av., 93 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerical, $10-$25. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT
AND
CHIEF CLERK
for manufacturing plant 30 miles from New York; must have complete knowledge of accounting, timekeeping, payrolls, stores, &c. must live at plant during week; room furnished. Write, with full particulars, stating salary expected, G 543 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.
Young men with knowledge of cost analysis. Good opportunity.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S.,
PERMIT NO. 113.

ACCOUNTANT.—Large manufacturing concern requires young accountant capable of following collections; excellent opportunity to become familiar with every phase of accounting; replies must state age, education, experience, and salary expected. X 360 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Large firm of C. P. A.s require tax expert; one who has had first-class experience in preparing or examining excess profits and income tax returns; reply, stating age, experience, and salary required to A 734 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Position in Bridgeport with large company for man with knowledge of branch bookeeping or auditing; give full details as to age, experience, and salary; excellent opportunity for right man. Address X 362 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT with initiative, actual cost accounting experience and ability to handle complete set of general books; state past experience in detail, age, reference, telephone number and salary required. K 531 Times Harlem.

ACTOR, over 40, to assist directing students in dramatic plays, part time, 2 to 40 weeks; city; answer full particulars, letter only. Eddy, 568 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

AD MAN, experienced, for large, rapidly expanding clothing manufacturing business, able to put finger on business pulse of nation quickly; wonderful opportunity. B 312 Times.

ADVERTISING CLERK in large daily newspaper; one with experience preferred; hours, 1 to 6 P. M.; salary to start, $18; state age, experience, and telephone number. B 840 Times Annex.

ARTIST WANTED.
BY LARGE TOILET GOODS HOUSE, HIGH-CLASS ARTIST TO DESIGN NEW TOILET LINE; EXCELLENT CONNECTION IS IMMEDIATELY OPEN FOR ONE CAPABLE OF MEETING OUR REQUIREMENTS; PLEASE STATE QUALIFICATIONS. O 593 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ASSISTANT HOTEL MANAGER Wanted.—One who has talent to rent apartments in high-class family hotel; must have the best executive ability, know how to handle employes and guests; must have good judgment and be a worker; good opportunity for able man; others need not apply; state age and experience; confidential. B 295 Times.

ASSISTANT EMPLOYMENT MANAGER wanted by large firm near New York; prefer man with college education or its equivalent; experience not necessary, but intelligence, personality, and initiative are essential; this is an unusual opportunity for the right man to acquire an all-around experience and training in the new profession of employment management; entrance salary from $1,300 to $1,800. Write in detail to A 386 Times.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN CAPABLE OF INTERVIEWING APPLICANTS FOR INSTALLMENT CREDIT. HECHT BROS., 53-57 WEST 14TH ST.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK. — Young man; good chance for advancement. C. A. Vandervelt, 244 West 38th St.

AUDITOR.—Large manufacturing corporation with many branches has splendid opening for high-class traveling auditor; must be of good appearance, address, health, habits, and possess tact; prefer C. P. A. at present employed in similar capacity but desiring better position. Address fully, giving age, salary, and references, which will not be investigated without permission, G 182 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ATTENDANT.—Billiard room; man with experience; must have good references. Masonic Club, 46 West 24th.

BATTERY MAN who can make and repair storage batteries. Storage Battery Supply Co., 289 East 27th St.

BEST & CO.,
5th Av. at 35th St.
REQUIRE
A man to take charge of their
STATISTICAL AND ACCOUNTING
Office. This offers a really unusual opportunity.
Apply by mail only to P. LeB.; giving full experience, qualifications, and personal particulars in first letter.
Applications will be held strictly confidential.

BILLING MACHINE CLERK.—Man who understands running machine; state experience. O 587 Times Down own.

BOOKKEEPER.—Engineering company require wide-awake bookkeeper, whose work can be depended on, for cash book, checks, vouchers, cost ledgers, and general assistant to auditor; typist desirable, but not absolutely necessary; $25 per week to start and advance in two months if results warrant. Box L 82 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and typewriter in prominent Park Slope realty office; assist in rentals and sales; unusual opportunity for live man; $22.50 and commission on business created. Henry Pierson & Co., Inc., 309 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER experienced on sales ledgers; must be rapid and accurate worker; permanent position with chance for advancement for man who has the ability to fill this position. A 727 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, with Christian firm; must possess initiative, one able to adjust accounts without supervision; write, stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 733 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in the office of a New York Stock Exchange house; one familiar with Wall St. methods preferred. Address, stating experience and salary expected. O 666 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; permanent position, excellent opportunity for advancement; full details of experience, references, salary, and age required. L 119 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by New York Stock Exchange house; experienced bookkeeper; state experience and salary desired. Box 376, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly efficient, for manufacturing establishment in Brooklyn. Address, stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 725 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced; must have references. Apply Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey, Five Corners Branch, Jersey City, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must have experience, references; state salary and age. B 363 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Rapid, accurate, competent; permanent position; good opportunity; state age, experience, salary desired. B 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced; knowledge typing; downtown export; state age, religion, salary. G 478 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Man for general bookkeeping; good salary. Apply S. Wetzler's Sons, 799 1st Av., city.

BOYS.
FOR OFFICE WORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to start and $10 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school, age 14 to 17; half a day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Mr. Prentzlein,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. C.
NEW YORK.
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS—BOYS—BOYS,
over 16 years, as messengers in and out of office; should be able to write a legible hand; good salary to start; good chance for advancement. Apply to
PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO.,
322 HUDSON ST., N. Y.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE ADVERTISING AGENCY; OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN ADVERTISING BUSINESS; UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL OR WRITE ROOM 712, 381 4TH AV.

BOYS, BRIGHT,
who are looking for a future, wanted by long-established large wholesale cotton converting house; good opportunity to become salesmen; permanent position; state age, references, salary desired. Converter, Box 1, Station A, New York City.

BOY wanted in office of large manufacturing and export firm; permanent position with suitable advancement for intelligent, ambitious lad; apply in own handwriting, stating salary desired. Merchants, O 623 Times Downtown.

BOY for night work in advertising department of a daily newspaper; knowledge of typewriting necessary; hours, 5:30-12:30; good opportunity; salary to start, $8. Apply 229 West 43d St., 2d floor.

BOY.—Must be 16 years of age, willing to start with errands; must live with parents and have the highest of references; $10 per week to start. Apply Lambert Bros., 58th St. and 3d Av.

BOY wanted; opportunity offered to capable, ambitious boy to secure a position in stock broker's office. Answer, stating age, experience, &c., C. W., 211 Times Downtown.

BOY for office, mail desk, light errands; intelligent, experienced, references; good wages; advancement; Christian firm. Apply personally. 43 Barclay St., City.

BOY in law office; real opportunity to study law; steady position for right boy. Blandy, Mooney & Shipman, 37 Wall St.

BOY for office work, must be sixteen years of age; good opportunity and rapid advancement; state reference and salary. B 305 Times.

BOYS, BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT, FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK; GOOD PAY, WITH CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 501 WEST 44TH ST.

BOY Wanted.—Bright and willing, to assist in shipping room of fashion illustration concern; excellent chance for advancement. Wright Co., 229 4th Av.

BOY.—Bright American boy wanted with grammar school education; one familiar with lower New York City streets. Apply Room 1,301, No. 24 Broad St.

BOY or young man, bright, neat, energetic; 15 to 18 years. Address, in own handwriting, R 475 Times Downtown.

BOY for messenger department of large publishing house; hours, 8:30-5:30; salary to start, $8. Apply 220 West 43d St., 2d floor.

BOY wanted in custom broker's office; good prospects for advancement. Call at P. H. Petry Company, 81 New St., New York.

BOY wanted for office wor ; good opportunity for advancement. National Railway Publication Company, 30 Vesey St.

BOY wanted as messenger by downtown banking house; $9 per week to start. G 564 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 14 to 18, bright, energetic, and of neat appearance, for large downtown law firm. Call Suite 126, 40 Wall St.

BOY for errands and office work in publishing house. Frederick A. Stokes Co., 443 4th Av.

BOY wanted in office of woolen commission house. Apply Newhouse, 225 4th Av., Room 1011.

BOY wanted by Christian insurance broker's office; salary $9. Hall Morse Co., 128 William St.

BOYS, 15, go errands, also helper export house department. O 580 Times Downtown.

BOY—Quick; library bar Association; bring references, 42 West 44th St., 10 A. M.

BOY wanted, neat appearance. Apply, with reference, Room 1904, 220 Broadway.

BOY for sales floor. Brunswick-Balke-Collander Co., 35 West 32d St.

BUYER to assist piece goods buyer in large resident buying office; one familiar with cottons, woolens, &c. B 316 Times.

CABINET MAKERS, making repairs and alterations on filing cabinets; steady work; give references and state salary wanted. Address F. D., Box 25, General P. O.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, for light Ford truck; state experience, age and salary expected. C 582 Times Downtown.

CHEMICAL AND DYE DEPARTMENT
of
LARGE EXPORT HOUSE
Requires experienced man as assistant to manager of this department; must be fully acquainted with all markets and preferably one who has had experience with similar house; application must contain full particulars. G 590 Times Downtown.

CLEANER.—Young man, do inside cleaning; clean, light work. R 493 Times Downtown.

CLERK for club; must make himself generally useful; single man; strictly sober; write, giving full particulars regarding previous positions. G 121 Times.

CLERK wanted by large cotton goods house, experienced in all detail connected with export of textile; state full details and salary. A 714 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—MUST BE GOOD PENMAN, OVER 31. APPLY 8:30 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN.

COMMERCIAL ARTIST wanted at once; must be good, rapid letterer; good card writer might qualify; send samples of work and state salary, age, and phone. B 301 Times.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER.
FOR MANUFACTURING ORGANIZATION IN NEW JERSEY.
KNOWLEDGE—General machinery—electrical, steam, water distribution, structural design, DRAFTING, with technical education for wide contracting experience in contracting for concrete building construction work. Must have had one or two years in constructing or manufacturing building construction work and drafting. Salary $40 per week. Many products, reputable and rapidly expanding concern. This position holds very desirable opportunities for man interested in eventually working in industrial engineering and is in contact with the highest grade of engineer. PLEASE GIVE BRIEF BUT COMPLETE DATA AND TELEPHONE NUMBER TO C. E., Box 235, Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT IN SALES DEPARTMENT OF LARGE ADVERTISING COMPANY; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE WITH SOUND SALES IDEAS AND PLANS; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED. C. H., P. O. BOX 97, MADISON SQUARE.

COST CLERK.—Manufacturing corporation in Long Island City, convenient to Grand Central, offers permanent position to man with experience and ability in handling cost and accounting records; do not answer unless you give full particulars as to age, experience, previous employment, and salary expected; all answers will be treated in strict confidence. Address Cost Clerk, Box 48, Long Island City.

CREDIT MAN wanted by large clothing manufacturing concern with A1 references as to practical work; exceptional opening. B 311 Times.

DIE MAKERS.
Must be first-class mechanics.
Employment Office,
METROPOLITAN ENGINEERING COMPANY,
1,219 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.
Licensed U. S. E. S. Permit 61.

DOORMAN and Messenger. — Middle-aged man; no Sunday or night work; salary $9. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., (near 42d St.)

DRAFTSMEN.—Two high-grade draftsmen wanted on machine tool layout work and tool designing. X 289 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN.
Our Engineering Department offers two splendid positions to draftsmen skilled on mechanical sketching and designing; permanent employment and excellent salaries to capable men.
NATHAN MANUFACTURING CO.,
LAWRENCE AND GROVE STREETS,
FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND.
OR
U. S. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
171 Hunter Ave.,
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

DRAFTSMAN. — OPPORTUNITY OFFERED BY CHEMICAL PLANT LOCATED ABOUT 30 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY; STATE PAST EXPERIENCE AND SALARY. ADDRESS OPPORTUNITY, R 476 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN, designing, preferably with experience on steam turbines or other steam experience; war work at present, plenty of commercial work to follow; give full details of experience, salary, &c., in first letter. X 266 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN Wanted.—Marine; those used to shipyard work on hull, boiler and engines preferred; good wages and position permanent. Apply Robins Dry Dock and Repair Co., foot of Dwight St., Brooklyn, New York.

DRAFTSMAN.—For development work on motor car springs; automobile experience preferred. Call at Room 2004, Flatiron Building, 949 Broadway; bring references.

DRAFTSMAN, ornamental ironwork and fixture; state age, experience, salary expected. K 231 Times.

DRY GOODS.—Large export dry goods firm has services of man having technical knowledge of cotton piece goods; Manchester export experience preferred; application treated in strict confidence. X 361 Times Annex.

ELECTRICAL STUDENT. — YOUNG MAN WHO HAS SOME ELECTRICAL KNOWLEDGE AND IS ANXIOUS TO OBTAIN A PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. B 846 TIMES ANNEX.

ELEVATOR MAN, 18 years or over; five-stop passenger elevator. Bar Association, 42 West 44th St. Bring references.

ENGINEER, factory building; own firing; steady position. Apply Chief Engineer, 125 Water St., N. Y.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man experienced taking charges from call clerk. O 586 Times Downtown.

EXPORT AND IMPORT.
CONCERN IN THE EXPORTING AND IMPORTING BUSINESS BETWEEN ITALY AND UNITED STATES DESIRES THE SERVICES OF A MAN WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY WHO HAS THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS AND IS CAPABLE OF MANAGING SAME; STATE FULL PARTICULARS REGARDING PAST EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, &c. EXPORT, BOX K 185 TIMES.

EXPORT AND IMPORT.
Required by important commercial house, man with Latin-American experience to proceed at once to Republic of Honduras to assist in opening up and establishing branches. Knowledge of Spanish essential. Best of references required. State salary. Box No. O 427 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Machinery and equipment engineering firm would like to have connected with them young man familiar with export business; replies strictly confidential. R 503 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER.—Large cotton converter requires an experienced man to handle department; excellent future on profit-sharing basis; good salary. X 372 Times Annex.

FOREMAN for out-of-town work, Pennsylvania; first-class machine shop foreman on automotive equipment; permanent job on after the war work. X 374 Times Annex.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.
require
FIRST-CLASS
FUR CUTTERS.
APPLY 6 WEST 38TH ST.,
FIFTH FLOOR.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S.
PERMIT NO. 146.

GENTLEMAN of artistic tastes, college education preferred; European travel; cooperation. L 144 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
Broadway and 33d St.,
REQUIRE
men over 45 years of age to act as parcel carriers; duties are to remove light merchandise from selling floors.
APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.

IRON STRAIGHTENERS.
DAY SHIFT AND NIGHT SHIFT.
Ideal working conditions; 100 per cent. Government work; good wages; steady employment.
STANDARD ORDNANCE CORP.,
West Side Av. and Carbon Place,
JERSEY CITY.

JANITOR for 3 large apartment houses in the Bronx. Call between 12 and 5 P. M. Bissinger, 368 Broome St.

LEDGER CLERK experienced in handling large number of accounts; permanent position, chance of advancement; state references, experience, salary, and age. L 118 Times.

MACHINISTS.—First-class, steady employment in Riverside, California; answer, stating experience for the winter with superintendent here. L 107 Times.

MACHINIST.—Man who can repair dies, machines and do bench work; steady position. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 W. 30th.

MAN OR WOMAN to run Boston skeleton ledger; permanent position for one having had actual experience in this work; no others need apply. Box 195, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

MAN.—Strong, reliable man wanted in shipping department manufacturing concern to assist shipping clerk; steady employment; state salary and references. O 628 Times Downtown.

MAN.—I WANT AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN TO LOOK AFTER MY STOCK, DELIVER MY SMALLER ORDERS, AND MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL AROUND MY OFFICE; I WILL PAY THE RIGHT CHAP A GOOD SALARY, AND IF HE HAS THE RIGHT STUFF IN HIM WILL MAKE SOMETHING OF HIM. MY BUSINESS IS GROWING FAST AND I AM LOOKING FOR A LIVE WIRE WHO WANTS TO GROW WITH IT. CALL AFTER 10, ROOM 901, 15 MAIDEN LANE.

MAN WANTED AS STEWARD AND MANAGER OF LARGE, MODERATE-PRICED RESTAURANT; MUST HAVE EXTRAORDINARY ABILITY; WILL PAY SALARY AND BONUS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN OF UNUSUAL TALENT; OTHERS NEED NOT APPLY; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE; CONFIDENTIAL. B 296 TIMES.

MAN.—Brazil resident manager wanted to be located at Rio, by large manufacturing house with ample capital to develop trade; must have held responsible position in Brazil and thoroughly familiar with credits. Address with full particulars, Brazil, W 403 Times Downtown.

MAN.—One of the largest corporations of its kind in the country can use a high-class man in a financial department; one who is used to earning not less than $5,000 preferred; a wonderful future for the right man. Call after 10 A. M., 15th floor, 1 Wall St.

MAN wanted; reliable man, with selling ability, to collect; steady outdoor employment; bright future; substantial salary; liberal commission. The Prudential, 217 West 125th St.

MAN in advertising department of daily newspaper; hours, 3 P. M. to 10 P. M.; salary to start, $15; state age and experience. B 842 Times Annex.

MAN to weigh in wholesale pork house; state experience, salary expected. A. C., 129 Times.

MEN for delivering telegrams in Wall St. section; neat appearance and reference required. W. U. Telegraph Co., 33 Beaver St.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN TO WORK IN ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY OFFICE, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF CHIEF ENGINEER; A MAN IS WANTED WHO IS ACCURATE AND COMPETENT IN HIS WORK, BUT DOES NOT HAVE TO BE A MACHINERY DESIGNER; WRITE, GIVING EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES. SALARY. A 735 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NIGHT DOORMAN for first-class club; experienced man preferred; permanent position for strictly sober and trustworthy man; write, giving full particulars as to previous positions. G 122 Times.

OFFICE BOYS wanted by large insurance company. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y. C. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 361.

OFFICE BOY WANTED FOR NEWSPAPER OFFICE; HOURS 9 TO 6; $8. APPLY A. BUHRE, 3D FLOOR, TIMES ANNEX, 229 WEST 43D ST.

OFFICE BOY, willing, with good education, clean appearance, wanted. Apply Taylor, Clarke & Beall, 100 Worth St., export dept., mornings, 8:45.

OPERATORS experienced on Belknap addressing machines for uptown magazine publishing house; short hours, good pay, pleasant surroundings; state experience and salary desired. B 308 Times.

PACKERS.—Strong, experienced men, able to make cases and pack for export. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 W. 35th.

PACKER.—Man understands packing fancy glassware; state age, experience. O 588 Times Downtown.

PAYROLL CLERK,
experienced in figuring time on weekly basis and computing fractional time; must be thoroughly competent and have first-class references; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected. K 532 Times Harlem.

PHOTOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced commercial man on outside work; good, permanent position; write with full details of experience. B 270 Times.

PORTER FOR DOWNTOWN BANK; NIGHT WORK; MARRIED; ABOUT 45 YEARS; SALARY $20 WEEKLY. BOX 326 TIMES, 2 RECTOR ST.

PRICING CLERKS, two, wanted; only ones having experience in chemical and drug house. State salary and length of experience to Confidential, A 711 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED
BY ONE OF THE LARGEST RUBBER MANUFACTURERS; A PURCHASING DEPARTMENT REPRESENTATIVE TO BE PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN NEW YORK FOR THE HANDLING OF PURCHASING TRANSACTIONS IN EASTERN TERRITORY. WE REQUIRE A THOROUGH EXECUTIVE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN BUYING OF ALL MATERIALS THAT GO INTO CONSTRUCTION OF RUBBER GOODS, PARTICULARLY TIRES. APPLICATION TO BE CONSIDERED MUST CONTAIN FOLLOWING INFORMATION: AGE, MARRIED OR SINGLE, PRESENT AND PAST CONNECTIONS, SALARY EXPECTED.
ADDRESS
LOCK BOX 402, AKRON, OHIO.

REAL ESTATE Man Wanted.—Salary and commission. Room 902, 84 William St.

REPAIRMEN.
Opportunity to qualify for positions as out-of-town repairmen on office machinery; good future for the right men; state age, experience in detail, and salary expected. O. T. 318 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
Are you of the $10,000-a-year calibre, in the insurance or other line, but have not the opportunity? Then answer our call for two additional representatives in Manhattan to sell our language courses taught by a unique method of national reputation now an urgent necessity to a constantly increasing number of high-class business men; knowledge of languages not necessary, but ability to close contracts of any kind and an unquestionable record for honesty required. To such is offered opportunity to earn big money in commissions and future as branch managers now earning over $15,000 yearly; state age, experience, &c. K 350 Times.

SALESMAN.
Brown & Bigelow, largest manufacturers of specialty and good-will advertising, require one more man to represent them in preferred section of New York City on a commission basis with drawing account. Application should be made by letter to Brown & Bigelow, Inc., 280 Madison Av., New York City, attention Mr. Wallace, giving age, experience, references, address and telephone number. Personal interview will them be arranged.

SALESMEN.—There is room in the financial department of a large sales organization on an issue, approved line by the Capital Issues Committee, for two men who will follow instructions and have the backbone to measure up to a real opportunity; position is permanent; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN to sell the Republic Motor Trucks; greatest selling truck on the market; big opportunity for salesmen who are not afraid of work; advertising co-operation and leads furnished; commission, with drawing account. G. V. Smith, 1,832 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—The May Co. of Cleveland require the services of a thoroughly experienced, high-grade salesman for their fur department; permanent position, good pay, excellent opportunity for the right man. Apply E. M. Sostman, 37 West 26th St.

SALESMAN for manufacturing concern established 30 years to sell anaesthetics to doctors, dentists, and hospitals; one having had similar experience preferred; give full particulars in letter and salary expected. K 240 Times.

SALESMAN.—Bond salesman of high calibre can locate permanently with established house providing he is a man of character and ability; salary and commission. Address in confidence, giving full details, A 657 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Doll manufacturer wants salesman who has had previous experience with a doll or notion house; salary and commission. G 144 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced for popular 1 to 5 ton worm-drive motor truck; drawing account against commission. L 100 Times.

SALESMAN wanted on dresses; commission basis; city and surrounding territory. Stein & Marshal, 125 5th Av.

SALESMEN for highest class office specialty; commission; with drawing account if worthy. Plechner, 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Men's neckwear; only one who has a following among the jobbing trade need apply; commission. B 292 Times.

SALESMEN, six, wanted, all territories, to sell waists, skirts, dresses; drawing account and commission. B 316 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Large clothing manufactur

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—598—Butte and Sup. Copper Co., Ltd., aplt., v. Clark-Montana Realty Co., et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted for applee. and for aplt. in opposition thereto.

60—J. M. Sears, plff., v. inhabitants of the town of Nahant, etc., and

61—F. R. Soars, et al., plffs., v. Same.—Passed, to be restored to call on motion of counsel for plffs.

52—North Pac. S.S. Co., aplt., v. Hall Bros. Marine R. R. and Shipbuilding Co.—Argument concluded for aplt. and case submitted for applee.

57—J. Fensterwald, plff., v. S. R. Burk.—Dismissed with costs on motion of counsel for defendant.

58—H. Watters, plff., v. the people of the State of Mich.—Submitted for plff. No appearance for defendant.

59—C. W. Van Dyke, et al., plffs., v. Ariz. Eastern R. R. Co.—Argued.

64—J. H. Fritch, Inc., et al., plffs., v. the U. S.—Argued for defendant and case submitted for plffs.

47—P. G. Petrie, et al., plffs., v. Nampa and Meredian Irrigation Dist.—Argued.

65—Union Pac. R. R. Co., plff., v. Public Service Commission of Missouri.—Argument commenced for plff.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 20: Nos. 65, 69, 70, 15, (and 16,) 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, and 76.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, CJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.

Erie RR<Gallagher.
US SS Co<Allied SS Corp.
Fraina<US.
Re Reilly.
Universal Co<S. S. Ada.

Lehigh Valley Co<Lazanskidno.
Ballie<US.
Re Perpall
Warkin<US.
Re Kookses.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.

Equity:
Read Mach Co<Hobart Mfg Co.
Pratt Food Co<Player Action Co<Brand.
Bottomley<French Co.
Brettner Mfg Co<Hyman.
Young<Long.
Brower<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.
Lane Bryant, Inc<Bellas-Hess Co.
Underhill<Belasco.

Ghorh<Pathe Exch.
Welsbach Co<Robin.
Kohn<Elmer.
Burgess Battery Co<Novo Mfg Co.
Greco<England, Klein & Levy.
Shubert Theat Co<Pine Arts Film Co.
Kayser & Co<Franklin Simon & Co.
Gen Elec Co<Nitro-Tungsten Lamp Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal.

US<Drogaries, (on trial.)
Same<Zinkan.
Same<Accardi (2.)
Motion calendar at 2 P. M.
US<Simons.
Same<Weitzman (2.)
Lougheed<Joint Stock Co.
Same<Ronold."

Same<Kelly (2.)
Same<Kelly & Accardi
Same<Kapper et al.
Same<Krampspelos.

DISTRICT COURT — Garvin, J. — At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Admiralty.

Bouker Cont Co<St'm-tug W B Pollock.
Palmer<Stm'tug Overbrook, P RR Co.
Motion at 10 A. M.
Kever<Phila & Read'g C & I Co.
Common law calendar for Nov. 25:
Miller<Continental Shipbuilding Co.
Lukosewicz<Phil & R Coal & Iron Co.
Miles<Edison Storage Battery Co.
Staten Isl Shipbldg Co<Webb Veneer Mills & Dock Co.
Scudder<J C Curtin.
Same<E J Curtin.
Giraldis<Perpall.
Christenson<Standish SS Co.
Fisk-Rubber Co<Franciscus.
Phoenix National Bk<Gilman.
M Petkunas<Dry D.
E B'way & Bat RR.
W. Petkunas<same.
DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J., Room 823, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal. 10 A. M.:
US<Schoustizky, (on 16.)
10:30 A. M.:
US<Weintraub and Gourtow.

Coastwise Lumber & Supply Co<Lighter Rudolph Bros.

Sabeckis<Grasselli Chemical Co.
Simmons<Hartford & N Y Transport Co.
C S Lyman<Bankell.
M L Lyman<Bankell.
Miner<Penn RR.
Ohnet<Ward.
Same<Kappelson.
Same<Krampspelos.
Clarkson<Frank.
Cochrane<Palmer.

DISTRICT COURT — Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal.

US<Drogaries, (on trial.)
Same<Zinkan.
Same<Accardi (2.)
Motion calendar at 2 P. M.
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Lougheed<Joint Stock Co.
Same<"Ronold."

DISTRICT COURT — Garvin, J. — At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Admiralty.

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Christenson<Standish SS Co.
Fisk-Rubber Co<Franciscus.
Phoenix National Bk<Gilman.
M Petkunas<Dry D.
E B'way & Bat RR.
W. Petkunas<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Campbell, J.—Room 823, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal. 10 A. M.:
US<Schoustizky, (on 16.)
10:30 A. M.:
US<Weintraub and Gourtow.

Same<Drogaries.
Same<Mincho.
Same<Kelly.
Same<Hoffman.
Same<Schoen.
Same<Karambelos.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Rzucidlo, respt., v. Buffalo Car Wheel Co. and Broderick & Bascom Rope Co., impld., &c., aplts.—Motion of Buffalo Car Wheel Co. for leave to appeal granted. Motion of Broderick & Bascom Rope Co. for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Hudson Navigation Co., aplt., v. Union Trust Co. of Albany et al., respts., and Abbott-man, as admrx., &c., respt., v. N. Y. Railways Co., impld., &c., aplt.; matter claim Tammany, &c.; matter judicial settlement account of proceedings of Enos, as admr, &c.—Motions for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Wheeler, Jr., aplt., v. Wheeler, respt.—Motion by Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland to prosecute appeal on behalf of plaintiff granted. Motion to dismiss appeal denied.

U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y., as substituted trustee, &c., respt., v. Peters et al., respts., impld., with Chefdebien, aplt.—Motion to amend remittitur denied, $10 costs.

Thompson, respt., v. Lakewood City Development Co., aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Tompkins Co. Co-operative Fire Ins. Co., respt., v. Mooney, aplt., and Stone, Inc., respt., v. Hewlett Bay Co., aplt.; Bacon, respt., v. Schlesinger, Indv., &c., et al., aplts.; Fitzgerald, respt., v. Westchester Co. Brewing Co. and ano., aplts.; Rosabach et al., aplts., v. Mansfield Tire Rubber Co., respt.—Motions denied.

Thal, aplt., v. The Weber-Peuthert Co., respt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Re application City of N. Y. in re White Plains Road, &c.; Estate of Annette Realty Co., aplt.; City of N. Y., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Callahan, respt., v. Keenan, as exrx., &c., aplt.; Quinn, aplt., v. Staten Island Rapid Transit Ry. Co., respt.—Judgments reversed, new trials granted, costs to abide event.

People, respt., v. Chapman, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

People, respt., v. Cleveland, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

Globe Woolen Co., aplt., v. Utica Gas and Elec. Co., respt.; The Richardson Press, aplt., v. Albright, Jr., respt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Macaluso, aplt., v. Traube-Berger Co., respt.—Appeal dismissed, with costs.

Standard Sand and Gravel Co., respt., v. City of N. Y. et al., defts.; The Royal Co. of N. Y. and ano., aplts.; Frederburg & Lounsbury et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs as respects Fredenburg & Lounsbury against The Royal Co. of N. Y., with costs to plaintiff against Hildreth Granite Co. and The Royal Co. of N. Y., and costs of The Royal Co. of N. Y. against Hildreth Granite Co.

DAY CALENDAR—

Maxewll<Marsh et al.
Dowler<Johnson.
Depew<Depew.
A B McBee Co<Root, Knight Co.
Wheeler, Jr<Wheeler.

Glockner et al<Great Eastern Cas Co.
Depew<Depew.
Fed Terra Cotta Co<Potterton Bros, Inc.
Apex Beas Co<Litke Stores, Inc, et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Shearn, and Merrell, JJ.—Enumerated motions, 2 P. M.

Steinberg<Erie RR.
Hoisting Mach Co<Art & Power Co.
Re Parker.
Benner & Kaplan Co<Gera Mills.
Kosker<Goldwein.
Fisher<Brumswick Rty
Cleveland<Rialto Theatre Corp.

Walsh<Butterick Pub Co.
Goldberg<Burrows.
Curtis<Curtis.
Palmer<Buehler.
Lardizabal<Valentine.
Pulitzer<Angels, (2.)
Sisson<Todd.
Comerford<Bloomingdale.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Bamilin.
Re Stand'd Lessee Co.
Cooke<Dickerson.
Isaac<Crane.
Hickok<Dickerson.
Russo<same.
Benivento<United El Light Power Co.
People ex rel Hyman<Leo.
Rannie<C I & B RR.
Rubenfeld<Rubenfeld.
People ex rel Scribner<Cantor.
Gillman<NY Con RR. (2.)
Hegenfeld<B. Q Co & Sub RR. (2.)
Korch<Bridge Cafe, Inc.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell, (Holden.)
Gage<Kaufman.
Re Greenwald.
Prescott<O'Donohue.
Bowring & Co<Gillespie.
McKey<American Autoprress Co. (2.)
Re Herts<Davis.
Starr<Merritt.
Wallach<Nat Surety.
Lofther<Tidey.
Vassos<Syracuse Journal Co.
Same<Herald Co.
Brookfield Con Co<Cordley.
Corey<Coan.
Natanson<Hartenstein.
Bold<Kalbach.
Kaplan<Kalbach.
Palumbo<same.
People ex rel Schloss<First Ind Pultusko.

Sindler<Sindler.
Krumenaker<Krumenaker.
Czaka<NY, N H & H RR.
Segal<Rosemund.
Rice<Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc.
Wilbraham<Murphey.
Grimes<Denner.
Horowitz<Levy.
Gilliland<Tishman.
Goetz<Wharton, Inc.
Comora<Comora.
Wratschko<Herman.
Streeper<Reuben Quin, Inc<Raritan Chemical Wks, Inc.
Krakowska<Leh Valley Coal Co.
Beaumont Co<Darmstadt, Inc.
Gaines<Haskell.
McKinney<Landmith.
Brandt<Hermann, (2)
Sleight News Co<Bolan
Cohen<Goodman, (2.)
Overlander<East Riv Sav Inst.
Park Av Operating Co<Carroll.
City R E Co<McConnell.
Re Cottle.
Spatz<Pogel.
Robinson<Kirshbaum.
Heft<Market & Harlem Auto Truck Co.
Randall<3814 Simpson St Rty Co.
Schwoll<Lichtenstein.
Deschanel Inter Co<Krohnberg.
Rogers<Knick Ice Co.

Re Mexico Hide Co<Roumagnac.
Morgan<Steuer.
Nassau<Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank.
Ginsburg<CNY.

PART II.—Gavegan, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Seldman<McCahill.
Schnitzspahn<Schnitzspahn.
Reyes<Reyes.
Le May<Le May.
Norcross<Norcross.
Marcus<Marcus.
Preferred cause:
CNY<Dublin Const Co
General calendar:
Niemand<Niemand.
Bacon<Saks Stamping Co.
Bourne<Bourne.
Levinson<Finkelberg.
Levinson<Levinson.
Lint, Butcher & Ross<Kroll.
Houser<Stein.
Silberstein<Silberstein.
Goldhaber<Goldhaber.
Plasse<Plasse.
Deutsch<Hudson & Man RR.

Braun<Stockinger Photo Engraving Co.
O'Gorman<O'Gorman.
Graves<Graves.
Smith<Smith.
Am Code Co<Farquhar.
Stevens<Stevens.
Kaponer<Kaponer.
Klein<Holzwasser & Co. (2.)
Standard Code Co<Beasinger.
Smith<Smith.
Weaver<Weaver.
Friedman<Weisenberg
Hodnett<Regan.
Molnar<Molnar.
Dey<Seaver.
Jiran<CNY.
Block<Block.
Levy<Rosenthal.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ingram<Klopstock.
Rosenstein<Shapiro.
Clare<Kelly.
Muir<Burbank.
Sachs<Guenzweig.
Altman & Co<White.
Gluck<Eureka Salt Corp.
Mondelsaon<Feinberg.
Lipps<Kirsch.
Griffen<Jordan.
Herd<Samson & Dellillo Const Co.
Gibney<Polak Tire, &c. Co.
Weinrichter<Inc Land Co.
Parker<Prescott Woolen Mills.
Cole&Dixon, Inc<Jacobs.
Whitcomb<Cox.

Griffen<Submarine Film Corp.
Papendricht< Meslers.
Dryfoos<Silberstein.
Royal Card and Paper Co<Metro Litho.
Zimmerman<Weinrib.
Birenbaum<Levenson.
Clarke<Simmons Machine Co, Inc.
Levinson<Bethlehem Export Co.
Harcorn<Bondigi.
Klaw & Erlanger<Appell. .
London Mills Corp<Sipkin.
Shaklin<Fitzgerald Linen Co.
Sherman Nat Bank<Goldstein. Case on.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.

Comnlggio<Kalbach.
Solonom<Sager.
Krauss<Queens Co Valve Co.
Kammerman<Westcott Express Co.
Detas<De Lukacsevics
Kuperstein<Warstelsky, (2.)
Kaplan<United Dressed Beef Co.
Valentine<Kramer, (2.)
Lyons<Richardson.
Moltz<Mass.
Tompkins<Pfeiffer.
Christensen<Hanon.
Peder<N Y One RR.
Lamberg<Neuman.
Devine<Lipkowits.
Blackburn<NY Rys.
Frost<Hudson Nav Co
Newfield<Schleisser (2.)
Gellella<Owens & Co.
Pellorjea<Rosen.
Krauss<Estates of.
Gertrude Beecher.
Julius Kaufman.
William Simpson.
Ann G Costello.
Ellen McGuire.
Wills for probate:
James Gibson.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.
Contested will—Eudora Cohen.

Bernstein<N Y Rys.
Berezin<Gerson.
White<Elliott.
Chiffone<Greenbaum.
Kekas<Taylor.
Koenig<Hirsch, (2.)
Di Lorenzo<Tag.
Isaac<Cragg.
Burgess<Mid Crosstown Ry. (2.)
Sosnofsky<CNY, (2.)
Murray<Greenbaum.
Flatow<Johnson, (2.)
Swechulls<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
O'Connor<Thompson Co.
Bannon<Matthew Wilson & Co.
Cella<Goldberg.
Knight<James Shewan & Son.
Myers<Haselton, (3.)
Donahue<East River Mill & Lumber Co.
Johnson<Statler.
Bisman<Oscar Daniels Co.
Cudahy Packing Co<Zimmerman.
Mahoney<Union Ry.
Rogan<Fried.
Weisheit<Pabst Brew.
Janson<Schwaller.
Bisogno<N Y Rys.
Harsnott<Wechster.
Warshawsky<Belin.
Rolson<Bumb.
Servis<Polstein.
Quattrocchi<Cadillac Hotel Co.
John Rist<Schoenherr.
Joseph Rist<same.
Gunnan<Hnag.
Rooney<Taylor.
Harrison<Maloney.
Greenberg<Ruppert.
Starkin<N Y Rys.
Bubello<Halloran.
Pollock<42d St, &c, Ry.
Deludo<Barber Asphalt Paving Co,Inc
Walker<N Y Rys.
Roe<Union Ry.
Basile<N Y Rys.
Grajewski<Post & Mocord.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Volium<Mahin.
Schaeffer<Am Belt Corp.
Krasny<Gordon.
PART I.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Schneider<Lewis.
Wetzler<Thonet Bros.
Klein<Elbschutz.
Mad Sq Adv, Inc<Finkelstein.
Schiff<Lamport.
Birch<Richard Carvel Const Co.
Goodman<Arnstaedt.
Nord<Weisner.
Unterberg<Macksond.
Holden<Kriegel.
Sozo Atlas Co<Midgeley & Prentice.
Turrell<Cuttle.
Lion<Lahn.
Firestone<Esagee Co of China.
Brown<W Kleeman & Co.
Crane<Litchfield.
Barish<Wilkin.
Pathephone Sales Co<Miller Candy Co.
Evans<J M B Co.
Wertheim<Weinrib.
PART IV.—Vinelitz, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Applebaum<Hirsh.
Lowry<Weill.
Wohlgemuth<Mendel.
Gelfand<Becker.
Le Roy Silk Co<Liepow.
Furst<Jacobs.
Kogut<Andon Mills
Rubin<Mosler Safe Co.
Levinson<Siegel.
Laber<Brown U S Co.
Van Tassell<Martorelli.
Gelfond<Greenberg.
Goldman<Schwartzbart.
Price<Block.
Lennon Co<Simpson.
Sims Const Co<Correnti.
Gunst Cost Co<Chopak.
J. P. & C. K. Eagle<Goetz.
Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Bijur, J.—Atlantic Fruit Co<Englehardt—Harry N French.
SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Bozzuffi<Bozzuffi—James F Curnen, Gen'l Accident Fire & Life Assn Corp<Kelly Co—Martin Conboy, Equitable Life Assn Socy<Hanley —Alfred H Powell.
SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Levine<Tuomey—Theodore K McCarthy.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Matter of Rainer—Richard R Costello, N Y Sav Bank <Scheideberg—Frederick H Comstock.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM — (Chambers.) — Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—Motion calendar.
NY Edison Sav & L Assn<Dietsch.
Fine<Clinton Rty Co.
SPECIAL TERM FOR Case on—Segal<Barnett.
Day Calendar.
Walshin<Walshin.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Case on—Levine<NY Rys Co.
No day calendar.
The following cases will be added to the ready calendar as required:

Ell<Auto Ins Co of Hartford, Conn.
McCaffrey<Int R T.
White<Welgle.
Hagner<Union Ry.
White<NY Rys.
Farrell<Potter.
Strunsky<Seligman.
Ryan<CNY.
Finkelstein<Int R T.
Rockman<Union Ry.
Perlstein<So Blvd RR.
Gross<NYC Int Ry.
Schilke<Wuerts, (2.)
Siddons<NY.
Stella<Garabaldi Rty & Con Co. (2.)
Nicolette<Union Ry.
Ryan<Remington A-U M C Co.

Axinger<Axinger.
Cahill<Cahill.
Banta<So Blvd RR.
Brender<Brender.
McGrath<McGrath.
Dollar<Dollar.

Steinberg<Doelger.
Palitz<Templeman, (2.)
Guttentag<Beverson, (2.)
Levine<Royal Ribbon & Carbon Co.
East Side Iron Wks<Baer.
Guido<Union Ry.
Higgins<Union Ry.
Lusbow<Newman.
Curtin<Wiesen & Goldstein, Inc.
Hryndsio<So Blvd RR.
Fusco<Bisceglia.
Buckley<Bond & Mtg Guar Co, (2.)

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions—Estates of:
Gertrude Beecher.
Julius Kaufman.
William Simpson.
Ann G Costello.
Ellen McGuire.
Wills for probate:
James Gibson.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.
Contested will—Eudora Cohen.

Lewis<Union Ry.
Schneider<Union Ry.
Ferents<same.
Sutzlatzki<Valk, (2.)
Darby<Adams-Flanagan Co. (2.)
Wolfson<So Blvd RR.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS.—Gibbs, J.—Motions calendared.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Bronx Farms Co, Inc<Union Ry.
Glickstein<same.
Brown<Union Ry Rty Co
Schwartzbach<Un Ry
Lapota<Int R T.
Silberstein<Int R T.

Rehman<Rehman.
Cohn<R Findlay Mfg.
Leibgarten<Crenshaw Con & E Co.
Carlin<Kaltz.
Palester<Gasnler.
Grossman<Schneider.
McManus<Sicilian Asp Paving Co.
Harold<Siefke.
Kligalian<Jennings.
Buscemi<McQuade.
Steve Co.
McKinney, A<V Clarendon Sales Co.
McKinney, R B<same
Powell<Carter & W Steve Co.
Perrone<Shea.
McPaden<Karp.
Rickert<Blizzard.
Satriani<McGovern.
Hickey<Gewertz.
Re Middle Village Bldg Co.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Second Department.

Candidates for admission to the bar, whose names are appended and who have been certified by the State Board of Law Examiners as having passed the law examinations, are notified to file, on Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., with the clerk of the Appellate Division, at his office, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, evidence of good moral character. Such evidence, in order to comply with the rules, must include at least two affidavits from attorneys of the Second Judicial Department acquainted with the applicant, which must state that the applicant is to the knowledge of the affiant a person of good moral character, and must set forth in detail the facts upon which such knowledge is based, and such affidavits must be made by practicing attorneys of the Supreme Court personally known to a member of the committee. The committee does not meet on the above date. Applicants should not seek introduction on that day.

Affidavits on printed forms will not be accepted.

Each candidate shall also file the certificate received from the State Board of Law Examiners and a sworn statement answering fully all questions appearing upon a form which will be furnished by the clerk of the court.

Each candidate must be introduced personally to at least one member of the committee by a practicing lawyer known to such member.

A strict compliance with the foregoing requirements is essential.

Information is requested as to the moral character of the candidates whose names are appended, and as to their qualifications to be admitted to practice, and may be sent to any member of the committee.

J. M. Adikes, 211 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.; Henry Chlert, 308 Berriman St., Brooklyn; H. A. Dicker, 49 Willow St., Brooklyn; M. F. Eagan, 70 West End Av., Manhattan Beach; J. M. Hanley, 30 McDonough St., Brooklyn; O. V. W. Hawkins, 20 Lincoln Av., Rockville Centre; John McGlone, 29 Monroe St., Brooklyn; W. D. Smith, 84 Ridgewood Av., Brooklyn; Stirling D. Ward.

The following have passed the examination prescribed by the rules of the Court of Appeals, and will have complied with their provisions, upon producing and filing with the court evidence that they have studied law in the manner prescribed by the said rules of the Court of Appeals for the admission of attorneys and counsellors at law:

Abraham Lieberman, 573 Lorimer St., Brooklyn; Allen McCarty, 78 Gloria St., Jamaica, N. Y.; Harry Mendel, 146 Thadford Av., Brooklyn; J. C. Osborne, South Ozone Park, Queens Co.; H. B. Reichard, 276 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn; P. Shay, 261 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn; H. R. Tullman, 180 South Second St., Brooklyn; J. G. Williams, 341 St. John's Place, Brooklyn; George Ellperin, 590 Second St., Brooklyn; Henry Muller, 1,378 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re C I Drainage Ditch, (Neumann.)
Yozzi<Boulton.
Re Stewart Av. (Schelbel.)
Sweetman<Sweetman
Goldstein<NY, O & W Rs.
Silverstein<Silverstein.
Mafer<Mafer.
Pinkelstein<Patterson.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Richter.
Wilson<Kleinert.
Gordon<Hoffman.
Re Echelman, (Godwin.)
Malawista<Malawista.
Brackett<Pilcher, M S Same<Pilcher, H. W.
Hopkins<Clark.
Schelike<Roth.
Re Flatbush Ave.
Re Bank 12th St.

Galaway<Galaway.
Slickerman<Slickerman.
Hoffman<Hoffman.
Scott<Scott.
Greenstein<Greenstein.
Zolotarefsky<Zolotarefsky.
Glison<Glison.
Curvel<Curvel.
Smith<Smith.
McGonnell<McGonnell.
Guarini<Guarini.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

McComb<McComb.
Abel<Abel.
Dowaing-Spicer<Downing-Spicer.
Andrews<Andrews.
Malloy<Malloy.
Kudler<Kudler.
Elsenberg<Elsenberg.
Rader<Rader.
Biltsaris<Baltsaris.
Looker<Looker.
Cohen<Cohen.
Hilbert<Hilbert.

PART III.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—No day calendar.—Case on trial.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Barasch, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Cropsey, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.—At 10 A. M.

Donahue<Mason-Hanger-Silas Arthur Glasco<same.
McHugh<Kennedy Const Co.
Krogstad<Schenkel.
Hoagyer<CNY Con RR
Manfrolotta<Nass El RR.
Graf<B, Q Co & S R R.
Stattman<Jacobs.
Sullivan<Nas Elec RR Brothers<Haar.
Bennett<B H RR.
Johnson<NY Cons RR.
Talshoff<Pohl.
Kraps<Elsen.

Moran<Chesebro-Whitman Co.
O'Donnell<Roeder.
Fox<B, Q C & S RR.
Flahbach<Janson.
Hatch<Heeberts.
Brennan<Hendrickson.
Baxter<Baxter.
Goldsmith<CNY.
Miolaski<Welz & Zerweck.
McAsey<Bauer.
Halle<Green.
Bacal<Bacal.
Stubbman<Flatbush Water Works Co.
Wright<C I & B RR.

Mandau<Mendolowits.
Ahearn<Curty.
Marcus<CNY.
Marcus Ir Wks<same.
Jaeger<B H RR.
Cannella<Saladino.
Costello<C I & B RR.
Ruddy<Morse D D Co.
Borowitz<B, Q C & Sub RR.

Zilberman<Beaver Elec & Cont'r Co.
McKennie<Nas RR.
Schwartz<Hershkowitz & ano.
Lovitch<Nas RR.
Grutjan<B, Q Co & S RR.
Irwin<Isaacs.
Peterson<Moquin Restaurant & W Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day, down for a day upon this call:

McCormick<Burnch.
Wiechert<Radcliffe & ano.
Pincus<Quinlan.
Durando<N Y Cons RR.
McDermott<B H RR.
Cavanagh<Powers.
Wasserman<Artistic Lighting Fixtures.
Heyman<Coney.
Sisson, Comr, &c<D'Ambrosis.
Tubin<Taylor.
Brennan<same.
Shapiro<Penn RR.
Kline<CNY & ano.
Driscoll Co<CNY.
Gallin<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Harris<Nassau RR.
Int Incamber Co<Abramson.
Hochman<Siegel.
Glosclo<B'klyn Alcatraz Asphalt Co and another.
Grassea<Staats.
Delorme<Hearst.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6120.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day Calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Sarah Frosbach.
George Beyer.
James Dursney.
Simon Steinhard.
Robert Brinkman.
Administration of:
David Roche.
Frank Baldwin.
Guardianship of:
Mabel Young.
Accountings of:
Herman Mendelsohn.
Jennie Harrison.
Martin Carey.

Cahill<Cahill.
Banta<So Blvd RR.
TRIALS—Giegerich, J.
Brender<Brender.
McGrath<McGrath.
Dollar<Dollar.

Eidelstein<Cranford Co.
Prosser<Nas El RR.
Sohn<same.
Daniels<Klein.
Levy<NY Cons RR.
Kenney<C I & B RR.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Cottrell<B H RR.
Reppert<Meyer.
Bohlen<NY Con RR.
Farrell<L I RR.
Babich<N Y Rys Co.
Yankey<P Const Co
Winons<Dochtermann Van & Express Co.

Bruce<Gotham Casting Co.
Gilleran<Springfield (L I) Cemetery Soc.
Streit<Abrams.
Lightfoot<L I RR.
Litchfield<The Belt Line Ry Corp.
Watts<Schaller.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2480.
Remainder of calendar passed to Nov. 21.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hopkins<Hopkins.
Hageman<New Amsterdam Realty Co.
Luce<Thompson.

Also for the hearing of motions.

PART II.—Keogh, J.—At 10 A. M.

Geschelit & Toomey<Russell.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Young, J.—At 10:45 A. M.

Pechulis<Phil & Read Coal & Iron Co.
Baker<Foley.
Bergin<Westchester Elec RR.
Malinofsky<McKenna.
Magrino<Green.
Sisto<NY C RR.
Dunn<West El RR. (2.)

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Lacombe<Lacombe.
Powell<Gleeson.
Civico<Yonkers RR.
Rothschild<St Paul Fire & Marine Ins.
Sane<Caledonian Ins.
Martin<Brickner.
Lewis<Gamble.
Rickemeyer<Eickemeyer.
Berardi<Giannini.
Phillips<NY, N H & H RR.
McCutcheon<NY C RR
Cummings<Cox.
Bee<Strong.
Carter<Demarest & Damarest, Inc.

Mandau<Mendolowits.
Ahearn<Curty.
Marcus<CNY.
Marcus Ir Wks<same.
Jaeger<B H RR.
Cannella<Saladino.
Costello<C I & B RR.
Ruddy<Morse D D Co.
Borowitz<B, Q C & Sub RR.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2480.
Remainder of calendar passed to Nov. 21.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hopkins<Hopkins.
Hageman<New Amsterdam Realty Co.
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Lewis<Gamble.
Rickemeyer<Eickemeyer.
Berardi<Giannini.
Phillips<NY, N H & H RR.
McCutcheon<NY C RR
Cummings<Cox.
Bee<Strong.
Carter<Demarest & Damarest, Inc.

Highest number reached on call, 490.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

J G Hadden<S I Mid Ry Co.
Re Hadden<same.
McAllister<CNY.

House<same.
Massoeck<S I R T.
Elinard<Hall.
Martin<Tricorico.

Wills for Probate.

RAHT, CHARLES, 27 West 76th St., (Oct. 27.) A bequest of $10,000 is made to the German Hospital of New York. To his sister, Louise Wenecke, of Denver, he bequeathed $30,000, and to Katherine Frantzen of 27 West 76th St. a legacy of $40,000. Two clerks employed at 29 Broadway, Louis B. Meyer and his brother, Theodore B. Meyer, received $5,000 and $2,000 respectively, while Charles F. Butler, a clerk employed at 26 Liberty St., receives $5,000. Bequests of $1,000 each are made to Elsie Braulik and Ernst Braulik of Washington, D. C., $10,000 to Marie Barnes of Grand Rapids, Mich., and $5,000 to Bertha Marsh of the same city; $5,000 to Dr. William A. Ewing of New York, $5,000 to Dr. Hugo Sakus of Denver, Col., and Louise Scholl of Weiburg, Germany, and $10,000 to Alma Raht of Memphis, Tenn. To his brother, Edward E. Raht, and his wife, Anna, living in Berlin, is bequeathed $50,000 jointly, while his daughter, Julia W. Raht, also of Berlin, gets the residuary estate.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section IV., Paragraph G, Sub-Sec. 1, of the Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 lot lottery tickets, 1 obscene figure, 215 pkgs. illegal articles, 4 obscene pictures, 3 lottery tickets and 1 lottery list, 3 obscene pictures, 14 lottery tickets, 2 lottery tickets, 2 obscene pictures, 12 obscene pictures, 1 obscene picture, 2 lottery tickets, 34 obscene pictures, 1 obscene picture, 1 obscene pamphlet, 1 obscene pamphlet and 9 obscene pictures, 15 pictures, 13 obscene pictures, 11 obscene pictures, 23 illegal articles, 6 obscene pictures, 4 obscene pictures, 6 obscene pictures, 11 illegal articles, 9 obscene pictures, 6 obscene pictures, 1 obscene pamphlet, 1 obscene pamphlet, 1 obscene pamphlet, 1 obscene scene books & photos, 2 obscene pictures, 9 obscene pictures, 29 obscene pictures and 1 obscene pamphlet, 8 obscene pictures, 1 obscene pamphlet and 21 illegal articles, 9 obscene pictures, 20 obscene pictures, 2 obscene pictures & 10 lbs. pamphlets, 30 obscene pictures, 5 obscene pictures, 25 obscene pictures, 13 obscene pictures, 1 illegal article, 12 illegal articles, 1 lottery list, 6 obscene pictures, 1 illegal article, 3 obscene pictures & 1 obscene pamphlet, 28 obscene pictures, 1 illegal article, 1 obscene picture, 8 illegal articles, 8 illegal articles, 1 obscene picture and 1 obscene pamphlet, 25 obscene pictures and 1 illegal article, 18 illegal articles and 1 obscene article and 3 obscene pamphlets, 1 obscene ring, 12 illegal articles, 1 obscene pamphlet

POLICE MUST KEEP RED FLAG INDOORS

Chief Inspector Daly Carries Out Mayor Hylan's Order.

SOCIALISTS WILL PROTEST

Algernon Lee Fails to Get Gaynor's Order in Favor of His Flag Before the Aldermen.

Chief Inspector of Police Daly took steps yesterday to carry out the order of Mayor Hylan that a stop be put to the display of the red flag on the streets of this city. He sent to every precinct this order:

Extreme vigilance must be exercised in regard to parades, meetings and assemblages held by the Socialists, anarchists, pacifists, I. W. W., and bodies of similar character. Precinct commanders will immediately report through Borough Inspectors to the Chief Inspector, the time and place when any such parades, meetings, or assemblages are to be held, and they must be properly policed and red flags, banners, signs, &c., of a seditious character * * * or other manifestations that are calculated to cause or promote disorder or hostility toward the United States Government must be prohibited.

The effort to suppress the displaying of red flags has also been taken up by the local Socialist organization, and the Central Committee of that organization has issued a call for a meeting Monday in Peoples' House to consider what form opposition to the police order will take. It is understood that the police interpret the new order as meaning that radicals have the right to display the red flag at inside meetings, provided it does not incite to disorder, and they may hang it out of a window provided it does not bring a hostile demonstration, but that in no circumstances are they to be allowed to carry the red flag in street parades or raise it at street meetings.

About the time that Chief Inspector Daly's order was going out to precinct commanders Algernon Lee, Socialist Alderman, was trying to get before the board a copy of a message Mayor Gaynor sent to the board in 1911. In this message the then Mayor pointed out that disagreement with the ideas of Socialists was no reason for denying them any right. Mayor Gaynor then said that "the fact that their flag is red and not yellow or blue does not alarm any intelligent people. They chose the color red for an emblem, not to signify that they favor violence or the shedding of blood, as the unintelligent suppose, but for the purpose of typifying the common brotherhood of all."

In the reading of this Lee was blocked. Instead, Alderman William P. Kenneally introduced a resolution prohibiting the display of the red flag in any parades under penalty of a fine of $25 for each offense or by imprisonment for ten days or both. To this Alderman Lee objected. The resolution was sent to the Committee on General Welfare.

Police Commissioner Enright, when asked about the new order to the police, called attention to the fact that the police did not allow the display of red flags until Mayor Gaynor issued his order to leave them alone. "Mayor Gaynor," he commented, "had peculiar ideas on some things." He had not received Mayor Hylan's letter, but understood enough of it to guide him in the step that had been taken. Asked whether the police would employ force, the Commissioner said that in his experience there was never any clubbing unless it was necessary. At Socialist headquarters, 7 East Fifteenth Street, this defy was posted:

"Verboten: The red flag is still flying on the House of Parliament in Vienna. It also flew for a time in front of the Union League Club when they thought Russia was allied. In spite of the fact that the National 'Unsecurity League' tries to forbid the red flag from flying in public, that very flag flies in Russia, Germany, Austria, Serbia, Bulgaria, Rumania, Sweden, and Holland, and will soon fly in embassies in Washington, D. C."

Alderman Lee characterized Mayor Hylan's act as unjustifiable. His method of dealing with the situation was, he said, "highly characteristic of Hylan." Mayor Gaynor, he pointed out, was intelligent and knew what the flag stood for.

MUST RUN CABLES, BURLESON STATES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

only think it necessary to state the determining factors.'

Solicitor Lamar of the Post Office Department, who has been very active in the late step by the Government, would answer no questions of any character, preserving a silence that at the very least could be said to be discreet. He would not even say whether the amount of compensation for the Postal Telegraph Company would be made known tomorrow.

It was stated elsewhere in the department that the figures would be published. It was learned also that the department had been studiously at work delving into the figures which the Postal supplied to the Interstate Commerce Commission. The department appears confident that the company's compensation will be regarded as sufficient when the facts are known.

One of the officials of the Mackay Cable Company was notified Saturday that the Government intended taking over the cables, and a copy of the President's proclamation was handed to him at that time, "before you newspaper men knew about it," it was stated today by a Government official.

The Postmaster General announced today that he has had a committee at work some six weeks considering the subject of the wages and conditions of employment of telephone and telegraph employes.

"The subject," he said in a prepared statement, "is not an easy one to deal with. Both wages and conditions differ materially in different parts of the country and even in the same State. Added to this are the violent disturbances of employment conditions occasioned by the war and the circumstances that telephone rates have not been generally readjusted to meet rising costs as in other employments.

"It is my wish to be just to these faithful workers and to act as promptly as an intelligent disposition of the subject will permit. Meanwhile the employes should keep in mind that just as public employes are paid higher and enjoy better conditions in the long run than private employes, so changes cannot be made as rapidly as by an individual employer. I have urgently requested the committee to reach a report without avoidable delay."

Mr. Burleson today enlarged the Committee on Standardization of Telegraph Rates by naming Charles C. Marshall, Ohio Public Utilities Commission, and Joseph B. Eastman, Massachusetts Public Service Commission, as additional members. This committee, originally composed of David J. Lewis, as Chairman; John C. Willever, Vice President Western Union Telegraph Company, and Edward Reynolds, General Manager Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, was appointed to make necessary studies and recommendations. The enlargement of the committee gives recognition to State utilities and public service commissions.

A similar committee on standardization of rates for telephone service, composed of David J. Lewis, Chairman; Harry B. Thayer, Vice President American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and Charles Y. McVey, President Ohio State Telephone Company, was enlarged by the addition of Paul F. Haynes, Indiana Public Service Commission, and Noah W. Simpson, Missouri Public Service Commission.

MACKAY REPLIES TO BURLESON

Thinks Reason for Cable Seizure Is Intended Government Ownership.

Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Postal Telegraph - Commercial Cable Companies, commenting on the statement of Postmaster General Burleson regarding his reasons for taking control of the cable lines, said last night:

"I fail to see the point of Mr. Burleson's argument. The land line systems are theoretically in the hands of the Postmaster General, but practically they are operated by the two telegraph companies exactly the same as they were before the Postmaster General took them over. Mr. Burleson fails to point out how any more traffic can be sent over the ocean cables than under present control. Those cables already are operated to their full capacity by the most expert management, and he cannot add to their capacity. The recent breakdown of the Western Union cable system caused the cable business to go by the Commercial Cable Company's cables and its facilities were overtaxed. But how could Mr. Burleson have added to their capacity during that interruption? The cable business flowed to the Commercial Cable Company from both telegraph companies because the Western Union land line system being deprived of its cable connection turned over the business to the Commercial Cable Company, or its patrons did so, which is the same thing.

"Ever since the United States entered the war the American ends of the cables have been under the control of Government officials as effectively as any control could be. They have been under the control of the Director of Naval Communications, and not a single thing pertaining to the operation of the lines or the facility with which cable dispatches are being handled, was done without his knowledge. Every suggestion and request that was made by this Government official or his representative stationed in our cable office at New York, was promptly complied with in every particular. In addition a most rigid censorship was established in which the company heartily co-operated. In fact the Commercial Cable Company has been complimented by American and British Government authorities for the splendid service they gave. In Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, and France, censorship under the direction of those Governments has also been in force for over four years.

"There is not a quarter of the need of close control of the cable systems now or during the period of readjustment as there was during the war itself, because during that time there was a vast quantity of war news which is now quickly subsiding since the armistice was declared.

"Mr. Burleson, of course, is not a practical cable man, and knows absolutely nothing about that line of business, and his reasoning is not convincing. He is all wrong.

"Mr. Burleson says he has other reasons. I fear that the chief one is incipient Government ownership."

AWAITS ACTION BY BURLESON.

Carlton Thinks Comment on Government Control Unnecessary.

Speaking of the contemplated taking over of the cables of the Western Union, Newcomb Carlton, President of the corporation, said yesterday:

"I think that comment on the plans of the Government is unnecessary. I can see many beneficial things resulting from the control if the lines are properly administered. At any rate, there is no use talking now—what has been done has been done and there is no use saying, 'What a pity.'

"I assume that Postmaster General Burleson will advise us when he gets around to it. Just now he has many things before him to occupy his attention, and when he gets to us we will be informed.

HUGHES ASKS UNITY IN PEACE AS IN WAR

Glad That America Has No Envious Regard of the Achievements of Her Allies.

MAN VINDICATED IN VICTORY

Speaks at Victory Celebration of St. David's Society—Gifts for Mrs. Lloyd George's Fund.

Co-operation of the great liberal forces of the world was responsible for winning the war and similar co-operation will result in permanent peace, Charles Evans Hughes told several hundred members of St. David's Society at their Victory Celebration at the Aldine Club, 200 Fifth Avenue, last night. Mr. Hughes would not comment upon the report that he might be selected as one of this country's delegates to the peace conference. The celebration was held to obtain money for the Mrs. David Lloyd George Fund for Destitute Welsh Families in Wales.

Mr. Hughes was applauded when he declared that the combination of the forces of the Allies and of the United States "under the incomparable military leadership of Marshal Foch" was one of the most extraordinary spectacles the world had ever seen. He aroused the audience to cheers when he said:

"It would be, indeed, unfortunate if petty jealousies had made that unity impossible, and if it had been left to history to record that liberty failed because of divisions among those who were fighting in her behalf. We rejoice tonight in the completeness of that victory, which for all time demolished the hopes of militarism; which has for all time cast down the ambitions of despots; which has made secure for all time the opportunities of freedom and liberty which we recognize in this country.

"We find reason for congratulation that we have no envious regard of others with respect to the achievement that has been won and the complete victory which has been granted to us in this most blessed of all hours of history; whether we look to the unquenchable ardor and dauntless spirit of the men of France, or whether we regard the dogged determination, pertinacity, and stubborn heroism of the men of Great Britain, or the splendid skill and intrepidity of the men of Italy, or the wonderful enthusiasm and resistless dash and energy and courage of our own men of America, who came in almost at the very last hour and made success possible and sure—we find the same spirit, the same animating purpose, the same lofty conception of duty, the same self-sacrifice, the same fortitude in dire disaster. We find human nature at its very best enlisted in the cause of liberty in all the armies, and once more vindicating man, made in the image of God, and defending man's greatest inheritance—the right to live a free and noble life."

Mr. Hughes declared that the people must learn co-operation thoroughly so as to be guided in the difficult paths of international co-operation in the days of peace as well as in solving this country's own problems.

"We have," he said, "a new era spreading before our vision in which the great aim will be to maintain this sense of unity, this conception of what may be accomplished through our working side by side, instead of consulting simply the local ambition, the petty desire. And we realize that as for all time the purpose of world domination by any force magnifying itself at the expense of justice has been thwarted, so let us learn that meeting our own problems here, force, tyranny, the determination to rule must likewise be crushed; arraying of class against class, the thought of power obtained by the mere exercise of strength, must be forever crushed. And we must realize that it is only as we take counsel together, as we ascertain the facts, as in an openminded manner we seek justice, with a sincere love of justice, that democracy will give us aught of the blessings which we believe that she bears, or that we shall be worthy of this victory which the forces of democracy have achieved."

Mr. Hughes told what the St. David's Society had contributed for war work, and read this letter from Mrs. Lloyd George:

"I have your letter of Dec. 21, inclosing check for £50; and I should be greatly obliged if you should convey to the St. David's Society my very sincere thanks for those further contributions to assist the distress in Wales caused by the war. The money which has been sent from America has proved a veritable Godsend, particularly in North Wales, where the complete upset of the slate trade has caused great and continuous distress throughout the quarrying districts. To hundreds of homes the aid you have given has brought comfort."

There was a musical program, and Dr. David Hughes, Chaplain of the Royal Welsh Fusileers, told of "the chaplain's job at the front."

CITY BREVITIES.

The Navy Club at 509 Fifth Avenue announced yesterday that it would aid persons who wished to invite sailors to Thanksgiving dinner by giving them names from the list of from 1,000 to 3,000 men who visit the club daily. Those who wish to invite sailors may telephone or write to Mrs. William H. Hamilton or Carlton King at the club.

The annual meeting of the Shut-In Society will be held today from 10:30 in the morning to 4:30 in the afternoon at the Brick Church, Thirty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue. Douglas C. McMurtrie is expected to speak.

An educational meeting and concert was held last night at Carnegie Hall in celebration of the fourth anniversary of the Humanitarian Cult. Dr. Philander Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, spoke on the Reconstruction of the Educational System after the War.

DIED TRYING TO SAVE HER.

Medford Bank Cashier Killed with Woman by Train.

MEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 19.—Arthur E. Fitch of this city, Cashier of the National Union Bank of Boston, and an unidentified woman whom he was trying to save were instantly killed by an express train at the West Medford station of the Boston & Maine Railroad today.

According to witnesses the crossing gates were down, but the woman dodged under them and started to cross in front of the train. Fitch seeing the danger ran after her and attempted to drag her from the track and both were struck by the locomotive.

PAUL CHAPMAN MUST DIE.

Court of Appeals Affirms Conviction of Youthful Brooklyn Murderer

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Paul Chapman, the Brooklyn choir boy under sentence of death for murder, will pay the penalty of his crime unless he receives executive clemency. The Court of Appeals today affirmed the judgment of conviction.

Chapman was convicted on Feb. 19 last of the murder of Harry Regensburg in Brooklyn on the night of Oct. 28, 1917, when, it is alleged, the youth was committing a burglary. Chapman at the time was barely 16 years of age.

The court also affirmed the conviction of Alton Cleveland of murder in the first degree. Cleveland was found guilty of killing May Lewis in Brooklyn, whom he shot during a quarrel. He attempted suicide, but succeeded only in destroying the sight of one eye.

35 CARRIED IN AIRPLANE.

Huge Machine Flies Over Paris in an 80-Mile Trip.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—A huge airplane, carrying thirty-five passengers, flew over Paris yesterday.

The machine started from Combes la Ville, forty miles from the capital, and returned without a hitch.

Jewish Board Opens Canteen Hut.

A canteen hut with facilities for 200 men in uniform was opened yesterday in Stewart Park, on the east side, by the Jewish Welfare Board. In addition to a cafeteria, where breakfast, luncheon, and supper will be served for 25 cents each, facilities are provided for reading, writing, and recreation. Arrangements have also been made for entertainment of the soldier and sailor guests at the Educational Alliance near by, and for sleeping accommodations in the neighborhood. Mrs. Israel Unterberg is Chairman of the canteen, and it will be in charge, on alternating days, of women workers from the Y. M. H. A., Sisterhood Shereth Israel, United Synagogue, New Synagogue, Council of Jewish Women, Educational Alliance, Jewish Big Sisters, and the Henry Street Settlement.

NOT CRUEL TO SLACKERS.

War Department Controverts Civil Liberties Bureau Charges.

In response to a warning by the Department of Justice to the public not to contribute "to so-called 'civil liberties,' 'liberty defense,' 'popular council,' 'legal advice,' or anti-war organizations unless they expect their contributions to be used by other organizations which seek to hinder the prosecution of the war," the National Civil Liberties Bureau of 41 Union Square yesterday gave out a statement that it believed the warning was "inspired," to destroy it and other societies.

The statement said the officials of the bureau were confident that the warning was directed against it because of the reference to the sentencing of Roger C. Baldwin, former director of the bureau, to a year's imprisonment for violation of the provisions of the selective draft law. The statement praised the work of Mr. Baldwin and asserted that "he resigned so as to be free to follow the personal course of conduct with respect to the conscription law that appealed to him as being right."

No money contributed to the society had been given to any other organization but the New York Bureau of Legal Advice, "which was engaged in work for conscientious objectors complementary to our own," the statement added. In connection with its statement the bureau gave out also a letter to the War Department charging that twenty-five conscientious objectors sent to the military prison at Fort Leavenworth had been subjected to solitary confinement and cruel treatment. The letter says that 200 conscientious objectors are serving terms varying between ten and thirty years, and suggests that they should be set free, now that "the fighting is over." The letter also says that one prisoner was so severely injured by guards in giving him a bath that he had to go to the hospital.

The statement was signed by L. Hollingsworth Wood, Chairman of the bureau, and some of the other members whose names appear on the letterhead are: Norman M. Thomas, Helen Phelps Stokes, John S. Codman, Crystal Eastman, John Haynes Holmes, Judah L. Magnes, and Walter W. Haviland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Officials of the War Department, told of the letter sent by the National Civil Liberties Bureau to Secretary Baker complaining of the treatment of conscientious objectors at Fort Leavenworth, denied that there was any truth in the extravagant charges. It was said that this was one of the model prisons of the country, and that all prisoners were properly treated.

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A big bottle kept handy will last long and pay for itself in comfortable relief the first application. Clean, convenient, economical. Can be bought at drug stores. Get it today. 30c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—On Broadway, between 160th and 170th Sts., lady's silk bag containing small sum of money and old-fashioned leaf-shaped diamond pin set in gold; keepsake from mother; liberal reward for return. H. Blaut, care Levy, 674 West 161st St. Aud. 9282.

LOST—Beaded bag, blue and gray background, hammered brass clasp; contains over $11, Yale key, cards, &c.; lost in 5th Av. bus, at 31st St., Monday evening; liberal reward. M. L., 31 West 11th St., New York.

LOST—$200 reward, no questions asked, for the return of platinum and diamond bracelet, three-eighths of an inch wide, lost between 72d St. and the New York Theatre. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Lady's purse containing $1.35, bunch of keys, and papers of value only to owner; lost between Times Bldg., west side subway to 66th St. Miss Arvilla Duby, 206 West 69th St., N. Y. C.

LOST—Diamond flexible bracelet, Saturday, between 116th and Riverside, in bus or the Ritz or Biltmore; $75 reward. Apply 460 Riverside Drive. Apartment 52. Phone Morningside 5144.

LOST—In Shanley's, 43d St. and Broadway, Monday night, mink cape, sleevelets, and shawl collar; liberal reward. Return to H. W. Newburger, 2 Rector St.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, platinum setting, Saturday night, between 71st St. and 8th Av., Times Square and Park Av., 84th St.; reward. G 585 Times Downtown.

LOST—Pennsylvania Station, when leaving Greenport (Long Island) train, Sunday evening, lady's black leather wristbag; reward. K 254 Times.

LOST—Vicinity Hudson Terminal, Liberty St. Ferry, package invoices. Address Du Bois-Seymour Co., 245 7th Av. Communicate. Reward.

LOST—Sunday, Port Washington train, vanity box; finder keep money, please return box. X 365 Times Annex.

LOST—Gold bag in taxi, between Ritz-Carlton and 295 Madison Av. $50 reward. X 364 Times Annex.

LOST—Ledger, 5th Broadway subway. Finder kindly return Cremler Neckwear Co., 38 East 21st.

$1,000 REWARD for return of 2 rings, left in ladies' dressing room, Stern Bros., West 42d, between 3 and 4 P. M., Nov. 19, 1918. Dr. J. F. Helman, 378 West End Av.

$50 REWARD—Silver fox neck piece lost Sunday evening in taxi, between Grand Central Station and East 61st St. Finder please return to 119 East 61st St.

$50 REWARD, no questions asked, return service locket of rubies and diamonds, with sapphire star, lost Oct. 29. Udall & Ballou, 874 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—A lady's handbag with money. Albert Shultz, Staunton, Va.

FOUND—On Park Av., Nov. 13, lady's pin. Address 949 Madison Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White bull terrier, one black ear. Reward if returned to John McIntosh, 64 East 86th.

LOST—Brown and white fox terrier. Please return to 320 West 87th St., Apartment 5-E. Reward.

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

for

November

ON NEWS STANDS
25 CTS.—$3 A YEAR.

To understand the ending of hostilities, one must have the preliminary peace correspondence and President Wilson's Sept. 27th address. The official texts of these appear in the November issue.

Also a vivid story of the battles of the Americans for Argonne Forest.

Thirty-five Other Valuable Features
Illustrated—Maps

Published by The N. Y. Times Co.

Red Blooded men work best for Uncle Sam

What saved America in '76 and in '61?

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What is making the world safe for democracy?

Red Blood!

Red Blood in the veins of the never-say-quit American soldier.

You may never be called on to fight, but you need rich, red blood pumping through your body as well as the man who is fighting.

Whatever work you are doing, your country asks you to work harder at it than ever before.

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Study this picture so you will know how Pepto-Mangan looks.

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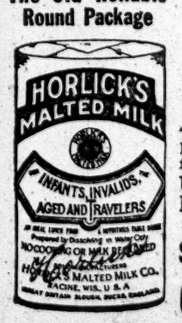

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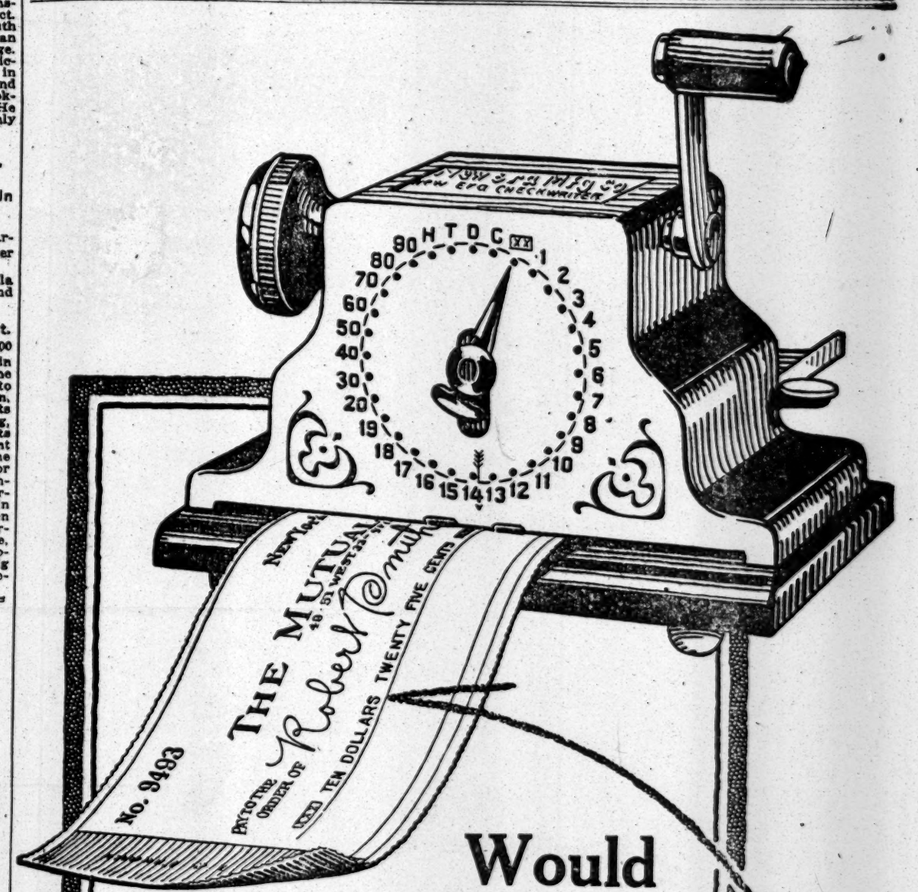

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